

# MAXE™ CENTRIFUGAL LIQUID CHILLERS

**SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS**

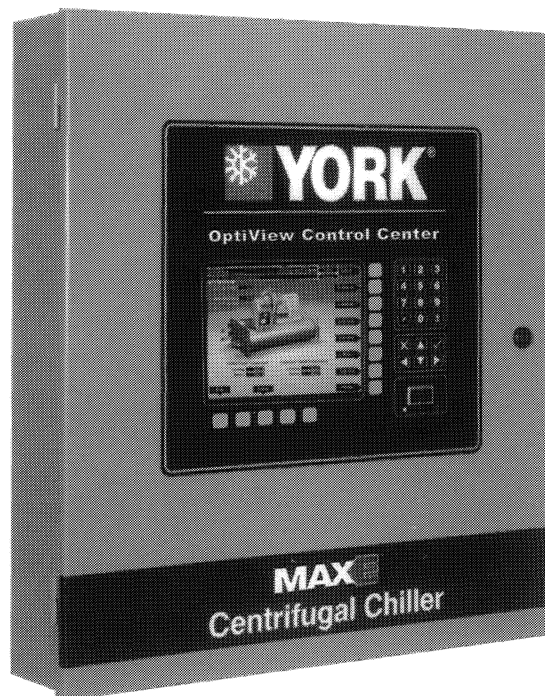
Supersedes: 160.54-M1 (704)

Form 160.54-M1 (405)

## OPTIVIEW™ CONTROL CENTER

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 371-02264-101 (Electro-Mechanical Starter - NEMA 1)                                   | 371-02778-103 (Variable Speed Drive - NEMA 1-4)<br>(P Compressors until 8/02)  |
| 371-02486-101 (Electro-Mechanical Starter - CE)                                       | 371-02780-103 (Variable Speed Drive - CE)<br>(P Compressors until 8/02)        |
| 371-02448-101 (Electro-Mechanical Starter - NEMA 4/12)                                | 371-02779-103 (Variable Speed Drive - NEMA 4/12)<br>(P Compressors until 8/02) |
| 371-02264-102 (Solid State Starter - NEMA 1)  | 371-04118-101 (Electro-Mechanical Starter – NEMA 1)<br>(Style F Chillers)      |
| 371-02486-102 (Solid State Starter - CE)  | 371-04118-102 (Style B Solid State Starter – NEMA 1)<br>(Style F Chillers)     |
| 371-02448-102 (Solid State Starter - NEMA 4/12)                                       | 371-04118-103 (Variable Speed Drive – NEMA 1)<br>(Style F Chillers)            |
| 371-02264-103 (Variable Speed Drive - NEMA 1)   | 371-04119-101 (Electro-Mechanical Starter – NEMA 4/12)<br>(Style F Chillers)   |
| 371-02486-103 (Variable Speed Drive - CE)   | 371-04119-102 (Mod “B” Solid State Starter - NEMA 4/12)<br>(Style F Chillers)  |
| 371-02448-103 (Variable Speed Drive - NEMA 4/12)                                      | 371-04119-103 (Variable Speed Drive – NEMA 4/12)<br>(Style F Chillers)         |
| 371-02778-101 (Electro-Mechanical Starter - NEMA 1)<br>(P Compressors until 8/02)     | 371-04120-101 (Electro-mechanical Starter – CE)<br>(Style F Chillers)          |
| 371-02780-101 (Electro-Mechanical Starter - CE)<br>(P Compressors until 8/02)         | 371-04120-102 (Mod “B” Solid State Starter – CE)<br>(Style F Chillers)         |
| 371-02779-101 (Electro-Mechanical Starter - NEMA 4/12)<br>(P Compressors until 8/02)  | 371-04120-103 (Variable Speed Drive – CE)<br>(Style F Chillers)                |
| 371-02778-102 (MOD “B” Solid State Starter - NEMA 1)<br>(P Compressors until 8/02)    |  |
| 371-02780-102 (MOD “B” Solid State Starter - CE)<br>(P Compressors until 8/02)        |  |
| 371-02779-102 (MOD “B” Solid State Starter - NEMA 4/12)<br>(P Compressors until 8/02) |  |

## MODEL YK (THROUGH STYLE F)



# IMPORTANT!

## READ BEFORE PROCEEDING!

### GENERAL SAFETY GUIDELINES

This equipment is a relatively complicated apparatus. During installation, operation, maintenance or service, individuals may be exposed to certain components or conditions including, but not limited to: refrigerants, oils, materials under pressure, rotating components, and both high and low voltage. Each of these items has the potential, if misused or handled improperly, to cause bodily injury or death. It is the obligation and responsibility of operating/service personnel to identify and recognize these inherent hazards, protect themselves, and proceed safely in completing their tasks. Failure to comply with any of these requirements could result in serious damage to the equipment and the property in

which it is situated, as well as severe personal injury or death to themselves and people at the site.

This document is intended for use by owner-authorized operating/service personnel. It is expected that this individual possesses independent training that will enable them to perform their assigned tasks properly and safely. It is essential that, prior to performing any task on this equipment, this individual shall have read and understood this document and any referenced materials. This individual shall also be familiar with and comply with all applicable governmental standards and regulations pertaining to the task in question.

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## SAFETY SYMBOLS

The following symbols are used in this document to alert the reader to areas of potential hazard:



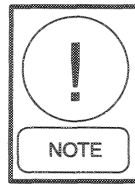
***DANGER*** indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



***CAUTION*** identifies a hazard which could lead to damage to the machine, damage to other equipment and/or environmental pollution. Usually an instruction will be given, together with a brief explanation.



***WARNING*** indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



***NOTE*** is used to highlight additional information which may be helpful to you.



***External wiring, unless specified as an optional connection in the manufacturer's product line, is NOT to be connected inside the micro panel cabinet. Devices such as relays, switches, transducers and controls may NOT be installed inside the micro panel. NO external wiring is allowed to be run through the micro panel. All wiring must be in accordance with YORK's published specifications and must be performed ONLY by qualified YORK personnel. YORK will not be responsible for damages/problems resulting from improper connections to the controls or application of improper control signals. Failure to follow this will void the manufacturer's warranty and cause serious damage to property or injury to persons.***

## CHANGEABILITY OF THIS DOCUMENT

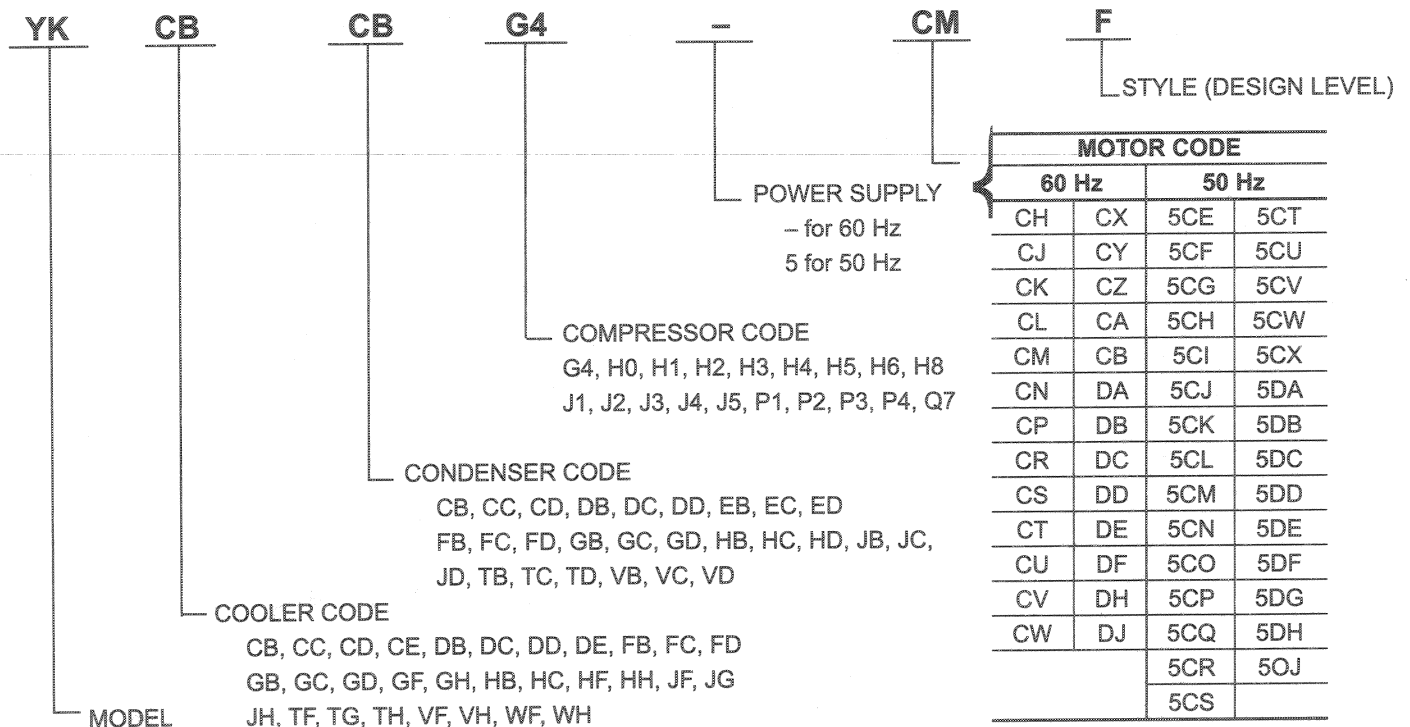
In complying with YORK's policy for continuous product improvement, the information contained in this document is subject to change without notice. While YORK makes no commitment to update or provide current information automatically to the manual owner, that information, if applicable, can be obtained by contacting the nearest YORK Applied Systems Service office.

It is the responsibility of operating/service personnel as to the applicability of these documents to the equipment in question. If there is any question in the mind of operating/service personnel as to the applicability of these documents, then, prior to working on the equipment, they should verify with the owner whether the equipment has been modified and if current literature is available.

## REFERENCE INSTRUCTIONS

| DESCRIPTION  | FORM NO.     |
|--|--------------|
| SOLID STATE STARTER (MOD "A") – OPERATION & MAINTENANCE                            | 160.46-OM3.1 |
| SOLID STATE STARTER (MOD "B") – OPERATION & MAINTENANCE                            | 160.00-O2    |
| VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE – OPERATION   | 160.00-O1    |
| VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE – SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS  | 160.00-M1    |
| VARIABLE SPEED OIL PUMP DRIVE  | 160.52-M2    |
| INSTALLATION   | 160.54-N1    |
| OPERATION  | 160.54-O1    |
| WIRING DIAGRAM – UNIT (STYLE E) WITH ELECTRO-MECHANICAL STARTER                    | 160.54-PW1   |
| WIRING DIAGRAM – UNIT (STYLE E) WITH MOD "A" SOLID STATE STARTER                   | 160.54-PW2   |
| WIRING DIAGRAM – UNIT (STYLE E) WITH MOD "B" SOLID STATE STARTER                   | 160.54-PW2.1 |
| WIRING DIAGRAM – UNIT (STYLE E) WITH VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE                          | 160.54-PW3   |
| WIRING DIAGRAM – UNIT (STYLE E) (P COMPRESSORS) WITH ELECTRO-MECHANICAL STARTER    | 160.54-PW8   |
| WIRING DIAGRAM – UNIT (STYLE E) (P COMPRESSORS) WITH MOD "B" SOLID STATE STARTER   | 160.54-PW9   |
| WIRING DIAGRAM – UNIT (STYLE E) (P COMPRESSORS) VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE               | 160.54-PW10  |
| RENEWAL PARTS – UNIT   | 160.49-RP4   |
| RENEWAL PARTS – OPTIVIEW CONTROL CENTER  | 160.54-RP1   |
| WIRING DIAGRAM – UNIT (STYLE F) (ALL COMPRESSORS) WITH ELECTRO-MECHANICAL STARTER  | 160.73-PW1   |
| WIRING DIAGRAM – UNIT (STYLE F) (ALL COMPRESSORS) WITH MOD "A" SOLID STATE STARTER | 160.73-PW2   |
| WIRING DIAGRAM – UNIT (STYLE F) (ALL COMPRESSORS) WITH VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE        | 160.73-PW3   |

## NOMENCLATURE



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

|  |           |  |            |
|--|-----------|--|------------|
| <b>SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION.....</b>               | <b>8</b>  | <b>SECTION 5 - LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY .....</b>    | <b>66</b>  |
| <b>SECTION 2 - SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE .....</b>       | <b>10</b> | BACKLIGHT LAMP REPLACEMENT.....                    | 68         |
| <b>SECTION 3 - MICROBOARD 031-01730-000.....</b>   | <b>20</b> | <b>SECTION 6 - DISPLAY INTERFACE BOARD.....</b>    | <b>76</b>  |
| BOOT-UP STEP AND DESCRIPTION .....                 | 22        | <b>SECTION 7 - DISPLAY BACKLIGHT INVERTER</b>      |            |
| LED INDICATORS.....                                | 22        | <b>BOARD .....</b>                                 | <b>78</b>  |
| PROGRAM JUMPERS/PROGRAM SWITCHES .....             | 22        | <b>SECTION 8 - KEYPAD.....</b>                     | <b>81</b>  |
| KEYPAD INTERFACE .....                             | 22        | <b>SECTION 9 - POWER SUPPLY.....</b>               | <b>84</b>  |
| CM-2 BOARD OR STYLE A SOLID STATE STARTER          |           | <b>SECTION 10 - CURRENT MODULE (CM-2).....</b>     | <b>86</b>  |
| INTERFACE.....                                     | 23        | <b>SECTION 11 - SOLID STATE STARTERS .....</b>     | <b>90</b>  |
| STYLE B SOLID STATE STARTER OR VARIABLE            |           | SOLID STATE STARTERS.....                          | 90         |
| SPEED DRIVE INTERFACE .....                        | 23        | <b>SECTION 12 - ADAPTIVE CAPACITY</b>              |            |
| PRINTER INTERFACE.....                             | 23        | <b>CONTROL BOARD.....</b>                          | <b>97</b>  |
| MICROGATEWAY INTERFACE .....                       | 23        | <b>SECTION 13 - PROXIMITY PROBE.....</b>           | <b>106</b> |
| DIGITAL INPUTS.....                                | 24        | <b>SECTION 13A - HIGH SPEED THRUST BEARING</b>     |            |
| DIGITAL OUTPUTS.....                               | 24        | <b>LIMIT SWITCH.....</b>                           | <b>111</b> |
| ANALOG INPUTS.....                                 | 24        | <b>SECTION 14 - REFRIGERANT LEVEL</b>              |            |
| SERIAL DATA PORTS.....                             | 25        | <b>CONTROL.....</b>                                | <b>113</b> |
| DISPLAY INTERFACE.....                             | 25        | AUTOMATIC OPERATION.....                           | 113        |
| REMOTE SETPOINTS.....                              | 26        | MANUAL OPERATION.....                              | 115        |
| POWER SUPPLY .....                                 | 26        | ACTUATORS.....                                     | 115        |
| SERVICE REPLACEMENT: .....                         | 26        | <b>SECTION 15 - OIL PUMP VARIABLE SPEED</b>        |            |
| <b>SECTION 3A - MICROBOARD 031-02430-000 .....</b> | <b>38</b> | <b>DRIVE.....</b>                                  | <b>117</b> |
| TEST POINTS .....                                  | 38        | AUTOMATIC OPERATION.....                           | 117        |
| DIAGNOSTIC DISPLAY CODES.....                      | 39        | MANUAL OPERATION.....                              | 118        |
| CHILLER OPERATING PROGRAM.....                     | 39        | OIL HEATER OPERATION.....                          | 119        |
| PROGRAM CARD.....                                  | 39        | <b>SECTION 16 - MICROGATEWAY .....</b>             | <b>121</b> |
| PROGRAM DOWNLOAD CONNECTOR U33 .....               | 40        | <b>SECTION 17 - PRESSURE TRANSDUCERS .....</b>     | <b>122</b> |
| PARALLEL PORT CONNECTOR.....                       | 40        | PRESSURE TRANSDUCER APPLICATIONS CHART             |            |
| WATCHDOG CIRCUIT .....                             | 40        | .....  | 124        |
| PROGRAM JUMPERS/PROGRAM SWITCHES .....             | 41        | <b>SECTION 18 - TEMPERATURE THERMISTORS. 126</b>   |            |
| KEYPAD INTERFACE .....                             | 41        | <b>SECTION 19 - REMOTE SETPOINTS.....</b>          | <b>144</b> |
| CM-2 BOARD OR STYLE A SOLID STATE STARTER          |           | CURRENT LIMIT.....                                 | 144        |
| INTERFACE.....                                     | 41        | LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE .....           | 146        |
| STYLE B SOLID STATE STARTER OR VARIABLE            |           | <b>SECTION 20 - HOT GAS BYPASS .....</b>           | <b>149</b> |
| SPEED DRIVE INTERFACE .....                        | 42        | SETPOINTS .....                                    | 149        |
| PRINTER INTERFACE.....                             | 42        | OPERATION.....                                     | 150        |
| MICROGATEWAY INTERFACE .....                       | 42        | HOT GAS OPERATION WITH VARIABLE GEOMETRY           |            |
| MULTIPLEXER CHANNELS .....                         | 42        | DIFFUSER (VGD).....                                | 150        |
| DIGITAL INPUTS.....                                | 42        | MANUAL CONTROL .....                               | 151        |
| DIGITAL OUTPUTS.....                               | 42        | ANALOG I/O BOARD .....                             | 151        |
| ANALOG INPUTS.....                                 | 43        | <b>SECTION 21 - SMART FREEZE PROTECTION... 153</b> |            |
| SERIAL DATA PORTS.....                             | 43        |  |            |
| DISPLAY INTERFACE.....                             | 44        |  |            |
| REMOTE SETPOINTS.....                              | 45        |  |            |
| CONFIGURATION/SETUP.....                           | 45        |  |            |
| MICROBOARD SERVICE REPLACEMENT .....               | 46        |  |            |
| PROGRAM CARD SERVICE REPLACEMENT .....             | 46        |  |            |
| DOWNLOADING A PROGRAM FROM A                       |           |  |            |
| PROGRAM CARD .....                                 | 46        |  |            |
| <b>SECTION 4 - I/O BOARD .....</b>                 | <b>56</b> |  |            |
| RELAY TIMING.....                                  | 57        |  |            |

## TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONT'D)

|  |            |   |            |
|--|------------|---|------------|
| <b>SECTION 22 - SURGE PROTECTION</b> .....   | <b>155</b> | HIGH CONDENSOR PRESSURE FAULT WHILE<br>SHUTDOWN-RESET PROCEDURE ..... | 185        |
| SURGE DETECTION .....  | 155        | MOTOR LUBRICATION NOTIFICATION .....                                  | 185        |
| EXCESS SURGE DETECTION .....   | 155        |   |            |
| SURGE PROTECTION .....   | 156        | <b>SECTION 24 - DIAGNOSTICS &amp;<br/>TROUBLESHOOTING</b> .....       | <b>186</b> |
| HOT GAS BYPASS/COMPRESSOR MOTOR VARIABLE<br>SPEED DRIVE (VSD) APPLICATIONS .....             | 156        | MAIN DIAGNOSTICS SCREEN.....  | 187        |
|  |            | KEYPAD TEST .....   | 188        |
| <b>SECTION 22A - VARIABLE GEOMETRY<br/>DIFFUSER</b> .....                                    | <b>157</b> | DISPLAY TEST.....   | 189        |
| STALL DETECTION (REF FIG 64A) .....  | 157        | BIT PATTERNS TEST .....   | 190        |
| SURGE DETECTION .....  | 157        | SERIAL INPUTS / OUTPUTS TESTS .....                                   | 192        |
| AUTOMATIC OPERATION .....  | 157        | DIGITAL INPUTS / OUTPUTS TESTS .....                                  | 194        |
| MANUAL OPERATION .....   | 159        | ANALOG INPUTS TEST .....  | 198        |
| SETPOINTS .....  | 159        |   |            |
| PRE-ROTATION VANES POSITION.....   | 159        | <b>SECTION 25 - SYSTEM COMMISSIONING<br/>CHECKLIST</b> .....          | <b>201</b> |
| I/O BOARD .....  | 159        |   |            |
|  |            | <b>SECTION 26 - SERVICE INFORMATION LETTERS /<br/>BULLETINS</b> ..... | <b>204</b> |
| <b>SECTION 23 - SYSTEM CALIBRATION, SERVICE<br/>SETPOINTS AND RESET<br/>PROCEDURES</b> ..... | <b>163</b> | SI0006 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS<br>EFFECTIVE MAY 2001.....             | 204        |
| ELECTRO-MECHANICAL STARTER<br>APPLICATIONS.....  | 163        | SI0019 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS<br>EFFECTIVE MARCH 2002 .....          | 206        |
| CALIBRATION VERIFICATION: .....  | 163        | SI0034 (203) - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS<br>EFFECTIVE AUGUST 2002.....    | 209        |
| SOLID STATE STARTER APPLICATIONS.....  | 164        | SI0058 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS<br>EFFECTIVE FEBRUARY 2003.....        | 212        |
| MOD "B" SERIAL DATA INTERFACE LIQUID COOLED<br>SOLID STATE STARTER .....                     | 164        | SI0062 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS<br>EFFECTIVE MARCH 2003 .....          | 214        |
| MOD "A" MULTIPLEXED DATA INTERFACE LIQUID<br>COOLED SOLID STATE STARTER .....                | 165        | SI0080 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS<br>EFFECTIVE JANUARY 2004.....         | 216        |
| COMPRESSOR MOTOR VARIABLE SPEED<br>DRIVE APPLICATIONS.....                                   | 166        | SI0089 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS<br>EFFECTIVE MAY 2004.....             | 218        |
| PROXIMITY PROBE .....  | 167        | SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS<br>EFFECTIVE MARCH 2005 .....                   | 220        |
| HIGH SPEED THRUST BEARING LIMIT SWITCH.....  | 170        |   |            |
| REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL .....  | 170        | <b>SECTION 27 - OPTISAVE FEATURES</b> .....                           | <b>222</b> |
| OIL PUMP VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE .....  | 172        |   |            |
| STANDBY LUBRICATION .....  | 173        |   |            |
| HIGH CONDENSER PRESSURE WARNING<br>THRESHOLD.....  | 173        |   |            |
| BRINE LOW EVAPORATOR PRESSURE CUTOUT ...   | 173        |   |            |
| LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE CONTROL<br>SENSITIVITY.....                               | 173        |   |            |
| DROP LEG REFRIGERANT TEMPERATURE.....  | 174        |   |            |
| SMART FREEZE PROTECTION .....  | 174        |   |            |
| EVAPORATOR REFRIGERANT TEMPERATURE.....  | 174        |   |            |
| HOT GAS BYPASS CONTROL.....  | 175        |   |            |
| CHILLER STARTS AND OPERATING HOURS<br>RESET.....   | 176        |   |            |
| SERVICE PHONE NUMBERS .....  | 176        |   |            |
| SURGE PROTECTION .....   | 176        |   |            |
| SALES ORDER DATA .....   | 177        |   |            |
| CUSTOM USER ID AND PASSWORDS .....   | 178        |   |            |
| RECORD SETPOINT CHANGES .....  | 178        |   |            |
| CHILLER STYLE/COMPRESSOR .....   | 179        |   |            |
| FLOW SWITCH .....  | 183        |   |            |
| MICROBOARD 031-02430-000 SETUP/<br>CONFIGURATION .....                                       | 183        |   |            |
| VARIABLE GEOMETRY DIFFUSER.....  | 184        |   |            |

## LIST OF FIGURES

|  |    |  |     |
|--|----|--|-----|
| <b>FIG. 1</b> – OPTIVIEW CONTROL CENTER - ELECTRO-MECHANICAL STARTER APPLICATIONS.....                         | 14 | <b>FIG. 26</b> – DISPLAY (NEC NL6448AC33-24) LAMP REPLACEMENT.....   | 74  |
| <b>FIG. 2</b> – OPTIVIEW CONTROL CENTER - MOD "A" SOLID STATE STARTER APPLICATIONS.....                        | 15 | <b>FIG. 27</b> – DISPLAY (LG SEMICON LP104V2-W (031-02046-000)) LAMP REPLACEMENT.....  | 74  |
| <b>FIG. 3</b> – OPTIVIEW CONTROL CENTER - MOD "B" SOLID STATE STARTER APPLICATIONS.....                        | 16 | <b>FIG. 28</b> – DISPLAY INTERFACE BOARD.....  | 77  |
| <b>FIG. 4</b> – OPTIVIEW CONTROL CENTER - COMPRESSOR MOTOR VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE.....                           | 17 | <b>FIG. 29</b> – DISPLAY BACKLIGHT INVERTER BOARD (SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000) & LG SEMICON LP104V2-W (031-02046-000))..... | 79  |
| <b>FIG. 5</b> – OPERATION SEQUENCE TIMING DIAGRAM (ELECTRO-MECHANICAL & SOLID STATE STARTER APPLICATIONS)..... | 18 | <b>FIG. 30</b> – DISPLAY BACKLIGHT INVERTER BOARD (SHARP LQ10D421).....  | 80  |
| <b>FIG. 6</b> – OPERATION SEQUENCE TIMING DIAGRAM (COMPRESSOR MOTOR VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE APPLICATIONS).....    | 19 | <b>FIG. 31</b> – DISPLAY BACKLIGHT INVERTER BOARD (NEC NL6448AC33-24).....   | 80  |
| <b>FIG. 7</b> – MICROBOARD 031-01730-000.....  | 28 | <b>FIG. 32</b> – KEYPAD.....   | 82  |
| <b>FIG. 8</b> – FLASH MEMORY CARD.....   | 29 | <b>FIG. 33</b> – KEYPAD.....   | 83  |
| <b>FIG. 9</b> – MICROBOARD (031-01730-000) POWER SUPPLY TEST POINTS.....                                       | 30 | <b>FIG. 34</b> – POWER SUPPLY.....   | 84  |
| <b>FIG. 10</b> – MICROBOARD LAMP DIMMER CIRCUIT.....   | 35 | <b>FIG. 35</b> – POWER SUPPLY – DC POWER DISTRIBUTION.....   | 85  |
| <b>FIG. 11</b> – MICROBOARD SERIAL DATA COMMUNICATIONS PORTS.....  | 36 | <b>FIG. 36</b> – CM-2 CURRENT MODULE (ELECTRO-MECHANICAL STARTER APPLICATION).....   | 88  |
| <b>FIG. 12</b> – CONFIGURABLE ANALOG & REMOTE SETPOINT INPUTS.....   | 37 | <b>FIG. 37</b> – CM-2 CURRENT MODULE (ELECTRO-MECHANICAL STARTER APPLICATIONS).....  | 88  |
| <b>FIG. 7A</b> – MICROBOARD 031-02430-000.....   | 51 | <b>FIG. 38</b> – CM-2 CURRENT MODULE – INTERFACE, CURRENT TRANSFORMERS & VARIABLE RESISTORS.....                                   | 89  |
| <b>FIG. 8A</b> – PROGRAM CARD 031-02474-001.....   | 52 | <b>FIG. 39</b> – MOD "B" LIQUID COOLED SOLID STATE STARTER (LCSSS) - INTERFACE.....  | 92  |
| <b>FIG. 9A</b> – MICROBOARD (031-02430-000) DC POWER SUPPLY TEST POINTS.....                                   | 52 | <b>FIG. 40</b> – SOLID STATE STARTER LOGIC BOARD.....  | 93  |
| <b>FIG. 10A</b> – MICROBOARD LAMP DIMMER CIRCUIT.....  | 53 | <b>FIG. 41</b> – MOD "A" LIQUID COOLED SOLID STATE STARTER (LCSSS) - INTERFACE.....  | 96  |
| <b>FIG. 11A</b> – MICROBOARD SERIAL DATA COMMUNICATIONS PORTS.....   | 54 | <b>FIG. 42</b> – COMPRESSOR MOTOR VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE (VSD) ADAPTIVE CAPACITY CONTROL (ACC) BOARD.....                            | 103 |
| <b>FIG. 12A</b> – CONFIGURABLE ANALOG & REMOTE SETPOINT INPUTS.....  | 55 | <b>FIG. 43</b> – ADAPTIVE CAPACITY CONTROL (ACC) BOARD - INTERFACE.....  | 104 |
| <b>FIG. 13</b> – I/O BOARD.....  | 60 | <b>FIG. 44</b> – ADAPTIVE CAPACITY CONTROL (ACC) BOARD.....  | 105 |
| <b>FIG. 14</b> – I/O BOARD DIGITAL INPUTS.....   | 61 | <b>FIG. 45</b> – PROXIMITY PROBE INTERFACE-PROBE PART NUMBER 025-30961-000.....  | 108 |
| <b>FIG. 15</b> – I/O BOARD TYPICAL OPTO-COUPLER CIRCUIT.....   | 62 | <b>FIG. 46</b> – BLANK.....  | 108 |
| <b>FIG. 16</b> – I/O BOARD TYPICAL FIELD CONNECTIONS.....  | 62 | <b>FIG. 47</b> – PROXIMITY PROBE INTERFACE-PROBE PART NUMBER 025-35900-000 AND 025-35900-001.....                                  | 109 |
| <b>FIG. 17</b> – I/O BOARD DIGITAL OUTPUTS.....  | 63 | <b>FIG. 48</b> – PROXIMITY PROBE.....  | 110 |
| <b>FIG. 18</b> – DISPLAY, MOUNTING.....  | 69 | <b>FIG. 49</b> – HIGH SPEED THRUST BEARING LIMIT SWITCH - INTERFACE.....   | 111 |
| <b>FIG. 19</b> – LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY ASSEMBLY – SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000) DISPLAY.....             | 70 | <b>FIG. 50</b> – HIGH SPEED THRUST BEARING LIMIT SWITCH.....   | 112 |
| <b>FIG. 20</b> – LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY ASSEMBLY – SHARP LQ10D421 DISPLAY.....                                 | 70 | <b>FIG. 51</b> – REFRIGERANT LIQUID LEVEL SENSOR.....  | 115 |
| <b>FIG. 21</b> – LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY ASSEMBLY – NEC NL6448AC33-24 DISPLAY.....                              | 71 | <b>FIG. 52</b> – REFRIGERANT LIQUID LEVEL CONTROL - INTERFACE.....   | 116 |
| <b>FIG. 22</b> – LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY ASSEMBLY - LG SEMICON LP104V2-W (031-02046-000).....                   | 72 | <b>FIG. 53</b> – OIL PUMP VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE (VSD).....  | 119 |
| <b>FIG. 23</b> – LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY TYPICAL CONTROL SIGNAL TIMING.....                                     | 72 | <b>FIG. 54</b> – OIL PUMP VSD / OIL HEATER CONTROL – INTERFACE.....  | 120 |
| <b>FIG. 24</b> – DISPLAY (SHARP LQ10D367/368) LAMP REPLACEMENT (031-02046-000).....                            | 73 |  |     |
| <b>FIG. 25</b> – DISPLAY (SHARP LQ10D421) LAMP REPLACEMENT.....  | 73 |  |     |

**LIST OF FIGURES (CONT'D)**

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| <b>FIG. 55</b> – OIL PUMP VSD SPEED CONTROL<br>SIGNAL .....        | 120 |
| <b>FIG. 56</b> – MICROGATEWAY INTERFACE BLOCK<br>DIAGRAM.....      | 121 |
| <b>FIG. 57</b> – PRESSURE TRANSDUCERS .....                        | 123 |
| <b>FIG. 58</b> – LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID<br>TEMPERATURE.....        | 127 |
| <b>FIG. 59</b> – RETURN CHILLED LIQUID<br>TEMPERATURE .....        | 132 |
| <b>FIG. 60</b> – RETURN AND LEAVING CONDENSING<br>WATER.....       | 135 |
| <b>FIG. 61</b> – OIL AND DISCHARGE TEMPERATURE .....               | 138 |
| <b>FIG. 62</b> – DROP LEG REFRIGERANT SENSOR .....                 | 143 |
| <b>FIG. 63</b> – EVAPORATOR REFRIGERANT SENSOR .....               | 143 |
| <b>FIG. 64</b> – INTERFACE, HOT GAS BYPASS .....                   | 152 |
| <b>FIG. 64A</b> – VARIABLE GEOMETRY DIFFUSER BLOCK<br>DIAGRAM..... | 161 |
| <b>FIG. 64B</b> – VARIABLE GEOMETRY DIFFUSER STATE<br>DIAGRAM..... | 162 |
| <b>FIG. 65</b> – MAIN DIAGNOSTICS SCREEN.....                      | 187 |
| <b>FIG. 66</b> – KEYPAD TEST SCREEN .....                          | 188 |
| <b>FIG. 67</b> – DISPLAY TEST MAIN SCREEN.....                     | 189 |
| <b>FIG. 68</b> – BIT PATTERNS TEST SCREEN .....                    | 190 |
| <b>FIG. 69</b> – SERIAL INPUTS / OUTPUTS TEST<br>SCREEN.....       | 192 |
| <b>FIG. 70</b> – MICROBOARD - COM 5 SERIAL DATA<br>PORT.....       | 193 |
| <b>FIG. 71</b> – DIGITAL INPUTS / OUTPUTS TEST<br>SCREEN.....      | 194 |
| <b>FIG. 72</b> – ANALOG INPUTS TEST SCREEN .....                   | 198 |

**LIST OF TABLES**

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>TABLE 1</b> - MICROBOARD 031-01730-000 PROGRAM<br>JUMPERS ..... | 31 |
| <b>TABLE 2</b> - MICROBOARD 031-01730-000 PROGRAM<br>SWITCHES..... | 34 |
| <b>TABLE 3</b> - MICROBOARD 031-02430-000 PROGRAM<br>JUMPERS ..... | 48 |
| <b>TABLE 4</b> - MICROBOARD 031-02430-000 PROGRAM<br>SWITCHES..... | 50 |

## SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

This document explains the operation of the printed circuit boards and major components of the OptiView Control Center to a level that allows a Service Technician to troubleshoot and locate the source of a problem.

The overall system architecture is described and illustrated with block diagrams. This describes the general function of each component and provides the system interface and signal flow. The function of each component and signal flow between components must be understood before effective troubleshooting can commence.

The operation of each printed circuit board is described and illustrated with a block diagram that is a simplified representation of board circuitry. The expected voltage level at all inputs and outputs of each board for any operating condition is provided.

Included in this document are procedures that have to be performed at chiller commissioning or during service. They should not be performed by anyone other than a Service Technician. For example, calibration procedures have to be performed or verified at system commissioning or when a component is replaced. Certain Safety shutdowns require special reset procedures to be performed before the chiller can be restarted. Since the operating program supplied in each OptiView Control Center is universal to all applications, special setpoints, program jumpers and program switches are required to configure the chiller for local operating conditions.

A System Commissioning Checklist is provided as reference of items to be performed during chiller commissioning.

Chillers that are equipped with "P" Compressors have certain component variances. These variances are noted in the appropriate sections of this book.

In addition to this document, several levels of supporting documentation are required while servicing the system. Field Control Modifications Diagram 160.54-PW7 provides details of the interface to remote devices. Operations Manual 160.54-O1 explains the operation of the OptiView Control Center Keypad, how to enter Setpoints and explains all the messages displayed on the OptiView Control Center display. The following wiring diagrams provide the connections between the printed circuit boards and components within the OptiView Control Center:

### Chillers Through Style E (Except "P" Compressors):

- YORK Form 160.54-PW1 – Chillers equipped with Electro-Mechanical starter
- YORK Form 160.54-PW2 – Chillers equipped with Mod "A" YORK Solid State Starter
- YORK Form 160.54-PW2.1 – Chillers equipped with Mod "B" YORK Solid State Starter
- YORK Form 160.54-PW3 – Chillers equipped with YORK Variable Speed Drive

### Chillers Through Style E ("P" Compressors):

- YORK Form 160.54-PW8 – Chillers ("P" Compressors) equipped with Electro-Mechanical Starter
- YORK Form 160.54-PW9 – Chillers ("P" Compressors) equipped with Mod "B" YORK Solid State Starter
- YORK Form 160.54-PW10 – Chillers ("P" Compressors) equipped with YORK Variable Speed Drive

### Style F Chillers (All Compressors):

- YORK Form 160.73-PW1 – (Electro-Mechanical Starter)
- YORK Form 160.73-PW2 – (Mod "B" YORK Solid State Starter)
- YORK Form 160.73-PW3 – (Variable Speed Drive)

When the chiller shuts down on a **SAFETY** or **CYCLING** shutdown or is being prevented from starting, a message is displayed providing the reason for the shutdown. This message, along with all the chiller operating conditions at the instant of the event are stored in the Microboard battery-backed memory. This history data can be displayed or printed using an optional printer. The Operations Manual 160.54-O1 provides a detailed description of this message, including the conditions required to produce the message and conditions required to restart the chiller.

Diagnostic Routines allow service analysis of the following functions:

- Display
- Analog inputs
- Digital inputs
- Digital outputs
- Serial Data ports

Before beginning any troubleshooting, observe the shutdown message and retrieve the **HISTORY** data of that event. Refer to the Operations Manual for an explanation of the message. The conditions required to produce the message must be clearly understood before proceeding. (If this is not heeded, much time will be wasted). Armed with a knowledge of the overall system architecture and the function of each printed circuit board and signal flow provided by this manual, proceed with the appropriate Wiring Diagram listed above to trace the problem through the system. Use the Diagnostic Routines where appropriate.

## SECTION 2 SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

The OptiView Control Center performs the following functions:

- Controls chiller capacity to chill liquid to the chilled liquid temperature setpoint.
- Controls chiller solenoid valves, relays, actuators and motor contactors per the operating program.
- Displays chiller operating conditions, alarms, shut-down messages and history data.
- Accepts operator-programmed setpoints and controls the chiller accordingly.
- Allows manual control of chiller motor contactors and actuators.
- Monitors chiller operating conditions and shuts down chiller when Safety or Cycling thresholds are exceeded.
- Allows local manual start/stop and accepts start/stop commands from remote devices, via contact closures or serial communications.
- Allows setpoints to be changed from a remote location via 0-10VDC, 2-10VDC, 0-20mA, 4-20mA, contact closures or serial communications.
- Provides chiller operating data and status to remote devices via serial communications and contact closures.
- Allows real-time data and history data to be printed on an optional printer.
- Controls the compressor motor starter and contains a printed circuit board logic that supports Electro-Mechanical Starters, Solid State Starters and YORK Variable Speed Drive.

The OptiView Control Center is a microprocessor based control system that receives analog, digital and serial data inputs and controls analog, digital and serial data outputs per instructions in the operating program. A panel mounted display and touch-sensitive keypad permit local operation.

System pressures are sensed by pressure **transducers**. The output of each transducer is a DC voltage that is analogous to the pressure input. System temperatures are sensed by **thermistors**. The output of each thermistor is a DC voltage that is analogous to the temperature it is sensing. Typical output voltage range of both is 0.5 to 4.5VDC. These are **analog** inputs to the OptiView Control Center.

**Digital Inputs** are on/off inputs to the OptiView Control Center in the form of switch and relay contacts. These inputs are 115VAC when the contacts are closed and 0VAC when open. These include flow switches, local start/stop switch, remote cycling and high pressure safety device, etc.

**Digital Outputs** are on/off outputs from the OptiView Control Center in the form of relay contacts and triacs. The relay contacts typically switch 115VAC and the triacs typically switch a nominal 30VAC. Relay outputs include status/alarm, chiller solenoid valves, oil heater, oil pump starter and chilled and condenser water pump starters, etc. Triac outputs include pre-rotation vane control and variable orifice control.

**Serial Data** is transmitted to and received from devices in RS-232, RS-485 and TX/RX (opto-couple) form.

The OptiView Control Center supports three types of starters; Electro-Mechanical Starter, Solid State Starter and Variable Speed Drive. However, all OptiView Control Centers contain the following standard components, regardless of the starter type applied:

- Microboard
- I/O (input/output) Board
- Keypad
- Display
- Power Supply

In addition to the standard components, the OptiView Control Center contains a printed circuit board that provides certain control and interface functions for the starter type applied. Each starter type requires a different board as follows:

- Electro-Mechanical Starter - CM-2 Current Module
- Solid State Starter (Mod "A" only) - Logic Board
- Variable Speed Drive - Adaptive Capacity Control Board

Figures 1 through 4 are OptiView Control Center block diagrams of the three starter types. On each block diagram, the standard components are shown, along with the printed circuit board that supports the applied starter type. Figures 5 and 6 are Operation Sequence timing diagrams of the different starter applications.

The microprocessor and all supporting logic circuits, along with the memory devices containing the operating program, reside on the **Microboard**. All chiller operating decisions are made here. It receives analog and digital inputs from the chiller and remote devices. The analog inputs are connected directly to the Microboard. The digital inputs are received via the I/O Board (see description below). Under Program control, the Microboard operates the relays and triacs that are located on the I/O Board.

The control center could be equipped with either of the following Microboards:

- 031-01730-000 – Shipped in new production chillers until January 2004. The program resides in a replaceable Flash Memory Card. The software version is C.MLM.01.xx.yzz. It is printed on a label adhered to the card. The Program can be upgraded by replacing the card.
- 031-02430-000 – Shipped in new production chillers after January 2004. The program resides in non-removable onboard memory. The software version is C.OPT.01.xx.yzz, and is viewable on the DIAGNOSTICS Screen in SERVICE access level. The Program can be upgraded by downloading a new program from a Program Card. Program Cards are shirt-pocket-size portable memory storage devices available from YORK.

Since the newer version Microboard is backward compatible to earlier vintage Optiview Control Centers, earlier vintage chillers could be equipped with a later version Microboard due to service replacement.

The software versions (C.MLM.01.xx.yzz or C.OPT.01.xx.yzz) are alphanumeric codes that are interpreted as follows. Each time the controls section or language section is revised, the respective revision level increments.

- C – Commercial chiller
- MLM – Used on Microboard 031-01730-000
- OPT – Used on Microboard 031-02430-000
- 01 – YK chiller
- xx - controls revision level (00, 01, etc)
- y – language package (0=English only, 1=NEMA, 2=CE, 3=NEMA/CE )
- zz – language package revision level (00, 01, etc)

Throughout this manual, reference is made to functions and features that are only available in certain Flash Memory Card revision levels (C.MLM.01.xx.xxx). To cross reference C.MLM software to C.OPT software, refer to the controls revision level. Software version C.OPT.01.08A.xxx is of the same controls revision level as C.MLM.01.08.xxx. From this starting point, both receive the same updates at each revision. Software upgrades should only be performed by a Service Technician.

The **I/O Board** acts as an input/output device for the Microboard. It conditions the digital input signals for the Microboard and contains relays and triacs that are controlled by the Microboard to control solenoids, motor contactors and actuators. The 115VAC digital inputs from switch and relay contacts are converted to logic level voltages by Opto-Couplers. The relays have +12VDC coils that are energized and de-energized by the Microboard. The contacts of these relays control the 115VAC system solenoids, relays and motor contactors. The triacs are turned on and off by the Microboard. The outputs of these triacs control actuators.

Chillers equipped with the Variable Geometry Diffuser are supplied with and require I/O Board 031-01743-002. This board is populated with the required Triacs Q3 and Q4 that apply the open and close signals to the Variable Geometry Diffuser ring actuator. Refer to Variable Geometry Diffuser Section 22A.

A front panel-mounted **Keypad** allows Operator and Service Technician user interface. Membrane keys are used to display chiller and system parameters, enter setpoints and perform chiller and OptiView Control Center diagnostics. It also contains a **START-RUN-STOP/RESET** Switch that is used to locally start and stop the chiller and perform manual reset functions.

A front panel mounted liquid crystal **Display** allows graphic animated display of the chiller, chiller subsystems and system parameters. The chiller and working components of the chiller are displayed, along with chiller operating pressures and temperatures. The Keypad is used to select displays showing increasing levels of detail of chiller working components.

A self-contained **Power Supply** supplies the necessary DC voltages for all the components within the OptiView Control Center.

Chillers equipped with “P” compressors and all style “F” and later chillers have a different Condenser High Pressure Safety Cutout Switch (HPCO) than supplied on other compressor applications. This switch is mounted on the condenser shell but has a different wiring interface to the I/O Board and Motor Controller circuit. Refer to the I/O Board section of this book. Also, “P” compressor applications and style “F” and later chillers with “G, Q” and “H5-8” compressors are equipped with a High Speed Thrust Bearing Limit Switch instead of the Proximity Probe supplied on other compressors. This device detects abnormal bearing position through probe contact instead of distance measurement as performed with the Proximity Probe.

Style C and earlier chillers are equipped with fixed speed oil pumps. Style D and later chillers are equipped with Variable Speed Oil Pumps.

Style F (and later) chillers require Flash Memory card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later and are supplied with **factory-mounted Flow Sensors** on the evaporator and condenser. These are electronic thermal-type sensors. The operating principle of the sensor is thermal conductivity. It uses the cooling effect of a flowing liquid to sense flow. The temperature of the heated sensor tip is sensed by a thermistor located in the tip. A second thermistor, located higher in the tip in a non-heated area, is only affected by changes in liquid temperature. The temperatures sensed by the thermistors are compared. Flowing liquid carries heat away from the heated sensor tip, lowering its temperature. The lower temperature differential between the two thermistors indicates the liquid is flowing. A higher differential indicates no flow. These sensors are interfaced to Microboard analog inputs. Refer to the SECTION 3 for a detailed explanation of this flow sensor and interface.

If equipped with Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx (and later), the chiller Style/Compressor combination must be entered using the **Chiller Style/Compressor Setpoint** (refer to SECTION 23). Once the applicable chiller style/compressor combination is entered, the program automatically bundles the functionality and chiller control per the entered chiller style/compressor requirements. The various chiller style/compressor combinations are equipped differently and have different control requirements. The variables include:

- High Speed Thrust bearing proximity sensing – Proximity Probe or Limit Switch
- Flow Sensor – Paddle type or Factory Mounted Thermal Type. The paddle type applies 115Vac to the I/O Board Digital inputs TB4-12 (evaporator) and TB4-11 (condenser) (refer to fig 14). The factory mounted Thermal type (available with Style F and later chillers), applies +5Vdc to the microboard Analog inputs at J7-14 (evaporator) and J7-16

(condenser)(refer to fig 12). Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and C.MLM.01.07A.xxx automatically selects the Flow Sensor input, either digital or analog per the Chiller Style/Compressor Setpoint selection. Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.08.xxx and later allows use of either the Thermal-type or the Paddle-type flow sensors on style F and later chillers. With these versions, the actual flow sensor type present must be entered using the Flow Switch Setpoint (refer to SECTION 23).

- Oil Heater Outputs – Either TB1-34 or TB1-64 on I/O Board
- Refrigerant Level Control Default Period – Either 3.5 seconds or 10.0 seconds
- “Oil – Variable Speed Pump-Pressure Setpoint Not Achieved” safety shutdown threshold – Either 25 PSID or 35 PSID

When the compressor motor is driven by an Electro-Mechanical Starter, the OptiView Control center is equipped with a **CM-2 Current Module**. This printed circuit board provides current overload and power fault protection for the compressor motor. Current Transformers, located in the compressor motor terminal box, along with rectifying and calibration circuitry, provide an analog voltage representing compressor motor current to the CM-2 Module. This signal is further conditioned and provided to the Microboard.

When the compressor motor is driven by a YORK Solid State Starter, there could be either of two different Solid Starters applied. Later production chillers are equipped with the Mod “B” Solid State Starter. This starter contains a combination Logic/Trigger Board that interfaces the Microboard via a serial communications link. Earlier vintage chillers are equipped with the Mod “A” Solid State Starter. This starter contains a Trigger Board that interfaces to a Logic Board that is installed inside the OptiView Control Center. The Logic Board interfaces the Microboard via a multiplexed data interface.

When the compressor motor is driven by the YORK Variable Speed Drive (VSD), the OptiView Control Center is equipped with an **Adaptive Capacity Control Board**. This printed circuit board monitors system parameters and controls the VSD to drive the compressor at the slowest speed it will operate without surging, while maintaining required chiller capacity.

Serial data interface to the YORK ISN Building Automation System is through the optional MicroGateway. This printed circuit board requests the required data from the Microboard and makes it available for the ISN network.

Certain compressors are equipped with a **Variable Geometry Diffuser (VGD)**. It is used to reduce rotating stall conditions and associated stall noise. Stall may occur at low load conditions with high head. A mechanical ring, located in the compressor diffuser passage is operated to open or close the diffuser gap. Stall noise is detected as gas pressure pulsations. A **Stall Pressure Transducer**, mounted in the discharge scroll of the compressor, detects the gas pressure pulsations and outputs DC voltage pulsations to the **Stall Detector Board**. This board converts the voltage pulsations into an analog voltage that represents the magnitude of the stall noise. This analog voltage is input to the Microboard where it is compared to thresholds that determine if the stall noise is acceptable or unacceptable. The VGD is pulsed toward the closed position in response to unacceptable stall noise. Otherwise, it is modulated to maintain the most open position possible without stall occurring. Software version C.MLM.01.10.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.10.302 (and later) and I/O Board 031-01743-002 is required for this feature. A Pre-rotation Vanes position potentiometer is also required to support this feature. If the chiller is provided with a compressor motor Variable Speed Drive or the optional Hot Gas Bypass, the PRV potentiometer for those features is used. Otherwise, a PRV potentiometer is provided interfaced to the Microboard.

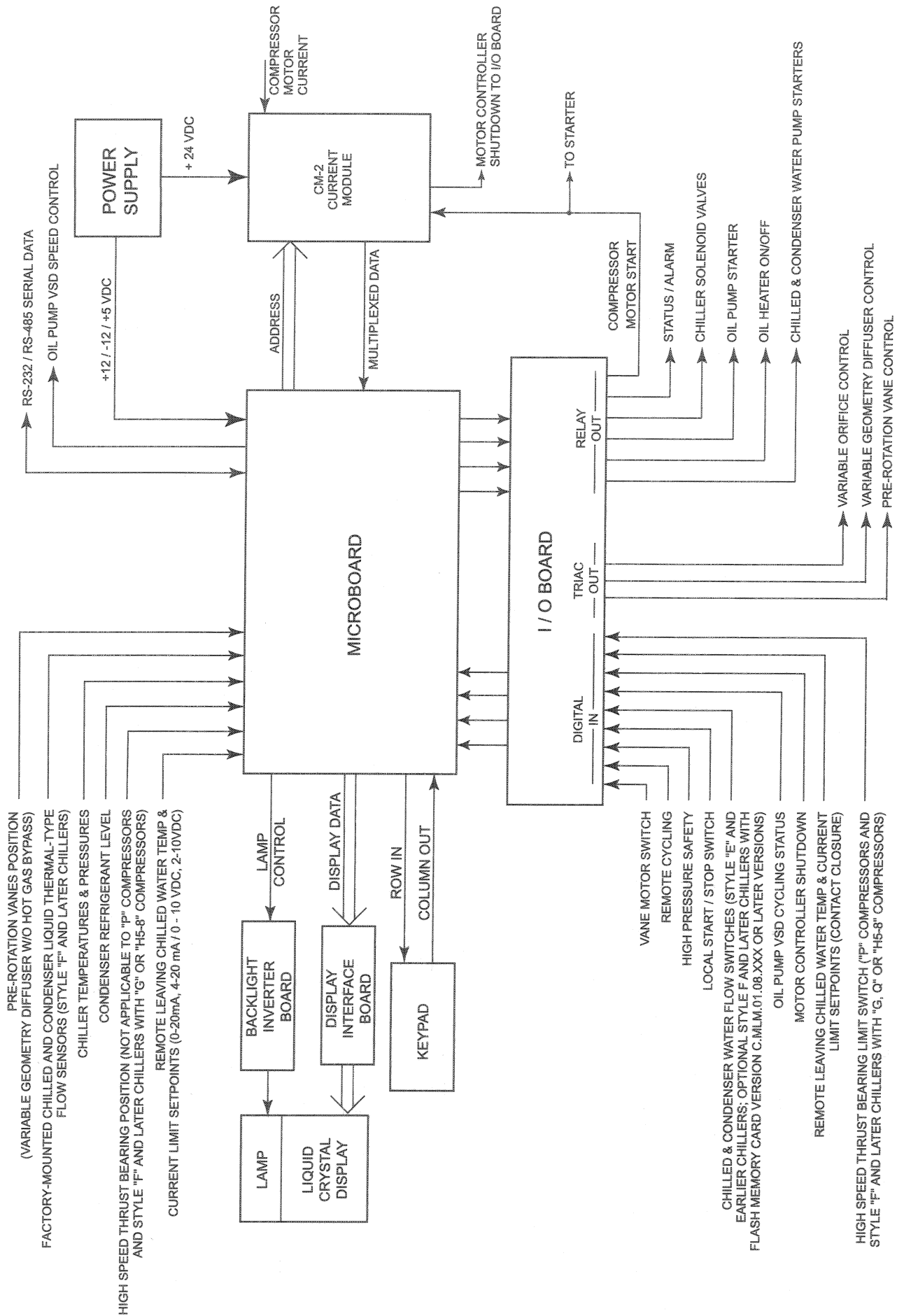


FIG. 1 - OPTIVIEW CONTROL CENTER - ELECTRO-MECHANICAL STARTER APPLICATIONS

LD09559

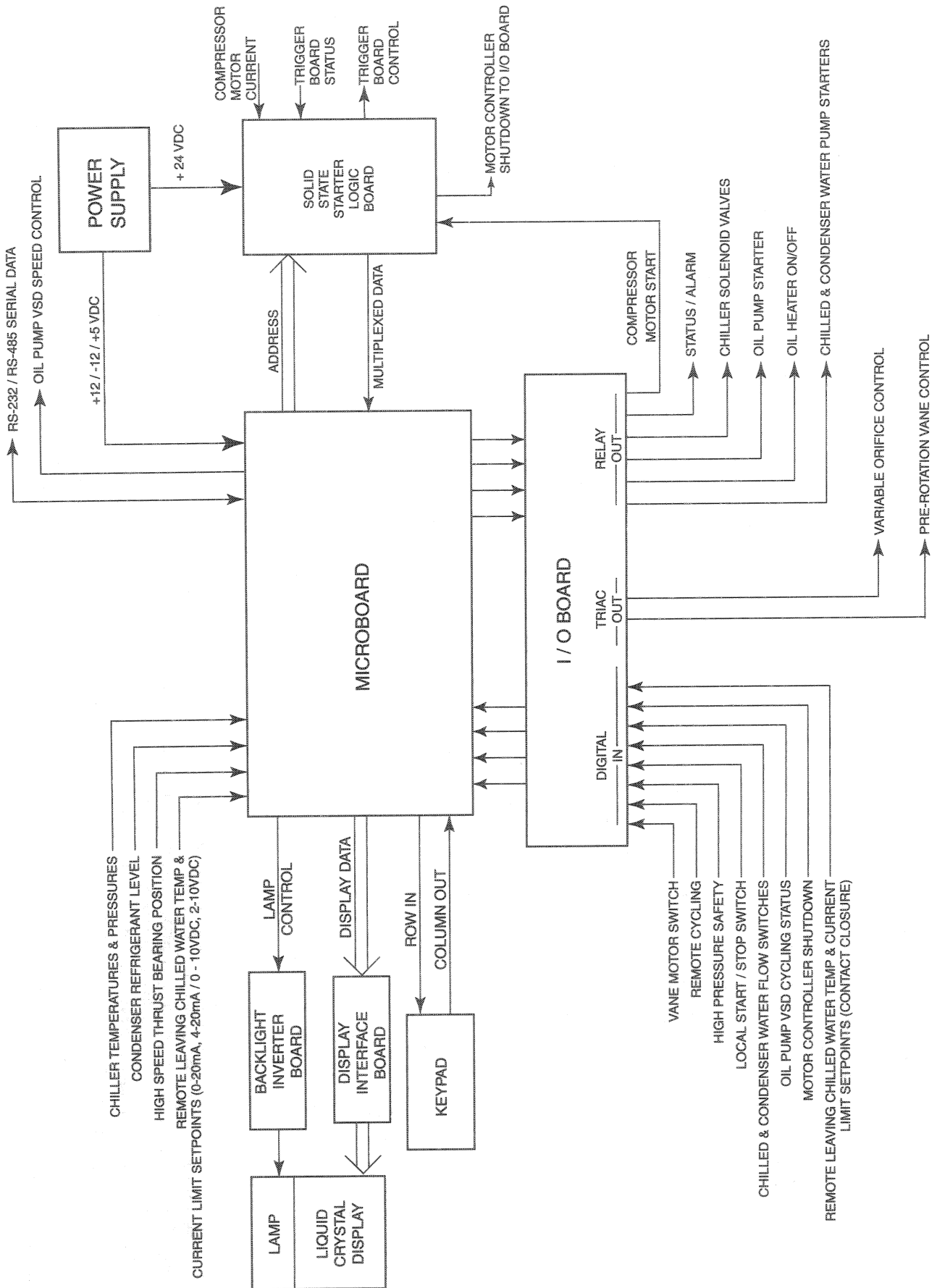


FIG. 2 - OPTIVIEW CONTROL CENTER - MOD "A" SOLID STATE STARTER APPLICATIONS

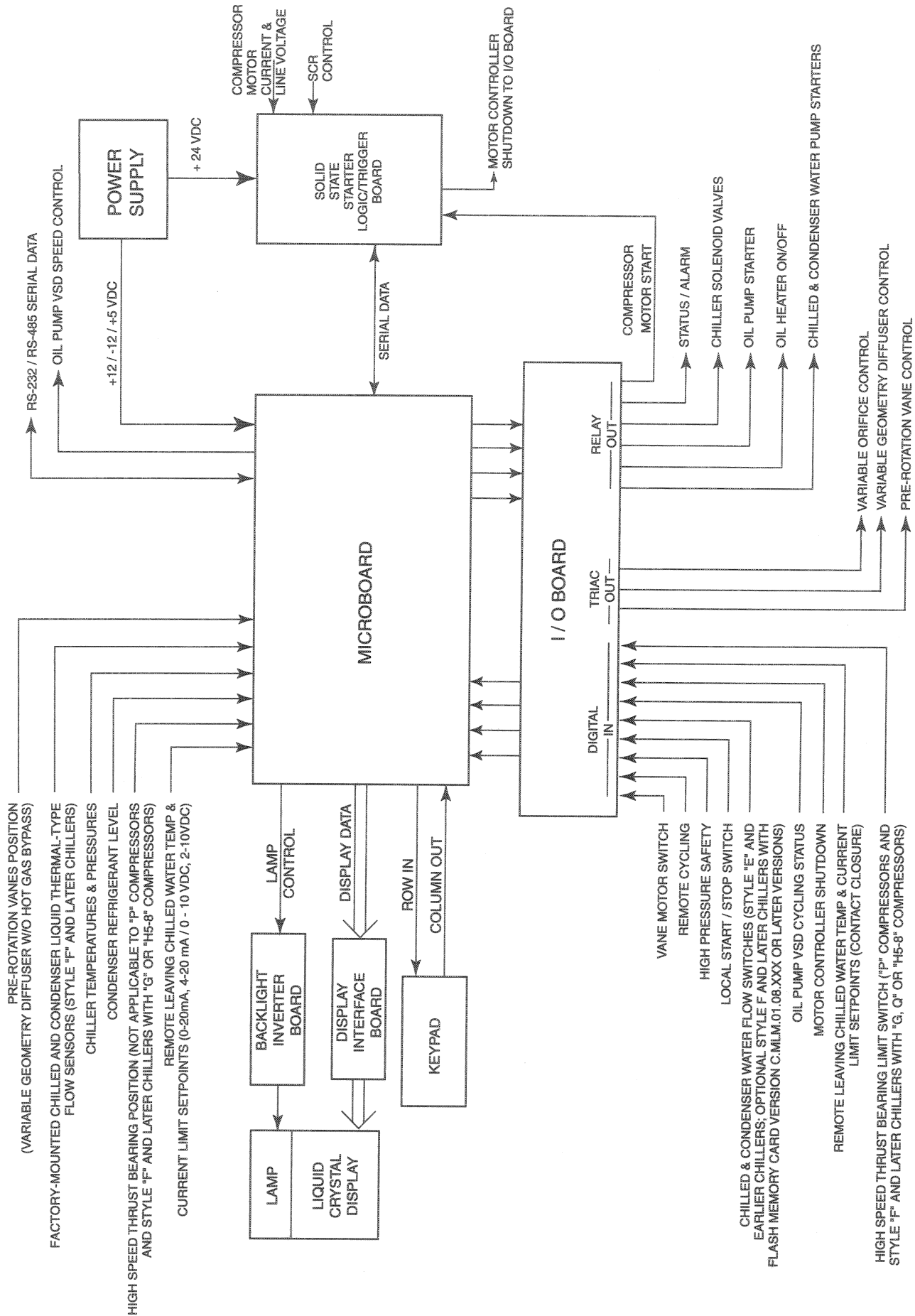


FIG. 3 – OPTIVIEW CONTROL CENTER - MOD "B" SOLID STATE STARTER APPLICATIONS

LD09560

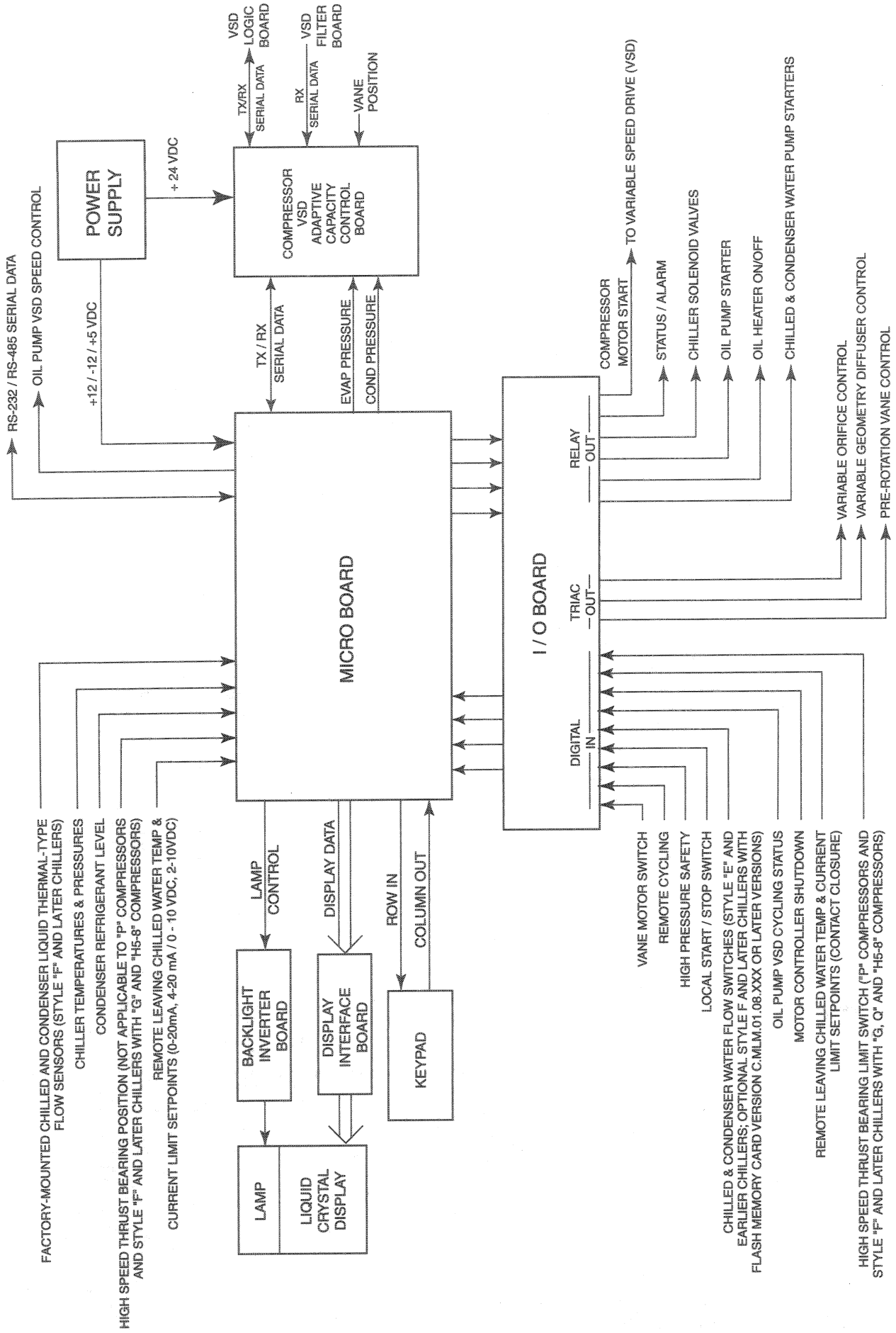
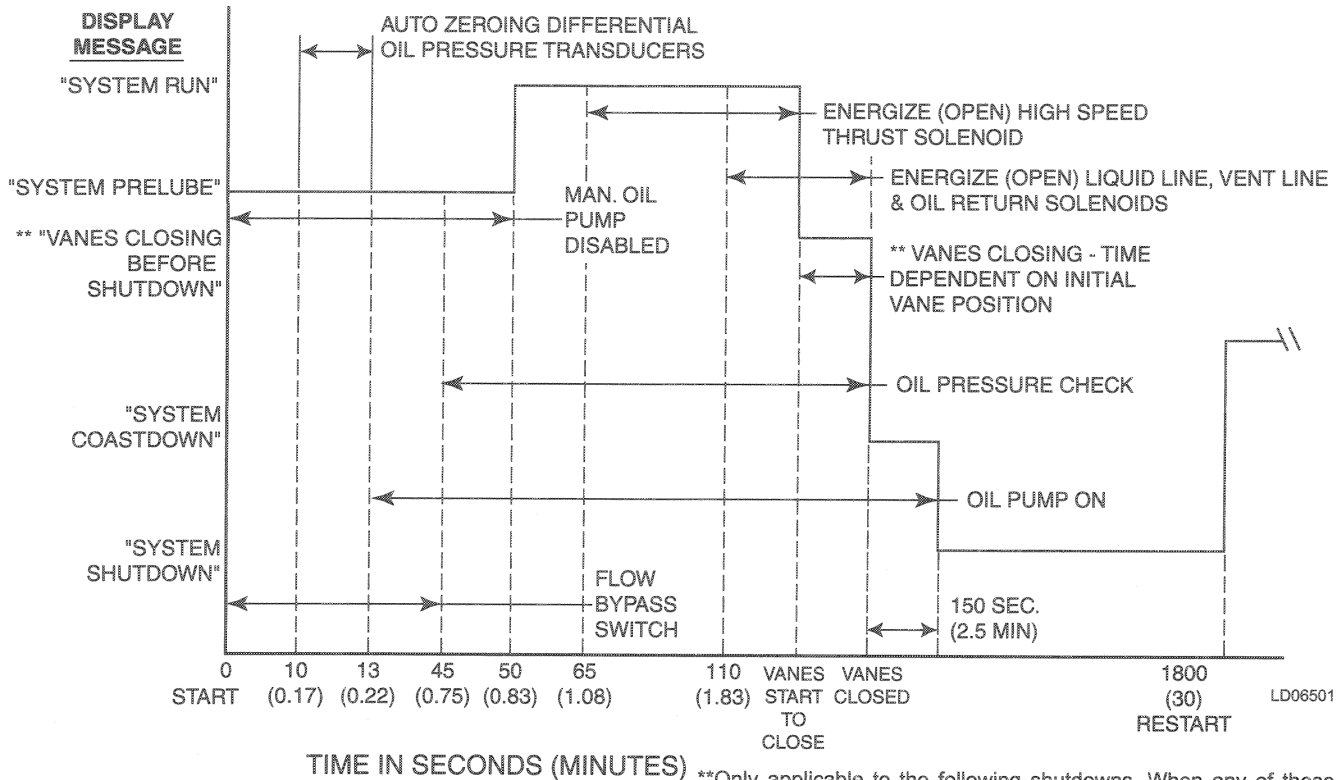


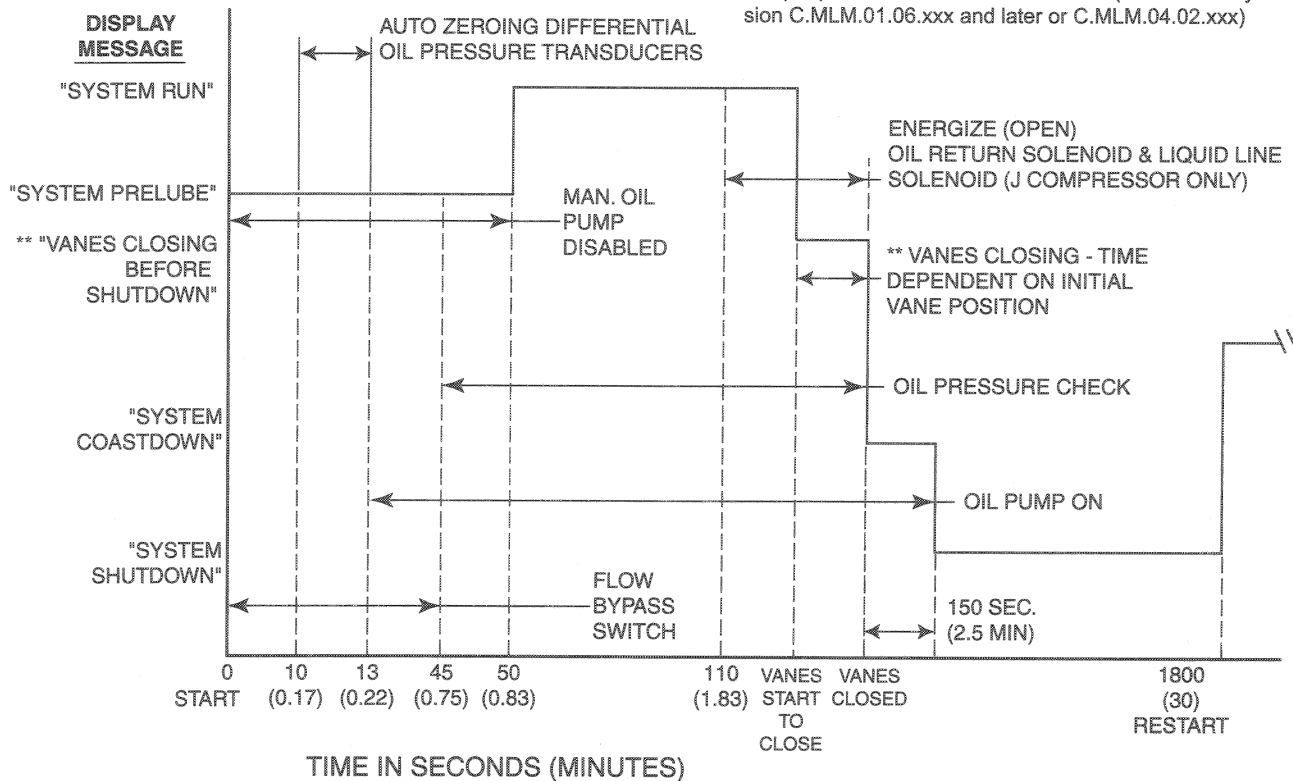
FIG. 4 - OPTIVIEW CONTROL CENTER - COMPRESSOR MOTOR VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE

**TIMING DIAGRAM – CHILLERS EQUIPPED WITH FIXED SPEED OIL PUMP (STYLE C)**



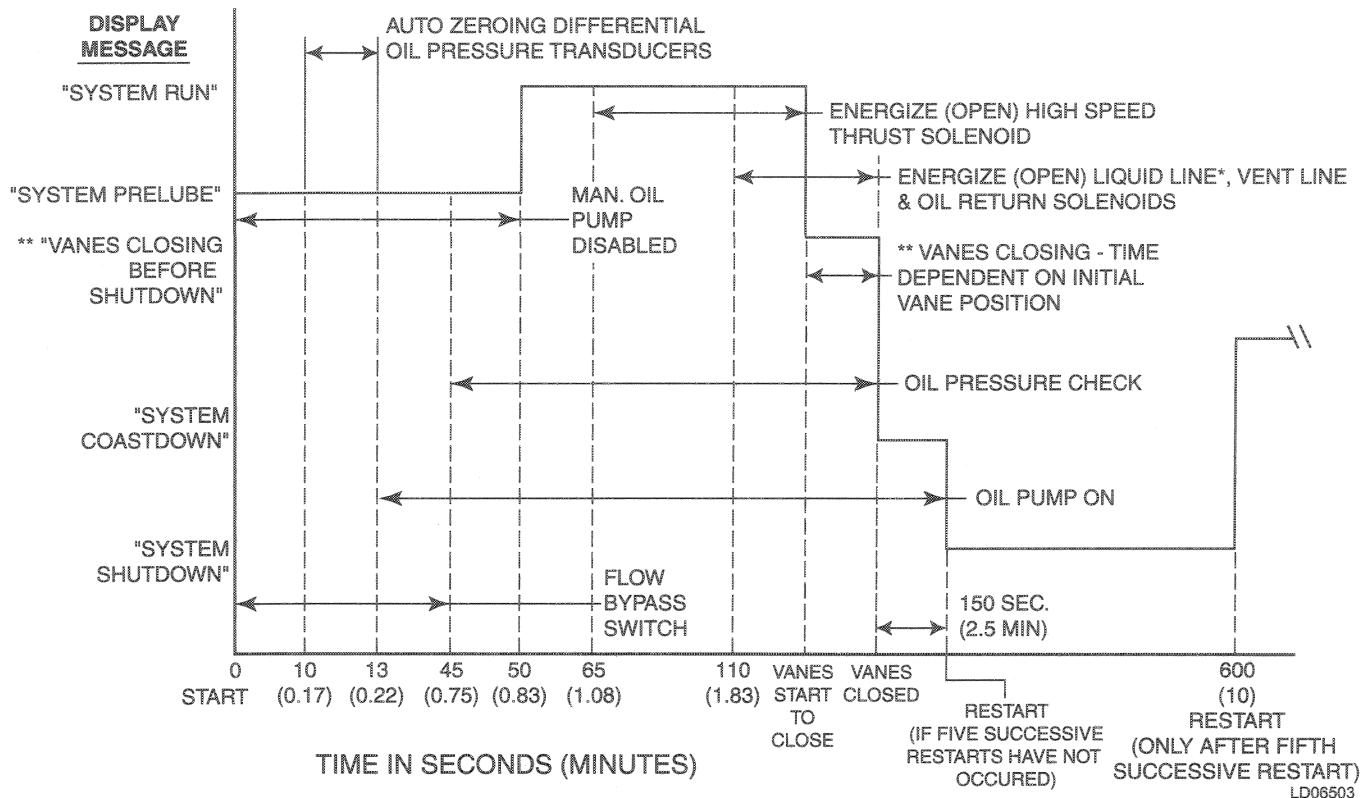
\*\*Only applicable to the following shutdowns. When any of these shutdowns are performed, the vanes are driven fully closed before the starter is de-energized. When the vane motor switch closes (or 210 seconds from start of vane closure have elapsed), the starter is de-energized. 1. Low Water Temperature; 2. Multi-Unit Sequence (TB4-9); 3. Remote/Local Cycling (TB4-13); 4. Internal Time Clock; 5. Remote Stop (TB4-8); 6. Remote Stop (ISN Serial Port). Operator initiated Soft Shutdown (Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.06.xxx and later or C.MLM.04.02.xxx)

**TIMING DIAGRAM – CHILLERS EQUIPPED WITH VARIABLE SPEED OIL PUMP (STYLE D/E/F)**



**FIG. 5 – OPERATION SEQUENCE TIMING DIAGRAM (ELECTRO-MECHANICAL & SOLID STATE STARTER APPLICATIONS)**

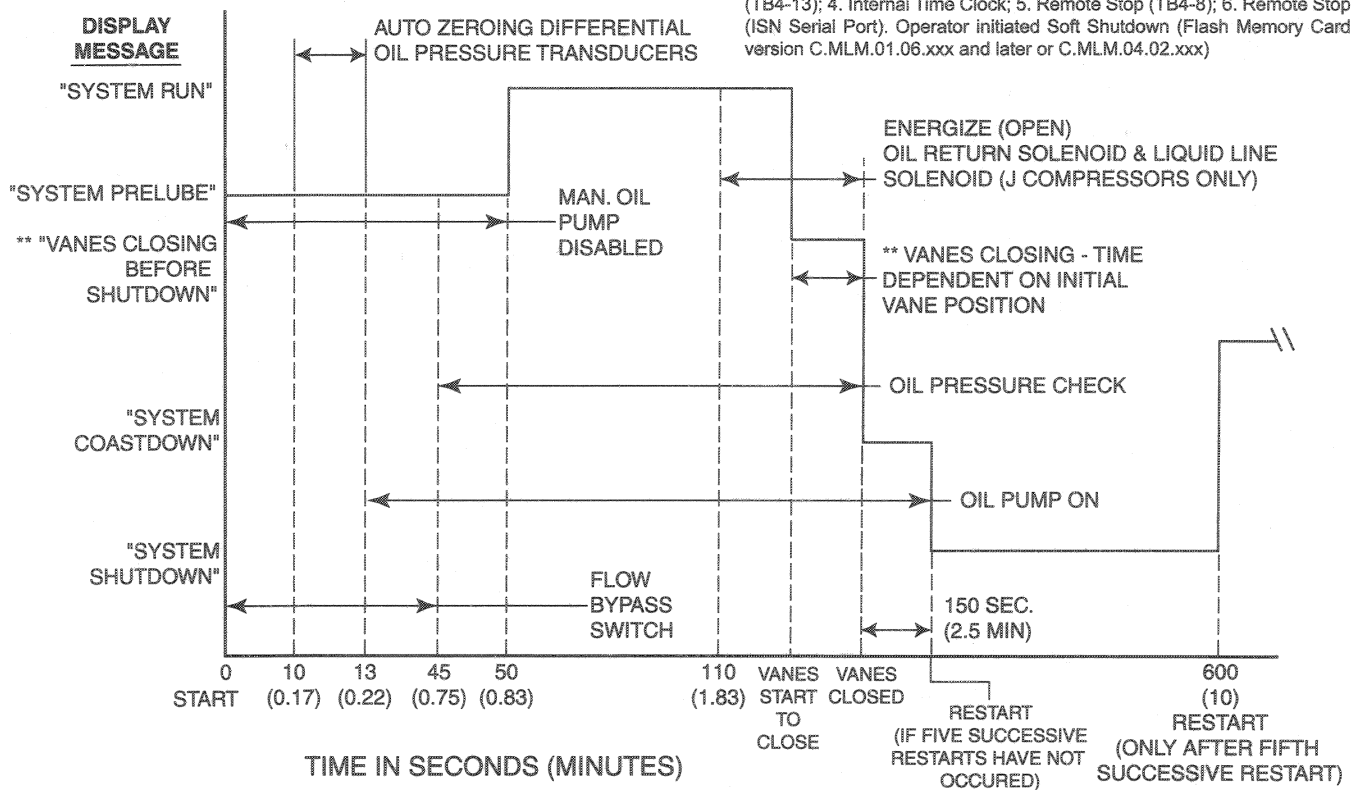
**TIMING DIAGRAM – CHILLERS EQUIPPED WITH FIXED SPEED OIL PUMP (STYLE C)**



\* The Liquid Line solenoid will only be energized during this period when the oil temperature reaches > 140°F. It will then be de-energized when the temperature is < 135°F.

\*\*Only applicable to the following shutdowns. When any of these shutdowns are performed, the vanes are driven fully closed before the starter is de-energized. When the vane motor switch closes (or 210 seconds from start of vane closure have elapsed), the starter is de-energized. 1. Low Water Temperature; 2. Multi-Unit Sequence (TB4-9); 3. Remote/Local Cycling (TB4-13); 4. Internal Time Clock; 5. Remote Stop (TB4-8); 6. Remote Stop (ISN Serial Port). Operator initiated Soft Shutdown (Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.06.xxx and later or C.MLM.04.02.xxx)

**TIMING DIAGRAM – CHILLERS EQUIPPED WITH VARIABLE SPEED OIL PUMP (STYLE D/E/F)**



**FIG. 6 – OPERATION SEQUENCE TIMING DIAGRAM (COMPRESSOR MOTOR VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE APPLICATIONS)**

LD06504

### SECTION 3

## MICROBOARD

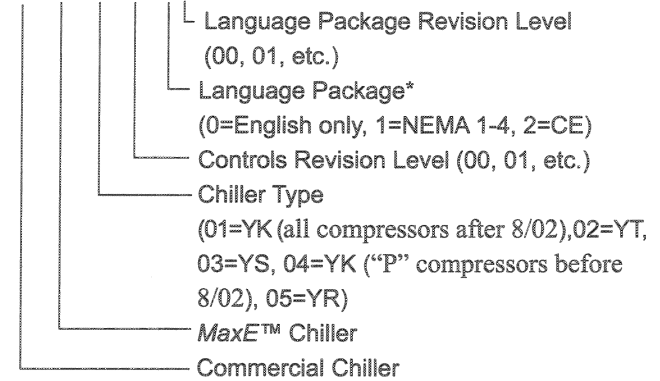
### 031-01730-000

(REFER TO FIG. 7 - 12)

The **Microboard** contains the operating software (Program), microprocessor (Micro), and supporting circuits for the Micro.

The **Program** is a set of instructions to control the chiller, the display and peripheral devices. It also contains the Safety and Cycling shutdown thresholds (non changeable) and Display messages and screens. It is stored in a memory device called a **flash memory card**. This is a type of non-volatile memory that can be read from or written to, but requires the locations to be erased before they are written to. With the exception of a write/read sequence that occurs during the Boot-up process explained below, this device is used primarily as read-only in this application. A write protect switch is located on the left edge of the card as shown in Fig. 8. It must be placed in the "Write Enabled" position in order to allow successful Boot-up. The card is located in socket location U46 (Ref. Fig. 7). It connects to the Board via an Elastomeric connector that is a silicon rubber strip embedded with silver conductors. The Card can be removed from its socket by using the thumb to press down on the socket's plastic tension spring. The card is installed by inserting it into the socket/holder and pressing on the surface of the Card until it snaps into place. The Memory card is a replaceable component. Refer to YORK Renewal Parts List Form 160.54-RP1. The version of the Memory card is an alpha-numeric code that represents the application and revision level. The version is printed on a label adhered to the memory card's surface. The version code is as follows:

C.MLM.nn.nn.nnn



\* Refer to YORK Renewal Parts List 160.54-RP1 for available languages.

1 = Supplied in new NEMA 1-4 OptiView Control Centers but can be retrofit to any OptiView Control Center.

2 = Supplied in new CE (European Community) OptiView Control Centers but can be retrofit to any OptiView Control Center.

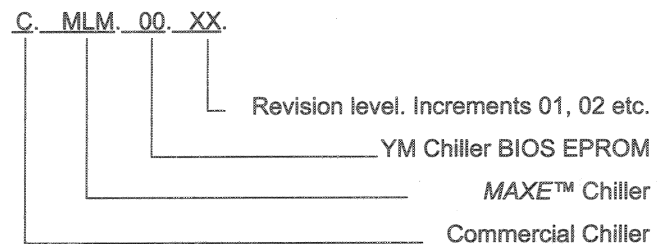
There are two Flash Memory Cards available. The difference between them is the different languages that can be displayed on the Display Screens. Language selection is performed on the USER Screen following instructions in Operations Manual 160.54-O1. Not all languages are available. Refer to Renewal Parts List 160.54-RP1 for list of available Flash Memory Cards and display languages. **IMPORTANT!** – Not all versions of Flash Memory Cards are compatible with revision "E" (and later) Microboards or all BIOS Eproms. If an incompatible version is used, the initialization (boot-up) process will not complete and the chiller will not run! Refer to Renewal Parts List 160.54-RP1 and "Service Replacement" paragraph in this section.

Flash Memory Cards are revised to add new features, enhancements and program corrections. Each time they are revised, the revision level of the affected portion of the program (controls or language) increments. Each time they are revised, a Service Information Bulletin is issued that describes the new features. Those bulletins that have been issued to date, are located at the rear of this manual.

The **Micro** controls the chiller by reading and executing the Program instructions in a sequence determined by the Program. Under Program control, the Micro reads the Analog and Digital Inputs to determine the operating conditions and controls Digital Outputs based upon these inputs. These inputs are compared to stored thresholds to determine if a Safety or Cycling shutdown is required. If a threshold has been exceeded, a shutdown is performed and the appropriate message is retrieved from the Program and displayed on the Liquid Crystal Display. As operating conditions require, status messages are retrieved and displayed. The Keypad is read as Digital Inputs. When an operator presses a key to request a display, the Micro interprets the request, retrieves the display from the Program and displays it. The Program assembles data in the correct format for transmission through the Serial Data Ports to peripheral devices. The Program also instructs the Micro to respond to requests from peripheral devices for serial data transmissions.

The **Watchdog** circuit monitors the +5VDC supply from the external Power Supply to determine when a power failure is occurring. Just prior to the supply decreasing to a level where the Micro and supporting circuits can no longer operate, it applies a reset signal to the Micro. The Micro responds by de-energizing the run digital output through the FPGA, shutting down the chiller and retrieving the **Power Failure** message from the Program and sending it to the Display Controller for display. Similarly, when power is first applied after a power failure, it maintains the Micro in a reset state until the +5VDC has returned to a sufficient level. The Watchdog circuit also assures that all the Program instructions are being performed and that the Program has not latched-up, bypassing important safety thresholds. If the Program has latched-up, The Micro initiates a Safety shutdown and displays **WATCHDOG – SOFTWARE REBOOT** message.

The **BIOS EPROM** (basic input/output system erasable programmable read only memory) is a memory device that contains the bootstrap or power-up program. It is located in socket location U45. This EPROM is replaceable. Refer to YORK Renewal Parts List Form 160.54-RP1. The EPROM version is an alpha-numeric code that represents the application and revision level. The version is printed on a label adhered to the EPROM's surface. The version code is as follows:



Early vintage chillers were equipped with BIOS eprom 031-01796-001. This eprom is no longer used. It has been superseded by BIOS eprom 031-01796-002. **IMPORTANT!** Eprom 031-01796-002 is not compatible with all versions of Flash Memory Cards. Refer to Service Replacement paragraphs in this section.

When power is applied to the OptiView Control Center following a power failure, the Micro executes the instructions in the BIOS EPROM program to initialize, configure and start operation of certain Microboard components before the main program (stored in the Flash Memory Card) is started. Depending upon the application, the Microboard could be equipped with an EPROM that has either 128K, 256K or 512K capacity. Microboard Program Jumper JP38 must be positioned according to the actual EPROM installed. Refer to Table 1 (Program Jumpers). There are 5 steps to the boot-up process. During the boot-up process, there is a visual indication as each step is performed, followed by a Pass/Fail status of the step. On the Microboard, a green LED (CR17 - Pass) flashes to indicate the step was successful. If a step is unsuccessful, a red LED (CR18 - Fail) flashes and the Boot-up process terminates. The execution and Pass/Fail status of steps 3 through 5 are displayed on a white Keypad Display Screen as they are performed. This white display screen also lists the BIOS EPROM Version. The steps of the Boot-up process are as follows. Also, below is listed the LED activity associated with each step.

**BOOT-UP STEP AND DESCRIPTION**

**1. First initiate table complete.**

Registers in the Micro are configured to allow it to perform basic memory read/write functions.

**2. FPGA configuration.**

The Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA) is configured to process Digital Inputs and Outputs.

**3. Mini-card signature test.**

A location in the Flash Memory Card that contains a code identifying the Manufacturer is compared to other locations that contain the manufacturer’s name. If these values are the same, it is **pass**. If they are different, it is **fail**.

**4. Mini-card checksum.**

The **Flash** Memory Card checksum is calculated and compared to the checksum value that is stored in the Card at the time the Card was initially programmed at the YORK factory. If both values are the same, it is considered **pass**. If the calculated value is different than the stored value, it is considered **fail**.

**5. BRAM quick test.**

Test data is written to and then read from several memory locations to verify BRAM operation.

**LED INDICATORS**

When power is applied to the OptiView Control Center, both the red (CR18 - Fail) and green (CR17 - Pass) LEDs simultaneously illuminate for 1 second, then the Boot-up process begins in the following sequence.

| STEP | PASS              | FAIL   |
|------|-------------------|--|
| 1    | Green on, Red off | Watchdog will initiate a re-boot.                  |
| 2    | Green flash once  | Boot-up process halts. One red flash repeating     |
| 3    | Green flash once  | Boot-up process halts. Two red flashes repeating   |
| 4    | Green flash once  | Boot-up process halts. Three red flashes repeating |
| 5    | Green flash once  | Boot-up process halts. Four red flashes repeating  |

When all steps have been completed, the LED’s will then illuminate or extinguish, as long as power is applied, according to the settings of Microboard Program Switches 7 and 8 as follows:

Green (CR17)

Program SW 7 set to 50 Hz – extinguishes  
60 Hz – illuminates

Red (CR18)

Program SW 8 set to Standard – illuminates  
Enhanced – extinguishes

The **BRAM** (battery backed random access memory) is a memory device that contains a battery that preserves the data during power failures. It is a replaceable part. Refer to YORK Renewal Parts List Form 160.54-RP1. It is located in socket location U52. The Micro stores the setpoints programmed by the Operator or Service Technician, History Data and other data that requires preservation, in this device. Also, the day of week, time of day and calendar date time-keeping are done here.

**Program Jumpers/Program Switches**

The Program Jumpers (Table 1) and Program Switches (Table 2) are used to alter the program operation or configure the Microboard hardware for specific operation. This allows the Program and Microboard to be universal for all standard applications. Refer to Table 3 and 4 for the function of each jumper and switch. The position of some jumpers can be determined by the Service Technician to meet the desired operation. Others must be positioned according to the requirements of the size, type or style of components and thus are determined by the YORK factory. Some jumpers are plastic sleeves with metal inserts that are inserted over 2-prong or 3-prong conductors. Others are wire bridges that are either cut or left in place. The Program Switches are miniature switches that are placed in either the ON or OFF position.

**Keypad Interface**

The Keypad is read via J18. The Keypad is a matrix of conductors arranged in rows and columns (ref fig 32 and 33). There are 4 rows and 8 columns. When a key

is pressed, the conductors are pressed together at that point, creating continuity between the row conductor and the column conductor. The keypad is read by applying a logic low to a row while leaving +5vdc pullup on all other rows. The micro then reads the 8 columns. If any column has a logic low on it, the key corresponding to that coordinate (row, column) is being pressed. The micro reads the entire keypad by repeating this routine beginning with row 1 and ending with row 4. The entire keypad is continually read while the control center is powered. Refer to SECTION 8 of this manual for details of the Keypad.

### CM-2 Board or Style A Solid State Starter Interface

The microboard retrieves certain operating parameters (via J10) from the compressor motor starter control board (CM-2 Current Board for Electromechanical starter or Style "A" Solid State Starter Logic Board). Refer to the appropriate section of this book for detailed explanation of each board. Both boards contain an 8 channel multiplexer. The micro sequentially and continually reads channels 0 through 7. It reads each channel by applying a 3-bit binary address to the multiplexer. A 0-5vdc analog value is returned from each channel. The function of each is in the table below. The micro determines which board, and therefore which starter is present, by the value returned from channel 0. Since channels 0 through 6 are grounded, the CM-2 board returns a 0vdc value. The Solid State Starter Logic Board returns a value  $>0.41$  vdc to +5vdc. If the value is  $<0.4$  vdc, it indicates the starter is an Electro-mechanical (EM) starter and the micro then reads channel 7 to retrieve the peak motor current value. A value  $>0.4$  vdc indicates the starter is an "A" style Solid State Starter and the micro reads channels 1 through 7. In the Solid State Starter, channel 0 indicates the starter size (model) and voltmeter range (300Vac or 600Vac). Channel 1 is a hardware generated 100% FLA (prevents pre-rotation vanes from further opening) or 104% FLA (closes pre-rotation vanes until motor current is  $<102\%$ ) current limit override command that overrides normal Pre-rotation Vanes control. Channels 2 through 4 are analog voltages that represent phase A, B and C motor current. The highest phase is Channels 5 through 7 are analog voltages that represent phase A, B and C Line Voltage. The data for each channel is shown below:

The addresses and associated data are shown below:

| CM-2 Board |                          | Mod "A"<br>Solid State Starter Logic Board |                                    |
|------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Address    | Data                     | Address                                    | Data                               |
| 0 thru 6   | Gnd                      | 0  | starter model /<br>voltmeter range |
| 7          | Peak<br>Motor<br>Current | 1  | current limit command              |
|            |                          | 2 - 4                                      | phase C, B, A<br>motor current     |
|            |                          | 5 - 7                                      | phase A, B, C<br>line voltage      |

### Style B Solid State Starter or Variable Speed Drive Interface

If equipped with either of these drives, the drive is interfaced to the Microboard via the Opto-Coupled COM 5 serial data port (J15). The serial data is represented by +5vdc and 0vdc logic levels. J15-1 is TX data to the drive and J15-2 is RX data from the drive. Refer to SECTION 11 (Solid State Starter) and SECTION 12 (VSD) for details of this interface.

### Printer Interface

An optional Printer can be connected to COM1 RS-232 serial data port (J2). J2-4 is TX data to the printer. J2-2 is the DSR (Data Set Ready or busy) signal from the printer. Signal levels are standard RS-232. The microboard sends data to the printer at the selected baud rate until the printer buffer becomes full, whereupon the printer asserts its Busy signal. The microboard suspends data transmission until the printer can accept more data. Each printer must be setup/configured to operate properly with the microboard. The Baud, Data Bits, Parity and Stop Bits must be programmed on the Comms Screen. Other printer setup is performed on the PRINTER Screen. Refer to YORK manual 160.55-O1 for details of available printers and printer setup instructions.

### MicroGateway Interface

An optional Microgateway printed circuit board can be connected to the COM 4B RS-232 serial data port (J2). J2-7 is TX data to the MicroGateway. J2-6 is RX data from the Microgateway. Signal levels are standard RS-232. The MicroGateway polls system pressures, temperatures and status from the microboard. It holds it for retrieval by third-party devices. Refer to SECTION 15 of this manual.

## Digital Inputs

The I/O Board converts the 115Vac inputs to logic level inputs for the microboard at J19. A 115Vac input to the I/O board is converted to a logic low ( $<1V_{dc}$ ). A 0Vac input to the I/O Board is converted to a logic high ( $>4V_{dc}$ ). Refer to SECTION 4 of this manual for details of the I/O Board.

## Digital Outputs

The microboard controls 115vac relays and solenoids via the I/O Board (via J19). The I/O Board contains +12Vdc relays that isolate the microboard low voltage circuits from the 115Vac device coils. Solid state switching devices are used to control the relays. The microboard energizes the +12Vdc relays by applying a ground to the coil input. They are de-energized by opening the ground path. The contacts of these relays switch 115Vac to system relays and solenoids. The outputs that control the chilled liquid pump and compressor motor starter have anti-chatter (anti-recycle) timers associated with them. The output that controls relay K0 is not allowed to change at a rate greater than once every 10 seconds. The output that controls relay K13 is not allowed to change at a rate greater than once every 20 seconds.

The microboard controls Actuator motors via Triacs on the I/O Board. Each actuator has an open winding and a close winding. Current flowing through a winding causes the actuator to rotate in the respective direction. Each winding is controlled by a Triac. The Triac is turned on to allow current to flow through a winding. The microboard turns on the Triac by applying a logic low ( $<1V_{dc}$ ) to the Triac driver on the I/O Board. It turns it off by applying a logic high ( $>4v_{dc}$ ). Refer to SECTION 4 of this manual for details of the I/O Board.

## Analog Inputs

System pressures, in the form of analog DC voltages, are input from Pressure Transducers. Refer to SECTION 16 of this manual. Formulas and graphs are included to calculate the expected transducer output voltage for a given pressure input.

System temperatures, in the form of analog DC voltages, are input from Thermistors. Refer to SECTION 17 of this manual. Included are tables to convert the expected output voltage for any temperature applied to the thermistor.

Style F (and later) chillers are supplied with factory-mounted Flow Sensors on the evaporator and condenser (Software version C.MLM.01.07.xxx (and later) is required for this feature. These are electronic thermal-type sensors. The operating principle of the sensor is thermal conductivity. It uses the cooling effect of a flowing liquid to sense flow. The temperature of the heated sensor tip is sensed by a thermistor located in the tip. A second thermistor, located higher in the tip in a non-heated area, is only affected by changes in liquid temperature. The temperatures sensed by the thermistors are compared. Flowing liquid carries heat away from the heated sensor tip, lowering its temperature. The higher the flow rate, the lower the tip temperature and therefore a lower differential between thermistors. Lower flow rates remove less heat from the tip allowing a higher tip temperature. The lower the flow, the greater the differential between thermistors. The sensor is vendor-calibrated to turn on its output at a flow rate of 20cm(0.6 ft.)/second. This is the setpoint. There are 11 LED's on the sensor that reflect the measured flow rate. The center located amber LED illuminates at the setpoint flow rate (and above). The 4 LED's to the left of the amber reflect flow rates below the setpoint. The 6 LED's to the right of the amber reflect flow rates above the setpoint. As the flow rate decreases from the setpoint, the LED display moves to the left. As the flow rate increases above the setpoint, the LED display moves to the right. The sensor operates from a 24Vac power source and has a solid state relay output. On each sensor, one side of the solid state relay output (pin 2) is connected to the microboard +5Vdc and the other side (pin 4) is Connected to a microboard analog input (refer to fig 12). After power is applied, there is a thermal warm-up period of up to 20 seconds. During this time, the output could be unstable. When the setpoint (or greater) flow rate is sensed, the solid state relay output is turned on causing it to conduct current through the 7.5K ohm microboard load resistor to the +5vdc. This applies  $>+4V_{dc}$  to the microboard input evaporator J7-14; condenser J7-16). When a flow rate less than the setpoint is sensed, the solid state relay output is turned off, resulting in no conduction through the load resistor. This applies  $<1V_{dc}$  to the microboard input. To determine the state of the solid state relay, first confirm that +5vdc is present at pin 2 of the flow sensor. Then connect a voltmeter from Microboard J7-14 (evaporator) or J7-16 (condenser) to microboard TP1(ground). Software version C.MLM.01.08.xxx (and

later) allows either the Thermal-Type sensors connected to the Microboard analog inputs or the Paddle-Type sensor connected to the I/O Board digital inputs (refer to the Flow Switch Setpoint in SECTION 23). To assure the program reads the correct input for the flow sensor type present, the Chiller Style/Compressor Setpoint and Flow Switch Setpoint must be set appropriately (refer to SECTION 23).

### Serial Data Ports

The Microboard is equipped with 5 serial data ports (ref fig 11). Each port is dedicated for a specific function as follows:

- a. COM1 (J2) – RS-232. Printer
- b. COM2 (J13) – RS-232. Not used
- c. COM3 (J12) – RS-485. Optional I/O.
- d. COM4 (4A-J11), (4B-J2) – This port is actually two ports. However, they cannot be used simultaneously. The position of program jumper JP27 determines which port can be used. (refer to table 3). COM4A – RS485 Not used. COM4B – RS-232 Microgateway.
- e. COM5 (J15) – Opto-coupled transmit/receive. VSD Adaptive Capacity Control Board or Style B Solid State Starter.

Each port is equipped with two LED's. A red TX LED illuminates as data is transmitted to or requested from another device. A green RX LED illuminates as data is received from another device. The RS-232 voltages are industry standard +5 to +25vdc and -5vdc to -25vdc logic levels. The RS-485 voltages are industry standard 0vdc and +1.5 to +5vdc logic levels. COM5 logic levels are 0vdc and +5vdc. A diagnostic test can be performed on each serial port to confirm proper operation. Refer to Diagnostics SECTION 23 of this manual.

The LED's and their functions are as follows:

- CR2 RX1 – COM1 serial port receive data.
- CR3 TX1 – COM1 serial port transmit data.
- CR12 TX4 – COM4 serial port transmit data.
- CR13 RX4 – COM4 serial port receive data.
- CR15 TX3 – COM3 serial port transmit data.
- CR14 RX3 – COM3 serial port receive data.
- CR11 RX2 – COM2 serial port receive data.

- CR16 TX2 – COM2 serial port transmit data.
- CR10 RX5 – COM5 serial port receive data.
- CR9 TX5 – COM5 serial port transmit data.

### Display Interface

The graphic screens displayed on the liquid Crystal Display are created from the program downloaded from the Program Card and stored in the flash memory chip. The data to form these screens is output from J5. This data is in the form of red, green and blue drive signals applied to each of the 303,200 the display pixels arranged in a matrix of 640 columns x 480 rows. Each pixel consists of 3 windows; red, green and blue, through which a variable amount of light from the Display Backlight, is permitted to pass to the front of the display. The drive signals determine the amount of light permitted to pass through each window. The overall pixel color is a result of the gradient of red, green and blue light allowed to pass. The drive signal for each pixel is an 18 bit binary word; 6 for each of the 3 colors. The greater the binary value, the more light is permitted to pass. The pixels are driven sequentially from left to right, beginning with the top row. To coordinate the drive signals and assure the pixels in each row are driven from left to right and the columns are driven from top to bottom, the drive signals are accompanied by a clock and horizontal and vertical sync signals.

During the boot-up, the program in the BIOS eprom reads wire jumpers PID0 through PID3 on the Display Interface Board to determine the manufacturer of the display. Each display manufacturer requires a slightly different control. The program in the BIOS eprom configures the microboard for correct operation for the actual display installed.

Different display manufacturers require different supply and control voltages for their displays and backlights. Program Jumpers JP2 through JP5 and JP7 and JP8 must be configured to provide the required supply and control voltages to the display and backlight control. Table 3 lists the required program jumper configuration for each display. Also, a label attached to the display mounting plate lists the required program jumper configuration for that display. The position of program jumper JP2 determines whether the supply voltage is +5vdc or +3.3vdc.

The microboard controls the Display Backlight via J6. The Display Backlight is the light source for the display. The Backlight Inverter Board provides a high voltage AC power source for the lamp. It converts low voltage DC via J6-1 (+12Vdc or +5Vdc, depending on position of Program Jumper JP5) to high voltage AC (500 to 1500Vac). This high voltage AC is applied to the lamp to cause it to illuminate. The Backlight is turned on and off with the "Backlight Enable" signal (J6-5). The position of Program Jumper JP4 determines whether this is a +12Vdc or +5vdc signal. In some displays, the backlight turns on when this signal transitions from low to high; others turn o when it transitions from high to low. The position of Program Jumper JP3 determines the transition that will occur when the Microboard outputs the Backlight Enable signal. JP3 must be positioned according to the display manufacturer's requirement.

Under program control, the microboard controls the backlight brightness via the Lamp Dimmer circuit output at J6-7. In order to extend the life of the Backlight lamp, the brightness is driven to 50% after 10 minutes of Keypad inactivity. At this brightness level, the graphics are still visible. When Keypad activity is detected (a key is pressed), the lamp is driven back to full (100%) brightness. Some display manufacturers require a variable voltage to vary the brightness; others require a variable resistance. Program Jumpers JP7 and JP8 must be configured to enable the appropriate technique. The Lamp Dimmer is an integrated circuit that is the electrical equivalent of a 10K ohm potentiometer with 100 positions or steps (ref fig 10A). The Lamp Dimmer controls the position of the potentiometer. The lamp Dimmer varies the brightness of the backlight by applying a variable voltage (0-5.0vdc) or a variable resistance (0-10K ohms) to the Backlight Inverter Board. If Program Jumpers JP7 and JP8 are installed, the lamp Dimmer output is a variable voltage; if both are removed, the output is a variable resistance. The Lamp Dimmer outputs "Brightness Control Wiper" (J6-7) to the Backlight Inverter Board. If configured for variable voltage output, the voltage between J6-7 and J6-8 can be varied from 0Vdc (100% brightness) to 5.0Vdc (0% brightness). If configured for variable resistance, the resistance between J6-6 and J6-7 varies from 0 ohms (0% brightness) to 10K ohms (100% brightness).

Refer to Display SECTION 5, 6 and 7 of this manual for details of the display interface.

## Remote Setpoints

Remote Leaving Chilled Liquid temperature and Current Limit setpoints can be input via the RS-232 Microgateway interface at J2 or directly to the Microboard at J22 (ref fig 12). The inputs at J22 are configured with Program Jumpers JP23 and JP24 to accept these inputs in either 0-10vdc, 2-10vdc 0-20Ma or 4-20Ma form. Refer to Table 3 for Program Jumper configurations and SECTION 18 of this manual for details of the Remote Setpoints.

## POWER SUPPLY

The Microboard receives 3 supply voltages (Microboard J1) from the **Power Supply**; +12VDC, -12VDC, +5VDC and Ground. The -12VDC and +12VDC are used directly by various circuits. The +12VDC and +5VDC are input to **Voltage Regulators** to derive other regulated voltages. The +5VDC (fused by 5 Amp fuse F1 on rev "E" and later boards) is input to a +3.3VDC regulator. The output is a 3.3VDC regulated voltage. The +12VDC (fused by 5 Amp fuse F2 on rev "E" and later boards) is input to a 5VDC regulator. The output of this regulator powers only the Analog circuits. This includes the MUX, A/D converter, CM-2 module, Mod "A" Solid State Starter Logic Board, Transducers and Thermistors. As depicted on the Microboard figure, these voltages can be monitored at Test Posts TP1 through TP6.

## SERVICE REPLACEMENT:

All YK chillers use the same Microboard. Refer to Renewal Parts List 160.54-RP1 for available Flash Memory Cards. Select the Flash Memory Card per the Display language requirements.

Prior to August 2002, chillers equipped with "P" compressors required Flash Memory Card 031-02073-001 (NEMA) or 031-02073-002 (CE). Version C.MLM.01.07.xxx (released August 2002) and later versions of Flash Memory Card 031-01797-001 (NEMA) and 031-01797-002 (CE) are now applicable to all compressor applications. This version (and later versions) supercedes and is supplied in place of cards 031-02073-001 and 02073-002 for service replacement.

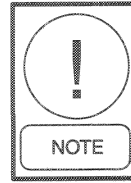
Service replacement Microboards are supplied under the following YORK part numbers:

- 331-01730-601 Includes Microboard 031-01730-000 and latest version of Flash Memory Card 031-01797-001.

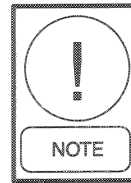
Replacement Microboards are supplied without the BRAM (U52). Remove this device from the defective board and install in the replacement board.

If defective board is equipped with Flash Memory Card 031-01797-002 (except “P” compressors) or 031-02073-002 (“P” compressors), transfer this Card to the replacement board. If defective board is equipped with Card 031-01797-001 (except “P” compressors) or 031-02073-001 (“P” compressors), use Card supplied with replacement board.

If the Microboard is replaced within the Warranty Period, return the defective board along with any unused Flash Memory Cards to YORK per the Warranty Return Procedure.

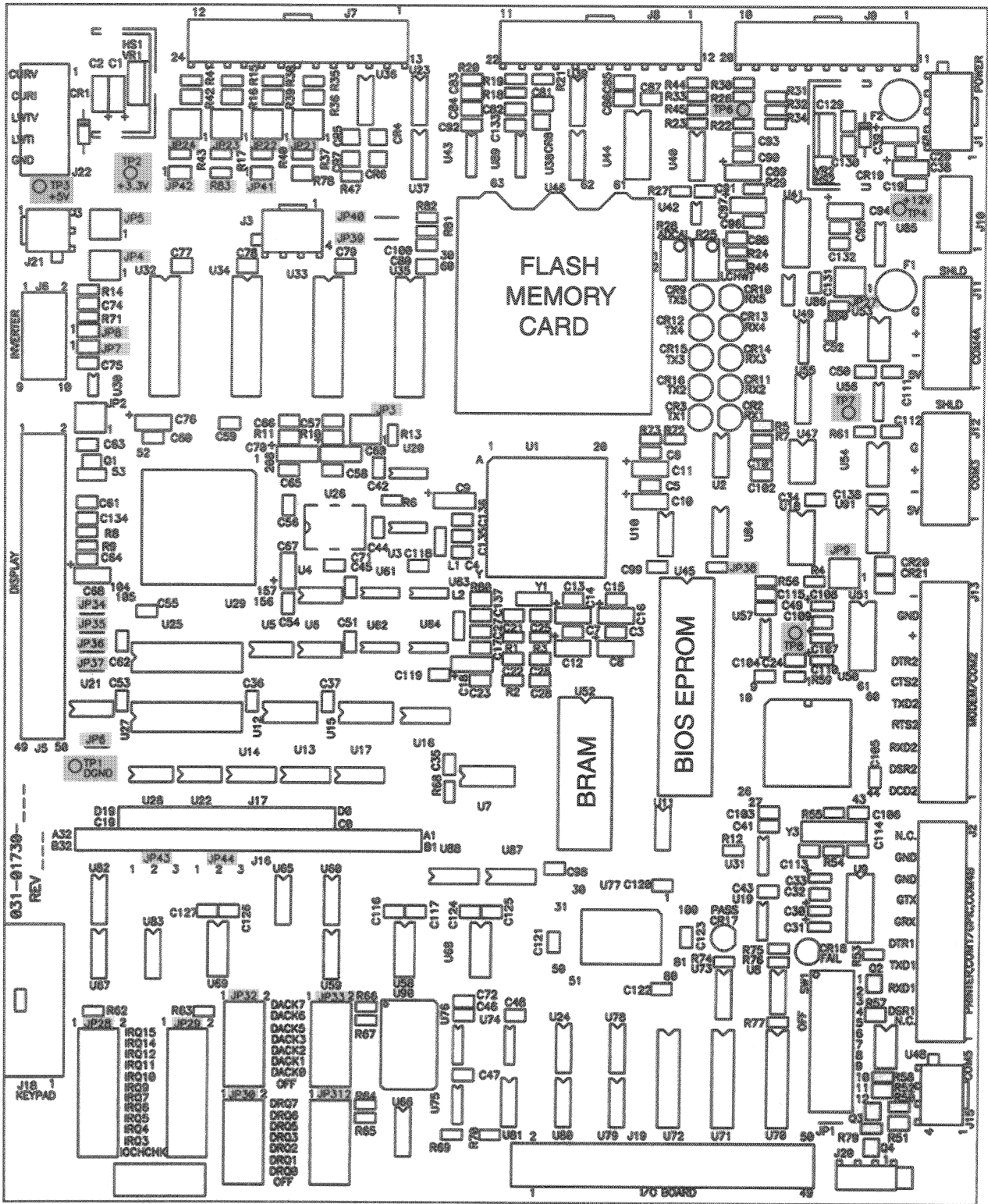


*If Flash Memory Card 031-01797-001 is used, it must be a version C.MLM.01.04 or later (ie, .05, .06, etc) to be used with BIOS Eprom (U45) 031-01796-002. Earlier versions will not complete the initialization (boot-up) process and the chiller will not run.*



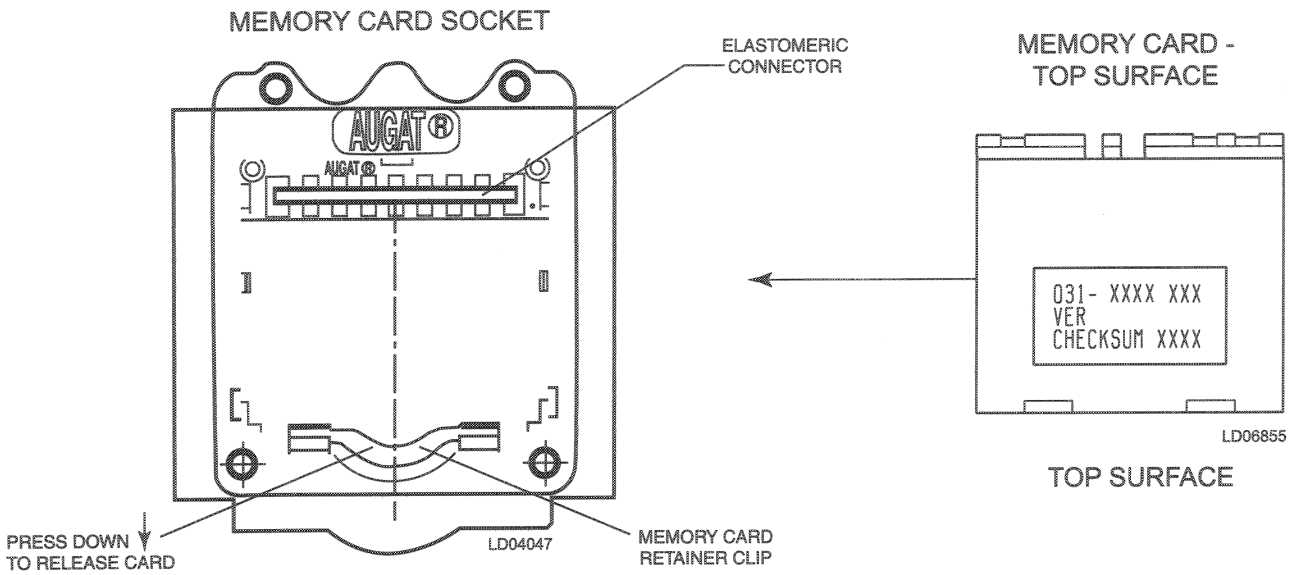
***IMPORTANT!*** *Since the BRAM memory device contains all of the programmed setpoints and Sales Order data, using the existing BRAM in the replacement Microboard eliminates the need to re-program this extremely large amount of data. The process to manually program the Sales Order Data is extremely time-consuming. However, if the BRAM fails and field replacement is necessary, follow the procedure in the “Systems Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures” section of this book.*

3

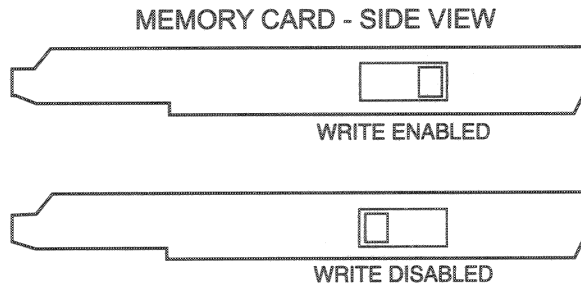
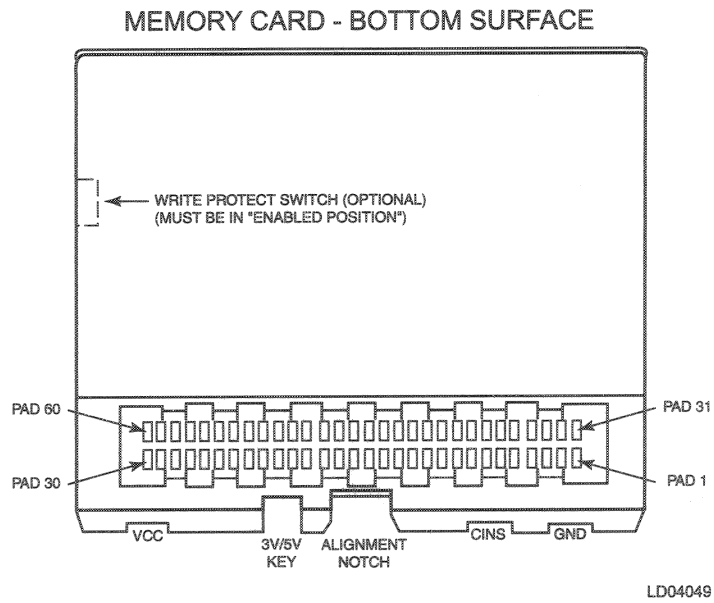


LD07776

FIG. 7 – MICROBOARD 031-01730-000

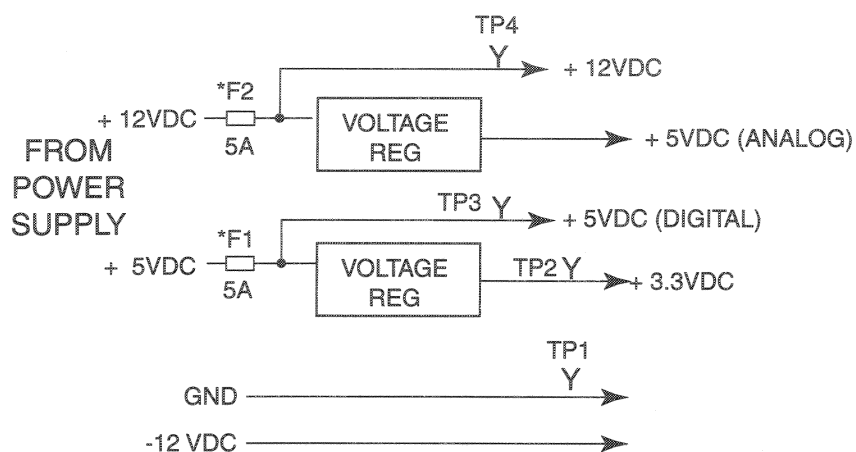


3



LD04050

FIG. 8 – FLASH MEMORY CARD



\*REV "E" and later boards only.

LD09564

FIG. 9 – MICROBOARD (031-01730-000) POWER SUPPLY TEST POINTS

## TABLE 1

### MICROBOARD 031-01730-000 PROGRAM JUMPERS

#### MICROBOARD PROGRAM JUMPERS

**JP1** - Watchdog enable/disable. The position of this jumper, in conjunction with Program switch SW 1 position 12 enables or disables the program Watchdog protection.



*Never disable the watchdog protection. Severe compressor or chiller damage could result. The ability to disable the watchdog protection is provided for factory testing only!!!*

**IN** - Watchdog protection enabled.

**OUT** - Permits Program switch SW1 position 12 to enable or disable the program

#### Watchdog protection as follows:

Position 12 **ON** - Watchdog protection enabled  
**OFF** - Watchdog protection disabled

**JP2** - Display power and logic levels. Determines the power supply voltage applied to the display.

**Pins 1-2:** +5VDC SHARP LQ10D367/368 and LQ10D421 displays.

**Pins 2-3:** +3.3VDC NEC NL6448ACCC33-24 and LG Semicon LP104V2-W displays.

**JP3** - Display backlight enable signal level polarity. Jumper must be positioned according to the voltage level required to turn on the Display Backlight.

**Pins 1-2:** 0VDC SHARP LQ10D421 Display.

**Pins 2-3:** +12VDC or +5VDC as determined by position of JP4. SHARP LQ10D367/368, NEC NL6448AC33-24 and LG Semicon LP104V2-W displays.

**JP4** - Display backlight enable signal logic levels. Determines the logic levels of the Backlight enable signal.

**Pins 1-2:** +12VDC/0VDC SHARP LQ10D421 display.

**Pins 2-3:** +5VDC/0VDC SHARP LQ10D367/368 NEC NL6448AC33-24 and LG Semicon LP104V2-W displays.

**JP5** - Display backlight power. Determines the power supply voltage applied to the Display Backlight Inverter Board.

**Pins 1-2:** +12VDC. SHARP LQ10D367/368 and LQ10D421, NEC NL6448AC33-24 and LG Semicon LP104V2-W displays.

**Pins 2-3:** +5VDC. Not Used

**JP6** - Display memory type. Jumper must be positioned according to type of RAM used for display memory devices (U25 & U27).

**IN** - EDO: (extended data out) type. Jumper should be IN.

**OUT** - FPM: (fast page mode) type. Not Used

**JP7, JP8** - Display brightness control technique. Determines whether the display brightness is controlled by a variable voltage or variable resistance.

**IN:** Variable voltage (0-5.0VDC). SHARP LQ10D367, LQ10D421 and LG Semicon LP104V2-W displays.

**OUT:** Variable resistance. NEC NL6448AC33-24 display.

**JP9 - JP20** - Not Used

**JP21** - Factory mounted thermal-type flow sensor – evaporator. Style F and later chillers only (applies to Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later).

**OUT:** Not Used.

**Pins 1-2:** Not Used.

**Pins 2-3:** Style F and later chillers with factory mounted evaporator thermal-type flow sensor.

**JP22** - Factory mounted thermal-type flow sensor – condenser. Style F and later chillers only (Applies to Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later).

**OUT:** Not Used.

**Pins 1-2:** Not Used.

**Pins 2-3:** Style F and later chillers with factory mounted condenser thermal-type flow sensor.

- JP23** - Remote Current Limit Setpoint (J22) type. Configures analog input for 0-10VDC, 2-10VDC, 0-20mA or 4-20mA.  
**OUT:** Allows a 0-10VDC or 2-10VDC input on J22-1  
**Pins 1-2:** Allows a 0-20mA or 4-20mA input on J22-2  
**Pins 2-3:** Not Used
- JP24** - Remote Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp Setpoint (J22) type. Configures analog input for 0-10VDC, 2-10VDC, 0-20mA or 4-20mA.  
**OUT:** Allows a 0-10VDC or 2-10VDC input on J22-3  
**Pins 1-2:** Allows a 0-20mA or 4-20mA input on J22-4  
**Pins 2-3:** Not Used
- JP25, JP26** - Not Used
- JP27** - COM 4 serial communications port. Configures COM 4 port to be either RS-485 for Multi-Unit Communications (COM 4A) or RS-232 for GPIC board (COM4B).  
**Pins 1-2:** Enables port 4A. Allows an RS-485 connection to Microboard J11 for MultiUnit Communications.  
**Pins 2-3:** Enables port 4B. Allows an RS-232 connection to Microboard J2 for MicroGateway communications.
- JP28** - PC-104 Port interrupt assignment. Assigns selected PC-104 interrupt request to PIRQ7 on the microprocessor. Interrupt request selections are silk screened on the Microboard adjacent to the program jumper. Not used on YK chiller applications.
- JP29** - PC-104 Port interrupt assignment. Assigns selected PC-104 interrupt request to PIRQ6 on the microprocessor. Interrupt request selections are silk screened on the Microboard adjacent to the program jumper. Future modem application.
- JP30** - PC-104 Port DMA assignment. Assigns selected PC-104 DMA request to PIRQ0 on the microprocessor. DMA request selections are silk screened on the Microboard adjacent to the program jumper. Not used on YK Chiller applications.
- JP31** - PC-104 Port DMA assignment. Assigns selected PC-104 DMA request to PIRQ1 on the microprocessor. DMA request selections are silk screened on the Microboard adjacent to the program jumper. Not used on YK Chiller applications.
- JP32** - PC-104 Port DMA acknowledge assignment. Assigns selected PC-104 DMA acknowledge to PDACK0 on the microprocessor. DMA acknowledge selections are silk screened on the Microboard adjacent to the program jumper. Not used on YK Chiller applications.
- JP33** - PC-104 Port DMA acknowledge assignment. Assigns selected PC-104 DMA acknowledge to PDACK1 on the microprocessor. DMA acknowledge selections are silk screened on the Microboard adjacent to the program jumper. Not used on YK Chiller applications.
- JP34** - Refrigerant type. Jumper must be positioned according to the refrigerant type installed in the chiller.  
**IN:** R22  
**OUT:** R134a
- JP35** - Water/Brine application. Jumper must be positioned according to whether the chiller is cooling water or a brine solution.  
**IN:** Water. Leaving chilled liquid temperature setpoint range 38°F (36°F if Smart Freeze is enabled) to 70°F.  
**OUT:** Brine. Leaving chilled liquid temperature setpoint range 10°F to 70°F.
- JP36** - Steam Turbine or Electric Motor drive - Determines the "Coastdown" duration (Oil Pump run duration after shutdown) and whether the "Motor Controller-Loss of Current" Program check is performed while the chiller is running.  
**IN:** 150 seconds. Electric motor drive applications.  
**OUT:** 15 minutes. Steam Turbine applications. "Motor controller-Loss of Current" check is not performed.

**JP37** - Compressor Motor starter type.

**IN:** Electro-Mechanical or Solid State Starter

**OUT:** Variable Speed Drive Program Jumper  
JP39 must be IN for this application.

**JP38** - BIOS EPROM U45 size. Jumper must be positioned according to size of U45. Jumper is a 10 Ohm resistor that is soldered to board. It is not a shunt jumper.

**IN:** 256K

**OUT:** 64K or 128K. Should be OUT for YK chiller applications.

**JP39** - Solid State Starter style.

*Note: On Variable speed Drive applications, this jumper must be IN.*

**IN:** Mod "A" - Old style with Logic Board mounted in OptiView Control Center.

**OUT:** Mod "B" - New style with integrated Logic/Trigger Board mounted Starter cabinet.

**JP40** - Not Used

**JP43, JP44** - Display Controller (U29) type (rev "E" and later boards only). Must be positioned according to the Display Controller type installed on Microboard. Configured at the time the board is manufactured and should not require field configuration.

**Pins 1-2:** Type 65548

**Pins 2-3:** Type 65550

**JP41, JP42** - High Speed Thrust Bearing Proximity Probe type (Not applicable to "P" compressors and style F and later chillers with "G, Q" and "H5-8" compressors). Refer to Section 13 to determine which Probe is present.

**IN:** Not Used

**OUT:** +24VDC Probe, part number 025-30961-000 or 025-35900-000.

**JP43, JP44** - Display Controller (U29) type (rev "E" and later boards only). Must be positioned according to the Display Controller type installed on Microboard. Configured at the time the board is manufactured and should not require field configuration.

**Pins 1-2:** Type 65548

**Pins 2-3:** Type 65550

**TABLE 2**  
**MICROBOARD 031-01730-000 PROGRAM SWITCHES**

**SW1**

1 - Not Used

2 - Oil Pump style - Configures Program operation for either Variable Speed Drive oil pump or fixed speed oil pump. Chillers equipped with the variable speed oil pump have a program controlled oil heater and a different complement of solenoid valves than chillers equipped with a fixed speed oil pump.

**ON:** (Style D/E/F) Variable Speed Oil Pump - Configures the Program to operate the Oil Pump Variable Speed Drive, the oil heater and the following Solenoid Valves: Oil Return and Liquid Line (J compressors only) connected in parallel to TB 1-6 1.

**OFF:** (Style C) Fixed Speed Oil Pump - Configures the Program to operate the fixed speed Oil Pump and the following Solenoid Valves: TB1-34 Liquid Line, TB1-61 Oil Return and Vent Line connected in parallel, TB1-62 High Speed Thrust.

3 - Prerun - Determines the duration of the "System Prelube" period.

**ON:** Extended prerun. "System Prelube" period is 180 seconds in duration. Oil Pump runs for 167 seconds.

**OFF:** Standard prerun. "System Prelube" period is 50 seconds in duration. Oil Pump runs for 37 seconds.

4 - Diagnostics - Enables or disables software diagnostics.

**ON:** Enables software diagnostics. Disables normal chiller operation.

**OFF:** Disables software diagnostics. Enables normal chiller operation.

5 - Auto-restart - Determines the course of action

required to restart the chiller, if a power failure occurs while the chiller is running.

**ON:** Chiller will automatically restart when power is restored.

**OFF:** Requires a manual reset after power is restored. The chiller will not start until the operator moves the keypad **START-RUN-STOP/RESET** rocker switch to the **STOP/RESET** position. If in **LOCAL** mode, the chiller can then be restarted by initiating a local start. If in **REMOTE** mode, the chiller will restart upon receipt of a remote start signal .

6 - Anti-recycle - Enables or disables the anti-recycle timer.



*The anti-recycle timer must NEVER be disabled unless it is absolutely necessary to do so during troubleshooting.*

**ON:** Enables anti-recycle timer. Solid State Starter and Electro-mechanical starter applications - Chiller cannot be started at intervals shorter than once every 30 minutes. VSD applications (JP37 Out) – Chiller can be started at the completion of **SYSTEM COASTDOWN** at intervals shorter than once every 10 minutes up to 5 times. On the 5th shutdown, a 10 minute timer is started and restart is inhibited until the timer has elapsed.

**OFF:** Disables anti-recycle timer. Chiller can be started at the completion of **SYSTEM COASTDOWN**, regardless of how long the chiller had been running.

7 - Compressor Motor Variable Speed Drive - Motor/Power Line frequency application.

**ON:** 50 Hz  
**OFF:** 60 Hz

8 - Chilled Water Pump operation - Determines Chilled Water Pump control contacts (I/O Board TB2-44/45) operation when chiller shuts down on various **CYCLING** shutdowns.

**ON:** Enhanced operation. Contacts open at completion of **System Coastdown** after all shutdowns except when it shuts down on "LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID - LOW TEMPERATURE", "MULTIUNIT CYCLING - CONTACTS OPEN" AND "SYSTEM CYCLING - CONTACTS OPEN".

**OFF:** Standard operation. Contacts open at completion of **System Coastdown** after all shutdowns except when chiller shuts down on "LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID - LOW TEMPERATURE". On Low Water temp shutdowns, they remain closed, causing the pump to continue to run while the chiller is shutdown.

9 - Not Used

10 - Not Used

11 - Not Used

12 - Watchdog Protection -Used in conjunction with Program Jumper JP1 (see above) to enable/disable the program watchdog protection. With JP1 **IN**, this switch setting has no effect. With JP1 **OUT**, this switch setting determines whether the watchdog protection is enabled or disabled.

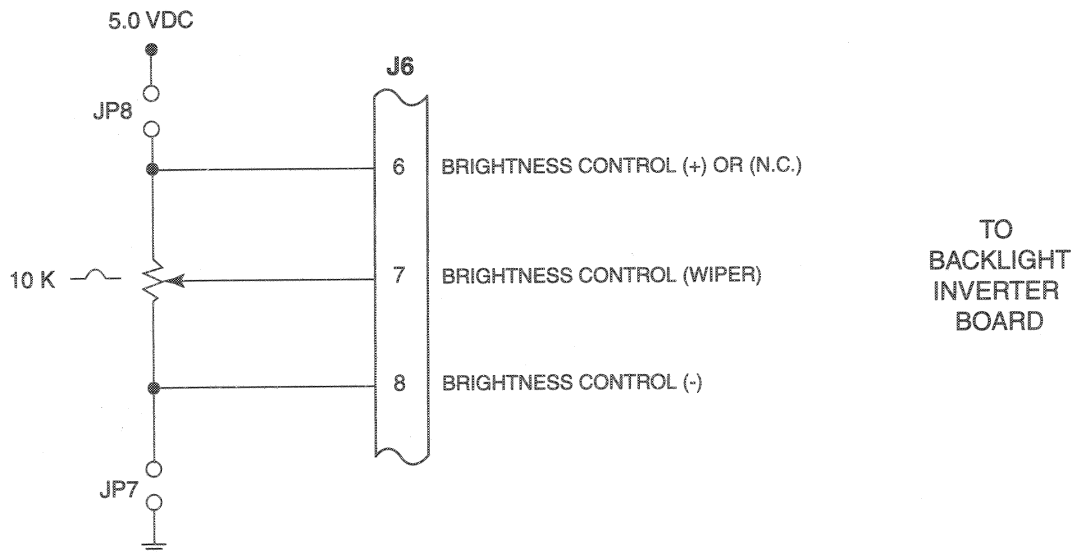


**NEVER disable the watchdog protection! Severe compressor or chiller damage could result. The ability to disable the watchdog protection is provided for YORK factory testing only.**

**3**

**ON:** Watchdog protection enabled.

**OFF:** Watchdog protection disabled.

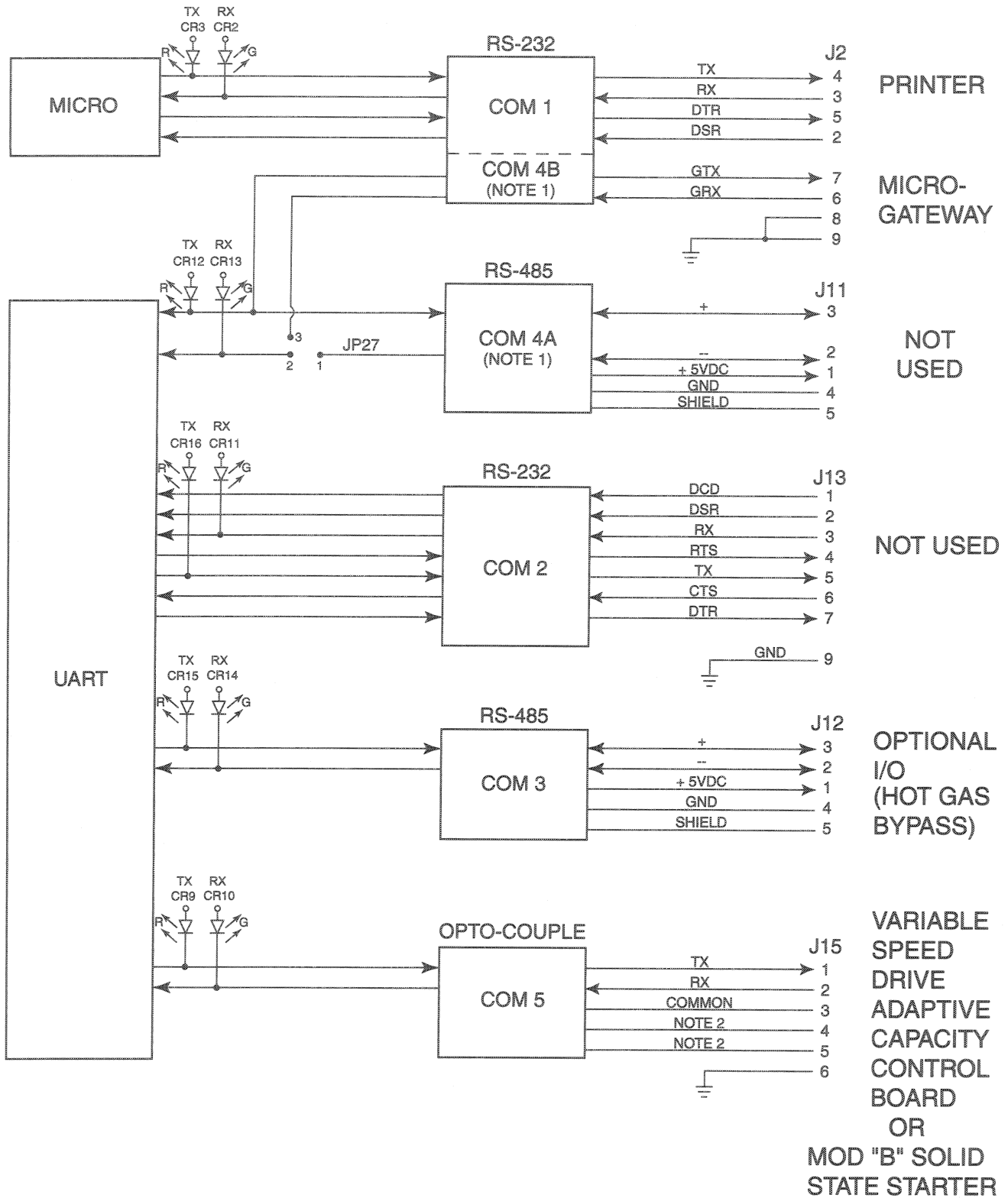


**NOTES:**

1. J6-6 not connected (N.C.) to Backlight Inverter Board when display is manufactured by Sharp or NEC.
2. The position of Program Jumpers JP7 & JP8 determine the output at J6-7; In = Variable Voltage; Out = Variable Resistance. Refer to Program Jumper Listing in Table 1 for applications.
3. Potentiometer is actually an integrated circuit that is the electrical equivalent of a 10K potentiometer.

LD04054

**FIG. 10 – MICROBOARD LAMP DIMMER CIRCUIT**

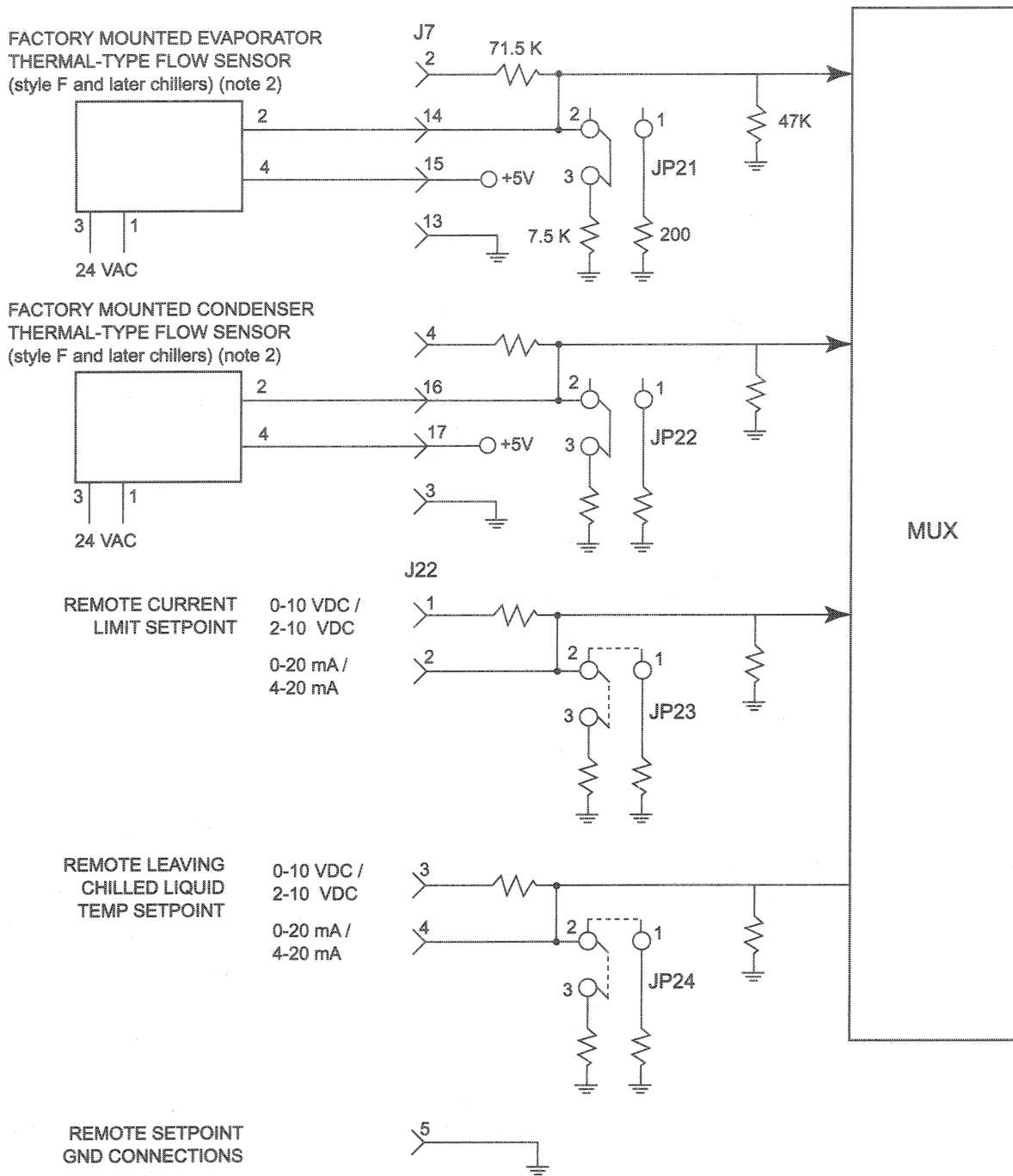


**NOTES:**

1. Microboard Program Jumper JP27 determines whether COM 4A or 4B can be used. 1 & 2 - 4A, 2 & 3, 4B. Refer to Table 1.
2. J15-4 Loop-Around Test IN. J15-5 Loop-Around Test OUT. Refer to Fig. 70 for details.

LD07778

**FIG. 11 – MICROBOARD SERIAL DATA COMMUNICATIONS PORTS**



3

**NOTE:**

1. Program Jumpers JP23 – JP24 must be positioned on pins 1-2 or 3-4 according to input signal type. Refer to Table 1.
2. Applies to Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later. Program Jumpers JP21 and JP22 must be on pins 2-3 on style F and later chillers equipped with factory-mounted thermal-type flow sensors.

**FIG. 12 – CONFIGURABLE ANALOG & REMOTE SETPOINT INPUTS**

## SECTION 3A MICROBOARD 031-02430-000 (REFER TO FIG. 5A-10A)

Beginning January 2004, new production YK chillers will be supplied with Microboard part number 031-02430-000 (ref fig 7A). Although this board uses a different microprocessor and supporting components, chiller control and operator interface are the same as the previous 031-01730-000 Microboard. It uses the same mounting hole pattern and has the same interface connectors as the previous board, making it backward compatible to all previous YK Optiview Control Centers equipped with the 031-01730-000 Microboard.

The board is supplied with +12vdc (J1-3), -12vdc (J1-4), +5vdc (J1-1) and ground (J1-2) from the Power Supply (ref fig 9A). The -12vdc is not used. The +5vdc (fused by F1) can be monitored at TP3. It is applied to a +3.3vdc regulator, +2.5vdc regulator and used directly by the microboard circuits as the Vcc voltage. The outputs of these regulators are applied to microboard circuits and can be monitored at TP2 and TP5 respectively. The +12vdc (fused by F2) can be monitored at TP4. It is applied to a +5vdc regulator and used directly by microboard circuits. The output of the regulator is the +5vdc (analog) supply that powers all analog circuits and is the source voltage for all transducers and thermistors. It can be monitored at TP10 as a 2.5vdc value created by 1K Ohm resistors voltage divider circuit as shown.

### Test Points (Ref Fig 9A)

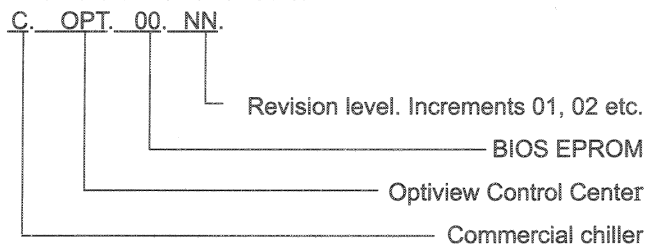
The power supply voltages can be measured at following test points:

TP1 Gnd  
 TP2 +3.3Vdc  
 TP3 +5Vdc  
 TP4 +12Vdc  
 TP5 +2.5Vdc  
 TP10 +2.5Vdc

### Boot-up Program

The BIOS (Basic Input Output System) Eprom (U37) contains the boot-up program. It is a replaceable part. The YORK part number is 031-02429-001. It is available from the Baltimore Parts Distribution Center as a replacement part. The version is an alphanumeric code that identifies the application and the program revision level. The part number and version are printed on a label adhered to the surface of the Eprom. It is also displayed on the DIAGNOSTICS Screen in Service Access Level.

The version is as follows:



When power is first applied to the Optiview Control Center, a white screen is displayed while the boot-up is performed. During the boot-up, the program in the BIOS Eprom configures the microprocessor and related components and performs testing of certain components to assure those components are operational.

The sequence of events in the boot-up process are listed in the table below. The progress and pass/fail status of each step is displayed on the microboard 7-segment LED Display (U22 ). Due to the speed at which the boot-up proceeds, not all steps will be visible during the process. Not all pass/fail status is displayed on the white screen.

## DIAGNOSTIC DISPLAY CODES

| TEST                      | PASS CODE | FAIL ACTION                        | DISPLAY ON WHITE SCREEN |
|---------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| First init table complete | 00        | watchdog will cause reboot         | No                      |
| SDRAM regs. Configured    | 01        | watchdog will cause reboot         | No                      |
| Switch to Protected Mode  | 02        | watchdog will cause reboot         | No                      |
| Jump to 32-bit code       | 03        | watchdog will cause reboot         | No                      |
| Low memory test start     | 04        | watchdog will cause reboot         | No                      |
| Low memory test complete  | P1        | "F1" on display and halt           | No                      |
| Full memory test complete | P2        | "F2" on display and halt           | No                      |
| FPGA configuration        | 05        | "P2" will remain on LED display    | No                      |
| Display Cont. configured  | 06        | "05" will remain on LED display    | No                      |
| Flash Checksum Test       | P3        | "F3" will remain on LED display    | Yes                     |
| BRAM test                 | P4        | "F4" will remain on LED display    | Yes                     |
| Flash Query Test          | "passed"  | "failed" and halt                  | Yes                     |
| Flash checksum            | "passed"  | "failed", halt & display code = F3 | Yes                     |
| BRAM Test                 | "passed"  | "failed" and halt                  | Yes                     |

### MISCELLANEOUS CODES

| LED DISPLAY CODE | Description                             |
|------------------|---|
| FF               | FPGA Configuration Failed, trying again |
| CH               | Flash Checksum Test in progress         |
| AP               | Application setup in progress           |

### CRITICAL CODES

| LED DISPLAY CODE | Description                              |
|------------------|--|
| Ni               | NMI handler invoked (should never occur) |
| [ ]              | GPF has occurred (should never occur)    |

3A

### Chiller Operating Program

The Chiller Operating Program is a set of instructions to control the chiller. It contains the Safety and Cycling shutdown thresholds (non-changeable) and display screen messages and graphics.

The chiller operating program is stored in a non-removable Flash Memory chip (U35) that is soldered to the Microboard. New chillers are supplied programmed with the latest program available at the time of manufacture. The program version that is currently residing in the Microboard Flash Memory chip is displayed on the DIAGNOSTICS Screen in Service Access Level.

The on-board program can be upgraded by downloading the latest version from a Program Card using the procedure in the Service Replacement section of this book.

### Program Card

The on-board program can be upgraded by downloading the latest program version from a Program Card. This is a 2 1/8 x 3 3/8 x 1/8 inch plastic card weighing 1.1oz (ref fig 8A). It is a portable memory storage device that is programmed with the chiller operating program. The Program Card part number for YK chillers is 031-02474-001 and is available from the Baltimore Parts Distribution Center (PDC). There is a Program Card for each chiller type (YT, YK, YS, YR, YD, etc) and each has a unique part number. A label affixed to the Program Card contains the part number and version. The version is an alpha-numeric code that identifies the chiller model applicability, language package, language package revision level and chiller operating program revision level.

The Program Card is applicable to both NEMA and CE applications. The Program Card for YK chillers has English, Simplified and Traditional Chinese, French, Portuguese, Spanish, Italian, German and Hungarian languages.

The program version that is currently residing in the Microboard Flash memory chip is displayed on the DIAGNOSTICS Screen in Service Access Level.

The Program Card obtained from the PDC is programmed with the latest version of the chiller operating program. Program Cards can be reprogrammed.

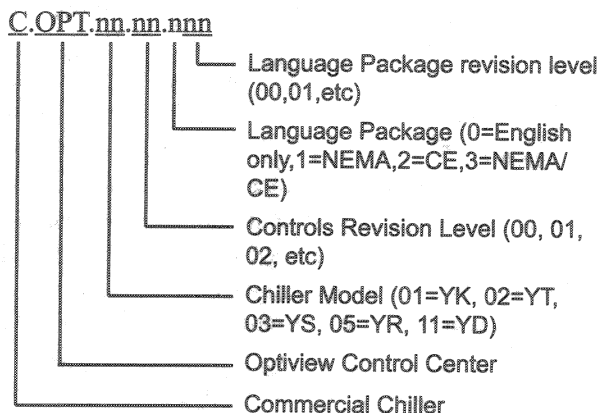
A Program Card for a particular chiller type can be used to re-program other chillers of the same type. For example, it is not necessary to have more than one YK Program Card. A single YK card can be carried to different locations to re-program other YK Optiview Control Centers.

A Write Protect Switch on the edge of the Program Card prevents inadvertent writing to the Card during program downloading.

Handling precautions for the Program Card include:

- Do not allow dirt to enter connector
- Carry in protective sleeve
- Storage temperature range is -20 to 65°C (-4 to 149°F)

A label adhered to the Program Card contains the version and YORK part number. The version is an alphanumeric code that identifies the chiller model applicability, language package, language revision level and chiller control revision level. The version is as follows:



The Program card is inserted into connector U33 to download a program. Refer to instructions under Service Replacement below.

### Program Download Connector U33

A Program Card is inserted into connector U33 to download a program. A protective cover prevents dirt from entering this connector. **IMPORTANT!** The protective cover must be in place at all times when not performing a program download. If dirt accumulates inside this connector, re-programming will not be successful.

### Parallel Port Connector

Parallel port connector J4 is for future use. It is presently not supported.

### BRAM (U38)

The BRAM (battery backed random access memory) memory device contains a battery that preserves the stored data during power failures. All of the programmed Setpoints, Sales Order Data, History Data, time of day and calendar data is stored here. It is a replaceable part. The YORK Part number is 031-02431-000 and is printed on a label adhered to the surface of the BRAM. It is available from the Baltimore Parts Distribution Center as a replacement part.

### Watchdog Circuit

The Watchdog circuit performs two functions as follows:

- Power failure detection
- Program latch-up detection/prevention

The Watchdog circuit monitors the +5vdc from the power supply and the +3.3vdc from the onboard regulator to determine when a power failure is occurring. If the +5vdc decreases to the threshold of (+4.75vdc to 4.5vdc) or the +3.3vdc decreases to the threshold of (3.04 to 2.8vdc), a reset is issued to the microprocessor and the chiller shuts down. When power is restored, the white screen is displayed and the boot-up is performed as described above. When the graphic screen is displayed, the message "Control Panel – Power failure" is displayed.

The Watchdog Circuit also assures that the entire program is being executed and that the program has not latched-up, bypassing important safety checks. The Watchdog circuit is a timer that times-out if not given a reset pulse

within its time-out period (1 - 2.25 seconds). To prevent a time-out, the microprocessor sends a reset pulse to the Watchdog circuit every time the complete program has been executed. Since it takes less than 1 second to perform the entire program, the Watchdog circuit doesn't time-out under normal operation. However, if the entire program is not executed or something prevents the microprocessor from sending the reset pulse as described below, the Watchdog circuit times-out and sends a reset to the microprocessor, initiating a re-boot. If running, the chiller shuts down. The display momentarily blanks and white screen is displayed while the boot-up program executes as described above. When the graphic screen is displayed, either of two messages is displayed depending on the type of Watchdog shutdown as explained below.

There are two different watchdog initiated shutdowns; a "hardware" watchdog initiated shutdown and a "software" watchdog initiated shutdown.

In the "hardware" watchdog initiated shutdown, a program problem, on-board noise or hardware problem could prevent the watchdog time-out. If this occurs, a re-boot is initiated and when the graphic screen is displayed, "Control Panel – Power Failure" is displayed.

In the "software" watchdog initiated shutdown, the program intentionally initiates the reboot because it has detected program interruption. After the re-boot, "Watchdog – Software Reboot" is displayed on the graphic screen.

### Program Jumpers/Program Switches

The Program Jumpers (Table 3) and Program Switches (Table 4) are used to alter the program operation or configure the Microboard hardware for specific operation. This allows the Program and Microboard to be universal for all standard applications. Refer to Table 3 and 4 for the function of each jumper and switch. The position of some jumpers can be determined by the Service Technician to meet the desired operation. Others must be positioned according to the requirements of the size, type or style of components and thus are determined by the YORK factory. The jumpers are plastic sleeves with metal inserts that are inserted over 2-prong or 3-prong conductors. The Program Switches are miniature switches that are placed in either the ON or OFF position.

### Keypad Interface

The Keypad is read via J18. The Keypad is a matrix of conductors arranged in rows and columns (ref fig 32 and 33). There are 4 rows and 8 columns. When a key is pressed, the conductors are pressed together at that point, creating continuity between the row conductor and the column conductor. The keypad is read by applying a logic low to a row while leaving +5vdc pullup on all other rows. The micro then reads the 8 columns. If any column has a logic low on it, the key corresponding to that coordinate (row, column) is being pressed. The micro reads the entire keypad by repeating this routine beginning with row 1 and ending with row 4. The entire keypad is continually read while the control center is powered. Refer to SECTION 8 of this manual for details of the Keypad.

### CM-2 Board or Style A Solid State Starter Interface

The microboard retrieves certain operating parameters (via J10) from the compressor motor starter control board (CM-2 Current Board for Electromechanical starter or Style "A" Solid State Starter Logic Board). Refer to the appropriate section of this book for detailed explanation of each board. Both boards contain an 8 channel multiplexer. The micro sequentially and continually reads channels 0 through 7. It reads each channel by applying a 3-bit binary address to the multiplexer. A 0-5vdc analog value is returned from each channel. The function of each is in the table below. The micro determines which board, and therefore which starter is present, by the value returned from channel 0. Since channels 0 through 6 are grounded, the CM-2 board returns a 0vdc value. The Solid State Starter Logic Board returns a value >0.41vdc to +5vdc. If the value is <0.4vdc, it indicates the starter is an Electro-mechanical (EM) starter and the micro then reads channel 7 to retrieve the peak motor current value. A value >0.4vdc indicates the starter is an "A" style Solid State Starter and the micro reads channels 1 through 7. In the Solid State Starter, channel 0 indicates the starter size (model) and voltmeter range (300Vac or 600Vac). Channel 1 is a hardware generated 100% FLA (prevents pre-rotation vanes from further opening) or 104% FLA (closes pre-rotation vanes until motor current is <102%) current limit override command that overrides normal Pro-rotation Vanes control. Channels 2 through 4 are analog voltages that represent phase A, B and C motor current. The highest phase is Channels 5 through 7 are analog voltages that represent phase A, B and C Line Voltage. The data for each channel is shown on the following table:

## MULTIPLEXER CHANNELS

|                                    | 0                             | 1                     | 2                     | 3                     | 4                     | 5                    | 6                    | 7                         |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>CM-2</b>                        | Gnd                           | Gnd                   | Gnd                   | Gnd                   | Gnd                   | Gnd                  | Gnd                  | Peak Motor Current (%FLA) |
| <b>Style A Solid State Starter</b> | Starter model/voltmeter range | Current limit command | Phase C motor current | Phase B motor current | Phase A motor current | Phase A line voltage | Phase B line voltage | Phase C line voltage      |

### Style B Solid State Starter or Variable Speed Drive Interface

If equipped with either of these drives, the drive is interfaced to the Microboard via the Opto-Coupled COM 5 serial data port (J15). The serial data is represented by +5vdc and 0vdc logic levels. J15-1 is TX data to the drive and J15-2 is RX data from the drive. Refer to SECTION 11 (Solid State Starter) and SECTION 12 (VSD) for details of this interface.

### Printer Interface

An optional Printer can be connected to COM1 RS-232 serial data port (J2). J2-4 is TX data to the printer. J2-2 is the DSR (Data Set Ready or busy) signal from the printer. Signal levels are standard RS-232. The microboard sends data to the printer at the selected baud rate until the printer buffer becomes full, whereupon the printer asserts its Busy signal. The microboard suspends data transmission until the printer can accept more data. Each printer must be setup/configured to operate properly with the microboard. The Baud, Data Bits, Parity and Stop Bits must be programmed on the Comms Screen. Other printer setup is performed on the PRINTER Screen. Refer to YORK manual 160.54-01 for details of available printers and printer setup instructions.

### MicroGateway Interface

An optional Microgateway printed circuit board can be connected to the COM 4B RS-232 serial data port (J2). J2-7 is TX data to the MicroGateway. J2-6 is RX data from the Microgateway. Signal levels are standard RS-232. The MicroGateway polls system pressures, temperatures and status from the microboard. It holds it for retrieval by third-party devices. Refer to SECTION 15 of this manual.

### Digital Inputs

The I/O Board converts the 115Vac inputs to logic level inputs for the microboard at J19. A 115Vac input to the I/O board is converted to a logic low (<1Vdc). A 0Vac input to the I/O Board is converted to a logic high (>4Vdc). Refer to SECTION 4 of this manual for details of the I/O Board.

### Digital Outputs

The microboard controls 115vac relays and solenoids via the I/O Board (via J19). The I/O Board contains +12Vdc relays that isolate the microboard low voltage circuits from the 115Vac device coils. Solid state switching devices are used to control the relays. The microboard energizes the +12Vdc relays by applying a ground to the coil input. They are de-energized by opening the ground path. The contacts of these relays switch 115Vac to system relays and solenoids. The outputs that control the chilled liquid pump and compressor motor starter have anti-chatter (anti-recycle) timers associated with them. The output that controls relay K0 is not allowed to change at a rate greater than once every 10 seconds. The output that controls relay K13 is not allowed to change at a rate greater than once every 20 seconds.

The microboard controls Actuator motors via Triacs on the I/O Board. Each actuator has an open winding and a close winding. Current flowing through a winding causes the actuator to rotate in the respective direction. Each winding is controlled by a Triac. The Triac is turned on to allow current to flow through a winding. The microboard turns on the Triac by applying a logic low (<1Vdc) to the Triac driver on the I/O Board. It turns it off by applying a logic high (>4vdc). Refer to SECTION 4 of this manual for details of the I/O Board.

## Analog Inputs

System pressures, in the form of analog DC voltages, are input from Pressure Transducers. Refer to SECTION 16 of this manual. Formulas and graphs are included to calculate the expected transducer output voltage for a given pressure input.

System temperatures, in the form of analog DC voltages, are input from Thermistors. Refer to SECTION 17 of this manual. Included are tables to convert the expected output voltage for any temperature applied to the thermistor.

Style F (and later) chillers are supplied with factory-mounted Flow Sensors on the evaporator and condenser. These are electronic thermal-type sensors. The operating principle of the sensor is thermal conductivity. It uses the cooling effect of a flowing liquid to sense flow. The temperature of the heated sensor tip is sensed by a thermistor located in the tip. A second thermistor, located higher in the tip in a non-heated area, is only affected by changes in liquid temperature. The temperatures sensed by the thermistors are compared. Flowing liquid carries heat away from the heated sensor tip, lowering its temperature. The higher the flow rate, the lower the tip temperature and therefore a lower differential between thermistors. Lower flow rates remove less heat from the tip allowing a higher tip temperature. The lower the flow, the greater the differential between thermistors. The sensor is vendor-calibrated to turn on its output at a flow rate of 20cm(0.6 ft.)/second. This is the setpoint. There are 11 LED's on the sensor that reflect the measured flow rate. The center located amber LED illuminates at the setpoint flow rate (and above). The 4 LED's to the left of the amber reflect flow rates below the setpoint. The 6 LED's to the right of the amber reflect flow rates above the setpoint. As the flow rate decreases from the setpoint, the LED display moves to the left. As the flow rate increases above the setpoint, the LED display moves to the right. The sensor operates from a 24Vac power source and has a solid state relay output. On each sensor, one side of the solid state relay output (pin 2) is connected to the microboard +5Vdc and the other side (pin 4) is Connected to a microboard analog input (refer to fig 12). After power is applied, there is a thermal warm-up period of up to 20 seconds. Dur-

ing this time, the output could be unstable. When the setpoint (or greater) flow rate is sensed, the solid state relay output is turned on causing it to conduct current through the 7.5K ohm microboard load resistor to the +5vdc. This applies >+4Vdc to the microboard input evaporator J7-14; condenser J7-16). When a flow rate less than the setpoint is sensed, the solid state relay output is turned off, resulting in no conduction through the load resistor. This applies <1Vdc to the microboard input. To determine the state of the solid state relay, first confirm that +5vdc is present at pin 2 of the flow sensor. Then connect a voltmeter from Microboard J7-14 (evaporator) or J7-16 (condenser) to microboard TP1(ground). The Software allows either the Thermal-Type sensors connected to the Microboard analog inputs or the Paddle-Type sensor connected to the I/O Board digital inputs (refer to the Flow Switch Setpoint in SECTION 23). To assure the program reads the correct input for the flow sensor type present, the Switch Setpoint must be set appropriately (refer to SECTION 23).

## Serial Data Ports

The Microboard is equipped with 5 serial data ports (ref fig 11A). Each port is dedicated for a specific function as follows:

- a. COM1 (J2) – RS-232. Printer
- b. COM2 (J13) – RS-232. Not used
- c. COM3 (J12) – RS-485. Optional I/O.
- d. COM4 (4A-J11), (4B-J2) – This port is actually two ports. However, they cannot be used simultaneously. The position of program jumper JP27 determines which port can be used. (refer to table 3). COM4A – RS485 Not used. COM4B – RS-232 Microgateway.
- e. COM5 (J15) – Opto-coupled transmit/receive. VSD Adaptive Capacity Control Board or Style B Solid State Starter.

Each port is equipped with two LED's. A red TX LED illuminates as data is transmitted to or requested from another device. A green RX LED illuminates as data is received from another device. The RS-232 voltages are industry standard +5 to +25vdc and -5vdc to -25vdc logic levels. The RS-485 voltages are industry standard

0vdc and +1.5 to +5vdc logic levels. COM5 logic levels are 0vdc and +5vdc. A diagnostic test can be performed on each serial port to confirm proper operation. Refer to Diagnostics SECTION 23 of this manual.

The LED's and their functions are as follows:

- CR2 RX6 – Not used. Future COM6 serial port receive data.
- CR3 TX6 – Not used. Future COM6 serial port transmit data.
- CR4 RX1 – COM1 serial port receive data.
- CR5 TX1 – COM1 serial port transmit data.
- CR13 TX4 – COM4 serial port transmit data.
- CR14 RX4 – COM4 serial port receive data.
- CR15 TX3 – COM3 serial port transmit data.
- CR16 RX3 – COM3 serial port receive data.
- CR17 RX2 – COM2 serial port receive data.
- CR18 TX2 – COM2 serial port transmit data.
- CR19 RX5 – COM5 serial port receive data.
- CR20 TX5 – COM5 serial port transmit data.

### Display Interface

The graphic screens displayed on the liquid Crystal Display are created from the program downloaded from the Program Card and stored in the flash memory chip. The data to form these screens is output from J5. This data is in the form of red, green and blue drive signals applied to each of the 303,200 the display pixels arranged in a matrix of 640 columns x 480 rows. Each pixel consists of 3 windows; red, green and blue, through which a variable amount of light from the Display Backlight, is permitted to pass to the front of the display. The drive signals determine the amount of light permitted to pass through each window. The overall pixel color is a result of the gradient of red, green and blue light allowed to pass. The drive signal for each pixel is an 18 bit binary word; 6 for each of the 3 colors. The greater the binary value, the more light is permitted to pass. The pixels are driven sequentially from left to right, beginning with the top row. To coordinate the drive signals and assure the pixels in each row are driven from left to right and the columns are driven from top to bottom, the drive signals are accompanied by a clock and horizontal and vertical sync signals.

During the boot-up, the program in the BIOS eprom reads wire jumpers PID0 through PID3 on the Display Interface Board to determine the manufacturer of the

display. Each display manufacturer requires a slightly different control. The program in the BIOS eprom configures the microboard for correct operation for the actual display installed.

Different display manufacturers require different supply and control voltages for their displays and backlights. Program Jumpers JP2 through JP5 and JP7 and JP8 must be configured to provide the required supply and control voltages to the display and backlight control. Table 3 lists the required program jumper configuration for each display. Also, a label attached to the display mounting plate lists the required program jumper configuration for that display. The position of program jumper JP2 determines whether the supply voltage is +5vdc or +3.3vdc.

The microboard controls the Display Backlight via J6. The Display Backlight is the light source for the display. The Backlight Inverter Board provides a high voltage AC power source for the lamp. It converts low voltage DC via J6-1 (+12vdc or +5Vdc, depending on position of Program Jumper JP5) to high voltage AC (500 to 1500Vac). This high voltage AC is applied to the lamp to cause it to illuminate. The Backlight is turned on and off with the "Backlight Enable" signal (J6-5). The position of Program Jumper JP4 determines whether this is a +12Vdc or +5vdc signal. In some displays, the backlight turns on when this signal transitions from low to high; others turn on when it transitions from high to low. The position of Program Jumper JP3 determines the transition that will occur when the Microboard outputs the Backlight Enable signal. JP3 must be positioned according to the display manufacturer's requirement.

Under program control, the microboard controls the backlight brightness via the Lamp Dimmer circuit output at J6-7. In order to extend the life of the Backlight lamp, the brightness is driven to 50% after 10 minutes of Keypad inactivity. At this brightness level, the graphics are still visible. When Keypad activity is detected (a key is pressed), the lamp is driven back to full (100%) brightness. Some display manufacturers require a variable voltage to vary the brightness; others require a variable resistance. Program Jumpers JP7 and JP8 must be configured to enable the appropriate technique. The Lamp Dimmer is an integrated circuit that is the electrical equivalent of a 10K ohm potentiometer with 100 positions or steps (ref fig 10A). The Lamp Dimmer controls the position of the potentiometer. The lamp Dimmer varies the brightness of the backlight by

applying a variable voltage (0-5.0vdc) or a variable resistance (0-10K ohms) to the Backlight Inverter Board. If Program Jumpers JP7 and JP8 are installed, the lamp Dimmer output is a variable voltage; if both are removed, the output is a variable resistance. The Lamp Dimmer outputs “Brightness Control Wiper” (J6-7) to the Backlight Inverter Board. If configured for variable voltage output, the voltage between J6-7 and J6-8 can be varied from 0Vdc (100% brightness) to 5.0Vdc (0% brightness). If configured for variable resistance, the resistance between J6-6 and J6-7 varies from 0 ohms (0% brightness) to 10K ohms (100% brightness).

Refer to Display SECTION 5, 6 and 7 of this manual for details of the display interface.

### Remote Setpoints

Remote Leaving Chilled Liquid temperature and Current Limit setpoints can be input via the RS-232 Microgateway interface at J2 or directly to the Microboard at J22 (ref fig 12A). The inputs at J22 are configured with Program Jumpers JP23 and JP24 to accept these inputs in either 0-10vdc, 2-10vdc 0-20Ma or 4-20Ma form. Refer to Table 3 for Program Jumper configurations and SECTION 18 of this manual for details of the Remote Setpoints.

### Configuration/Setup

The following functions are entered as setpoints on the SETUP Screen. Refer to entry instructions in SECTION 23 of this manual.

- Chilled Liquid Pump Operation – Determines Chilled Liquid Pump control contacts (I/O Board TB2-44/45) operation when chiller shuts down on cycling shutdowns. Selections are:
  1. Standard – Contacts open at completion of “System Coastdown” after all shutdowns except “Leaving Chilled Liquid – Low Temperature”. On this shutdown, they remain closed, causing the pump to continue to run while the chiller is shutdown.
  2. Enhanced – Contacts open at completion of “System Coastdown” after all shutdowns except “Leaving Chilled Liquid – Low Temperature, Multi-Unit Cycling- Contacts Open” and “System Cycling – Contacts Open”. On these shutdowns, they remain closed, causing the pumps to continue to run while the chiller is shutdown.
- Motor Drive Type – Configures the program for the applicable compressor motor drive type. Selections are:
  1. EM – Electromechanical Starter
  2. SSS-Mod A – Style A Solid State Starter
  3. SSS-Mod B – Style B Solid State Starter
  4. VSD-60Hz – Variable Speed Drive, 60Hz
  5. VSD-50Hz – Variable Speed Drive, 50Hz
- Anti-recycle – Enables or Disables the Anti-recycle timer. CAUTION! The Anti-recycle timer must never be disabled unless advised by YORK factory. Selections are:
  1. Enabled – Enables the anti-recycle timer. Solid state Starters and electromechanical starter applications cannot be started at intervals shorter than once every 30 minutes. VSD applications can be started at the completion of “System Coastdown” up to 5 times. On the 5<sup>th</sup> shutdown, a 10-minute timer is started and restart is inhibited until the timer has elapsed.
  2. Disabled – Disables the anti-recycle timer. Chiller can be started at the completion of “System Coastdown”, regardless of how long the chiller had been running.
- Power Failure Restart – Determines the course of action required to restart the chiller, if a power failure occurs while the chiller is running. Selections are:
  1. Manual – Requires a manual reset after power is restored. The chiller cannot be started until the operator moves the keypad Start-Run-Stop/Reset rocker switch to the stop/reset position.
  2. Auto – Chiller will automatically restart when power is restored.
- Coastdown – Determines the “Coastdown” duration (oil pump run duration after shutdown) and whether the “Motor Controller – Loss of Current” check is performed while the chiller is running. Selections are:
  1. Standard – “Coastdown” is 150 seconds in duration. Electric motor applications.
  2. Enhanced – “Coastdown” is 15 minutes in duration. Steam Turbine applications. “Motor Controller – Loss of Current” check is not performed since there is no motor current.
- Pre-run – Determines the duration of the “System Pre-lube” period. Selections are:

1. Standard – “System Prelube” is 30 seconds in duration.
  2. Extended – “System Prelube” is 180 seconds in duration.
- Oil Pump Package – Configures the program for either Variable Speed Drive Oil Pump or Fixed Speed Oil Pump. Chillers equipped with the Variable Speed Drive Oil Pump have a program controlled oil heater and a different complement of solenoid valves than chillers equipped with a fixed speed oil pump.
1. Variable Speed (style D and later) – configures the program to operate the Variable Speed Drive Oil Pump, the oil heater (maintains oil temperature 50°F above condenser saturation temperature) and the following solenoid valves: Oil Return and Liquid Line (J compressors only) connected in parallel to TB1-61.
  2. Fixed Speed (style C) – Configures the program to operate the fixed speed Oil Pump and the following solenoid valves: TB1-34 Liquid Line, TB1-61 Oil Return and Vent Line connected in parallel, TB1-62 High Speed Thrust.

**Microboard Service Replacement**

Microboard 031-02430-000 is available from the Baltimore Parts Distribution Center (PDC) as a replacement part. It is ordered under part number 331-02430-601. This includes the 031-02430-000 microboard, plus the 031-02474-001 Program Card (ref fig 8A) programmed with the latest YK chiller operating program and all applicable languages. Upon receipt of a replacement board, the program must be downloaded from the Program Card per the procedure above. The Program Card is explained above.

If the microboard is replaced within the warranty period, it is important it is returned per the Warranty return Procedure.

Although microboards 031-01730-000 and 031-02430-000 are interchangeable (a 2430 board can replace the 1730 and vice versa), order the same board for replacement as is already in the Control Center.

Replacement 031-02430-000 microboards are supplied with BRAM (U38) and BIOS Eeprom (U37). If replacing a 2430 microboard with a 2430 microboard, the BRAM can be transferred from the defective board to the replacement board to avoid re-programming the Sales Order Data.



***BIOS Eeproms and BRAMS cannot be interchanged between the 031-01730-000 and 031-02430-000 microboards. The boards will not function with an incorrect component. Refer to the following table for applicability:***

| Microboard    | BRAM          | BIOS Eeprom   |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 031-02430-000 | 031-02431-000 | 031-02429-001 |
| 031-01730-000 | 031-02028-000 | 031-01796-002 |

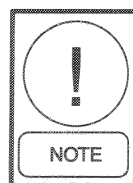
**Program Card Service Replacement**

Since one YK Program Card can be used to re-program other YK chillers, it is not necessary for an individual Service Technician to have more than one YK Program Card. Program Cards can be shared among Service Technicians where appropriate.

However, since chiller operating programs are occasionally revised, the Service Technician could have a Program Card that does not contain the latest program. Program Cards (031-02474-001) for YK chillers are available from the Baltimore Parts Distribution Center (PDC). The card received from the PDC is programmed with the latest version of the chiller operating program.

Program Cards can be re-programmed with the latest program version.

**DOWNLOADING A PROGRAM FROM A PROGRAM CARD**



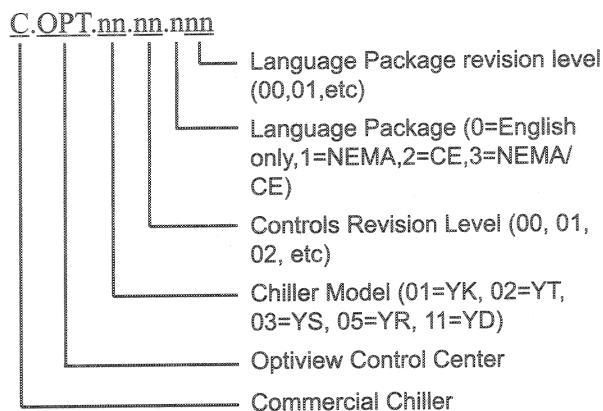
***The Program Card Write Protect Switch must be in the “Write Protect” position!***



***There are 3 steps to the re-programming process: Erase, Program and Verification. Once the re-programming process is initiated, it automatically proceeds through these steps to completion. It cannot be manually terminated before completion. Therefore, once the process is initiated, the existing on-board program will be erased and replaced by the program in the***

**Program Card. Before proceeding, be absolutely certain the Program Card is applicable to your chiller model. For example, if your chiller is a YK chiller, the Program Card used MUST be for a YK chiller. If a YS chiller program is downloaded into a YK chiller, for example, the chiller will be rendered inoperable until this procedure is repeated using the correct Program Card!**

A label affixed to the Program Card contains the card version. The version is an alpha-numeric code that identifies the chiller model applicability, language package and program revision level. The version is as follows:



Download the program as follows:

1. Remove power to Optiview Control Center.
2. Remove protective cover from Microboard connector U33.
3. Reposition Microboard Program Jumper JP6 to pins 2 & 3 (left-hand pins).
4. Insert Program Card into Microboard connector U33.
5. Restore power to Optiview Control Center. A white screen appears displaying "Flash Checksum Test:" and Microboard 7-segment LED (U22) displays "Ch". While this is displayed, the Microboard is performing a checksum test on the Program Card. This assures the integrity of the card before the download procedure can begin. If the checksum test fails, the card is defective or corrupted and the download procedure cannot be performed. If the checksum test passes, the "Optiview Flash Programmer" Screen is displayed.


6. Press START key to start the downloading process. A dialog box appears asking if you want to "Erase Onboard Flash and Re-Program from PcCard?". **Do not proceed until you understand the above caution!**
7. Use the ► key to scroll to YES.
8. Press √ key. The following steps will be performed:
  - a. Erasing. During this procedure, the program in the Microboard Flash Memory will be erased. A green bar reflects the progress of this procedure. The red LED next to this bar illuminates while this procedure is in progress.
  - b. Programming. During this procedure, the program in the Program Card is downloaded into the Microboard Flash memory. A green bar reflects the progress of this procedure. The red LED next to this bar illuminates while this procedure is in progress.
  - c. Verifying. During this procedure, a checksum test is performed on the new program in the Microboard Flash Memory. A green bar reflects the progress of this procedure. The red LED next to this bar illuminates while this procedure is in progress.

The Microboard 7-segment LED Display (U22) displays the steps of the programming process while they are in effect. During the Erasing procedure, "Er" displayed. During the Programming procedure, "Pr" is displayed. During the Verifying procedure, "Ch" is displayed.

At the completion of the re-programming process, if it is successful, "Flash Has Been Successfully Programmed" is displayed and "Operation Successful" is displayed in the Status Code box. Otherwise, a message in the status box indicates the step that failed.

9. Remove power from Optiview control center.
10. Remove Program Card from Microboard connector U33.
11. Install protective cover on Microboard connector U33.
12. Reposition Microboard Program Jumper JP6 to pins 1 & 2 (right-hand pins) pins.
13. Apply power to Optiview Control Center. The re-programming procedure is now complete.

**TABLE 3**  
**MICROBOARD 031-02430-000 PROGRAM JUMPERS**

- JP1** – Not Used.
- JP2** – Display power and logic levels Determines the power supply voltage applied to the display. Pins 1-2: +5VDC SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000) and LQ10D421 displays. Pins 2-3: +3.3VDC NEC NL6448ACC33-24 and LG Semicon LP104V2-W (031-02046-000) displays.
- JP3** – Display backlight enable signal level polarity. Jumper must be positioned according to the voltage level required to turn on the Display Backlight. Pins 1-2: 0VDC SHARP LQ10D421 display. Pins 2-3: +12VDC or +5VDC as determined by position of JP4. SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000), NEC NL644AC33-24 and LG Semicon LP104V2-W (031-02046-000) displays.
- JP4** – Display Backlight enable signal logic levels. Determines the logic levels of the Backlight Enable signal. Pins 1-2: +12VDC/0VDC SHARP LQ10D421 display. Pins 2-3: +5VDC/0VDC SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000), NEC NL6448AC33-24 and LG Semicon LP104V2-W (031-02046-000) displays.
- JP5** – Display Backlight power. Determines the power supply voltage applied to the Display Backlight Inverter Board. Pins 1-2: +12VDC. SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000) and LQ10D421, NEC NL6448AC33-24 and LG Semicon LP104V2-W (031-02046-000) displays. Pins 2-3: +5VDC. Not used.
- JP6** – Boot-up source. Determines whether the boot-up is performed from the Program Card or Eprom U37. Pins 1-2: Boots-up from Eprom U37. Must be in this position unless re-programming from the Program Card. Pins 2-3: Boots-up from the Program Card. Must be in this position when re-programming from the Program Card.
- JP7, JP8** – Display brightness control technique. Determines whether the display brightness is controlled by a variable resistance or a variable voltage.
- IN:** Variable voltage (0-5.0VDC). SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000) and LQ10D421, and LG Semicon LP104V2-W (031-02046-000) displays.
- OUT:** Variable resistance. NEC NL6448AC33-24 display
- JP9** – Not Used.
- JP10** – Not used.
- JP11** – Not used.
- JP12** – Not used.
- JP13** – Watchdog Enable/Disable. Soldered wire jumper.
- 

*Never disable the watchdog protection. Severe compressor or chiller damage could result. The ability to disable the watchdog protection is provided for factory testing only.*
- IN:** – Watchdog enabled  
**OUT:** – Watchdog disabled
- JP14** – BRAM size. Soldered wire jumper. Cannot be re-positioned by field personnel. Factory positioned according to size of the on-board BRAM (U38).
- IN:** - 32K x 8. Installed for present production.  
**OUT:** – 128K x 8
- JP16** – COM 2 Serial Port modem selection. Configures port to accept either an external modem connected to J13 or an onboard modem mounted in socket SK1. If either modem is used, JP17 must be configured for modem interface. This function is for future use. It is presently not supported.
- IN:** – Use external modem  
**OUT:** – Use on-board modem

**JP17** – COM 2 Serial Port configuration. Configures port for either RS-232 modem interface or RS-485 interface. This port is for future use. It is presently not supported.

Pins 1-2 – RS-485

Pins 2-3 – RS-232 (modem)

**JP21** – Factory mounted thermal-type flow sensor – evaporator. Style “F” and later chillers only.

Pins 1-2: Not Used

Pins 2-3: Style F and later chillers with factory mounted evaporator thermal-type flow sensor.

**JP22** – Factory mounted thermal-type flow sensor – condenser. Style “F” and later chillers only.

Pins 1-2: Not Used

Pins 2-3: Style F and later chillers with factory mounted condenser thermal-type flow sensor.

**JP23** – Remote Current Limit Setpoint (J22) type. Configures analog input for 0-10VDC, 2-10Vdc, 0-20mA or 4-20mA.

OUT: Allows 0-10VDC or 2-10VDC input on J22-1

Pins 1-2: Allows a 0-20mA or 4-20mA input on J22-2

Pins 2-3: Not used.

**JP24** – Remote Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint (J22) type. Configures analog input for 0-10VDC, 2-10Vdc, 0-20mA or 4-20mA.

OUT: Allows 0-10VDC or 2-10VDC input on J22-3

Pins 1-2: Allows a 0-20mA or 4-20mA input on J22-4

Pins 2-3: Not used.

**JP27** – COM 4 serial communications port. Configures COM 4 port for either RS-485 (COM 4A) or RS-232 for MicroGateway board (COM4B).

Pins 1-2: Enables port 4A. Allows an RS-485 connection to microboard J11. Not used.

Pins 2-3: Enables port 4B. Allows an RS-232 connection to microboard J2 for Microgateway communications.

**TABLE 4**  
**MICROBOARD 031-02430-000 PROGRAM SWITCHES**

**SW1-1** – Refrigerant Selection. Must be set according to the refrigerant type installed in chiller.

**ON** – R134a

**OFF** – R22

**SW1-2** – Liquid Type. Must be set according to whether the chiller is cooling water or brine solution.

**ON** – Brine. Leaving Chilled Setpoint range is 10°F to 70°F.

**OFF** – Water. Leaving Chilled Setpoint range 38°F (36°F if Smart Freeze enabled) to 70°F.

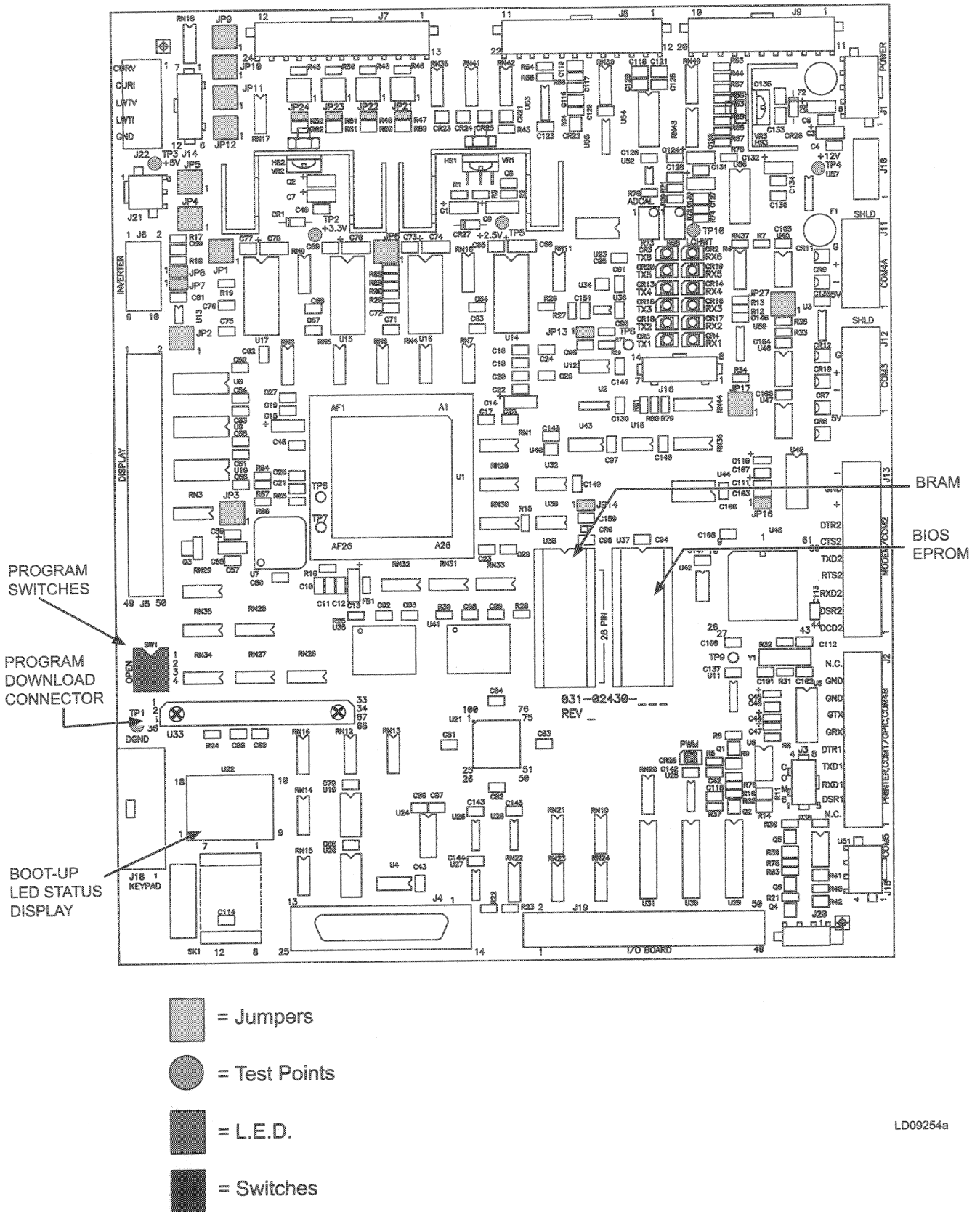
**SW1-3** – Diagnostics. Enables or Disables the software diagnostics. Refer to SECTION 24 of this manual.

**ON** – Enables diagnostics. Disables normal chiller operation.

**OFF** – Disables diagnostics. Enables normal chiller operation.

**SW1-4** – Not used.

3A







PROGRAM SWITCHES

PROGRAM DOWNLOAD CONNECTOR

BOOT-UP LED STATUS DISPLAY

BRAM

BIOS EPROM

-  = Jumpers
-  = Test Points
-  = L.E.D.
-  = Switches

LD09254a

FIG. 7A - MICROBOARD 031-02430-000

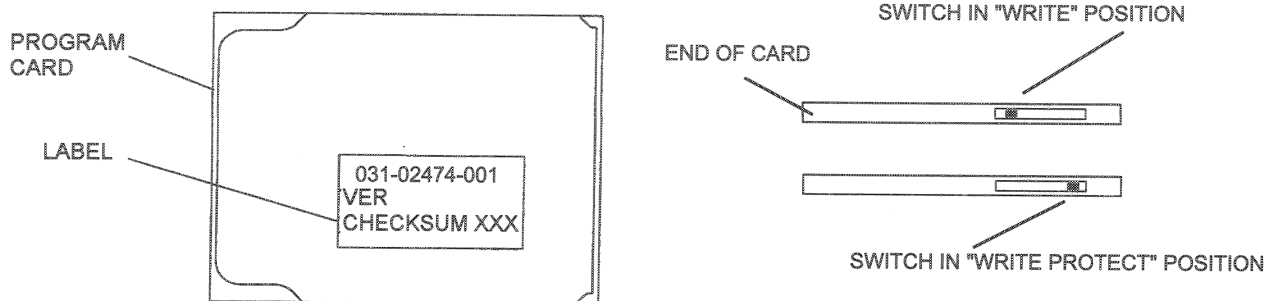
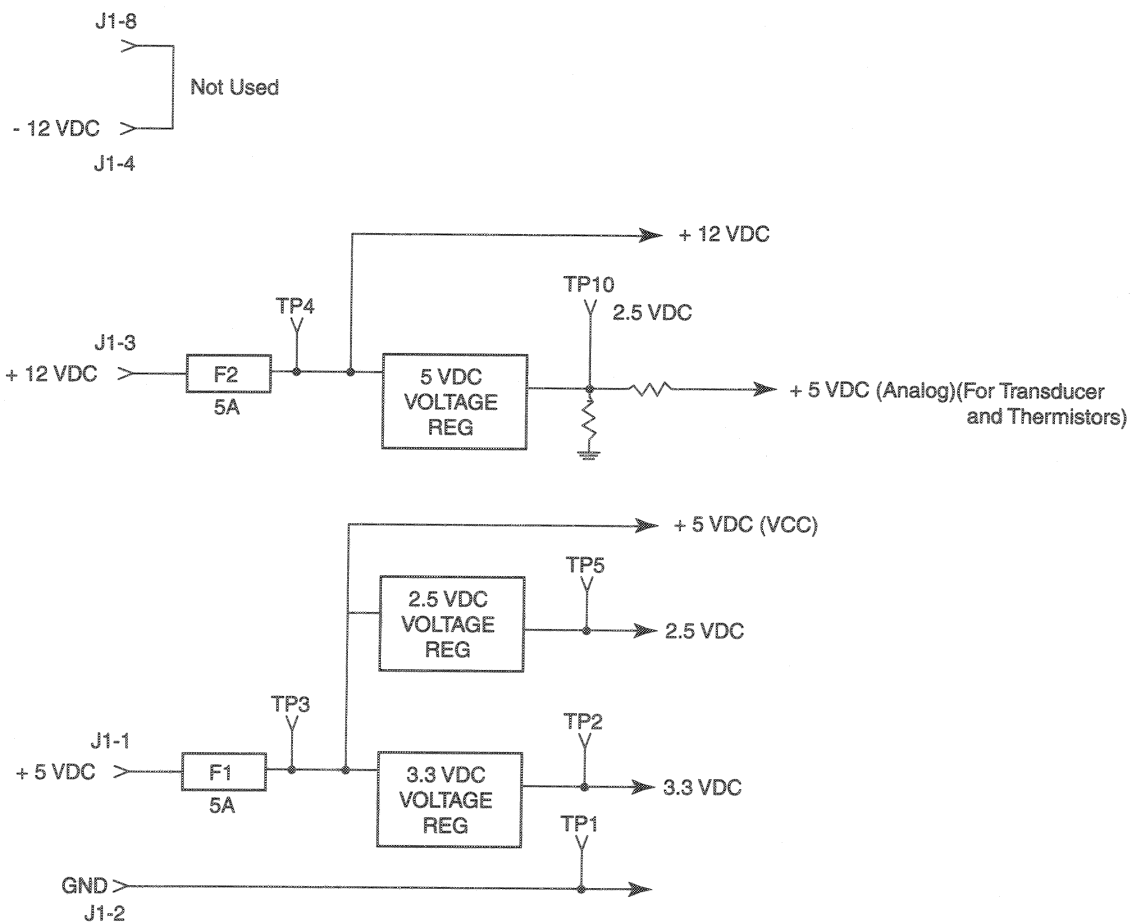
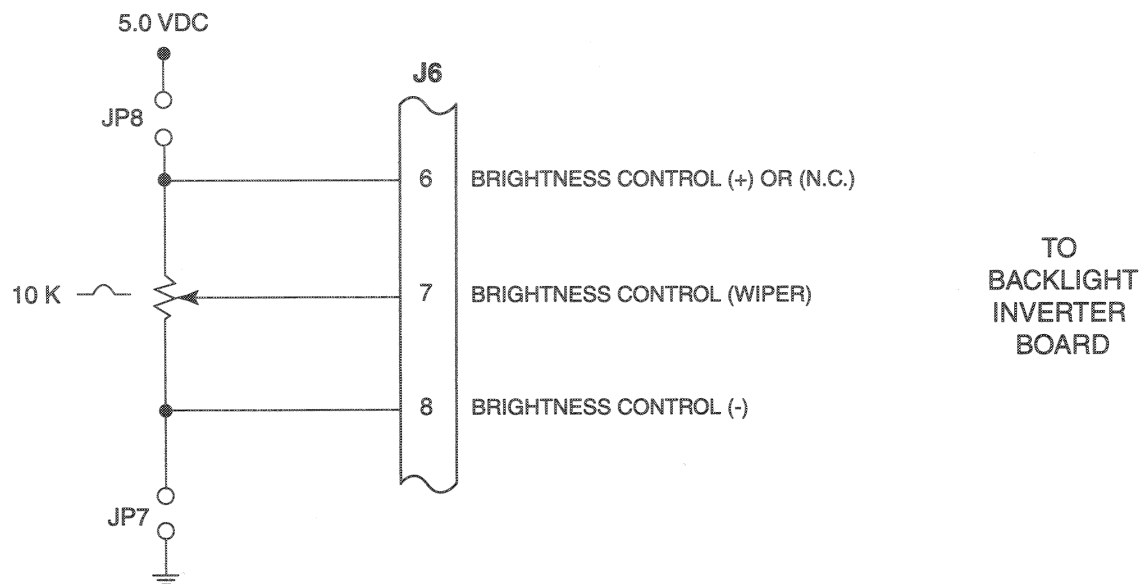


FIG. 8A – PROGRAM CARD 031-02474-001



LD09255

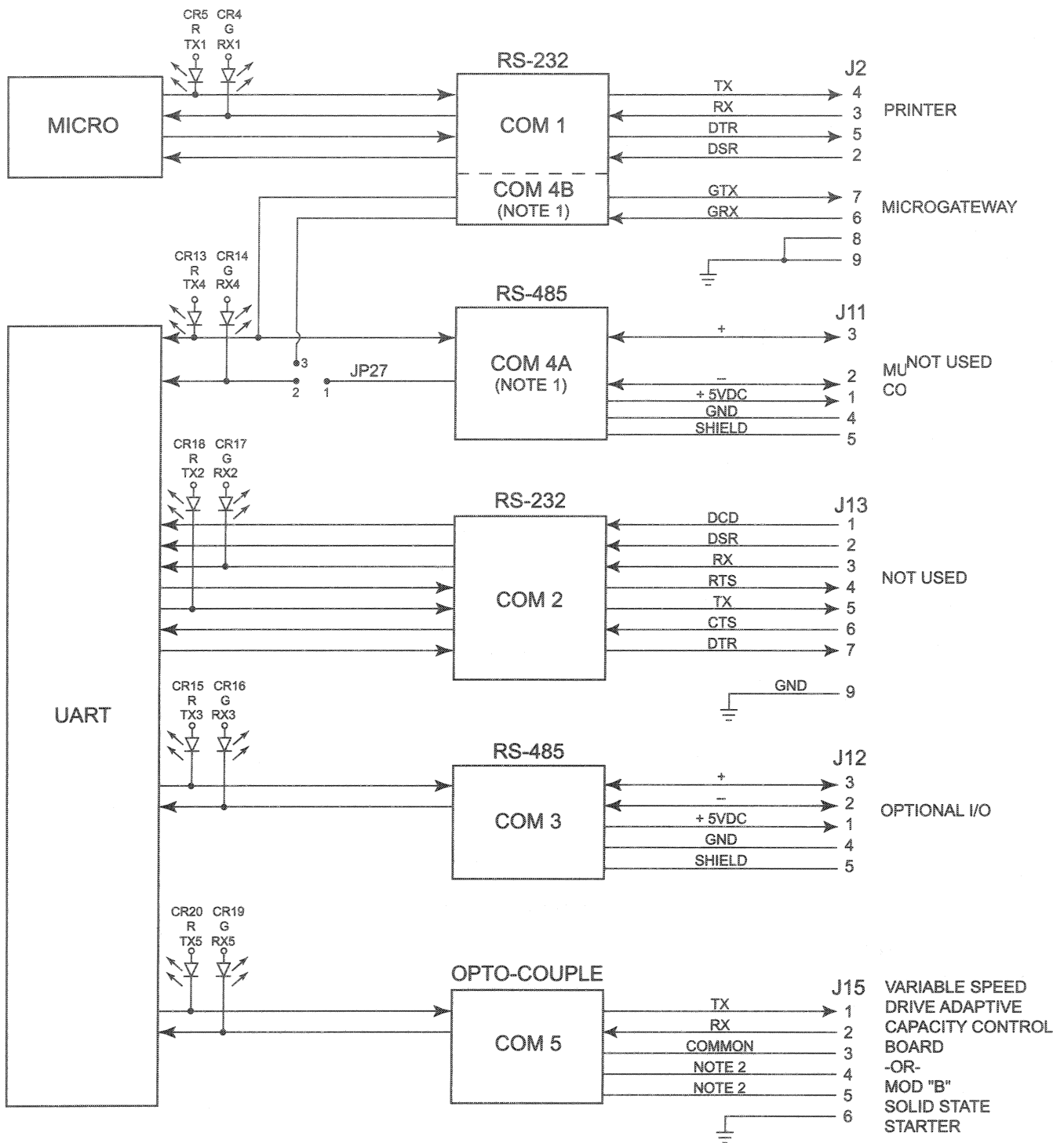
FIG. 9A – MICROBOARD (031-02430-000) DC POWER SUPPLY TEST POINTS

**NOTES:**

1. J6-6 not connected (N.C.) to Backlight Inverter Board when display is manufactured by Sharp or NEC.
2. The position of Program Jumpers JP7 & JP8 determine the output at J6-7; In = Variable Voltage; Out = Variable Resistance. Refer to Program Jumper Listing in Table 3 for applications.
3. Potentiometer is actually an integrated circuit that is the electrical equivalent of a 10K—potentiometer.

LD04054

**FIG. 10A – MICROBOARD LAMP DIMMER CIRCUIT**

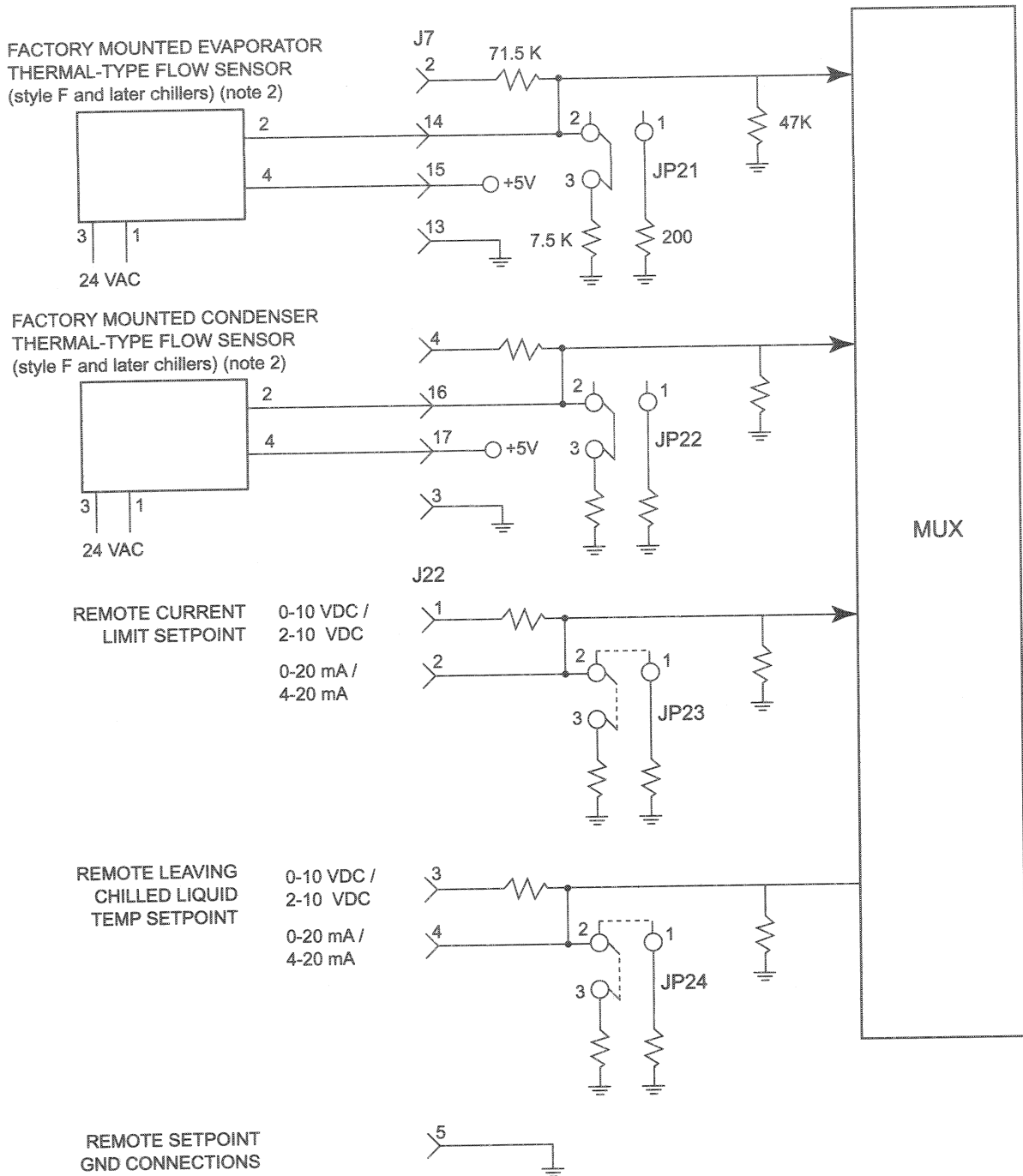


LD0778E

**NOTES:**

1. Microboard Program Jumper JP27 determines whether COM 4A or 4B can be used. 1 & 2 - 4A, 2 & 3, 4B. Refer to Table 3.
2. J15-4 Loop-Around Test IN. J15-5 Loop-Around Test OUT. Refer to Fig. 55 for details.

**FIG. 11A – MICROBOARD SERIAL DATA COMMUNICATIONS PORTS**



3A

**NOTE:**

1. Program Jumpers JP23 – JP24 must be positioned on pins 1-2 or 3-4 according to input signal type. Refer to Table 3.
2. Applies to Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later. Program Jumpers JP21 and JP22 must be on pins 2-3 on style F and later chillers equipped with factory-mounted thermal-type flow sensors.

**FIG. 12A – CONFIGURABLE ANALOG & REMOTE SETPOINT INPUTS**

## SECTION 4

### I/O BOARD

(REFER TO FIG. 13 - 17)

The **I/O (input/output) Board** conditions the Digital Inputs for the Microboard and conditions the Microboard's Digital Outputs for application to other components and devices. The left side of the I/O Board performs the Digital Inputs function; the right side performs the Digital Outputs function. Refer to Fig. 13.

**Digital Inputs** are on/off inputs to the Microboard from relay and switch contacts, such as flow switches, start/stop switch, and remote cycling/safety devices (ref. Fig. 14). The Micro reads the state of these contacts and reacts per the Program instructions. The contact voltage is 115 VAC when closed and 0VAC when open. These voltages are not suitable for direct input to the Microboard. Therefore, the I/O Board converts the 115VAC/0VAC contact voltages to 0VDC/+5VDC logic level inputs for the Microboard. Individual Opto-coupler circuits (ref. Fig. 15) perform the conversion for each Digital Input. When the input is 115VAC, the output will be 0VDC; when the input is 0VAC, the output will be +5VDC.

Field connected Digital Inputs, such as those from external devices that cycle the chiller, are connected to terminal strip TB4 (ref. Fig. 14). These inputs are in the form of dry contacts connected as shown in Fig. 16. The 115VAC power source that is switched by the remote contacts is supplied by the I/O Board TB4-1. There are multiple TB4-1 terminals located adjacent to the field input connections, as shown in Fig. 13 and 14.

**Digital Outputs** are on/off outputs from the Microboard that control solenoid valves, motor contactors, actuators, system relays and provide operating status to external devices (ref. Fig. 17). Per Program instructions, the Microboard energizes and de-energizes these devices. The coils of these devices operate on 115VAC and therefore cannot be directly connected to the Microboard. The Digital Outputs section of the I/O Board contains +12VDC coil relays that are driven by the Microboard's logic level outputs. The contacts of these +12VDC relays operate the external 115VAC coil devices. On the I/O Board, one side of the each of the relay coils is permanently connected to +12VDC at J19-26/27. The other side of each relay coil is connected to the Microboard via I/O Board connector J19. The Microboard energizes each relay by driving the appropriate input at J19 to logic

low voltage level (ground potential). The DC voltage at the appropriate input pin at J19 will be a logic high (>+10VDC) when the Microboard is commanding a relay to de-energize; logic low (<+1VDC) when commanding a relay to energize.

Relay K18 is different from all other relays on the I/O Board; it has a 115VAC coil. It provides the start/stop signal to the Compressor Motor Starter and provides **Compressor Run** status to remote devices (ref. Fig. 17). Relay K18 is controlled by DC relays K13 (start) and K14 (stop). To start the compressor motor, the Microboard energizes K13 and K14 simultaneously. The 115VAC at TB1-6 is applied to the coil of K18 via K13 contacts, energizing K18. Approximately 0.2 seconds later, K13 is de-energized. K18 remains energized through K14 contacts and holding contacts of K18. To stop the compressor motor, the Microboard de-energizes K14. To prevent sags in Utility Power from chattering K18, the holding contact of K18, along with the contact of K13, creates an anti-chatter circuit for relay K18. Once energized, K18 cannot be re-energized until K13 is again energized; this will not occur until after a controlled shutdown has occurred and another start sequence has been initiated.

There are conditions external to the I/O Board required to energize relay K18. The 115VAC will be present at TB1-16 only if the motor controller contacts "CM" are closed and the circuit between external Terminal Strip TB6-1 and TB6-53 is closed. The "CM" are located on the CM-2 Board (relay K1), Electro-Mechanical starter applications, the Solid State Starter Logic Board (relay K1), Solid State Starter applications or a relay mounted on the Variable Speed Drive Logic Board on Variable Speed Drive applications. The High Pressure safety switch "HP", must be closed and the RUN Switch "1SS" must be in the RUN position.

**Triacs** are used to control the Pre-rotation Vanes actuator, Refrigerant Level Variable Orifice actuator and Variable Geometry Diffuser actuator (certain compressors only) (ref. Fig. 17, 52 and 64A). An actuator has an open winding and a close winding. Current flowing through a winding will cause the actuator shaft to rotate in the respective direction. Each winding is controlled by a

Triac. When a Triac is turned on, it permits current to flow through the actuator winding, causing the actuator shaft to rotate. Under Program control, the Microboard turns the Triacs on and off by applying control signals to the respective **Triac Driver**. The Triac Driver is an optocoupler device that isolates the Microboard low voltage circuits from the higher actuator voltages. To turn on the Triac, the Microboard drives the Triac Driver input to logic low (<+1VDC) level. The Triac driver responds by shorting the Triac GATE to Triac terminal 2. To turn the Triac off, the Microboard opens its input to the Triac Driver and allows the input to pull up to +12VDC. The Triac Driver responds by opening the short from triac Gate to Triac terminal 2. A voltmeter can be used to determine if a Triac is turned on or off. Measure across the Triac; from Triac terminal 1 to Triac terminal 2. When the Triac is turned off, the voltage will be approximately 20 to 30VAC; when turned on, it will be <10VAC.

The Pre-rotation Vanes Actuator and Variable Geometry Diffuser actuator are manufactured by Barber-Coleman. This actuator has three windings; a Field winding and two direction windings. One direction winding produces clockwise rotation, the other produces counterclockwise rotation. The 115VAC applied to the Field Winding induces a 20 to 30VAC voltage into each of the direction windings. The desired rotation is produced by shorting the Actuator common terminal to the appropriate direction terminal, causing current to flow in the direction winding. As described above, Triacs control the current through the open and close windings.

The Refrigerant Level Variable Orifice Actuator on new production chillers is manufactured by Belimo. This actuator has two windings; open and close. One winding produces clockwise rotation and one produces counterclockwise rotation. This actuator operates from 24VAC. As described above, Triacs are turned on to allow current to flow through the appropriate winding to produce the desired rotation. If the OptiView Control Center is retrofit to an existing chiller, it could be equipped with a Barber-Coleman Level Actuator that operates as described above.

Chillers equipped with the Variable Geometry Diffuser are supplied with and require I/O Board 031-01743-002. This board is populated with the required Triacs Q3 and Q4 that apply the open and close signals to the Variable Geometry Diffuser ring actuator. Refer to Variable Geometry Diffuser Section 22A.

## RELAY TIMING

Under Program control, the relays are energized and de-energized producing contact operation as follows. Unless otherwise noted, contact rating is 5 amps resistive or 2 Amps inductive @ 250VAC.

### K0 - Chilled Water Pump Starter (TB2-44/45)

Dry closure contacts. When the chiller is started, the Contacts close 13 seconds after the start of "System Prelube". Normally, they open coincident with the completion of "System Coastdown" with the following exceptions:

- a. If a "Leaving Chilled Liquid - Low Temperature" cycling shutdown occurs, they do not open at the completion of "System Coastdown". They remain closed for the duration of the shutdown or until the Keypad COMPRESSOR switch is placed in the Stop-Reset (O) position, whereupon they open.
- b. If Microboard Program Switch SW1-8 is in the ON position, they do not open at the completion of "System Coastdown" when the chiller shuts down on a "Multiunit Cycling - Contacts Open" or "System Cycling - Contacts Open" cycling shutdown. They remain closed for the duration of the shutdown or until the Keypad COMPRESSOR switch is placed in the Stop-Reset (O) position, whereupon they open.

### K1 - Anticipatory Alarm (TB2-55/56)

Dry closure contacts. Contacts close when one of the following Warning messages is Displayed. On most warnings, the contacts automatically open when the warning condition is no longer present. On those warnings marked with an asterisk, the contacts will open only after the warning condition is no longer present and the WARNING RESET key is pressed when logged in at OPERATOR access level or higher.

Real Time Clock Failure, Condenser or Evaporator Transducer Error\*, Refrigerant Level Out of Range, Standby Lube-Low Oil Pressure\*, Setpoint Override\*, Condenser-High Pressure limit, Evaporator-Low Pressure Limit, Vanes Uncalibrated-Fixed Speed, Harmonic Filter-Operation Inhibited, Harmonic Filter-Data Loss, Harmonic Filter-Input Frequency Out Of Range. The following only applies to Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.05.xxx and later - Excess Surge Detected\*, Surge Detected - Excess Surge Limit.

4

**K2 - Remote Mode Ready to Start (only operational in Digital, Analog or ISN Remote mode)(TB2-26/27)**

Dry closure status contacts that are closed to indicate to a Remote device that the chiller will start upon receipt of a remote start signal. The contacts open coincident with any Cycling or Safety shutdown or anytime the Keypad COMPRESSOR switch is placed in the Stop-Reset (O) position. On Cycling shutdowns, the contacts will close when the cycling condition clears. On safety shutdowns, the contacts will close only after the Safety condition clears, a manual reset is performed by placing the COMPRESSOR switch in the Stop-Reset (O) position and then back to the RUN (I) position.

**K3 - Safety Shutdown Status (TB2-42/43)**

Dry closure status contacts. They close coincident with a Safety shutdown. They remain closed until the safety condition clears and a manual reset is performed by placing the COMPRESSOR switch in the Stop-Reset(O) position, whereupon they open.

**K4 - Cycling Shutdown Status (TB2-40/41)**

Dry closure status contacts. They close coincident with a Cycling shutdown. They remain closed until the cycling condition clears, whereupon they open.

**K5 - Condenser Motor Pump Starter (TB2-150/151) (applies to Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.04.xxx and later)**

Dry closure contacts. Contacts close coincident with beginning of "SYSTEM RUN". They open coincident with the beginning of "SYSTEM COASTDOWN" unless the chiller is equipped with the Mod "B" Solid State Starter. On Mod "B" Solid State Starter applications, the contacts remain closed at shutdown until all SCR Heatsink temperatures are  $\leq 105^{\circ}\text{F}$  or a maximum of 45 minutes.

If it is desired to supply the dry contacts with 115VAC power from the OptiView Control Panel to control the Condenser Pump Motor Starter, a field installed wire must be connected from TB5-22 to I/O Board TB2-150. Then connect I/O Board TB2-151 to the Condenser Pump Motor Starter.

**K6-K 9 - Not Used****K10 - Oil Heater ("P" compressors and all style F and later chillers equipped with Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx or later version) (TB1-64/17)**

Contacts operate the same as K15.

**K11 - Oil Pump Starter (TB 1-29/1) (Style C and earlier chillers)**

In automatic operation, contacts close 13 seconds after "System Prelube" is initiated. Contacts open at completion of "System Coastdown". In manual Oil Pump operation, the contacts close for the duration of manual pump operation. Anytime the chiller is not in "System Run" or "System Coastdown" and a motor current value of  $>15\%$ FLA is detected, the contacts close until motor current is no longer detected, whereupon a complete "System Coastdown" is performed. If Standby Lubrication is enabled, contacts close for 2 minutes every 24 hours since the oil Pump was last automatically or manually run.

**K12 - Oil Return Solenoid (all styles, fixed or variable speed oil pump). Liquid Line Solenoid (style D and later chillers - "J" compressor only, variable speed oil pump). Vent line Solenoid (style C and earlier chillers, fixed speed oil pump). (TB1-61)**

Contacts close 1 minute after "System Run" is initiated. They open on chiller shutdown coincident with the beginning of "System Coastdown".

**K13 - Compressor Motor Starter (start) (TB1-6/16)**

Contacts close coincident with the beginning of "System Run". They remain closed for 0.2 seconds and then open.

**K14 - Compressor Motor Stop (stop) (TB 1-6/16)**

Contacts close coincident with the beginning of "System Run". They remain closed for the duration of "System Run". They open coincident with the beginning of "System Coastdown".

**K15 - (TB1 -34/1)Oil Heater (Style D/E all compressor codes except "P"; Variable Speed Oil Pump)**

Contacts are open whenever the Oil Pump is operating. When the Oil Pump is not operating, the contacts are operated to maintain the Oil Temperature at a target value of 50°F above the Condenser Saturated Temperature from a minimum of 110°F to a maximum of 160°F. The contacts close when the Oil Temperature decreases to 4°F below target value; open at 3°F above the target value.

**Liquid Line Solenoid (Style C and earlier chillers, fixed speed oil pump)**

- Electro-Mechanical and Solid State Starter applications: Contacts close 1 minute after "System Run" is initiated.
- Compressor Motor Variable Speed Drive applications: After chiller has been running for  $\geq 1$  minute, contacts close if oil temperature reaches  $> 140^\circ\text{F}$ . They remain closed until the oil temperature decreases to  $< 135^\circ\text{F}$ , whereupon they de-energize.

**K16 - High Speed Thrust Solenoid (Style C and earlier chillers; Fixed Speed Oil Pump)(TB1-62/1)**

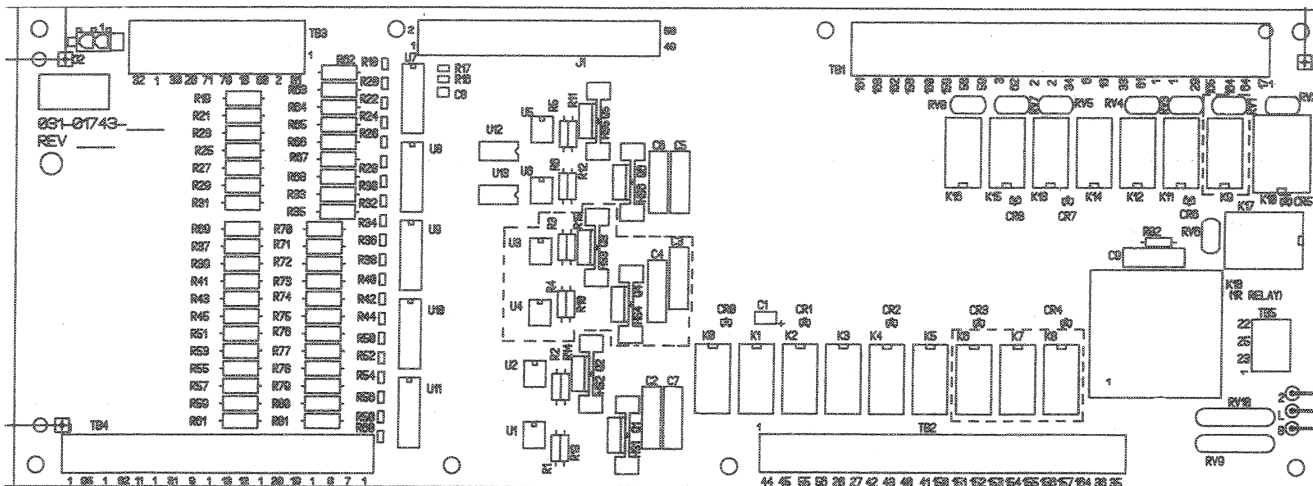
Contacts close 15 seconds after "System Run" is initiated. They open on chiller shutdown coincident with the beginning of "System Coastdown".

**K17 - Condenser Motor Pump Starter (TB1-164)(If chiller is equipped with Mod "B" Solid State Starter, use K5 above)**

Contacts operate the same as K14.

**K18 - Compressor Motor Starter (TB5-22/25) Run Status (TB2-35/36)**

Contacts operate the same as K14.



LD04055

FIG. 13 – I/O BOARD

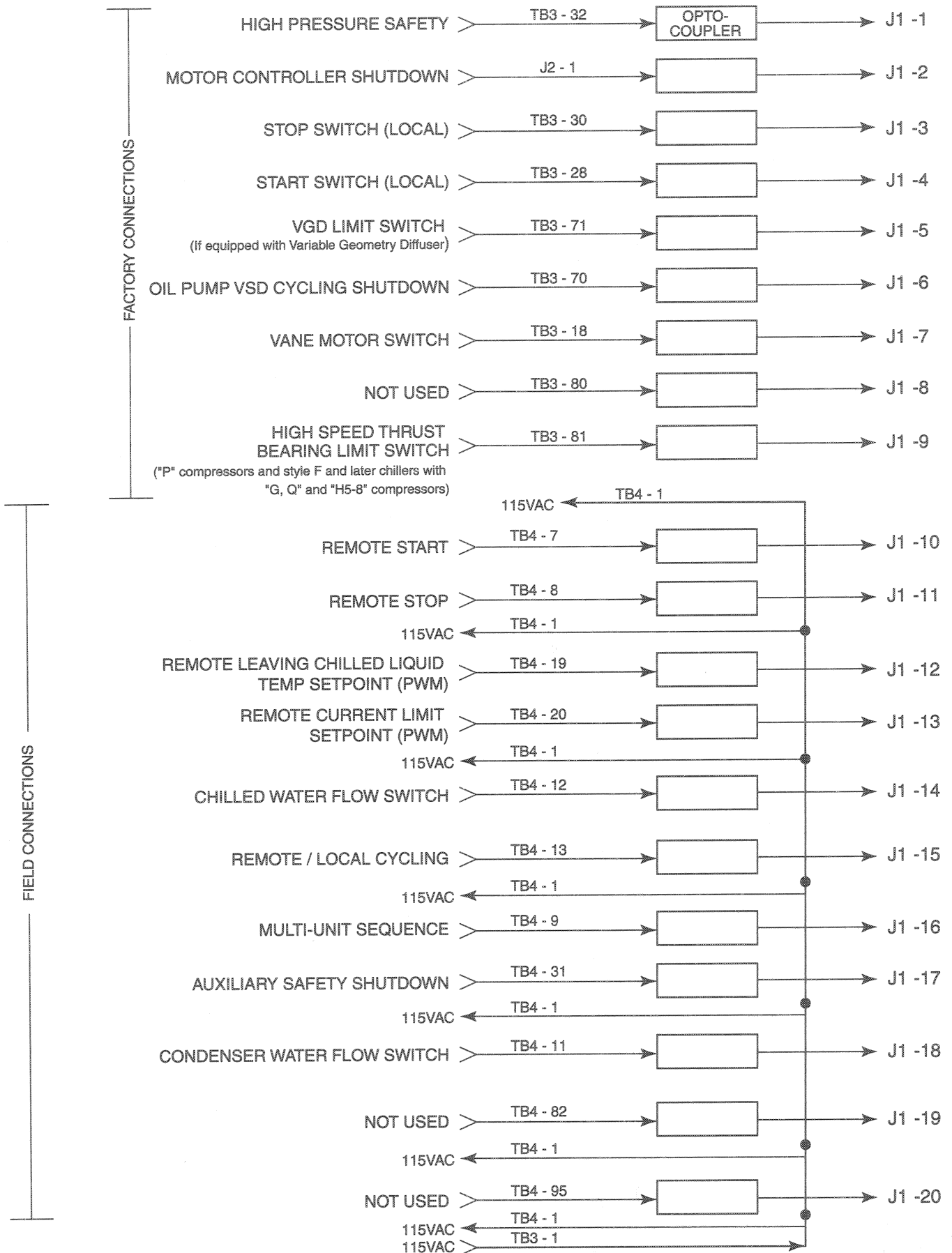
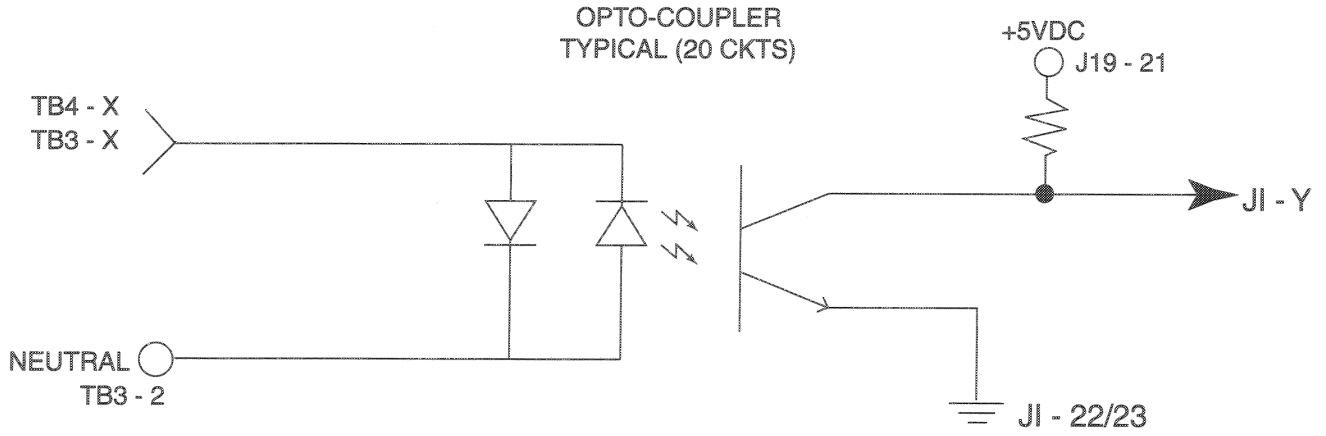


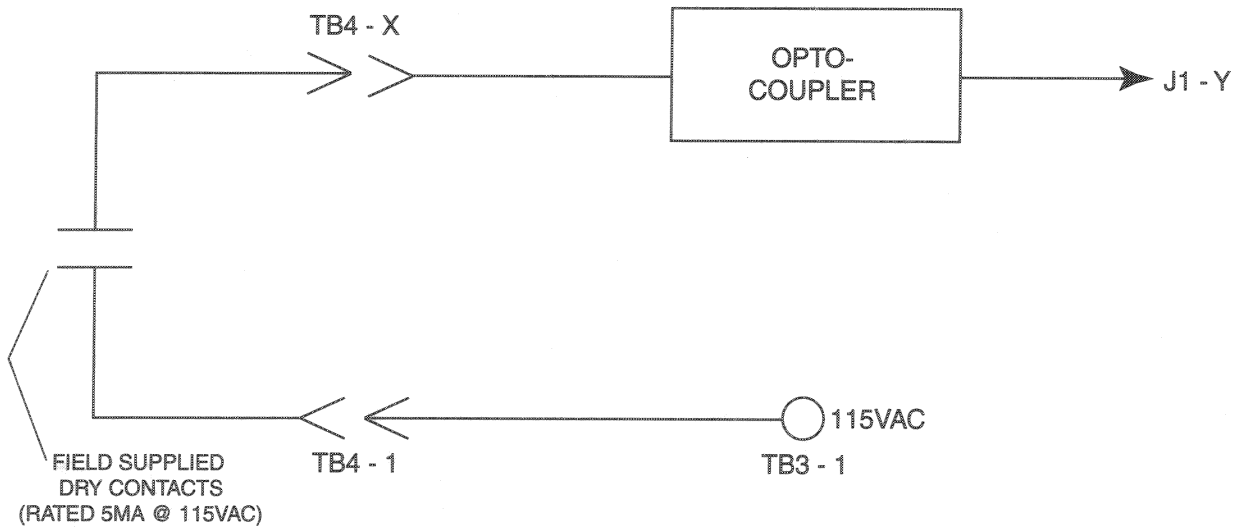
FIG. 14 – I/O BOARD DIGITAL INPUTS

LD09566



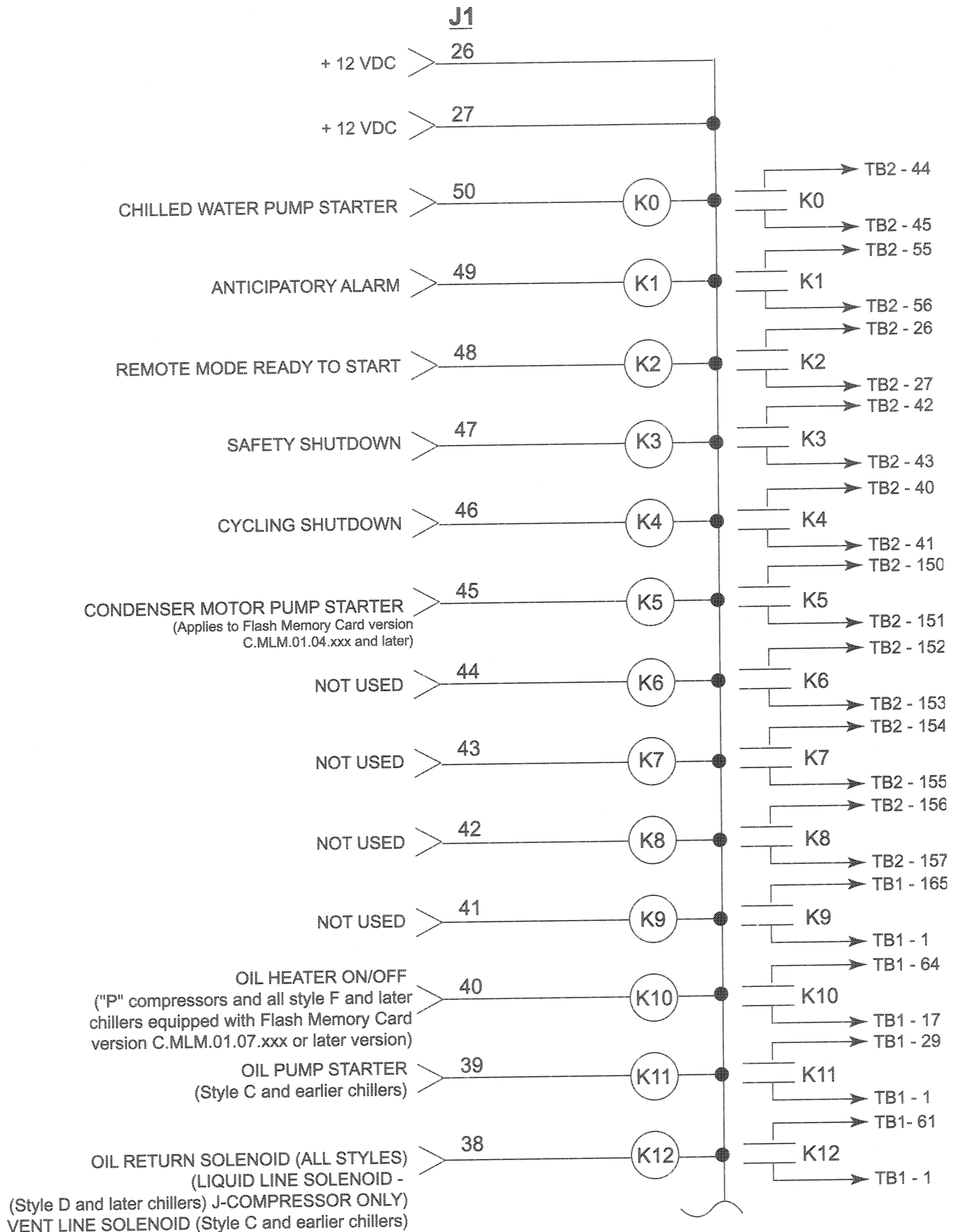
LD04057

FIG. 15 – I/O BOARD TYPICAL OPTO-COUPLER CIRCUIT



LD04058

FIG. 16 – I/O BOARD TYPICAL FIELD CONNECTIONS

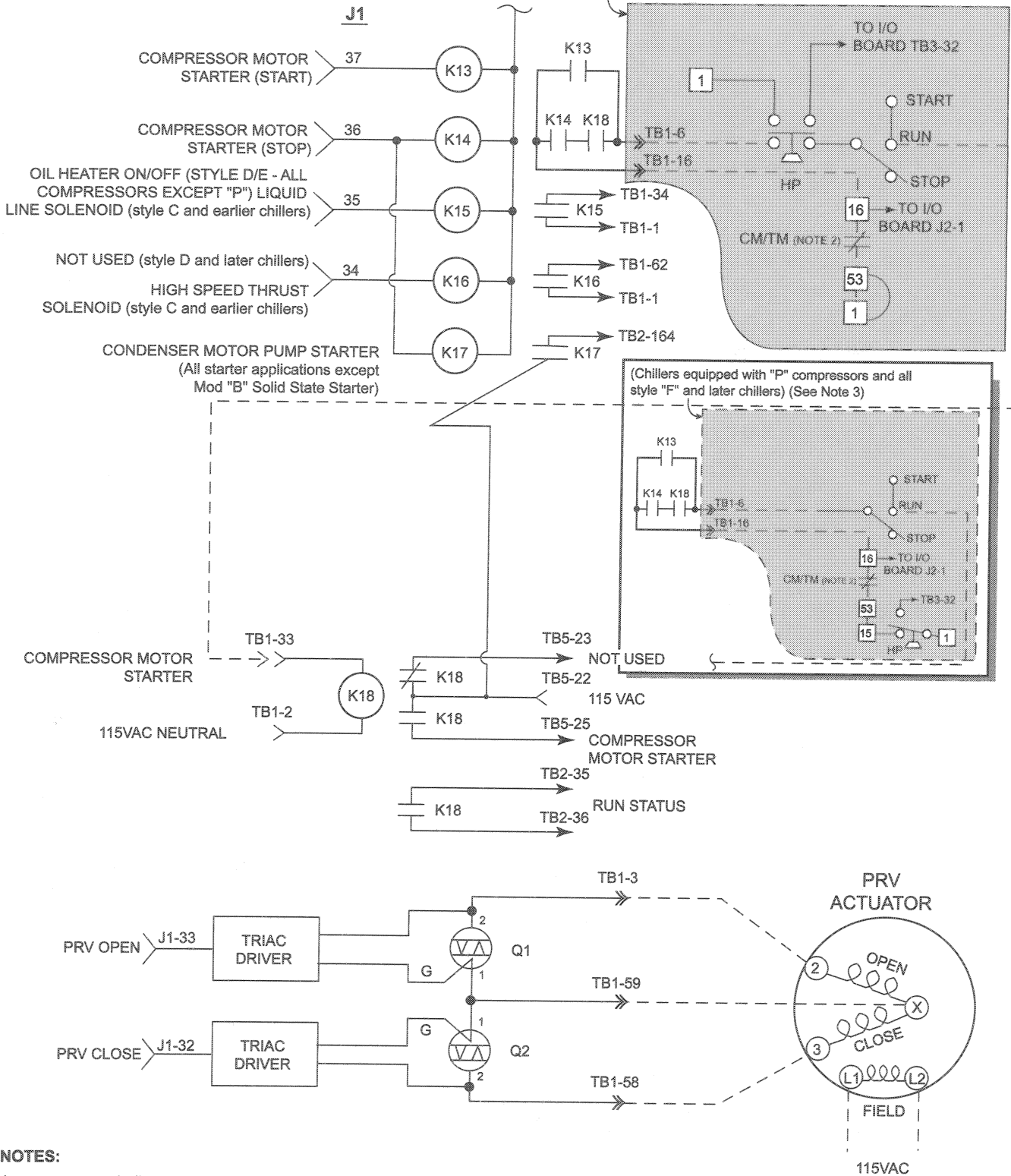


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FIG. 17 – I/O BOARD DIGITAL OUTPUTS

LD09042

(Not applicable to "P" compressors or style F and later chillers)(See Note 3)  
(See inset below for all others)

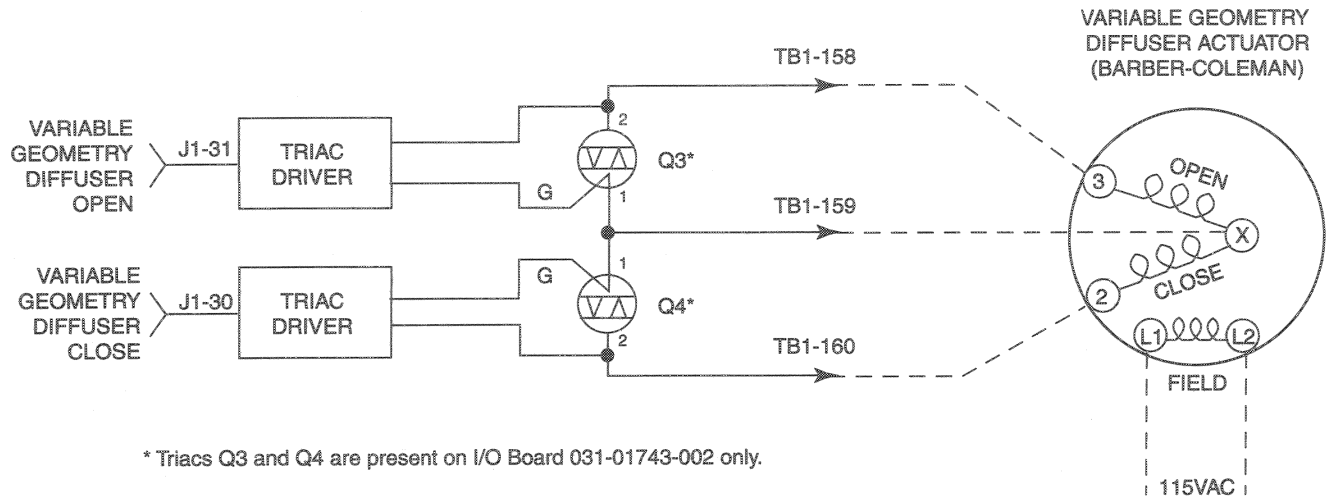


**NOTES:**

1. ----- indicates wiring external to I/O Board.
2. "CM" - Contacts of Relay K1 on Current Module (EM Starter Applications) or Solid State Starter Logic Board (Solid State Starter Applications) or VSD Logic Board (Compressor Motor Variable Speed Drive Applications).
3. Chillers equipped with "P" compressors and all style "F" and later chillers use a different High Pressure (HP) Switch and associated interface than other compressor applications.

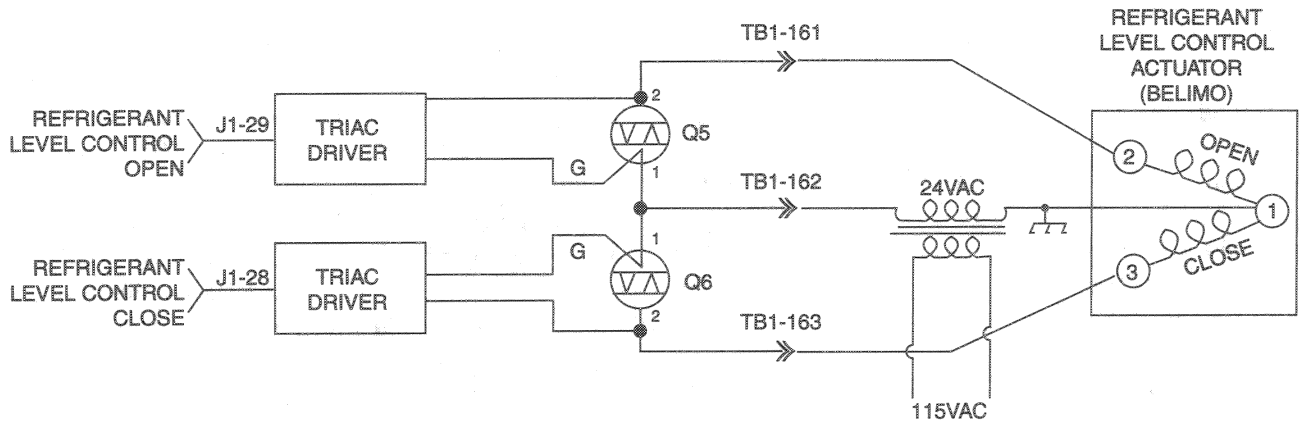
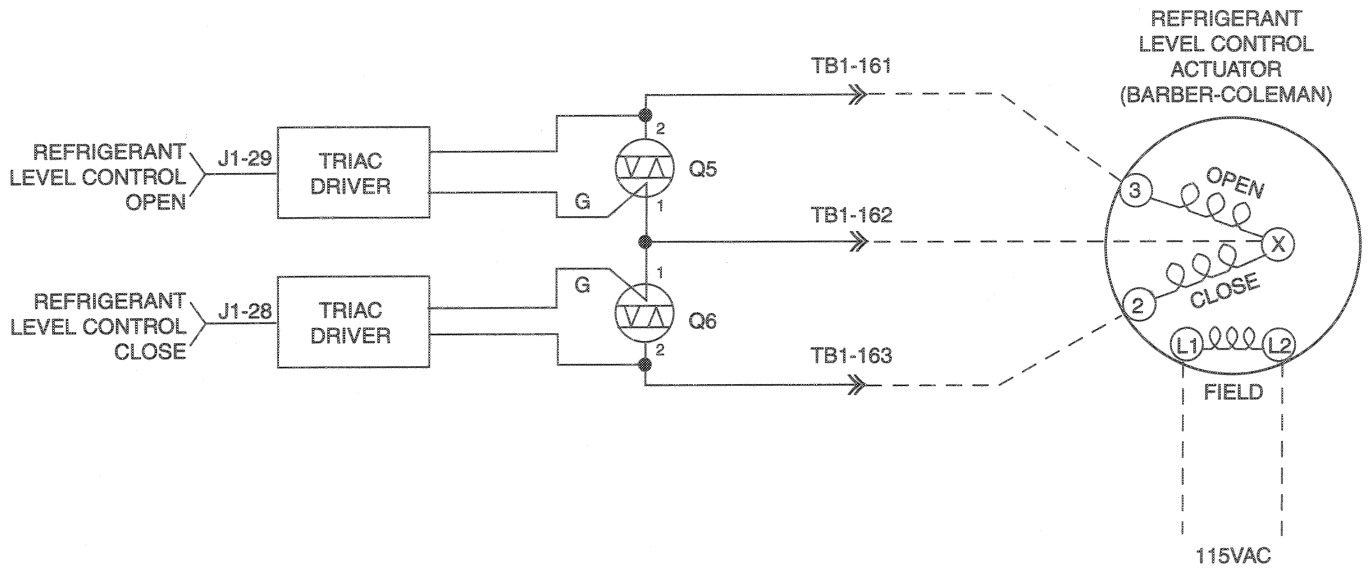
LD09043

**FIG. 17 (CONT'D) - I/O BOARD DIGITAL OUTPUTS**



\* Triacs Q3 and Q4 are present on I/O Board 031-01743-002 only.

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LD09567

FIG. 17 (CONT'D) – I/O BOARD DIGITAL OUTPUTS

## SECTION 5

### LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY

(REFER TO FIG. 18 - 27)

A 10.4 inch color **Liquid Crystal Display**, along with supporting components **Display Interface Board** and **Backlight Inverter Board** are mounted on a plate that is attached to the OptiView Control Center door. A clear plexiglass faceplate prevents display surface damage. System operating parameters are displayed on various color graphic screens. The various display screens are selected for display using the Keypad keys.

The Display provided in the new chiller or from YORK as a service replacement part, could be manufactured by any of several approved manufacturers. Each Display requires a specific Display Interface Board, Backlight Inverter Board, Inverter Board interface cable and Program command set. **Therefore, Service replacement Displays or supporting components cannot be arbitrarily selected!!!** As explained below, replacement Displays are provided from YORK as kits to assure compatibility of all components. **Non-compatibility of components will result in incorrect operation!!!** Refer to "Display Interface Board" and "Backlight Inverter Board" sections that follow this section. Displays that could be provided from YORK in new chillers or as replacement parts are:

- SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000)
- SHARP LQ10D421
- NEC NL6448AC33-24
- LG SEMICON LP104V2-W (031-02046-000)

The YORK part numbers of the Display Interface Board, Backlight Inverter Board and Inverter ribbon cable provided, are listed on a label attached to the Display mounting plate. These are the part numbers of the supporting components that are compatible with the installed display. These supporting components can be individually replaced. However, if the Liquid Crystal Display fails, Display replacement kit 331-01771-000 must be ordered as detailed below. This kit contains a replacement Display and all compatible supporting components.

The Display has 307,200 pixels arranged in a 640 columns X 480 rows matrix configuration. Each pixel consists of 3 windows; red, green and blue, through which a variable amount of light from the Display Backlight is permitted to pass through the front of the display. Imbedded in each window of the pixel is a transistor,

the conduction of which determines the amount of light that will pass through the window. The conduction of each transistor is controlled by a signal from the Display Controller on the Microboard. The overall pixel color is a result of the gradient of red, green and blue light allowed to pass.

Under Program control, the Display Controller on the Microboard sends a drive signal for each pixel to create the image on the display. Each pixel's drive signal is an 18 bit binary word; 6 bits for each of the 3 colors, red green and blue. The greater the binary value, the greater the amount of light permitted to pass. The columns of pixels are driven from left to right and the rows are driven top to bottom. To coordinate the drive signals and assure the columns are driven from left to right and the rows are driven from top to bottom, each drive signal contains a horizontal and vertical sync signal. The **Display Interface Board** receives these display drive signals from the Microboard J5 and applies them to the Display at connector CN1. Refer to Fig. 28.

Although there are variations in control signal timing between different display manufacturers, Fig. 23 depicts typical control signals. Since these control signals occur at rates greater than can be read with a Voltmeter, the following description is for information only. There are 480 horizontal rows of pixels. Each row contains 640 3-window pixels. Beginning with the top row, the drive signals are applied within each row, sequentially left to right, beginning with the left most pixel and ending with the right most pixel. The rows are driven from top to bottom. The Vertical Sync (VSYNC) pulse starts the scan in the upper left corner. The first Horizontal Sync (HSYNC) pulse initiates the sequential application of RGB drive signals to the 640 pixels in row 1. Upon receipt of the **ENABLE** signal, an RGB drive signal is applied to the first pixel. As long as the **ENABLE** signal is present, RGB drive signals are then applied to the remaining 639 pixels at the CLK rate of 25.18M Hz, or one every 39.72 nanoseconds. Typically it takes 31 microseconds to address all 640 pixels. Similarly, the next HSYNC pulse applies drive signals to row 2. This continues until all 480 rows have been addressed. Total elapsed time to address all 480 rows is approximately 16 milliseconds. The next VSYNC pulse causes the above cycle to repeat. Displays can be operated in **FIXED** mode or **DISPLAY ENABLE** mode. In **FIXED** mode, the first pixel drive signal is applied a fixed number

(48) of clock (CLK) cycles from the end of the HSYNC pulse and the drive signals are terminated a fixed number (16) of CLK cycles prior to the next HSYNC pulse. In **DISPLAY ENABLE** mode, the pixel drive signals are applied to the pixels only while **ENABLE** signal is present. This signal is typically present 4-48 CLKS after the end of the HSYNC pulse and 2-16 CLKS prior to the next HSYNC pulse. All YORK applications operate in the **DISPLAY ENABLE** mode. The state of the **ENABLE** (Display Interface Board J1-27) signal from the Microboard places the Display in the desired mode as follows:

- SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000) & LDQ10D421 Displays - When **ENABLE** maintained “low”, display operates in fixed mode.
- NEC NL6448AC33-24 Displays - When **ENABLE** maintained “high” or “open”, display operates in fixed mode.
- LG SEMICON Display (031-02046-000) does not have the fixed mode feature.

As described above, in OptiView Control Center applications, the Display scan is left to right, beginning with the top row and continuing sequentially through the rows to the last row. However, in Display applications other than OptiView Control Centers, image reversal is sometimes required. In image reversal applications, the scan is reversed; the scan is right to left, beginning with the last row and proceeding to the top row. The SHARP or NEC Display is placed in the **NORMAL** or **REVERSE** scan mode by the voltage levels on the Display Interface Board J1-30 and J1-31 (display connector CN1-30/31). These voltage levels are determined by the configuration of Wire jumpers P30 and P31 on the Display Interface Board (ref. Fig. 28). The Display reads these voltage levels and automatically assumes **NORMAL** or **REVERSE** scan operation. Refer to **DISPLAY INTERFACE BOARD** section that follows for jumper configurations.

Displays by different manufacturers can require different timing and control signals. The Microboard must know which Display is present in order provide the correct signals. Therefore, when AC control power is first applied to the OptiView Control Center, as part of the power-up sequence, the Microboard reads the Panel ID wire jumpers P1D0 - P1D3 on the **Display Interface Board** and determines which Display is present. It can then provide the correct timing and control signals to produce the graphic image, as required by the Display manufacturer. Since the **Display Interface Board** identifies the Display for the Microboard, there is a different

**Display Interface Board** required for each Display application and each has a unique jumper configuration that identifies the Display. A complete explanation of this process is included in the preceding “Microboard” section and the “Display Interface Board” section that follows.

The DC power source to operate the Display is provided by the Microboard J5. Some Display manufacturers require +5VDC; others require +3.3VDC. The position of Microboard Program Jumper JP2 determines which of these power sources is supplied to the Display. JP2 must be positioned according to the Display manufacturers requirements. Refer to Table 1, “Program Jumpers”.

The **Backlight Lamp** provides the illumination for the display. Average lamp life is 25000 hours (2.9 years). Some displays use one lamp. Others use two lamps. Lamps are replaceable, but not interchangeable between different displays. Each Display manufacturer specifies the required lamp for their display. Refer to replacement parts list for appropriate replacement lamp. Service replacement lamps are stocked in the YORK Service Parts Distribution Center. The lamp is illuminated by applying a high voltage AC (500 to 1500VAC) to it. This illumination voltage is created from a low level DC voltage (+12VDC or +5VDC as required by the Display manufacturer) by the **Backlight Inverter Board**. Lamp brightness is controlled by varying the high voltage AC. The greater the voltage the brighter the illumination. The lamp is controlled by on/off commands and brightness control signals applied to the **Backlight Inverter Board** from the Microboard. The Microboard Program determines when the lamp is turned on and off and the lamp brightness. Each Display manufacturer specifies the **Backlight Inverter Board** to be used. Therefore, it will vary according to the Display manufacturer. The ribbon cable that connects the Microboard to the Backlight Inverter Board also varies according to the Display manufacturer’s requirements. Refer to Fig. 29 to 31. Microboard Program Jumpers JP3, 4, 5, 7 and 8 determine the voltage levels of the control signals sent to the **Backlight Inverter Board** and must be configured per the Display manufacturer’s requirements as listed in Table 1. A detailed description of the operation of this board is in the “Backlight Inverter Board” section that follows. Also refer to the preceding “Microboard” section for a detailed description of the **Lamp Dimmer** circuit.

The actual Display that is installed in the OptiView Control Center of the new chiller is determined by the Display manufacturer contractual agreement in place during the time of OptiView Control Center production.

Displays stocked for Service replacement are a result of that same agreement. Therefore, the Display received for service replacement may be by a different manufacturer than the one in the OptiView Control Center. Since each Display manufacturer requires a specific Display Interface Board, Backlight Inverter Board and Inverter Ribbon Cable, replacement Displays are ordered and supplied as a Display Replacement Kit (YORK Part Number 331-01771-000) to assure component compatibility. The items supplied in the kit are compatible with the supplied Display. The kit consists of the following items mounted on a Display mounting plate:

#### Display Replacement Kit 331-01771-000:

1. Liquid Crystal Display with Lamp
2. Appropriate Display Interface Board for item 1
3. Appropriate Backlight Inverter Board for item 1
4. Appropriate ribbon cable (Backlight Inverter Board to Microboard) for item 1
5. Ribbon cable (Display Interface Board to Microboard)
6. All mounting hardware
7. Installation instructions. A label attached to the Display mounting plate lists the YORK part numbers of the Display supporting components mounted on the Display mounting plate and the required Microboard Program Jumper (JP2 through 8) configurations. **Microboard Program Jumpers JP2-JP8 will have to be configured appropriately for the replacement display.**

#### Display Handling:

1. The display is made of glass. It could break if dropped.
2. The display front surface is easily scratched. If soiled, wipe with a dry cotton cloth. Use no water or chemicals.
3. The display is static sensitive. Electrostatic discharges may damage the display.
4. A laminated film is adhered to the display front glass surface to prevent it from being scratched. Peel off very slowly to prevent static damage.



***Always remove control power from the OptiView control center before connecting or disconnecting wires to the display. Connecting or disconnecting wires to the display with power applied will damage the display!!!***

#### BACKLIGHT LAMP REPLACEMENT:

#### SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000) Display: (Refer to Fig. 29)

##### Removal:

*The Lamp slides into the Display from left to right and is secured with a locking tab.*

1. Remove Control Power from the OptiView Control Center.
2. Remove protective cover from rear of Display.
3. Disconnect Lamp AC power connector from Backlight Inverter Board.
4. Using fingernail or thin flat blade screwdriver, bend the locking tab outward slightly to clear the Lamp housing protrusion.
5. Grasp Lamp AC power connector and gently pull until Lamp housing clears locking tab.
6. Grasp Lamp housing and pull until Lamp housing is completely removed from the Display.

##### Installation:

1. Slide new Lamp into Display from left to right until Lamp housing protrusion locks into Display locking tab.
2. Connect Lamp AC power connector to Backlight Inverter Board.
3. Apply Control Power to OptiView Control Center.

#### SHARP LQ10D421 Display (refer to Fig. 30)

##### Removal:

*Both the top and bottom lamps slide into the Display from left to right and are secured with locking tabs.*

1. Remove Control power from the OptiView Control Center.
2. Remove protective cover from rear of display.
3. Disconnect lamp AC power connector from defective lamp.
4. Using a thin flat blade screwdriver, press in on the small black locking tab.
5. Grasp Lamp AC power connector and gently pull until Lamp clears locking tab.
6. Grasp Lamp housing and pull until Lamp housing is completely removed from the display.

##### Installation:

Follow instructions above for SHARP 367 Display.

**NEC NL6448AC33-24 Display (refer to Fig. 31)****Removal:**

Not available at this time.

**Installation:**

Not available at this time.

**LG Semicon LP104V2-W (031-02046-000) Display (refer to Fig. 29)****Removal:**

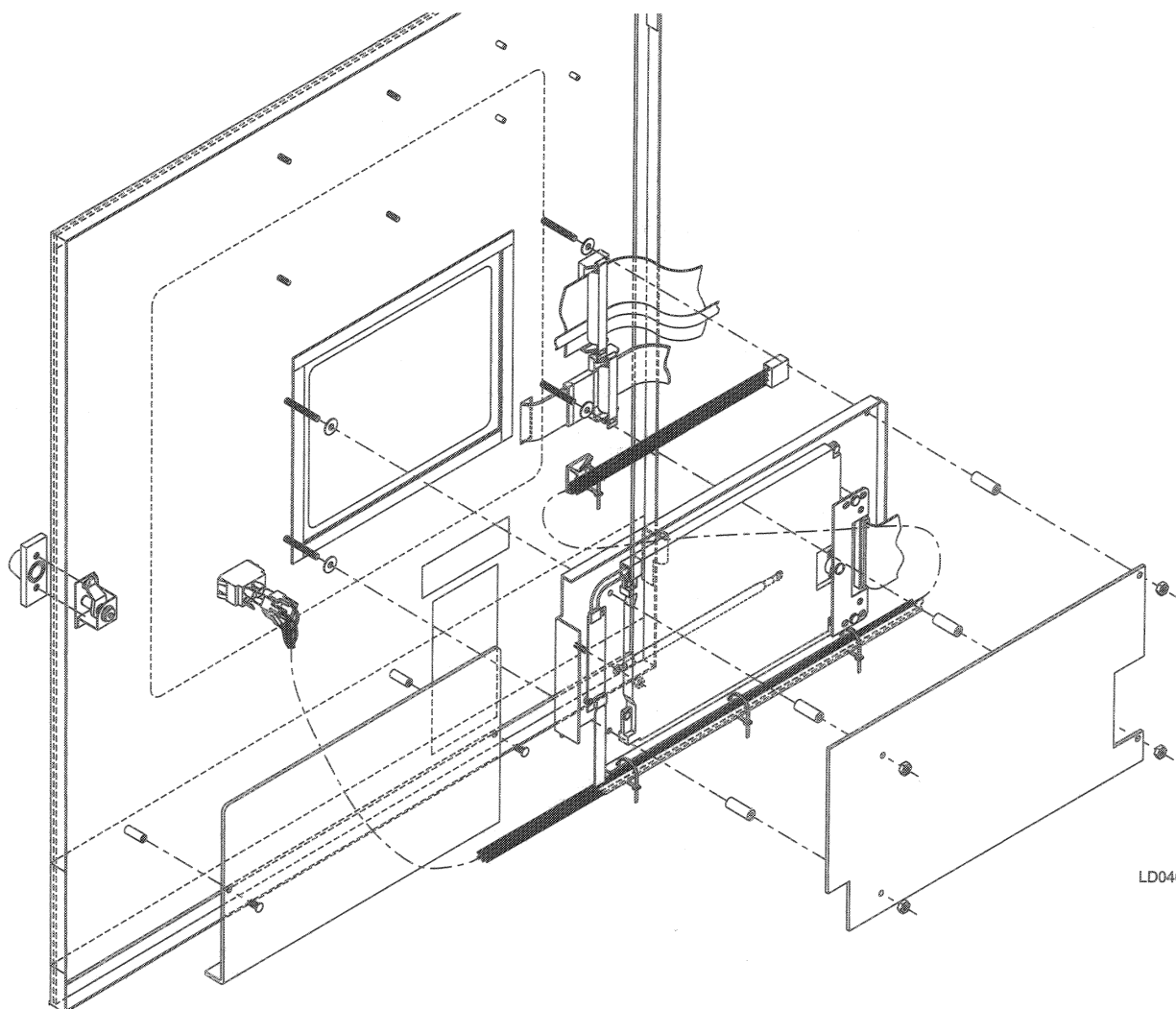
*The Lamp slides into the Display from left to right and is secured with a screw.*

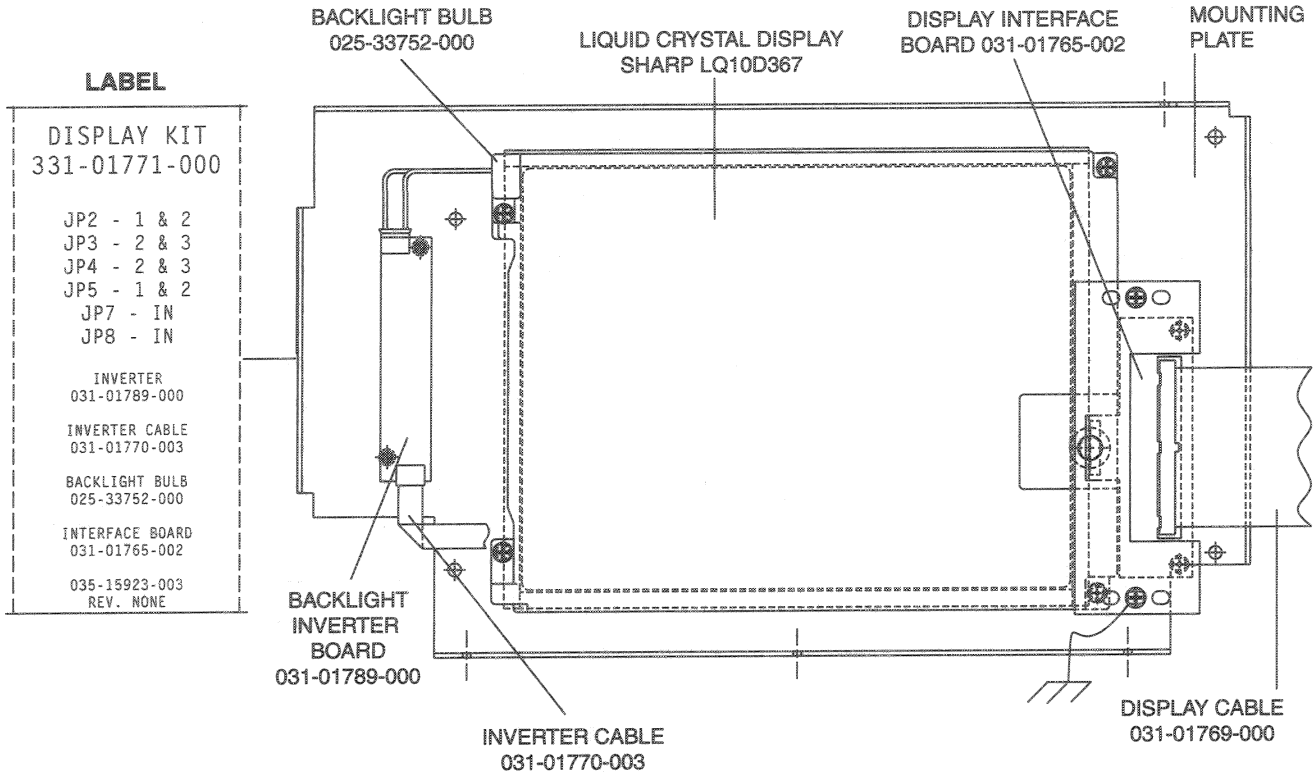
1. Remove Control Power from the OptiView Control Center.
2. Remove protective cover from rear of Display.

3. Disconnect Lamp AC power connector from Backlight Inverter Board.
4. Using small Phillips screwdriver, remove lamp retaining screw.
5. Grasp Lamp AC power connector and gently pull until Lamp housing is completely removed from the Display.

**Installation:**

1. Slide new Lamp into Display from left to right until Lamp housing is fully inserted.
2. Secure Lamp with Lamp retaining screw.
3. Connect Lamp AC power connector to Backlight Inverter Board.
4. Apply AC power to OptiView Control Center.

**FIG. 18 – DISPLAY, MOUNTING**

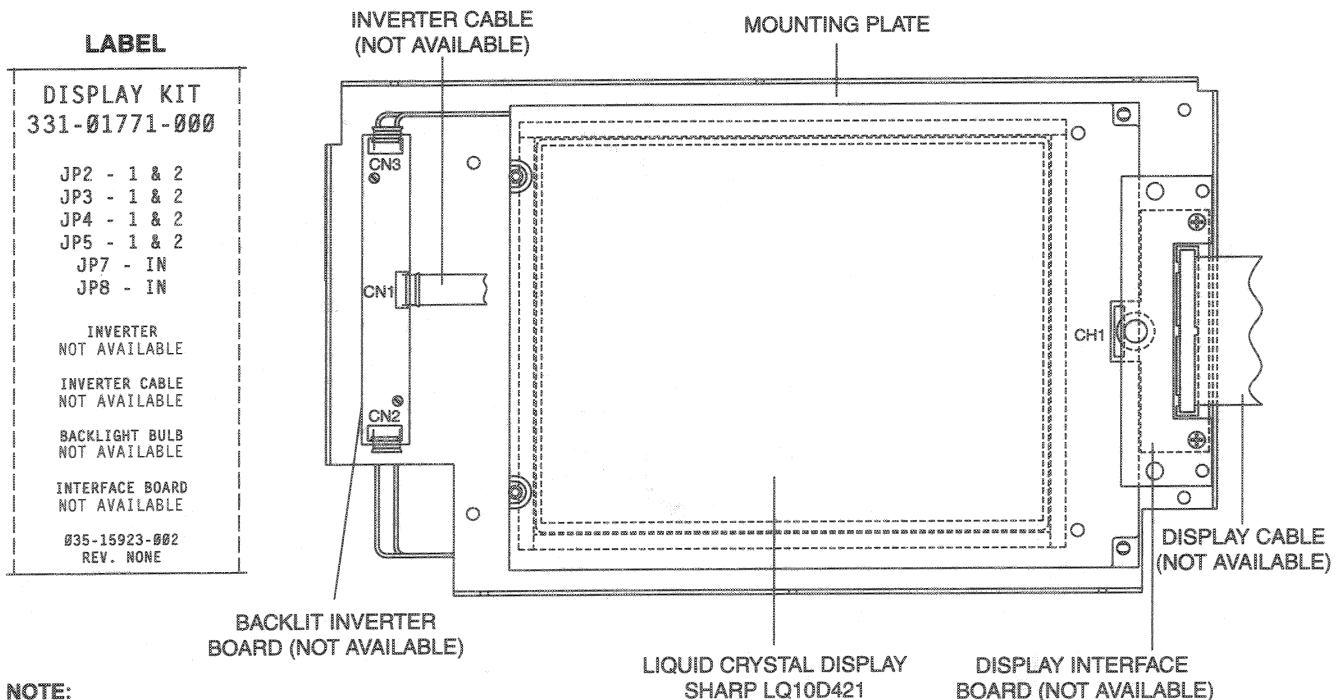


**NOTE:**

1. Configure Microboard Program Jumpers per label.

LD05526

**FIG. 19 – LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY ASSEMBLY – SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000) DISPLAY**

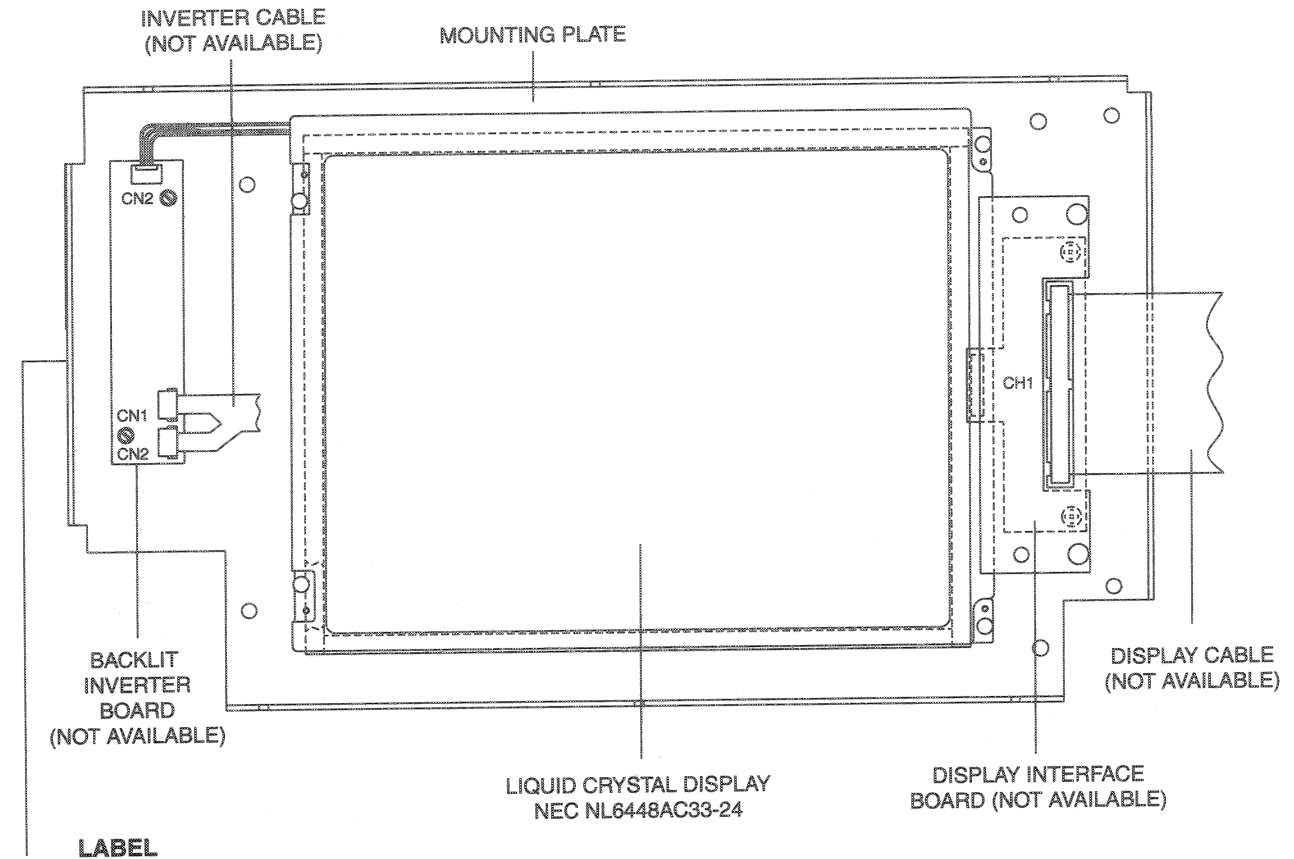


**NOTE:**

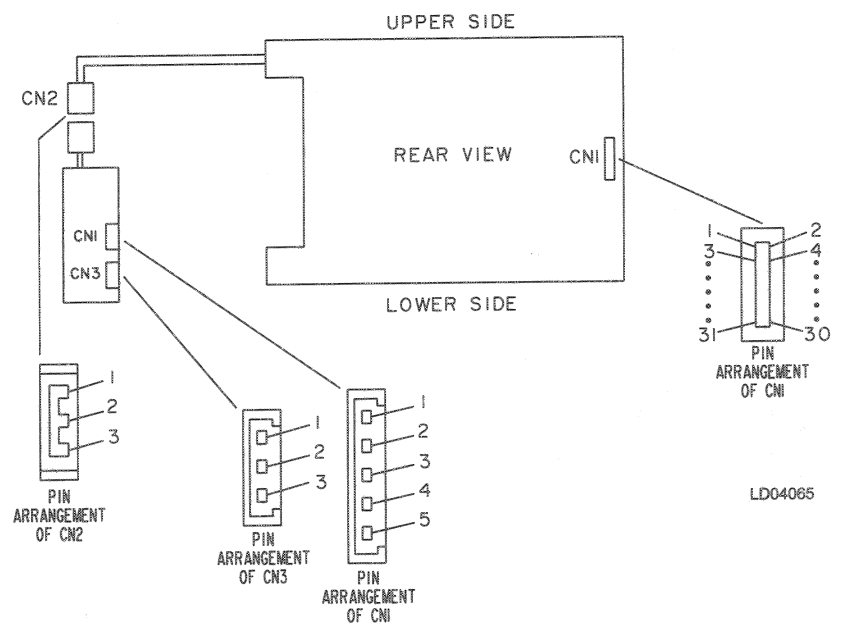
1. Configure Microboard Program Jumpers per label.

LD04064

**FIG. 20 – LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY ASSEMBLY – SHARP LQ10D421 DISPLAY**



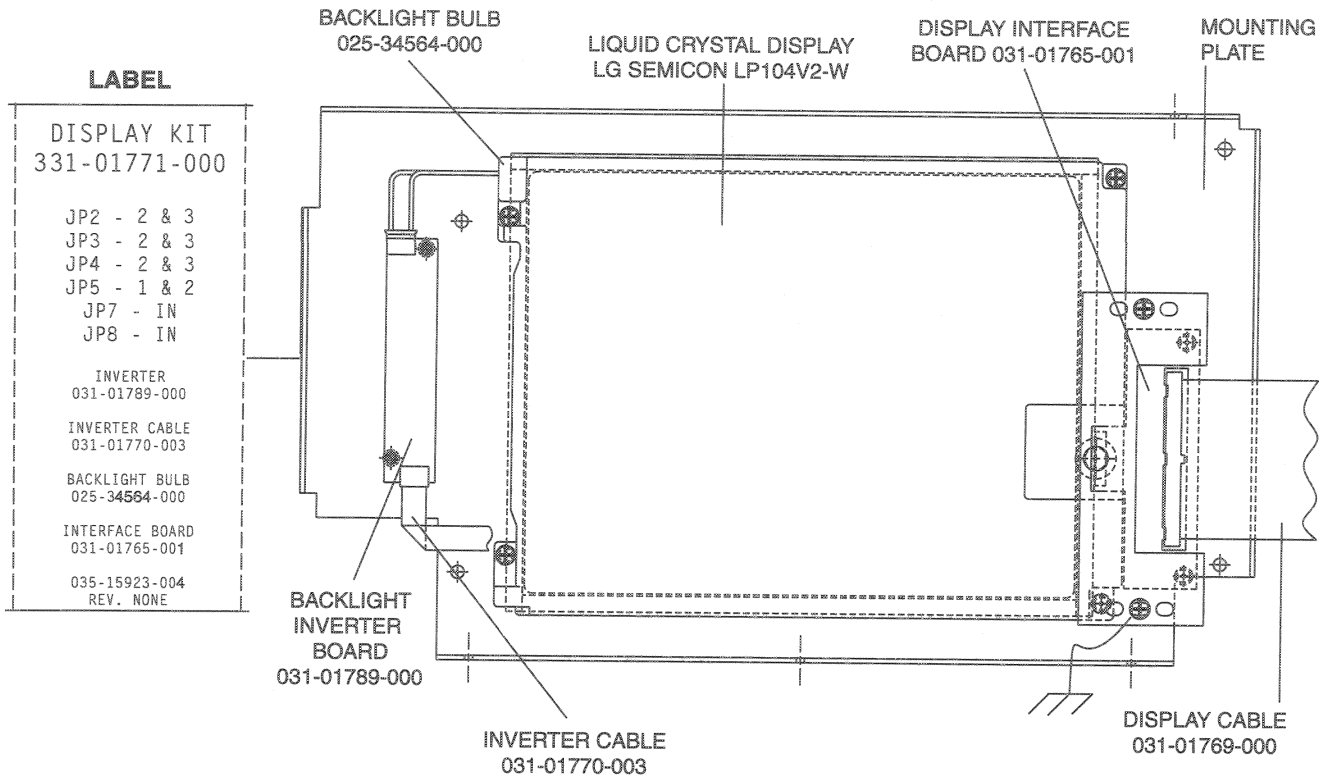
|                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| <b>DISPLAY KIT</b>               |  |
| <b>331-01771-000</b>             |  |
| JP2 - 2 & 3                      |  |
| JP3 - 2 & 3                      |  |
| JP4 - 2 & 3                      |  |
| JP5 - 1 & 2                      |  |
| JP7 - OUT                        |  |
| JP8 - OUT                        |  |
| INVERTER<br>NOT AVAILABLE        |  |
| INVERTER CABLE<br>NOT AVAILABLE  |  |
| BACKLIGHT BULB<br>NOT AVAILABLE  |  |
| INTERFACE BOARD<br>NOT AVAILABLE |  |
| 035-15923-001<br>REV. NONE       |  |



**NOTE:**  
1. Configure Microboard Program Jumpers per label.

**FIG. 21 – LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY ASSEMBLY – NEC NL6448AC33-24 DISPLAY**

5

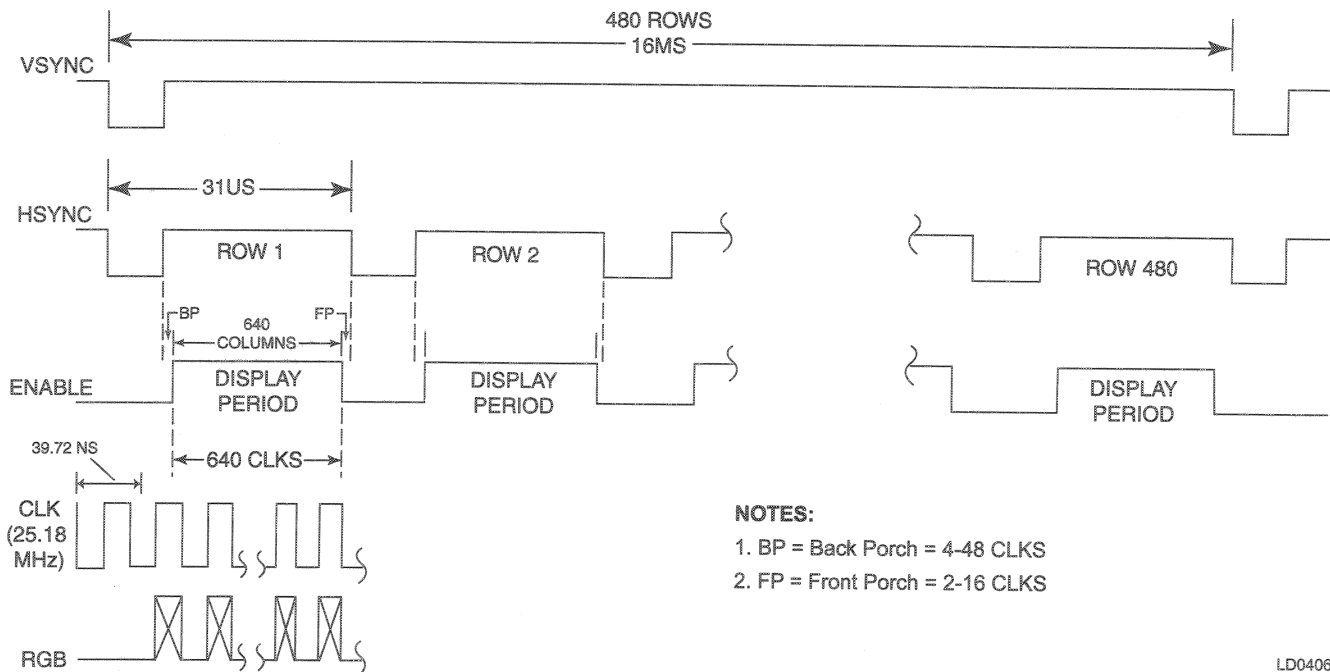


**NOTE:**

1. Configure Microboard Program Jumpers per label.

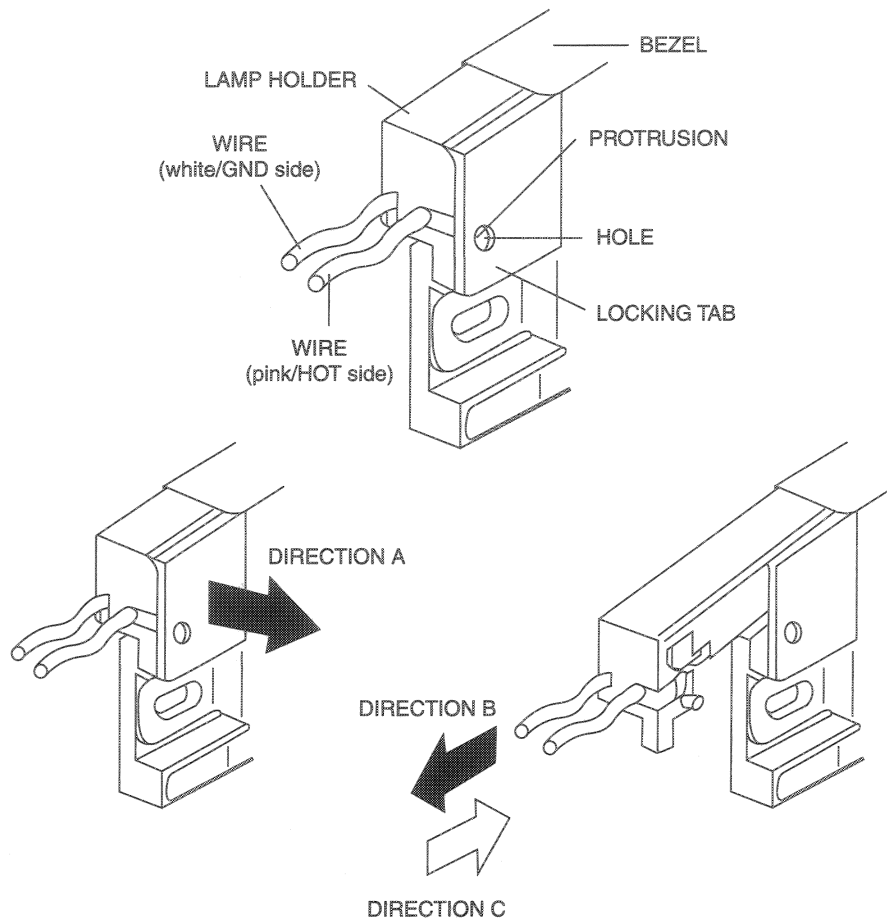
LD05525

**FIG. 22 – LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY ASSEMBLY - LG SEMICON LP104V2-W (031-02046-000)**



LD04066

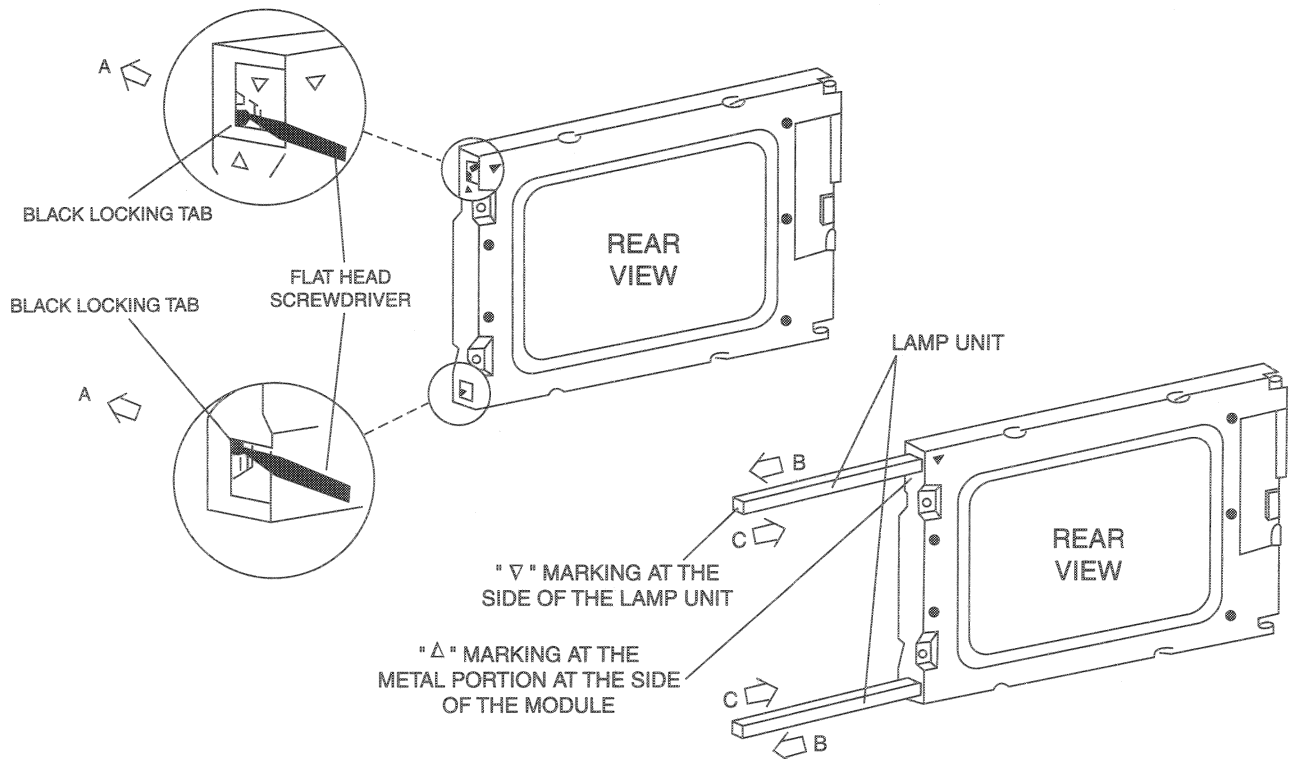
**FIG. 23 – LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY TYPICAL CONTROL SIGNAL TIMING**



LD04067

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**FIG. 24 – DISPLAY (SHARP LQ10D367/368) LAMP REPLACEMENT (031-02046-000)**



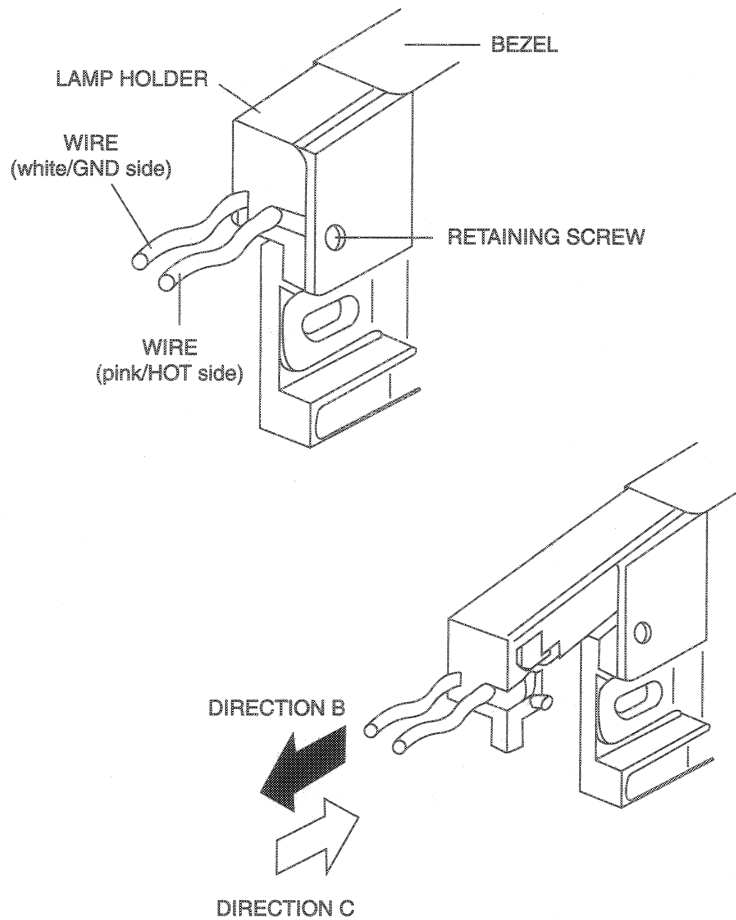
LD04068

**FIG. 25 – DISPLAY (SHARP LQ10D421) LAMP REPLACEMENT**

NOT AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME

LD04069

FIG. 26 – DISPLAY (NEC NL6448AC33-24) LAMP REPLACEMENT



LD05527

FIG. 27 – DISPLAY (LG SEMICON LP104V2-W (031-02046-000)) LAMP REPLACEMENT

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## SECTION 6 DISPLAY INTERFACE BOARD

(REFER TO FIG. 28)

The **Display Interface Board** is located on the **Liquid Crystal Display** mounting plate and is part of the Microboard interface to the Display. It permits the use of Displays by different manufacturers, by providing the Microboard with a means of automatically determining which Display is present.

Since different Display manufacturers require different timing and control signals, the Display Controller on the Microboard must be configured to meet the requirements of the actual Display installed. When AC power is applied to the OptiView Control Center, as part of the power-up sequence, the Microboard reads the four Panel ID wire jumpers, P1D0 through P1D3, on the **Display Interface Board** to determine which Display is present. The configuration of these jumpers indicates the actual Display that is installed on the OptiView Control Center door. The Display Controller on the Microboard is then configured appropriately.

On Sharp and NEC displays the configuration of wire jumpers P30 and P31 determines whether the Display scan orientation is **Normal** or **Reverse** (image reversal) scan. As described in the preceding "Display" section, Normal scan is left to right, beginning with the top row and continuing sequentially through the rows to the bottom row. Normal scan is used in OptiView Control Center applications. In Display applications other than OptiView Control Center applications, image reversal is sometimes required. In image reversal applications, the scan is reversed; the scan is right to left, beginning with the bottom row and proceeding to the top row. The jumper configurations determine the voltage level at Display Interface Board J1-30 (P30) and J1-31 (P31). If P30 is IN, the voltage at J1-30 is +5.0VDC or +3.3VDC (as determined by position of Microboard Program Jumper JP2); if OUT, 0VDC. If P31 is IN, the voltage at J1-31 is GND; if OUT, 0VDC. The Display reads these voltages and adopts a scan mode as follows:

### **SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000) & LQ10D421 Displays:**

SHARP displays require configuration of both jumpers to achieve total image reversal.

- P30 IN - Normal scan; left to right
- OUT - Reverse scan: right to left
- P31 IN - Normal scan; top to bottom
- OUT - Reverse scan; bottom to top

### **NEC NL6448AC33-24 Display:**

- P30 Not Used
- P31 IN or OUT - Normal scan; left to right, top to bottom

The wire jumpers on this board are not field configurable, as with typical Program Jumpers. There are two variations of the **Display Interface Board**. Each board has the wire jumpers configured appropriately for the display to which it is attached, as shown below. **Display Interface Boards** are available individually for service replacement. The YORK part number of the Display Interface Board compatible with the installed Display is listed on a label attached to the Display mounting plate. However, service replacement Displays are provided as a kit (331-01771-000) that includes, among other items, the appropriate **Display Interface Board** for the Display included in the kit. Refer to explanation in "Liquid Crystal Display" section.

### **031-01765-001:**

- Display applicability - LG Semicon LP104V2-W (031-02046-000) & NEC NL6448AC33-24
- Jumper configuration - PID0 - IN
- PID1 - OUT
- PID2 - OUT
- PID3 - OUT
- P30 - OUT
- P31 - OUT

### **031-01765-002:**

- Display applicability - SHARPLQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000) & LQ10D421
- Jumper configuration - PID0 - OUT
- PID1 - IN
- PID2 - OUT
- PID3 - OUT
- P30 - IN
- P31 - IN

The red, green and blue display drive and control signals are simply passed through the **Display Interface Board**. The value of VCC is either +5VDC or +3.3VDC, as determined by the position of Program Jumper JP2 on the Microboard. PID0 through PID3, when installed, connect their respective Microboard (J5) inputs to GND; when removed, the Microboard pulls these signals up to +5VDC. When P30 is installed, the Display input (CN1-30) is connected to VCC (+5VDC or +3.3VDC as determined by Microboard Program Jumper JP2). When P31 is installed, the Display input (CN1-31) is connected to GND.



## SECTION 7

### DISPLAY BACKLIGHT INVERTER BOARD

(REFER TO FIG. 29 - 31)

The **Display Backlight Inverter Board** generates a high voltage AC signal that is applied to the backlight lamp, causing it to illuminate. The magnitude of the signal determines the lamp brightness. Displays by some manufacturers have two lamps; one at the top and one at the bottom of the display. Other Display manufacturers have only a lamp at the top of the display.

An **Inverter** converts low level DC voltage (+12VDC or +5VDC, as required by the manufacturer) from the Microboard to a 500 to 1500VAC 60K Hz signal that is applied to the lamp. The higher the AC voltage, the greater the brightness of the lamp. When this voltage is not present, the lamp is turned off.



*High voltage, up to 1500VAC, is present at the output of the backlight inverter board. Refer to Figures 29 to 31 and locate the output connectors. Use extreme caution when working in this area!!!*

Different Display manufacturers require different Backlight Inverter Boards. The different board designs require different control voltage inputs. To accommodate these variations, Microboard Program Jumpers JP3 - JP5, JP7 and JP8 must be configured to provide the required voltage levels. A label attached to the Display mounting plate lists the required Program Jumper configuration for that particular display. Refer to Table 1 for required Program Jumper configurations for the various Display applications.

Under Program control, the Microboard generates the control signals that are applied to the Backlight Inverter Board. The Program determines when the lamp is turned on and off. It also adjusts the lamp brightness. To increase the average lamp life of 25000 hours, the lamp brightness is normally adjusted to 50%. This brightness level will still allow the display to be visible. When the Program senses a Keypad key has been pressed, it adjusts the brightness to 100% (maximum).

The lamp illumination high voltage AC is generated from either +12VDC or +5VDC as required by the manufacturer. Microboard Program Jumper JP5 must be positioned to provide the required voltage. The Microboard provides the **Backlight Enable** signal. This

signal turns the lamp on and off. Some manufacturers require this signal to be +12VDC, others require +5VDC. Program Jumper JP4 must be positioned to provide the required voltage. Further, some applications require this signal to be a +VDC (+12VDC or +5VDC) to turn on the lamp. Others require this signal to be 0VDC to turn on the lamp. Program Jumper JP3 must be positioned to provide the required polarity.

Depending upon the Display manufacturer, the brightness control input from the Microboard must be either a variable voltage or a variable resistance. Microboard Program Jumpers JP7 and JP8 are used to provide the appropriate technique (refer to Fig. 10). The lamp dimmer circuit on the Microboard is an IC that is the electrical equivalent of a 10K ohm potentiometer with 100 positions or steps. The Program adjusts the position of the potentiometer. When configured for variable voltage (JP7 & JP8 installed), the output between Microboard J6-7 and J6-8 is a 0 to +5.0VDC signal. Not all applications require the full 5.0VDC range. If configured for variable resistance (JP7 and JP8 removed), the output between Microboard J6-7 and J6-8 is a 0 to 10K ohm variable resistance.

The OptiView Control Center could be supplied with any of several approved Displays. Each Display requires a specific Backlight Inverter Board as specified below and in Figures 29 to 31. These boards are individually available as service replacement parts (the required Backlight Inverter Board part number is listed on the label attached to the Display mounting plate). However, service replacement Displays are provided in a kit (YORK P/N 331-01771-000) that includes the appropriate Backlight Inverter Board (refer to "Liquid Crystal Display" Section).

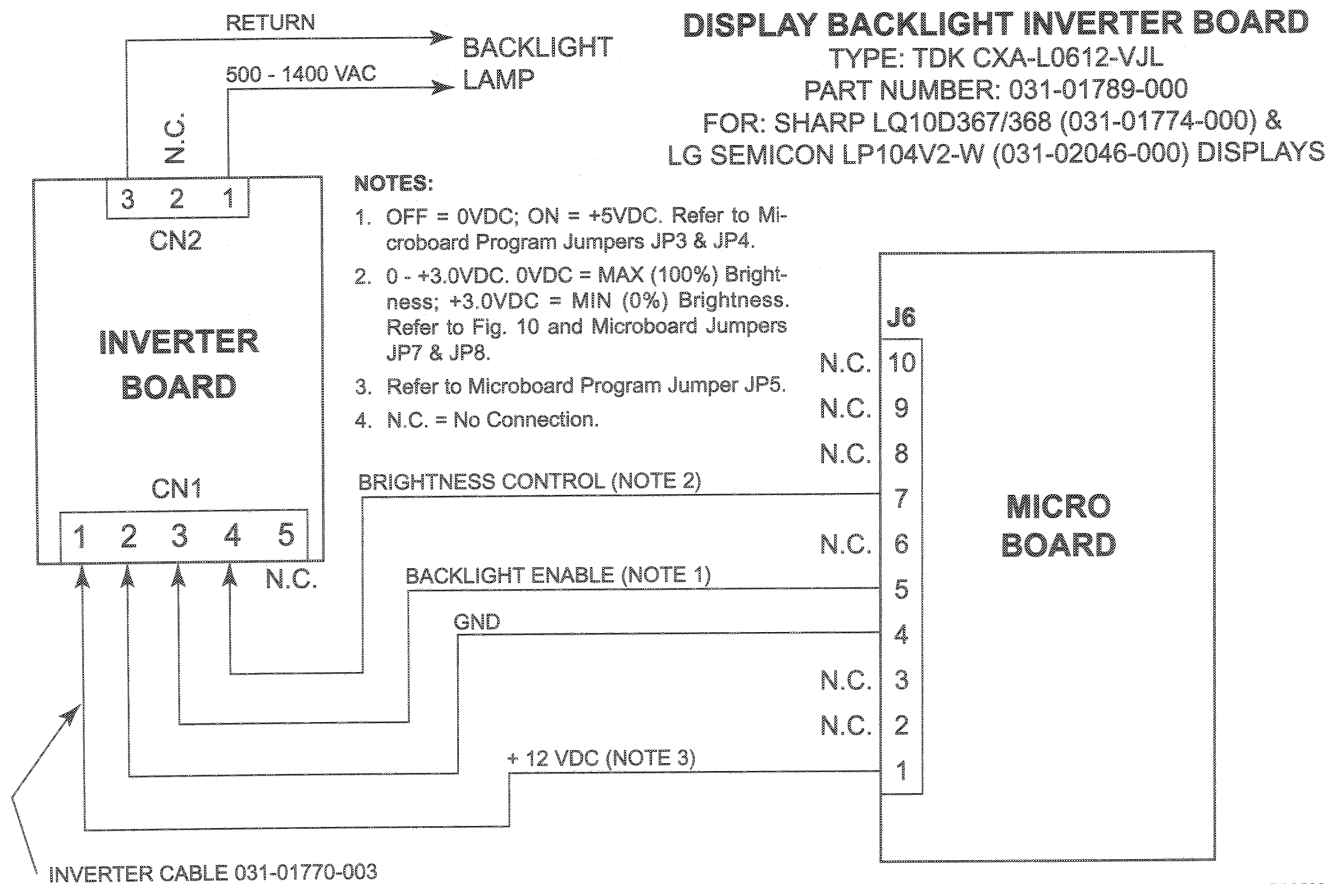
SHARP model LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000) AND LG Semicon LP104V2-W (031-02046-000) displays require a TDK CXA-LO612-VJL Backlight Inverter Board (YORK P/N 031-01789-000) (ref. Fig. 29). These boards generate a lamp illumination high voltage AC from +12VDC. When the Backlight Enable signal at connector CN1-3 is +5VDC, the high voltage signal is applied to the lamp. When CN1-3 is 0VDC, the high voltage signal is removed from the lamp, turning it off. The lamp brightness is controlled by a variable voltage signal, developed by the lamp dimmer circuit (ref. Fig.

10) on the Microboard and applied to connector CN1-4. The lamp dimmer circuit varies the voltage at CN1-4 over the range of 0 to +3.0VDC. 0VDC produces maximum (100%) brightness; +3.0VDC produces minimum (0%) brightness. Voltages between these values produce a linear brightness 0 and 100%. Connector CN2 applies the high voltage lamp illumination signal to the lamp.

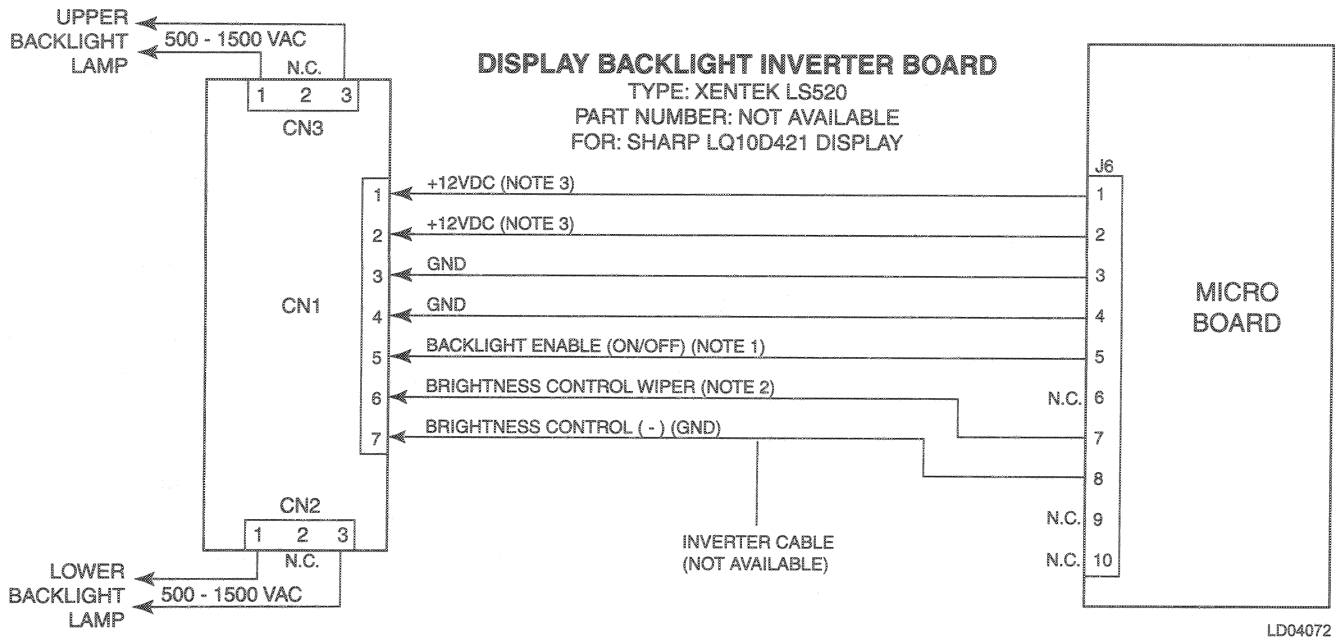
SHARP model LQ10D421 displays require a XENTEK LS520 Backlight Inverter Board (YORK P/N XXX-XXXXX-XXX) (refer to Fig. 30). These boards generate the lamp illumination high voltage AC from +12VDC. When the "Backlight Enable" signal at connector CN1-5 is 0VDC, the high voltage signal is applied to the lamp, turning it on. When CN1-5 is +12VDC, the high voltage signal is removed from the lamp, turning it off. The lamp brightness is controlled by a variable voltage signal, developed by the lamp dimmer circuit (ref. Fig.10) on the Microboard and applied to connector CN1-6 and CN1-7. The Microboard places CN1-7 at ground (GND) potential. The lamp dimmer varies the voltage at CN1-6 over the range of 0 to +2.5VDC. 0VDC produces maximum (100%) lamp brightness; 2.5VDC produces minimum (0%) brightness. Voltages between

these values produce a linear brightness between 0 and 100%. This display has a lamp at the top of the display and one at the bottom of the display. Connector CN2 applies the high voltage lamp illumination signal to the lower lamp; CN3 the upper lamp.

NEC model NL6448AC33-24 displays require an NEC 104PWBR1 Backlight Inverter Board (YORK P/N XXX-XXXXX-XXX) (refer to Fig. 31). These boards generate the lamp illumination high voltage AC from +12VDC. When the **Backlight Enable** signal at connector CN3-1 is +5VDC, the high voltage signal is applied to the lamp, turning it on. When CN3-1 is 0VDC, the high voltage signal is removed from the lamp, turning it off. The lamp brightness is controlled by a variable resistance, developed by the lamp dimmer circuit (ref. Fig. 10) on the Microboard and applied to connector CN3-2 and CN3-3. The lamp dimmer varies the resistance between CN3-2 and CN3-3 over the range of 0 to 10K Ohms. 0 Ohms produces minimum (0%) brightness; 10K Ohms produces maximum (100%) brightness. Resistances between these extremes produce linear brightness between 0% and 100%. Connector CN2 applies the high voltage lamp illumination signal.



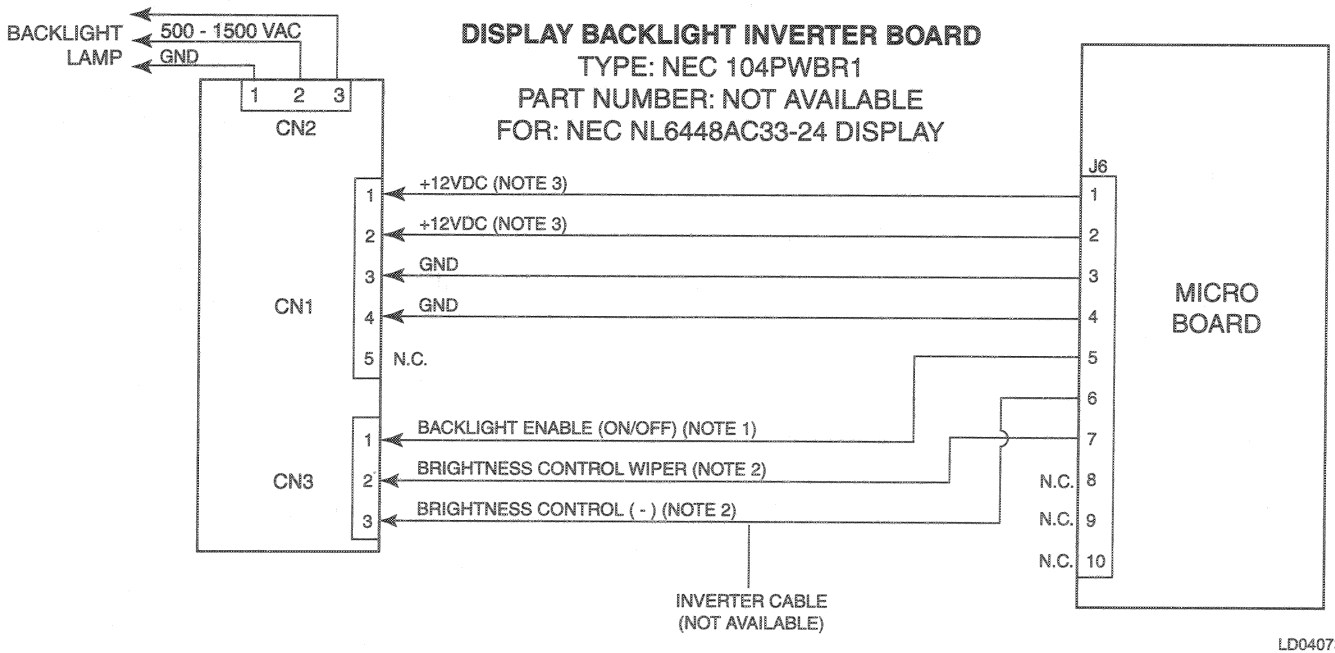
**FIG. 29 – DISPLAY BACKLIGHT INVERTER BOARD (SHARP LQ10D367/368 (031-01774-000) & LG SEMICON LP104V2-W (031-02046-000))**



**NOTES:**

1. ON = 0VDC; OFF = +12VDC. Refer to Microboard Program Jumpers JP3 & JP4.
2. 0 - +2.5VDC. 0VDC = MAX (100%) Brightness; +2.5VDC = MIN (0%) Brightness. Refer to Fig. 10 and Microboard Program Jumpers JP7 & JP8.
3. Refer to Microboard Program Jumper JP5.
4. N.C. = No Connection.

**FIG. 30 – DISPLAY BACKLIGHT INVERTER BOARD (SHARP LQ10D421)**



**NOTES:**

1. ON = +5VDC; OFF = 0VDC. Refer to Microboard Program Jumpers JP3 & JP4.
2. 0 - 10K Ohms. 0 Ohms = MIN (0%) Brightness; 10K Ohms = MAX (100%) Brightness. Refer to Fig. 10 and Microboard Program Jumpers JP7 & JP8.
3. Refer to Microboard Program Jumper JP5.
4. N.C. = No Connection.

**FIG. 31 – DISPLAY BACKLIGHT INVERTER BOARD (NEC NL6448AC33-24)**

## SECTION 8 KEYPAD

(REFER TO FIGURES 32 & 33)

The **Keypad** contains touch-sensitive keys that allow the Operator to interface with the OptiView Control Center. The Operator presses the keys to request the desired screens of information and enter System Setpoints.

The top layer of the Keypad contains embossed areas identifying the keys. Under each embossed key area are two conductors, one on top of the other, separated by an air space. The conductors are arranged in a matrix of rows and columns and connected to the Keypad connector as shown in Fig. 32. The embossed area of each key is located directly over the intersection point of the conductors. Pressing the embossed key area causes contact and electrical continuity between the two conductors. For example, pressing the “1” key creates continuity between the Keypad connector pin 5 (column 3) and pin 13 (row 4). Since this connector is interfaced to the Microboard (J18), the Microboard senses this continuity as described below and concludes the “1” key is pressed.

The Microboard Program continuously scans the Keypad to determine if a key is pressed. Beginning with row 1 and proceeding through all rows, the Program places a “logic low” (<1VDC) on a row, a “logic high” (>4VDC) on the remaining rows and reads the columns. A logic low in any column indicates a key in that column and row is pressed. For example, if at the time row 4

is being driven low, if column 3 is low, then the Micro concludes the key at coordinate of row 4 and column 3 is pressed. Since the coordinates of all keys are stored in the Microboard’s Program, it can identify which key is at this coordinate and responds accordingly. In this example the “1” key is pressed.

In order for the Microboard to reliably detect closed and open keys, each key must meet a closed circuit and open circuit resistance requirement. When a key is pressed, the contact resistance must be  $\leq 100$  Ohms. When a key is not pressed, the contact resistance must be  $\geq 1$  Meg Ohm. If the Microboard is not responding to a pressed key, or if it’s detecting a closed key when none are pressed, it could be because the contact resistance requirements are not being met. The operation of each key can be checked with an Ohmmeter. To check the open and closed contact resistance of any key, refer to the “Diagnostics and Troubleshooting” Section 23 of this book.

The Keypad is attached to the front of the OptiView Control Center door with an adhesive backing. If service replacement is required, start at one corner and slowly peel the Keypad from the door. The rear side of the replacement Keypad is coated with an adhesive covered with a paper backing. Remove the paper backing, align the Display and rocker switch openings and apply the Keypad to the door.

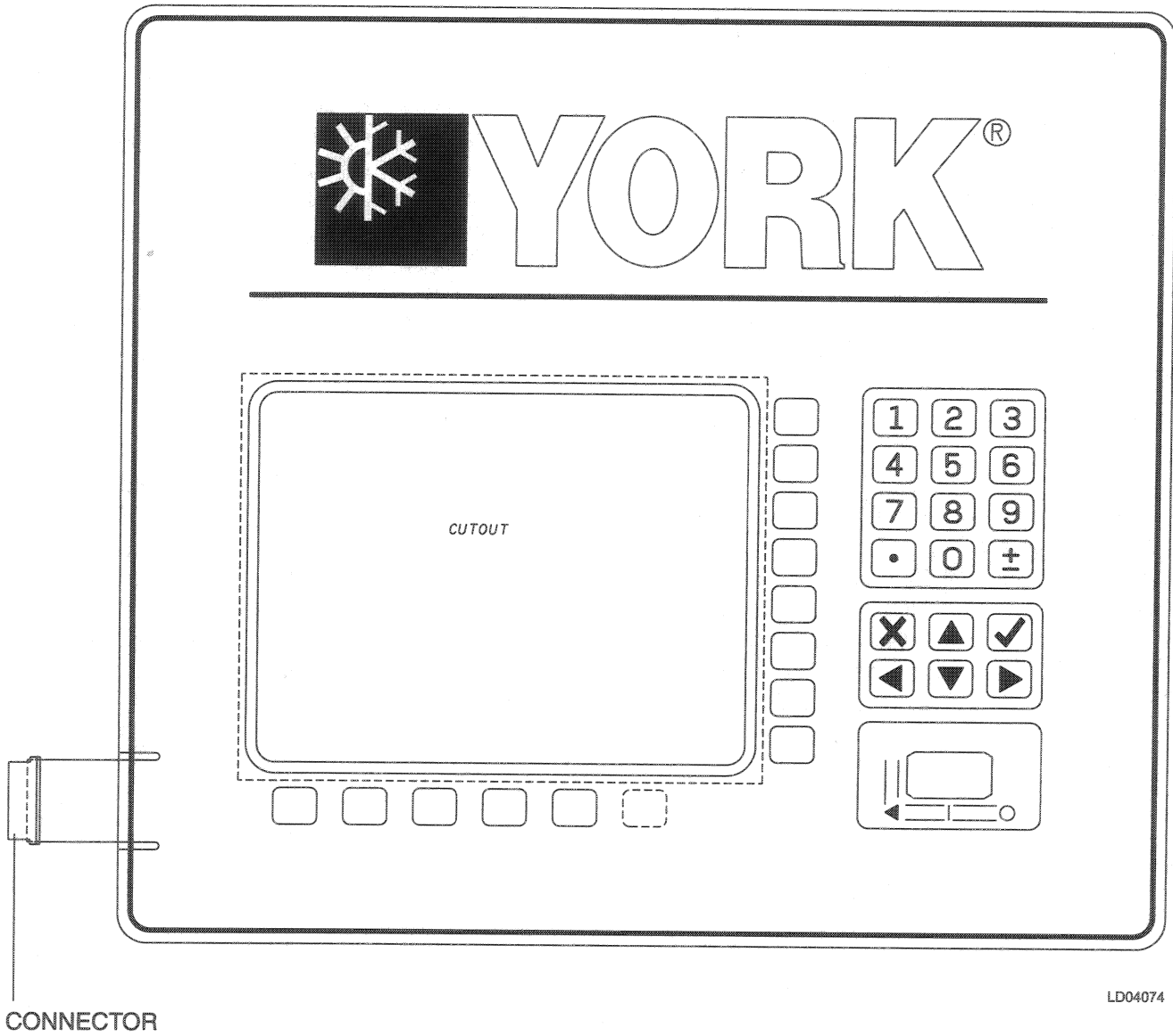
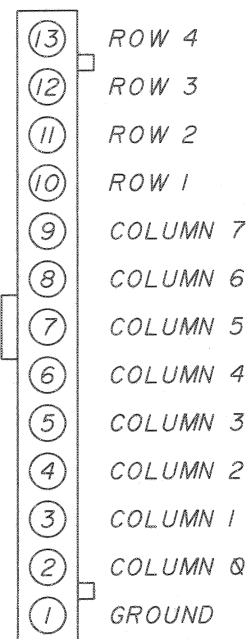
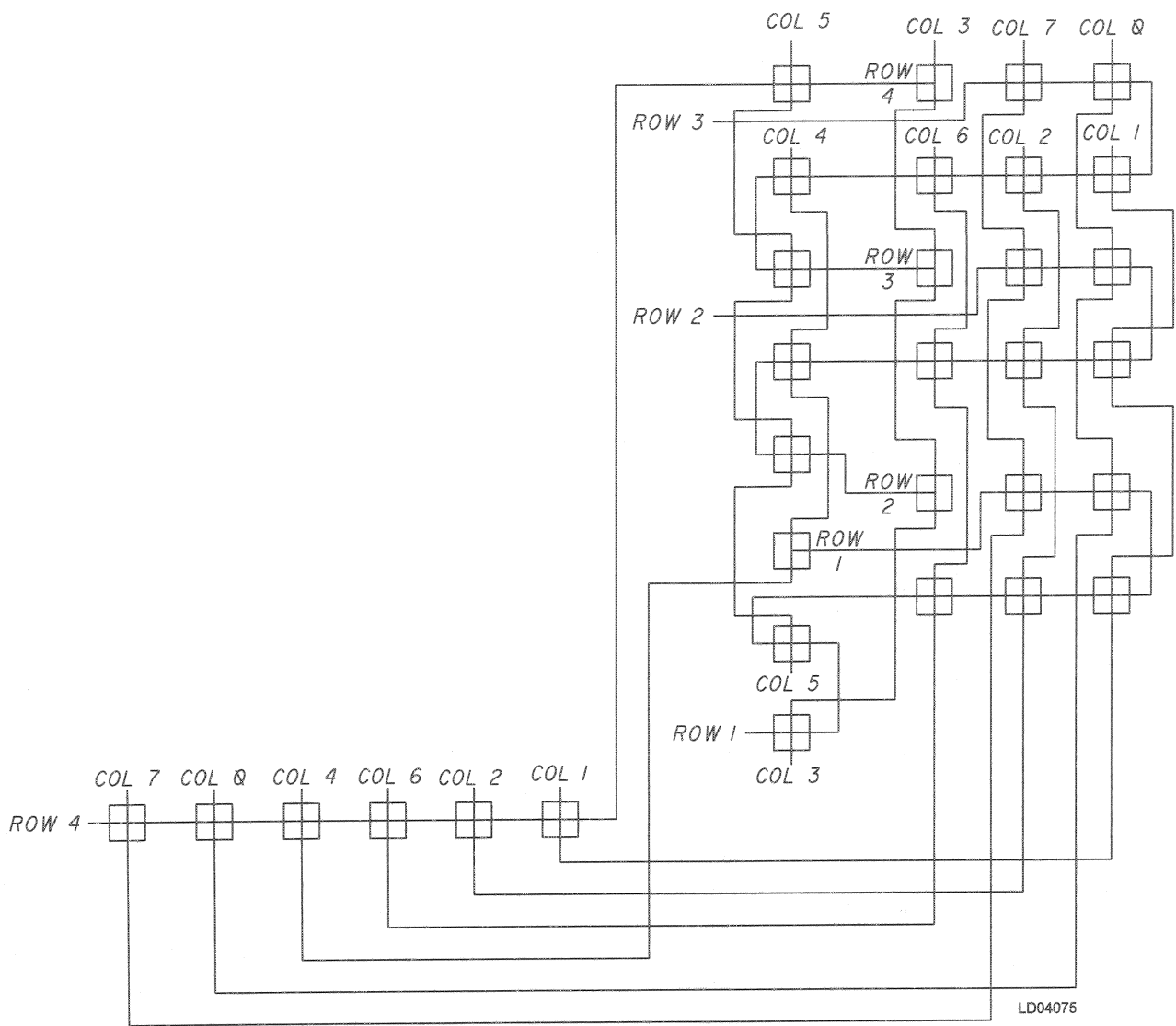


FIG. 32 – KEYPAD



CONNECTOR PIN OUT

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FIG. 33 - KEYPAD

## SECTION 9 POWER SUPPLY (REFER TO FIG 34 & 35)

The Power Supply provides the DC power for the LCD Display and all the printed circuit boards in the OptiView Control Center. It receives a 102 to 132VAC input from an external power source and provides the following DC outputs:

- -12VDC
- +12VDC
- +5VDC
- +24VDC
- Ground

The +24VDC output provides power to the CM-2 Board (Electro-Mechanical starter applications), Solid State Starter Logic Board (Mod "A" Solid State Starter), Solid State Starter Logic/Trigger Board (Mod "B" Solid State Starter) or Adaptive Capacity Control (ACC) (Variable Speed Drive applications). If the Chiller is equipped with Proximity Probe Part number 025-30961-000 or 025-35900-000, the Probe is also powered by this +24VDC.

The -12VDC, +12VDC, Gnd and +5VDC outputs are applied to the Microboard. There, these voltages are applied to the circuits requiring the respective voltage. From the Microboard, the +12VDC and +5VDC are distributed to other system components requiring these voltages. These include the MicroGateway, Proximity Probe (025-xxxx-000 only), I/O Board, VSD Oil Pump, LCD Display and Display Backlight Inverter Board. The Condor Power supply allows adjustment of the +5Vdc output. To account for losses in wiring and connections and assure sufficient voltage level at the microboard input, the "V Adj" (R51) potentiometer is adjusted to achieve +5.1Vdc at the input to the Microboard J1-1.

As shown in fig 9 (031-01730-000 microboard) and fig 9A (031-01730-000 microboard), the Microboard contains two voltage regulators that create separate +5VDC and +3.3VDC supplies. The +5VDC supply is dedicated to all the Microboard Analog circuits and is labeled as the +5VDC (Analog) supply. It is also routed to all Pressure Transducers, Temperature Thermistors, Proximity Probe and Motor controller Board (CM-2, Mod "A" Solid State Starter Logic Board or VSD ACC Board). This permits all Analog circuits to be powered by the same supply,

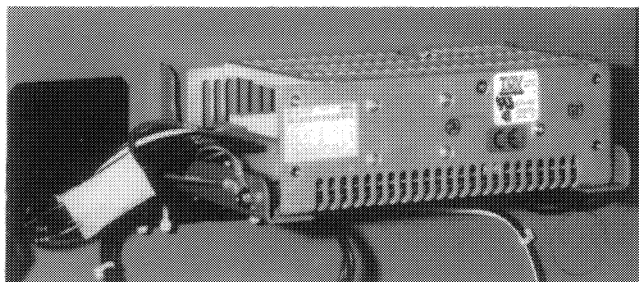


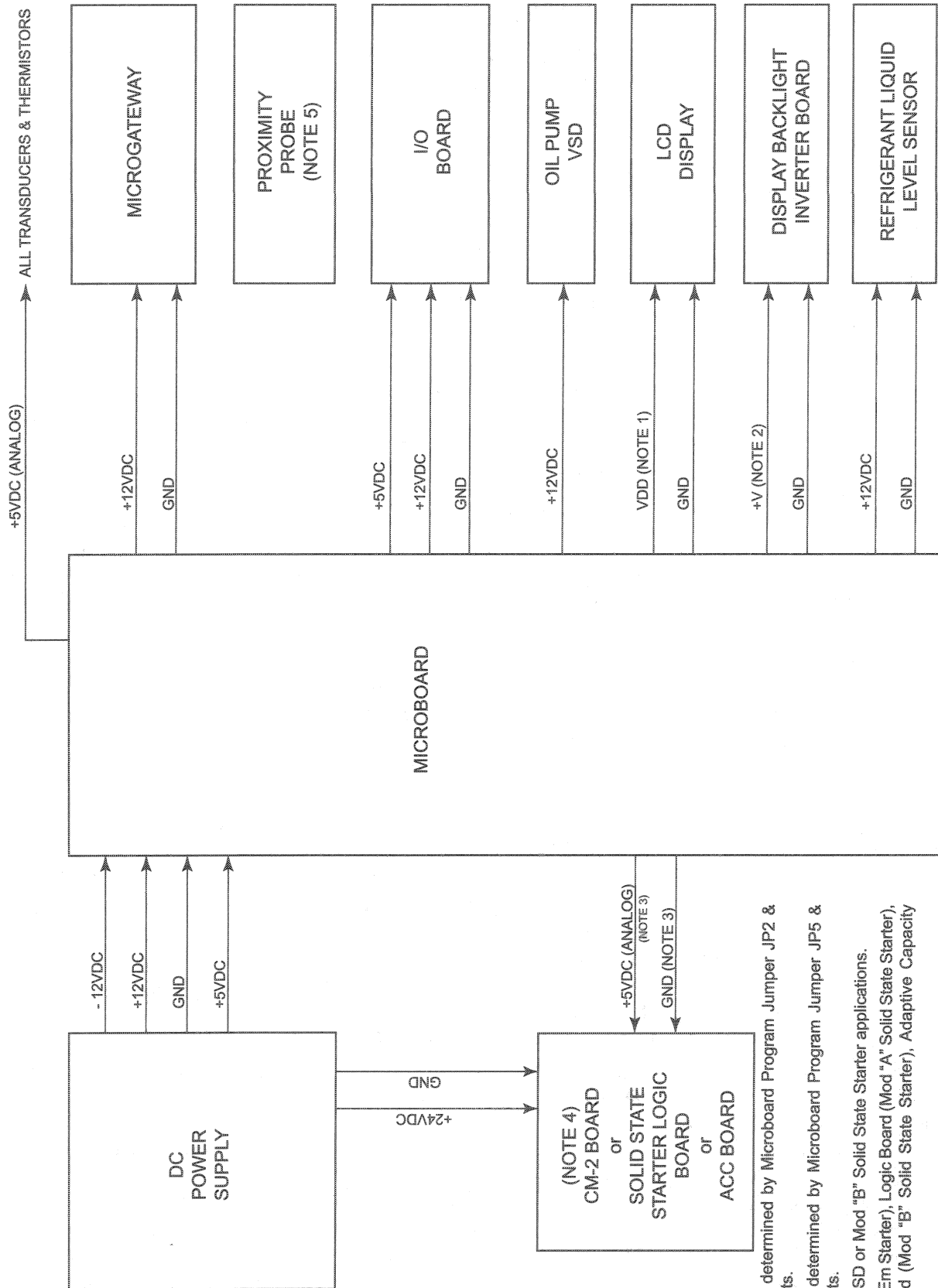
FIG. 34 – POWER SUPPLY

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eliminating any offsets caused by voltage regulator drift. Microboard 031-02430-000 has an additional voltage regulator that provides a 2.5Vdc power source. The +3.3VDC supply is utilized by the Microprocessor, Flash Memory Card and other digital circuits. It could also be applied to the Backlight Inverter Board, depending on the Display manufacturer's requirements as explained below.

Different Display manufacturers can require different supply voltages for their display and supporting circuits. To accommodate the different Display manufacturer's voltage requirements, Microboard Program Jumpers JP2 and JP5 must be positioned to provide the required supply voltages to the Display and the Display Backlight Inverter Board. Either +5VDC or +3.3VDC, as determined by JP2, is applied to the Display. Either +12VDC or +5VDC, as determined by JP5, is applied to the Display Backlight Inverter Board. Refer to Table 1 "Microboard Program Jumpers".

The chiller could be equipped with either of two Proximity Probes. The power supply requirements are different for these Probes. All Probes operate from a +5VDC power source. Probe 025-30961-000 and Probe 025-35900-000 require a +24VDC source that is tapped off of the supply to the CM-2 Current Module (Electro-Mechanical Starter applications), Solid State Starter Logic Board (Solid State Starter applications) or ACC Board (VSD applications) as shown in the Proximity Probe Section of this book.



**NOTES:**

1. +5 or +3.3VDC as determined by Microboard Program Jumper JP2 & display requirements.
2. +12 or +5VDC as determined by Microboard Program Jumper JP5 & display requirements.
3. Not Applicable to VSD or Mod "B" Solid State Starter applications.
4. Applications - CM2 (Em Starter), Logic Board (Mod "A" Solid State Starter), Logic/Trigger Board (Mod "B" Solid State Starter), Adaptive Capacity Control (VSD).
5. Refer to Fig. 45, 46 & 47 for Proximity Probe Power Connections. (Not applicable to "P" compressors and style F and later chillers with "G, Q" and "H5-8" compressors)

LD06509

**FIG. 35 – POWER SUPPLY – DC POWER DISTRIBUTION (REFER TO OPTIVIEW CONTROL CENTER WIRING DIAGRAM FOR WIRE CONNECTIONS)**



## SECTION 10

### CURRENT MODULE (CM-2)

(REFER TO FIG 36 - 38)

On applications where the Compressor Motor is controlled by an Electro-Mechanical Starter, the OptiView Control Center is equipped with a **Current Module**. The Current Module provides compressor motor **Overload** and **Power Fault** protection. The Current Module also provides an analog voltage representing the compressor motor current to the Microboard for display and **Current Limit** control. While the chiller is running, the Microboard controls the Pre-rotation Vane (PRV) position to limit the motor current to the system 100% Full Load Amp (FLA) value.

The contacts of Current Module K1 relay (identified as "CM" contacts on the OptiView Control Center wiring diagram) are interfaced into the Motor Controller initiated shutdown circuit that is located between OptiView Control Center TB6-53 and I/O Board TB1-16 (ref. Fig 17 and 37). They are also connected as a digital input to I/O Board J2-1. Relay K1 is normally energized, maintaining its contacts in a closed position. Whenever the Current Module initiates a chiller shutdown, it de-energizes K1, opening its contacts. This interrupts the circuit to I/O Expansion Board RUN relay coil 1R (K18), de-energizing it and causing the Starter to shutdown. Simultaneously, the Microboard reads the opening of these contacts via I/O Board J2-1, initiates a **SYSTEM COASTDOWN** and displays the appropriate message as described below.

Three **Current Transformers** in the Compressor Motor Terminal Box (ref Fig. 38) provide 3 phase motor current signals to the **Diode Bridge (DB)**. The required turns ratio of the Current Transformers is determined by the system 100% FLA. The Diode Bridge rectifies and combines the three signals into one DC signal that is applied to the parallel **Variable Resistors (RES)**. These are Factory adjusted (field adjusted on service replacements) to provide a nominal 1.0VDC (0.15 to 1.10VDC) signal to the Current Module at J1-1 and J1-2 when the compressor motor current is at 100% FLA. Fig. 38 contains a formula to calculate the resistance of RES required to achieve 1.0VDC at 100%FLA. The 100% FLA value is located on a label adhered to the inside of the OptiView Control Center door.

The motor current signal input at J1-1 & J1-2 is applied to potentiometer R8. This is Factory adjusted (field adjusted on service replacements) to illuminate the 105% CURR indicator (CR6) when the compressor motor current reaches 105% FLA. This calibrated voltage is applied to the **Power Fault** detector, **Overload** detectors and Multiplexer (MUX).

The **Power Fault** circuit protects the compressor motor and driveline from transient torque damage. It anticipates the transient torque condition by detecting a momentary interruption in motor current and de-energizing the starter before damage can occur. If the chiller has been running for >75 seconds and the motor current decreases to  $\leq 10\%$  FLA, a **Power Fault** shutdown is initiated. The **Power Fault** indicator (CR5) is illuminated and remains illuminated until manually reset with **RESET** switch S2. Relay K1 is de-energized for 1 second and then returned to the energized state. Relay K1 contacts (CM) open for 1 second and then return to the closed state. A **SYSTEM COASTDOWN** is initiated and **POWER FAULT** is displayed on the Display. The chiller will automatically restart upon completion of **SYSTEM COASTDOWN**.

If the motor current remains continuously at  $\geq 105\%$  FLA for 50 seconds (Nominal), an **OVERLOAD** shutdown is initiated. The **Overload** indicator (CR4) is illuminated and remains illuminated until manually reset with **RESET** switch S2. Relay K1 is de-energized, opening K1 contacts (CM). Relay K1 remains de-energized until manually reset with **RESET** switch S2. A **SYSTEM COASTDOWN** is initiated and **MOTOR CONTROLLER-CONTACTS OPEN** is displayed. The chiller cannot be started until **RESET** switch S2 is manually pressed.

If the motor current remains continuously at 245% FLA for 40 seconds, 290% FLA for 20 seconds or 360% FLA for 10 seconds, an **OVERLOAD** shutdown is initiated. Relay K1 and **Overload** indicator CR4 operate as described immediately above. A **SYSTEM COASTDOWN** is initiated and **MOTOR CONTROLLER - CONTACTS OPEN** is displayed.

The chiller cannot be restarted until **RESET** switch is manually pressed. **LRA/FLA** Potentiometer R16 is factory adjusted (field adjusted on service replacements) to the ratio of Locked Rotor Amps to Full Load Amps. The correct setting is determined by dividing the LRA by the FLA. If Switch S1 is in the “Y-Delta/57%” position, there is no 245% FLA threshold. Switch S1 must be positioned according to the type of Electro-Mechanical starter present; **UP** for Y-delta or 57% Autotransformer starters, **DOWN** for all other starters.

The Multiplexer (MUX) is an electronic switch with 8 inputs and 1 output. The address applied to it determines the position of the switch (i.e., which input is routed to the output). The inputs to channel 0 through 6 are grounded (0VDC). The input to channel 7 is a 0 to 4.0VDC analog signal, representing motor current over the range of 0 to 100% FLA. It is Factory calibrated by Potentiometer R34 to be 4.0VDC when the compressor motor current is at 100% FLA. Under Program control, the Microboard commands the MUX to route the inputs to the MUX output by applying 3-bit Binary addresses to the MUX address inputs at J5-1,2,3. The voltage level for a logic 1 is +12VDC and logic 0 is 0VDC. The Microboard reads the MUX outputs at J5-6. It first addresses channel 0 to determine the type of starter applied. The 0VDC at channel 0 indicates to the Microboard that this is an Electro-Mechanical Starter application (In all starter applications, the Micro reads channel 0 to determine the type starter applied; 0VDC = EM starter, >0VDC=Solid State Starter). It then addresses channel 7 (ignoring channels 1 through 6) to read the analog motor current voltage. The Microboard interprets this analog value in terms of %FLA and displays it upon operator keypad request. It also uses this value to invoke compressor motor **Current Limit** at 100% FLA and 104% FLA. When motor current rises to 100% FLA, the Microboard prevents any further current rise by inhibiting further Pre-rotation Vanes (PRV) opening until it

decreases to 98% FLA. If the motor current continues to rise to 104% FLA, the Microboard applies a close signal to the PRV until the motor current decreases to 102% FLA. While **Current Limit** is in effect, **MOTOR - HIGH CURRENT LIMIT** is displayed.

As detailed in the “System Calibration” section of this book, to field calibrate Potentiometer R8, the PRV must be manually operated to achieve 105% FLA compressor motor current. Therefore, during this procedure, **Current Limit** is not invoked until 107% FLA and 110% FLA. The first time the **PRV OPEN** key is pressed on the **COMPRESSOR** Screen after logging in at **SERVICE** access level, a 10 minute window is opened, allowing the current to rise to 107% FLA before further PRV opening is inhibited. This inhibit is released when the current decreases to 106% FLA. If the current continues to rise to 110%, manual control is overridden and a close signal is applied to the PRV until the current decreases to 109% FLA. After 10 minutes, the normal current limit thresholds of 100% FLA and 104% FLA are applied.

The MUX address inputs along with respective outputs are as follows:

| BINARY |      |      | DECIMAL | OUTPUT   |
|--------|------|------|---------|--|
| J5-1   | J5-2 | J5-3 |         |  |
| 0      | 0    | 0    | 0       | Ground   |
| 0      | 0    | 1    | 1       | Ground   |
| 0      | 1    | 0    | 2       | Ground   |
| 0      | 1    | 1    | 3       | Ground   |
| 1      | 0    | 0    | 4       | Ground   |
| 1      | 0    | 1    | 5       | Ground   |
| 1      | 1    | 0    | 6       | Ground   |
| 1      | 1    | 1    | 7       | 0-5.0VDC motor current analog signal calibrated on CM-2 board to be +4.0VDC at 100% FLA. |

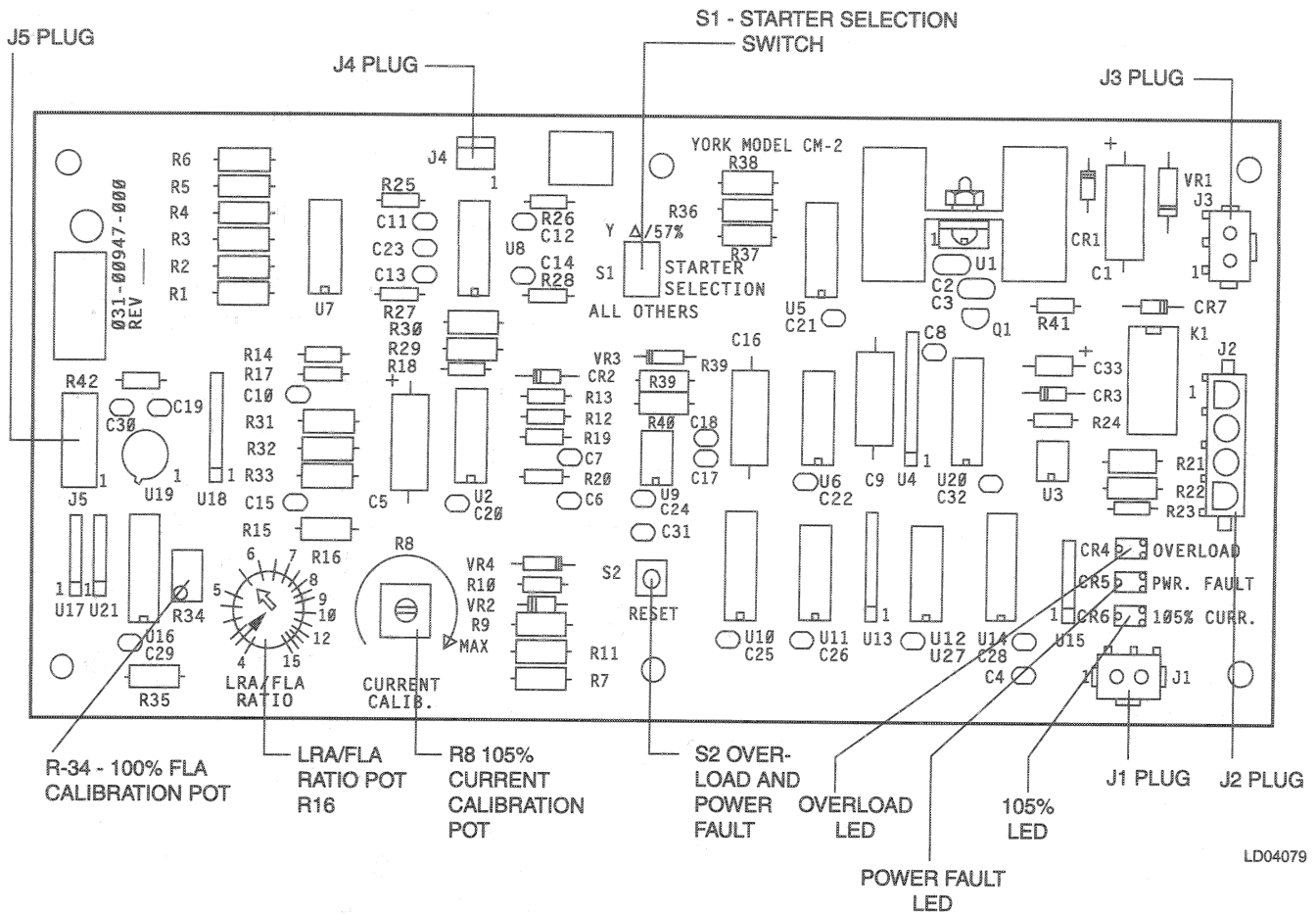


FIG. 36 – CM-2 CURRENT MODULE (ELECTRO-MECHANICAL STARTER APPLICATION)

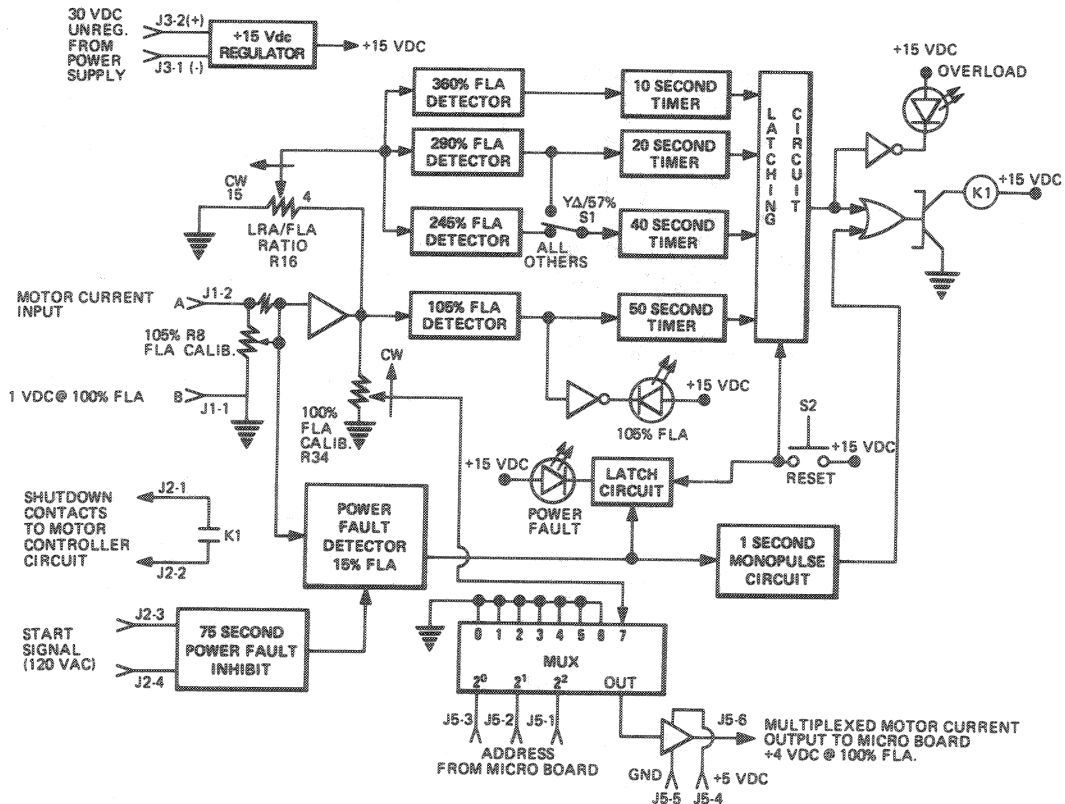
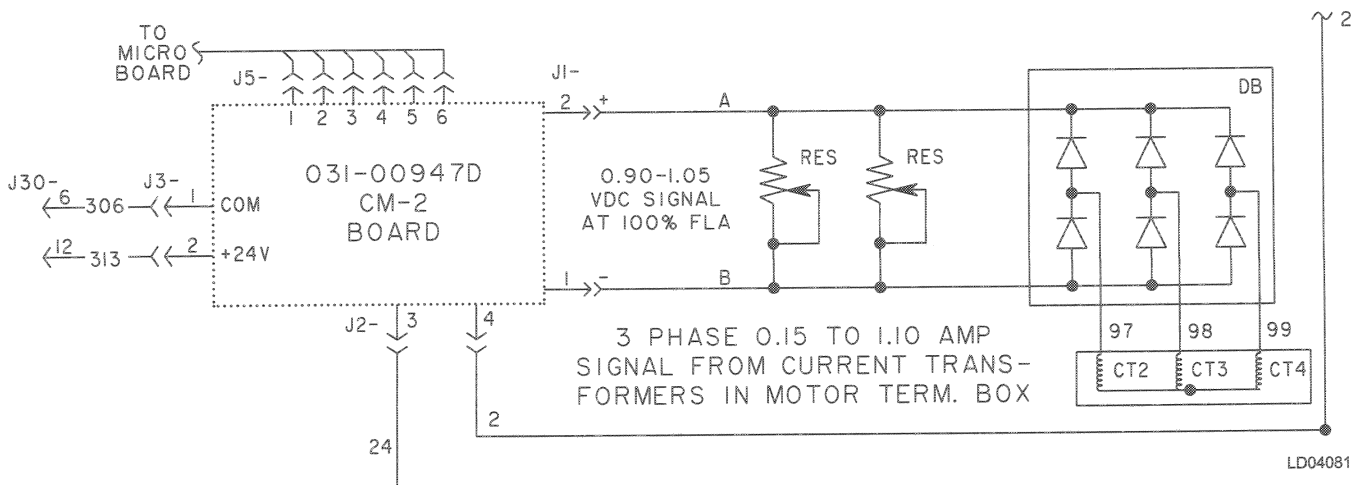


FIG. 37 – CM-2 CURRENT MODULE (ELECTRO-MECHANICAL STARTER APPLICATIONS)

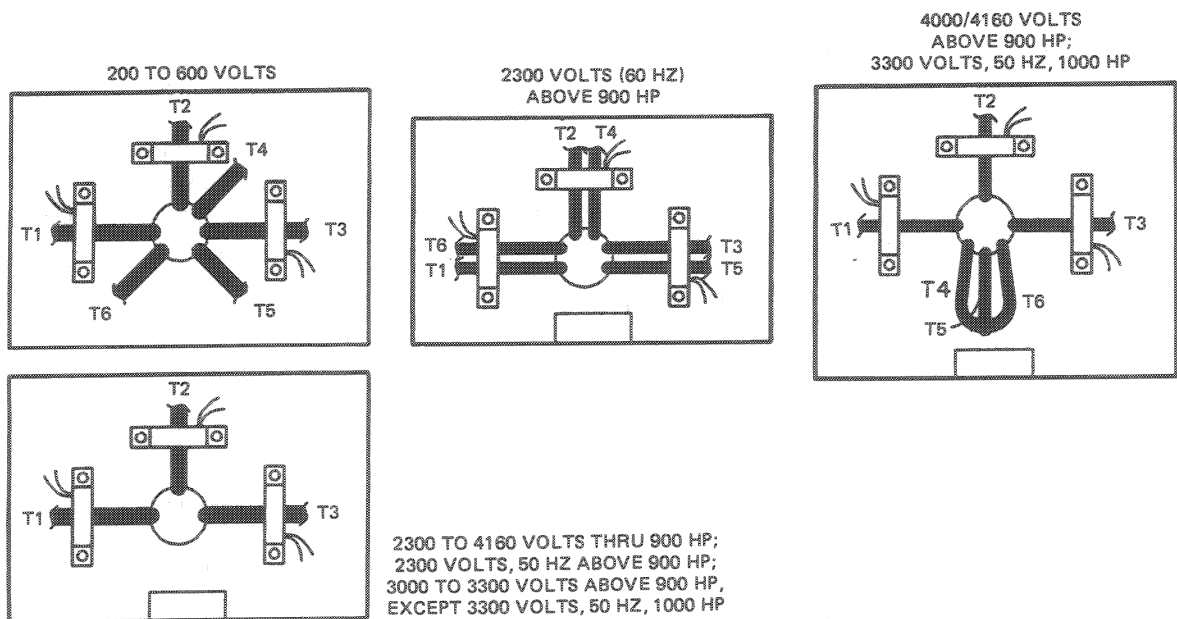


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| MOTOR VOLTAGE | FLA                   | CT RATIO | RES <sup>D</sup> (OHMS)     |
|---------------|-----------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| 208-600       | 65-111 <sup>A</sup>   | 200:1    | R = 1.282 (CT RATIO)<br>FLA |
|               | 112-224 <sup>A</sup>  | 350:1    |                             |
|               | 225-829 <sup>A</sup>  | 700:1    |                             |
|               | 830-1790 <sup>A</sup> | 1400:1   |                             |
| 2300-4160     | 11-18 <sup>C</sup>    | 200:1    | R = 0.247 (CT RATIO)<br>FLA |
|               | 19-37 <sup>B</sup>    | 200:1    | R = 0.370 (CT RATIO)<br>FLA |
|               | 38-123 <sup>A</sup>   | 200:1    | R = 0.740 (CT RATIO)<br>FLA |
|               | 124-264 <sup>A</sup>  | 350:1    |                             |
|               | 265-518 <sup>A</sup>  | 700:1    |                             |

**NOTES:**

- A. Requires passing motor lead through current transformer (CT) **once** before connecting to power supply.
- B. Requires passing motor lead through CT **twice** before connecting to power supply.
- C. Requires passing motor lead through CT **three** times before connecting to power supply.
- D. Calculates resistance of "RES" to achieve 1.0VDC at FLA.



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**FIG. 38 – CM-2 CURRENT MODULE – INTERFACE, CURRENT TRANSFORMERS & VARIABLE RESISTORS**

## SECTION 11 SOLID STATE STARTERS

(REFER TO FIG. 39 - 41)

### SOLID STATE STARTERS

The OptiView Control Center will accommodate either of two different YORK Liquid Cooled Solid State Starters (LCSSS). Later production chillers are equipped with the Mod "B" LCSSS. This style LCSSS contains the Silicon Controlled Rectifier (SCR) assemblies, an integrated Logic/Trigger Board and interfaces the OptiView Control Center via a serial data communications link and hardwired relay contacts. Earlier vintage chillers are equipped with the previous version LCSSS that interfaces the OptiView Control Center via a multiplexed data interface and hardwired relay contacts. This earlier vintage LCSSS houses the SCR assemblies and Trigger Board; a separate Logic Board is located inside the OptiView Control Center. Microboard Program Jumper JP39 must be positioned to invoke the appropriate Microboard/Program operation for the starter applied (refer to Table 1).

#### Mod "B" Serial Interface LCSSS (Refer to Fig. 39)

A complete description, theory of operation and troubleshooting instructions of this LCSSS are contained in YORK Service Manual 160.00-O2. The following describes the interface and interaction of the LCSSS with the OptiView Control Center.

As shown in Figure 39, the LCSSS contains a single Logic/Trigger printed circuit board. This board performs the following functions:

- Generates the SCR trigger pulses
- Receives start/stop commands from the Microboard
- Transmits status and fault data to the Microboard
- Generates all LCSSS initiated Safety and Cycling shutdowns.

The Logic/Trigger Board is powered by +24VDC from the OptiView Control Center Power Supply. The OptiView Control Center Microboard (J15) communicates with this board via a 1200 baud 0/+5VDC serial data communications link. If this communications link does not operate properly, correct Microboard J15 serial port operation can be verified using the Serial Inputs and Outputs diagnostic procedure in the "Diagnostics and Troubleshooting" section of this book. The **STOP** relay contacts on the Logic/Trigger Board assure a positive shutdown on all LCSSS initiated shutdowns.

After power has been applied to the system, the Microboard will attempt to establish communications with the Logic/Trigger Board. If unsuccessful within 10 attempts, the Microboard initiates a Cycling shutdown and displays "**LCSSS INITIALIZATION FAILED**" on the System Details line of the OptiView Control Center display. The Microboard will continue to establish communications until successful. Also, at power-up, the Logic/Trigger Board reads wire jumpers in its connector J1 to determine the LCSSS model applied (refer to 160.00-O2). If an invalid jumper configuration is read, the Logic/trigger Board initiates a Cycling shutdown and "**LCSSS - INVALID CURRENT SCALE SELECTION**" is displayed on the System Details line of the OptiView Control Center Display. The model designation is transmitted to the Microboard for display on the **MOTOR** Screen. This designation determines the allowable range for the Full Load Amps (FLA) Setpoint and Start Current Setpoint. There are 4 LCSSS models: 7L, 14L, 26L and 33L. Each model has an allowable Full Load Amps (FLA) range and Start Current range as listed below.

Communications between the Microboard and Logic/Trigger Board are in the form of master/slave. The Microboard is the master and the Logic/Trigger Board is the slave. The Logic/Trigger Board sends two types of data to the Microboard: Status data and Fault data. After successful initialization, the Microboard sends a data request every 2 seconds. Normally, the Logic/Trigger Board responds to each request. However, if the Microboard does not receive a response to 10 consecutive requests, the Microboard initiates a Cycling shutdown and displays "**LCSSS - SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS**" on the System Details line of the OptiView Control Center display. In addition, the Logic/Trigger Board will initiate the same Cycling shutdown if it does not receive a data request from the Microboard after 10 successive attempts to send data.

Anytime the Logic/Trigger Board initiates a Cycling or Safety shutdown, it opens its **STOP** contacts that are connected in series with the OptiView Control Center's 1R (K18) **RUN** relay coil. The contacts remain open as long as the condition exists. The open **STOP** contacts interrupt the circuit to 1R causing it to

de-energize, removing the run signal to the LCSSS. Simultaneously, the Microboard reads the opening of the LCSSS STOP contacts via the I/O Board J2- 1. This signals the Microboard that the LCSSS has initiated a shutdown. The Logic/Trigger Board sends the cause of the shutdown in response to the next data request. This is logged on the **HISTORY** Screen as the “**LAST FAULT WHILE RUNNING**”. A snapshot of the LCSSS operating parameters valid at the instant of the fault are also sent. Any additional faults that occur within the 2 second transmission time are also sent and logged on the **HISTORY** Screen under “**LAST TEN FAULTS**”. Refer to Operation Manual 160.54-O1 for description of all Cycling and Safety shutdown messages. While this data is being sent, “**LCSSS - SHUTDOWN - REQUESTING FAULT DATA**” is displayed on the System Details line of the OptiView Control Center display. If fault data is not returned within 2 seconds, the Microboard will continue to send a request at 2 second intervals until the fault data is returned. If none is returned within 10 consecutive requests, it assumes it is not forthcoming and it displays “**LCSSS - STOP CONTACTS OPEN**” on the System Details line of the display.

The chiller can be started if there are no Safety and Cycling conditions. If the temperature of any of the SCR modules are >110°F, the LCSSS cooling pump will run and the chiller will be inhibited from starting until the temperature has decreased below 109°F. While this start inhibit is in effect, “**LCSSS - HIGH TEMPERATURE PHASE X - STOPPED**” (where X is phase A, B, or C) is displayed on the System Details line of the display. When the chiller is started, the OptiView Control Center sends two start signals simultaneously to the Logic/Trigger Board. One is transmitted via the serial communications link. The other is the closure of 1R (K18) Start relay, applying 115VAC to Logic/Trigger Board TB1-24. If these two signals are not received within 5 seconds of one another, the Logic/Trigger Board initiates a cycling shutdown and “**LCSSS - RUN SIGNAL**” is displayed on the System Details line of the display.

The Logic/Trigger Board transmits the following parameters over the serial communications link for display on the **MOTOR** Screen:

- Three phase motor current
- Three phase line-to-line motor supply voltage
- Input Power (KW)
- Three phase SCR module temperature
- Starter model designation

The following are the programmable setpoints associated with the LCSSS. They are programmed on the **MOTOR** Screen. Refer to programming instructions in the “System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures” section of this book.

- **Full Load Amps** - This is the maximum allowed motor current at which this chiller is permitted to operate to achieve maximum design capacity. It is the Full Load Amps (FLA) of the chiller, as listed on the **SALES ORDER** Screen. Each starter model has a permissible range over which this setpoint can be programmed as follows:

| LCSSS Model               | Permissible FLA  |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| 7L-46, 58 and 50          | 35 to 260 Amps   |
| 14L-17, 28, 46, 58 and 50 | 65 to 510 Amps   |
| 26L-17, 28, 46, 58 and 50 | 125 to 850 Amps  |
| 33L-17, 28, 46 and 50     | 215 to 1050 Amps |

- **Start Current** - The Logic/Trigger Board will limit inrush motor current to this value during starting. The programmed value is sent to the Logic/Trigger Board over the serial communications link. This setpoint should be programmed to (0.45 x motor Delta Locked Rotor Amps) as listed on the **SALES ORDER** Screen. Each model starter has a permissible range over which this setpoint can be programmed as follows:

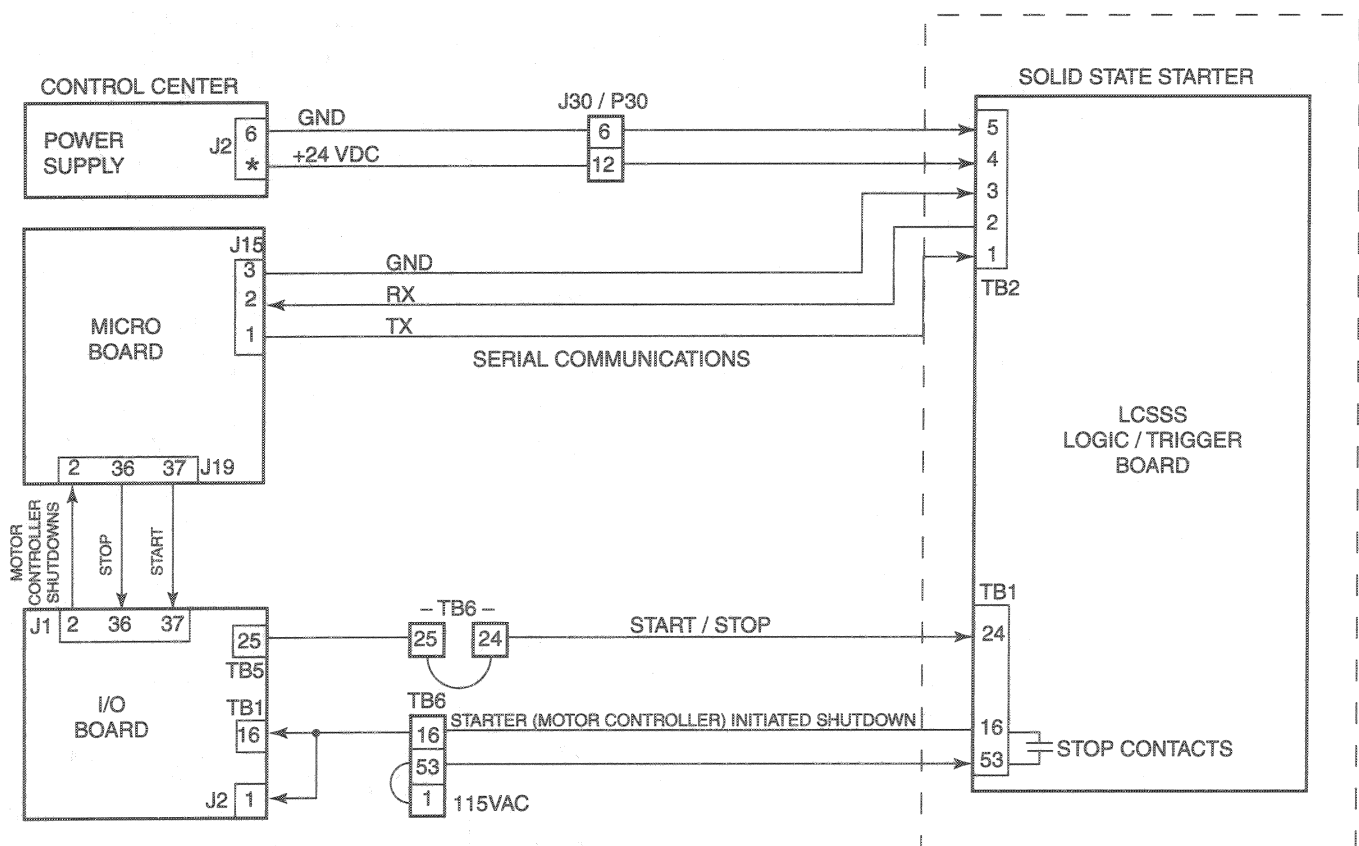
| LCSSS Model                | Permissible Start Current Range |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 7L-46, 58 and 50           | 310 to 700 Amps                 |
| 14L- 17, 28, 46, 58 and 50 | 620 to 1400 Amps                |
| 26L- 17, 28, 46, 58 and 50 | 1150 to 2600 Amps               |
| 33L-17, 28, 46 and 50      | 1460 to 3300 Amps               |

- **Supply Line Voltage Range** - This setpoint is the line voltage application and establishes the high and low line voltage shutdown thresholds. Shutdown and restart thresholds are contained in Operation manual 160.54-O1 under the messages “**LCSSS - LOW SUPPLY LINE VOLTAGE**” and “**LCSSS - HIGH SUPPLY LINE VOLTAGE**”.
- **Open SCR Enable/Disable** - This enables or disables the Open SCR detection Safety protection performed by the Logic/Trigger Board. This protection must **never** be disabled unless advised by the YORK factory.

- **Kilowatt Hours (KWH) Reset** - This allows the accumulated KWH to be set to a desired starting value in the event the BRAM has to be field replaced. This must **never** be arbitrarily performed.

To assure the chiller is not permitted to run for extended periods with the supply line voltage outside of acceptable limits, the Logic/Trigger Board compares the actual 3-phase line voltage to the thresholds established with the Supply Line Voltage Range setpoint. Each supply voltage application has an allowable upper and lower limit. If the supply voltage goes above or below these limits continuously for 20 seconds, the logic trigger Board initiates a Cycling shutdown and displays "LCSSS - HIGH SUPPLY LINE VOLTAGE" or "LCSSS - LOW SUPPLY LINE VOLTAGE" as appropriate. The chiller will automatically restart when the line voltage is within the acceptable range.

While the chiller is running, the Microboard will close or inhibit opening of the Pre-rotation Vanes (PRV), as required, to limit the compressor motor current to the Current Limit or Pulldown Demand Limit setpoint (30% to 100% FLA) that is in effect. The Microboard calculates the "% Full Load Amps" (FLA) by dividing the highest phase of the 3-phase motor current, received from the Logic/Trigger Board, by the value programmed for the **FULL LOAD AMPS** setpoint. "% FULL LOAD AMPS" is displayed on the **MOTOR** Screen. If the motor current increases to the extent that the "% FULL LOAD AMPS" reaches 100% of the Current Limit Setpoint, the PRV are inhibited from further opening until the motor current decreases to  $\leq 98\%$  of the Current Limit setpoint. If the motor current increases to the extent that the "% FULL LOAD AMPS" is 104% of the Current Limit setpoint, the PRV will be driven closed until the "% FULL LOAD AMPS" decreases to 102% of the Current Limit setpoint. The PRV opening will then be inhibited until the "% FULL LOAD AMPS" decreases to  $\leq 98\%$  of the Current Limit setpoint.



NOTES:

\*9 - "CONDOR" Power Supply; 13 - "POWER ONE" Power Supply

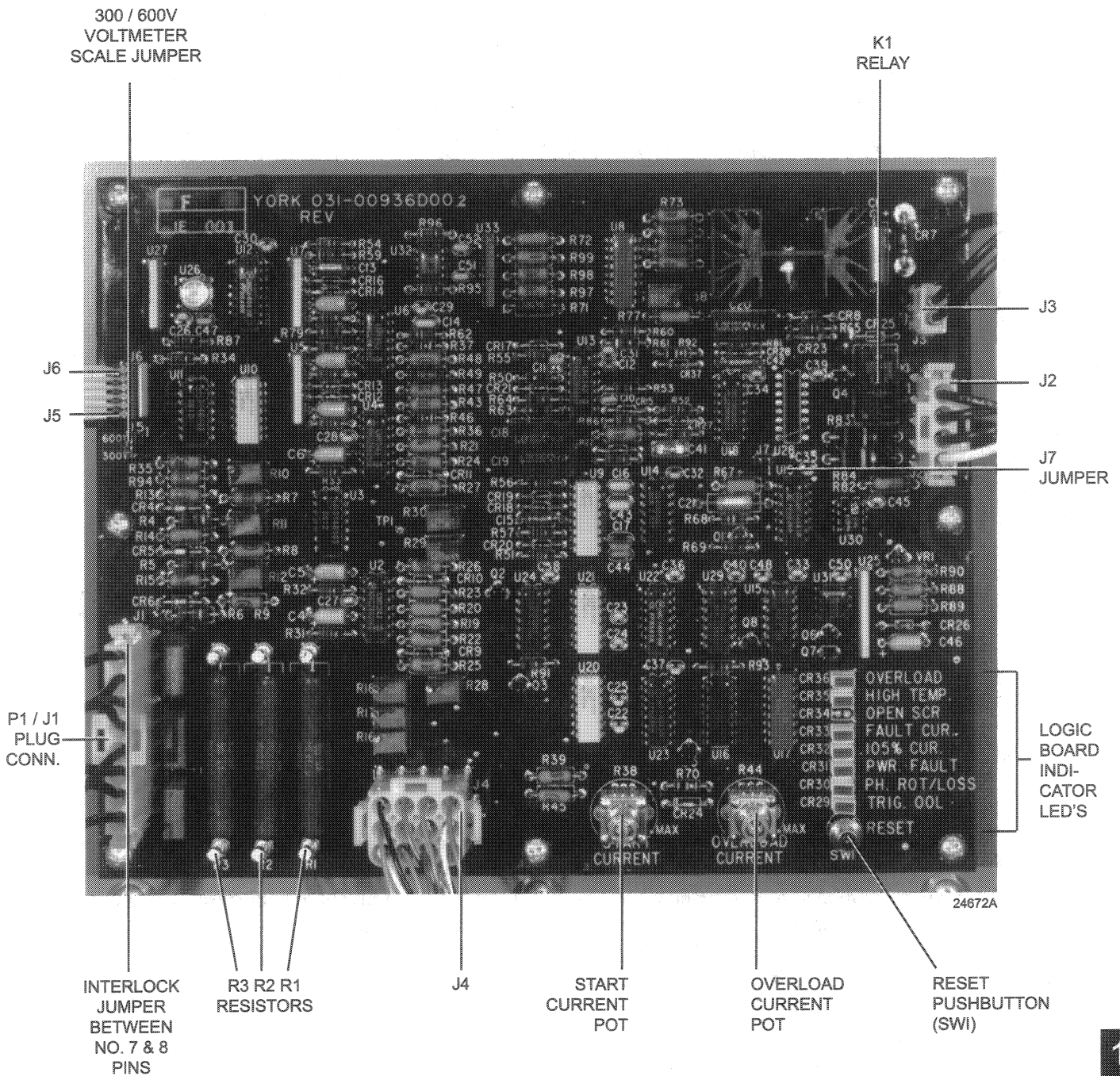
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FIG. 39 - MOD "B" LIQUID COOLED SOLID STATE STARTER (LCSSS) - INTERFACE

**Mod "A" Multiplexed Data Interface LCSSS  
(Refer to Fig. 41)**

A complete description, theory of operation and troubleshooting instructions of this LCSSS are contained YORK Service Manual 160.46-OM3. 1.

As shown in Fig. 41, the Logic Board of this model starter is mounted inside the OptiView Control Center.



**FIG. 40 – SOLID STATE STARTER LOGIC BOARD**

This board provides **Overload, Power Fault, Fault Current, Phase Rotation/Loss, and Half Phase Protection** for the Compressor Motor. It also receives SCR High Temp and Trigger Out Of Lock (OOL) shutdown signals from the Starter Trigger Board. Finally, it provides analog voltages representing Compressor Motor Current, Power Line Voltage, Current Limit commands and a Starter Model code to the Microboard.

The contacts of Logic Board relay K1 (identified as "CM" contacts on the OptiView Control Center wiring diagram) are interfaced into the Motor Controller initiated shutdown circuit that is located between OptiView Control Center TB6-53 and I/O Board TB1-16 (ref. Fig. 16 and 37). They are also connected as a digital input to I/O Board J2-1. Relay K1 is normally energized, maintaining its contacts in a closed position. Whenever the Logic Board initiates a chiller shutdown, it de-energizes K1, opening its contacts. This interrupts the circuit to I/O Board RUN relay coil 1R (K18), de-energizing it and causing the Starter to de-energize. Simultaneously, the Microboard reads the opening of these contacts via I/O Board J2-1, initiates a **SYSTEM COASTDOWN** and displays the appropriate message as described below.

When the Logic Board detects an **Overload** condition, Relay K1 contacts open and the **Overload LED** illuminates. "**MOTOR CONTROLLER – CONTACTS OPEN**" is displayed. The contacts remain open and the LED remains illuminated until manually reset with the Logic Board's S1 **RESET** switch. After S1 is pressed, the chiller can be restarted.

When a **Power Fault, Fault Current** or **Half Phase** condition is detected, Relay K1 contacts open for 1 second and then close. The **Power Fault LED** illuminates and will remain illuminated until manually reset with the S1 **RESET** switch. **POWER FAULT** is displayed. At the completion of **SYSTEM COASTDOWN**, the chiller will automatically restart.

When a Power line Phase Rotation/Loss or Trigger Board Out of Lock (OOL) condition is detected, Relay K1 contacts open and remain open for as long as the condition exists. If the contacts remain open for more than 3 seconds, **MOTOR CONTROLLER – CONTACTS OPEN** is displayed; if less than 3 seconds, **POWER FAULT** is displayed. The respective Ph. Rot/Loss or Trig. OOL LED illuminates and remains illuminated until manu-

ally reset with the S1 **RESET** switch. The chiller will automatically restart when the contacts close.

The Starter Trigger Board monitors the Starter's Silicon Controlled Rectifier (SCR) heatsink temperature. Whenever the heatsink temperature increases to 212°F, the Trigger Board signals the Logic Board. **MOTOR CONTROLLER – CONTACTS OPEN** is displayed. The Logic Board illuminates the **High Temp LED** and opens Relay K1 contacts. The LED remains illuminated and the contacts remain open until the temperature decreases to less than 110°F and manually reset with the Logic Board's S1 **RESET** switch. After S1 is pressed, the chiller can be restarted. In routine operation, each time the chiller is shutdown for any reason, it is prevented from restarting until the heatsink temperature decreases to less than 110°F. While it is waiting for the temperature to decrease to this threshold, the **HIGH TEMPLED** is illuminated, Relay K1 contacts are open, and **MOTOR CONTROLLER – CONTACTS OPEN** is displayed. When the temperature is below 110°F, K1 contacts will open, the LED is extinguished, **MOTOR CONTROLLER – CONTACTS OPEN** message is cleared and the chiller will automatically restart.

The Multiplexer (MUX) is an electronic switch with 8 inputs and 1 output. The address applied to it determines the position of the switch and therefore the output. Under Program control, the Microboard sequentially addresses MUX channels 0 through 7. The voltage output of each channel is listed in the table below. Channel 0 is an analog voltage that represents the Starter model and Power Line voltage Voltmeter scale. The Program uses this value to limit the Full Load Amps Setpoint range to the maximum allowed value for the Starter size. This value also determines the Line Voltage display range and Motor current display range. Channel 1 is a current limit command that forces the Micro to perform Pre-rotation vanes inhibit and closure at the 100% and 104% FLA. This command is in addition to the Micro's software current limit feature that's based on a calculation comparing the highest current phase to the programmed Full Load Amp Setpoint to arrive at an FLA Percentage. Channels 2 through 4 are analog voltages representing Phase C, B and A

Power Line Voltages. Channels 5 through 7 are analog voltages representing Phase A, B and C Compressor Motor Current. The addresses are +12VDC for logic high (1). <1VDC for logic low (0).

The Logic Board MUX address inputs, along with the respective outputs are as follows:

| BINARY |      |      | DECIMAL | OUTPUT   |
|--------|------|------|---------|--|
| J6-1   | J6-2 | J6-3 |         |  |
| 0      | 0    | 0    | 0       | Starter Model/Voltmeter/Ammeter full scale, max FLA:<br>0.41 to 0.77VDC - 7L, 600VAC, max FLA 281, full scale 787A<br>0.78 to 1.22VDC - 14L, 300VAC, max FLA 551, full scale 1574A<br>1.23 to 1.76VDC - 14L, 600VAC, max FLA 551, full scale 1574A<br>1.77 to 2.39VDC - 26L, 300VAC, max FLA 916, full scale 2938A<br>2.40 to 3.08VDC - 26L, 600VAC, max FLA 916, full scale 2938A<br>3.09 to 3.87VDC - 33L, 300VAC, max FLA 1134, full scale 3672A<br>3.88 to 5.00VDC - 33L, 600VAC, max FLA 1134, full scale 3672A |
| 0      | 0    | 1    | 1       | Current Limit commands<br>3.46 to 5.00VDC - <98% FLA<br>1.21 to 3.45VDC - ≥100% FLA<br>0.0 to 1.20VDC - ≥104% FLA  |
| 0      | 1    | 0    | 2       | Phase "C" AC Power Line voltage as follows:<br>$300\text{VAC scale} = \text{VDC(out)} = \frac{\text{VAC}}{67.9}$<br>$600\text{VAC scale} = \text{VDC(out)} = \frac{\text{VAC}}{135.8}$   |
| 0      | 1    | 1    | 3       | Phase "B" AC Power Line voltage. Same as Phase "C" above.  |
| 1      | 0    | 0    | 4       | Phase "A" AC Power Line voltage Same as Phase "C" above.   |
| 1      | 0    | 1    | 5       | Phase "A" Compressor Motor Current. 0 to +5VDC spanning range in address 0 above.  |
| 1      | 1    | 0    | 6       | Phase "B" Compressor Motor Current. 0 to +5VDC spanning range in address 0 above.  |
| 1      | 1    | 1    | 7       | Phase "C" Compressor Motor Current. 0 to +5VDC spanning range in address 0 above.  |

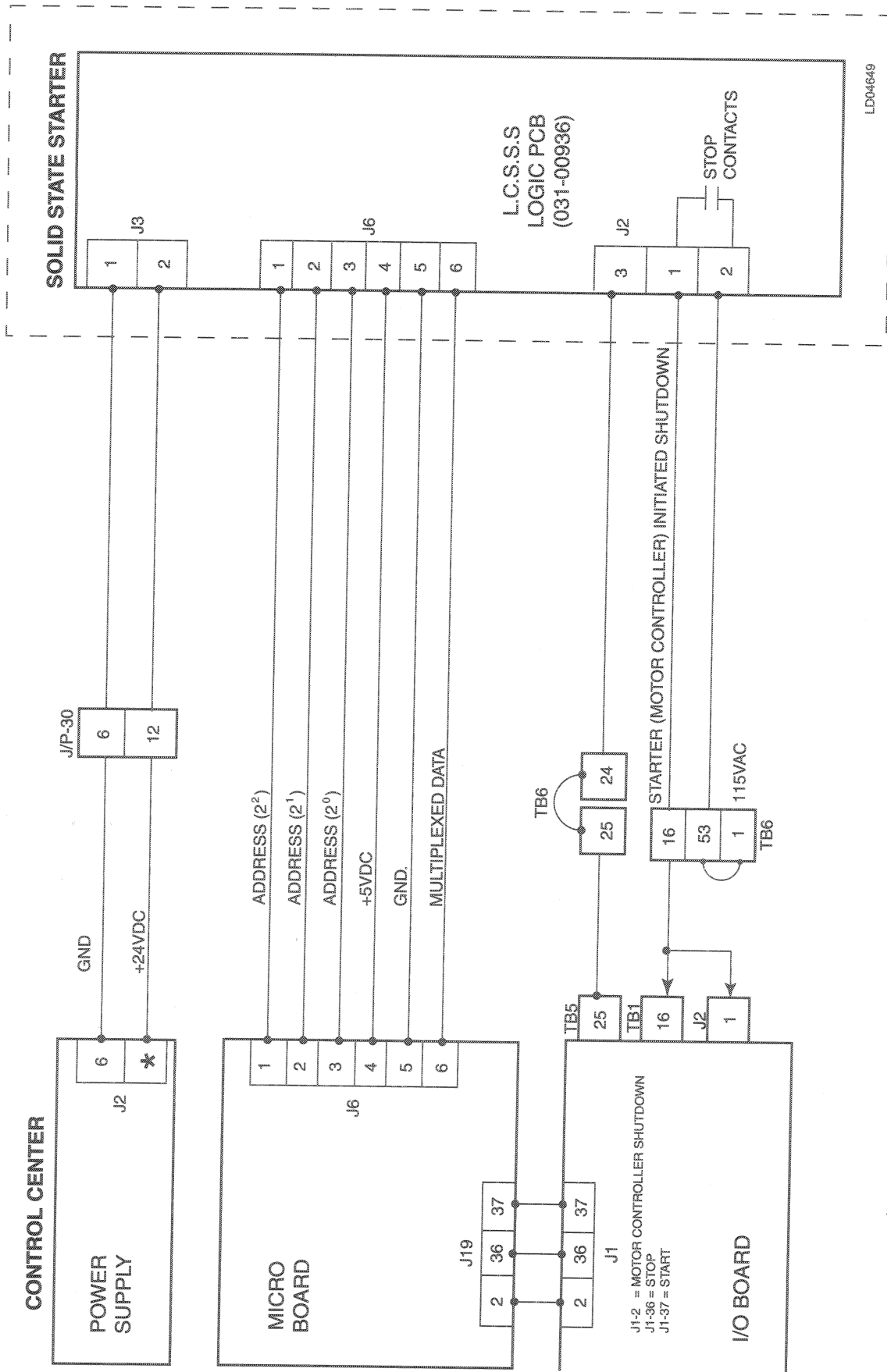


FIG. 41 - MOD "A" LIQUID COOLED SOLID STATE STARTER (LCSSS) - INTERFACE

## SECTION 12

### ADAPTIVE CAPACITY CONTROL BOARD

(REFER TO FIG. 42 - 44)

On applications where the compressor motor is driven by the YORK Variable Speed Drive (VSD), the OptiView Control center is equipped with an **Adaptive Capacity Control (ACC) Board** (Fig. 42). This board performs the following functions:

- Acts as a bi-directional serial communications gateway between the Microboard and the **VSD Logic Board** and **VSD Harmonic Filter Logic Board**.
- Tells the VSD Logic Board at what speed (frequency) to operate the compressor motor. The speed will be the lowest speed between 30 to 60 (50) Hz it can operate without compressor surging.
- Detects Compressor surge conditions.
- Creates a **Surge Map** in battery backed memory by storing the Pre-rotation Vanes (PRV) position, motor speed (frequency) and Evaporator/Condenser pressure differential (head) that exists when each surge occurs.

The VSD consists of a power electronics section, Logic Board and an optional Harmonic Filter with Harmonic Filter Logic Board, all mounted in a cabinet that is either mounted to the compressor motor or floor standing (retrofit applications). The ACC Board is mounted inside the OptiView Control Center. In operation, the VSD Logic Board a.) controls the VSD power electronics to drive the compressor motor at the speed designated by the ACC Board, b.) monitors power electronics parameters and initiates chiller shutdowns when safety thresholds are exceeded and c.) transmits the parameters to the ACC Board for transfer to the Microboard for display. The optional Harmonic Filter reduces the power line harmonics produced by the VSD. The Harmonic Filter Logic Board a.) controls the filter b.) monitors filter parameters and initiates chiller shutdowns when safety thresholds are exceeded and c.) transmits these parameters to the ACC Board for transfer to the Microboard for display. Complete operation and service details of the VSD and ACC Board is contained in YORK manual 160.00-M1.

The Microboard communicates with the ACC Board, VSD Logic Board and the optional Harmonic Filter Logic Board via 0/+5VDC 1200 baud serial communications (Fig. 43). The ACC Board is the center point

of communications between the Microboard and the VSD components. The communications is in master/slave form. The VSD Logic Board and Harmonic Filter Logic Boards act as slaves to the ACC and the ACC acts as a slave to the Microboard. The Microboard initiates all communications by sending a command to the ACC Board. The ACC Board passes the command to the VSD Logic Board. The VSD Logic Board responds to the command by returning the requested data to the ACC Board and passes the command to the Harmonic Filter Logic Board. The Harmonic Filter Logic Board returns the requested data to the ACC Board. The ACC Board returns both the VSD Logic Board's response and the Harmonic Filter's response to the Microboard.

There are three different commands issued from the Microboard: **Test and Initialize**, **Fault Data Request** and **Status Data Request**. When power is first applied to the OptiView Control Center, the Microboard establishes serial communications with the ACC, VSD Logic and Harmonic Filter Logic Boards. To establish communications, it sends a Test and Initialize command to the ACC Board, which sends the command on to the VSD Logic Board. The VSD Logic Board relays the command to the Harmonic Filter Logic Board. If the VSD Logic and Harmonic Filter Boards respond appropriately to the ACC Board, the ACC Board responds to the Microboard and communications are established. If any of these boards fail to respond to the first command, the Microboard sends the command again 4 seconds later. It will continue to send this command at 4 second intervals until a response is received. If, after 10 attempts, no response is received, a Cycling shutdown is performed and **VSD -INITIALIZATION FAULT** is displayed. The Microboard will continue to establish communications until successful. Anytime communications have been established and then lost, the Microboard will repeat this process to re-establish communications.

After communications have been established, the Microboard sends a Fault Data Request command. If there have been any faults detected by the VSD Logic or Harmonic Filter Boards since communications were lost, they are returned to the Microboard at this time. If there is no response within 2 seconds, this command is sent at 2 second intervals until a response is received.

If no response is received in 10 attempts, a Cycling shutdown is performed and **VSD – SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS** is displayed.

The Microboard then begins normal communications with the ACC, VSD Logic and Harmonic Filter Boards. During normal communications, commands and data are exchanged every 2 seconds on the serial communications link. The Microboard sends a Status Data Request command every 2 seconds to the ACC Board which is passed along to the VSD Logic Board and Harmonic Filter Logic Boards as described above. It expects to receive the data listed below in response each of these commands. If a response is not received to 10 consecutive commands, a Cycling shutdown is performed and **VSD – SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS** is displayed. The VSD Logic and Harmonic Filter Boards send the data listed below to the ACC Board and the ACC Board adds its data to it and returns all the data to the Microboard in one response. This continues until the VSD Logic or Harmonic Filter Boards detect a fault condition.

As stated above, if communications are lost with the VSD Logic Board, a Cycling shutdown is performed and **VSD – SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS** is displayed. However, if communications are lost with the Harmonic Filter Logic Board, no shutdown is performed, only **WARNING – HARMONIC FILTER – DATA LOSS** is displayed.

When a VSD fault condition is detected, the VSD Logic Board opens its VSD Stop Contacts that are connected in series with the OptiView Control Center's 1R (K18) RUN RELAY coil. This interrupts the circuit to 1R causing it to de-energize, removing the run signal to the VSD. Simultaneously, the Microboard reads the opening of the VSD Stop Contacts via its interface to the OptiView Control Center's I/O Board input J2-1. This notifies the Microboard that a VSD shutdown has occurred. The Microboard requests the cause of the shutdown by sending a Fault Data Request command. While this request is being processed, the Microboard displays **VSD SHUTDOWN – REQUESTING FAULT DATA**. When the cause of the shutdown is received, the Microboard displays a message describing the shutdown (refer to YORK Operation Manual 160.54-01 for complete listing of messages) and begins sending normal Status Data Request commands. If the fault data is not returned to the Microboard within 2 seconds, it sends the command every 2 seconds until fault data is returned. If none is returned within 10 requests, it assumes it is not forthcoming and displays **VSD – STOP CONTACTS OPEN**.

The following VSD status data is transmitted from the VSD Logic Board to the ACC Board for transfer to the Microboard for display:

- Output Frequency
- Output Voltage
- Output Current - three phase
- Input Power KW
- KWH
- 100% Job FLA
- DC Link Voltage
- DC Link Current
- Internal Ambient Temperature
- Inverter Heatsink Temperature – phase A, B, & C
- Converter Heatsink Temperature
- Pre-charge Relay energized/de-energized
- SCR Gate Drivers enabled/disabled
- Water (cooling) Pump on/off
- VSD running/stopped
- VSD Software version
- Motor HP

The following Harmonic Filter status data is transmitted from the Harmonic Filter Logic Board to the ACC Board for transfer to the Microboard for display:

- Input KVA
- Total Power Factor
- Filter DC Link Voltage
- Input voltage- phase A, B & C
- Input voltage THD – phase A, B & C
- Input Peak voltage – phase A, B & C
- Input Current – phase A, B & C
- Input current TDD – phase A, B & C
- Filter current – phase A, B & C
- Filter Heatsink temperature
- Filter Operation- running/stopped
- Filter Pre-charge relay – energized/de-energized
- Filter Supply Relay - energized/de-energized
- Input Phase Rotation – ABC/CBA
- Harmonic Filter – present/not present

The following ACC status data is transmitted from the ACC Board to the Microboard for display.

- Delta P/P (Head pressure)
- Pre-rotation Vanes position
- Surge count

The compressor motor speed can be controlled either manually in **MANUAL** mode or automatically in **AUTO** mode.

In **MANUAL** speed control mode, the speed can be controlled from the **VSD Tuning** Screen using Keypad keys. The speed can be set to a pre-selected frequency over the range of 10 to 60 (50) Hz. Or, it can be increased or decreased over the range of 0.0 to 60 (50) Hz in increments of 0.1 to 10 Hz. Instructions for manual control are included in the “System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures” section of this book. Via Serial communications, the speed command is sent from the Microboard to the ACC Board, where it is passed on to the VSD Logic Board. The VSD Logic Board controls the VSD to operate the motor at this frequency. While Manual control is selected, **VALID POINT LED CR8** is illuminated, indicating that surges will not be mapped in the Surge Map. Anytime this LED is illuminated, surges are not mapped, as explained below. In making the transition from Manual to Auto mode, if the speed was manually set to <30 Hz, it will automatically be set to 30 Hz and automatically adjusted from this value. If not in Current Limit and the actual speed is <60 (50) Hz, and 60 (50) Hz is selected, the speed will be increased as follows. If the Leaving Chilled Liquid temperature is within 0.2°F, the PRV will simultaneously be driven closed per the following:

### Speed Increase

- 0.2 Hz every second if Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature >0.2°F below the Setpoint and motor current is <80%FLA.
- 0.2 Hz every  $1 + (\%FLA - 80)$  second if Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature is >0.2°F below the Setpoint and the motor current is >80% but < 98%FLA.
- 0.2 Hz every 19 seconds if none of the above conditions are present.

### PRV Close

A close signal of the following durations is applied every 4.5 seconds:

- 3.9 seconds if PRV position >50%.
- 3.0 seconds if PRV position >25% but <50%.
- 1.5 seconds if PRV position <25%.

In **AUTO** speed control mode, the ACC Board controls the speed. It determines the optimum compressor motor speed (frequency) over the range of 30 to 60(50) Hz and sends this value to the VSD Logic Board via the Serial communications link. The VSD logic Board controls the VSD to operate the motor at this frequency. The optimum speed is the slowest speed possible that will avoid compressor surge conditions but still allow the chiller to meet capacity requirements. This speed is found in an adaptive sense as explained below.

In determining the optimum motor speed, the ACC Board employs the following:

- **Delta P/P** – This is the chiller Head pressure. It is calculated as (Condenser pressure – Evaporator pressure) / Evaporator pressure. It ranges from 0.00 to 3.60. The ACC Board calculates this value from evaporator and condenser pressure values received from the Microboard via serial communications link. The ACC Board returns the calculated Delta P/P value to the Microboard for display over the same link.
- **Pre-rotation Vanes (PRV) position** – A potentiometer provides PRV position (0 to 100%) to the ACC Board. The position is 0% when fully closed, 100% when fully open. This value is sent to the Microboard via serial communications for display. The potentiometer must be calibrated by a qualified Service technician using a procedure in the “System Calibration, Service setpoints and Reset Procedures” section of this book. No speed reduction is permitted if this calibration has not been performed.
- **Motor Speed** – This is the actual drive frequency of 30 to 60(50) Hz.
- **Surge Map** – This contains the Delta P/P, PRV position and motor speed that existed at the instant of each previously encountered surge condition. These parameters are stored as a 3-dimensional array for each surge. The surge map is stored in the ACC Board’s BRAM battery backed memory. The following procedures are detailed in the “System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures” section of this book: The entire Surge Map can be printed by pressing the “Surge Map Print” keypad key. Surge Map points can be automatically printed to an external printer as they are plotted. The Surge Map can be cleared.



*The Surge Map must never be cleared unless advised by the YORK Factory.*

The following conditions must be met before speed reduction is permitted:

- The PRV calibration procedure must have been performed.
- **Auto** speed control mode must be selected at the Keypad.
- Current Limit must not be in effect. When current limit is in effect, Valid Point LED CR8 is illuminated.
- The Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature must be within +0.3 and -0.6°F of the Leaving Chilled Liquid Setpoint.
- The Chiller must have been running for >2 minutes.
- The Leaving Chilled Liquid temperature must be stable. Lowering the speed while this temperature is unstable, would tend to increase the instability. The Microboard calculates the stability by comparing the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature to the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint to arrive at a rate of change value. This value is then compared to the programmed **Stability Limit Setpoint**. If the rate of change exceeds the Stability Limit Setpoint value, the Microboard sends a flag to the ACC Board. In response, the ACC Board starts a 60 second timer. **VALID POINT LED CR8** will be illuminated and speed decreases are prohibited until the timer has elapsed. Also, when making the transition from Manual speed control Mode to Auto Mode, the stability timer is started, preventing speed reduction for 60 seconds. The Stability Limit setpoint is programmed over the range of 1000 to 7000, by a qualified Service Technician using the procedure in the "System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures" section of this book. This value is a relative value that represents magnitude of stability. Higher values correspond to decreasing sensitivity.
- Certain applications, such as short chilled liquid loops, multi-pass evaporators, parallel chillers and light load conditions can cause excessive Pre-rotation Vane (PRV) movement resulting in leaving chilled liquid temperature control instability. This instability can be reduced by adjusting the **SENSITIVITY** Setpoint on the Optiview Evaporator Screen. The 50% selection reduces the magnitude of PRV movement over the **NORMAL** selection and the 30% selection reduces it even more. With Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.06.xxx and later or "P" compressors with C.MLM.04.02.xxx and later, and the 50% or 30% sensitivity is selected, PRV movement is further reduced during low load

conditions with variable speed drive as follows: When the PRV position is < 25% and the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature is within  $\pm 2.5$  °F of Setpoint, the maximum allowed vane pulse is limited to 3.5 seconds at the 25% PRV position and 0.9 seconds at 0% position. PRV positions in between have linearly scaled maximums.

When the chiller is started, the speed is brought to 60 Hz. After it has been running for >2 minutes and the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature is within +0.3 and -0.6°F of the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint, the ACC Board evaluates if the speed can be reduced. If there are no conditions above that would inhibit speed reduction, the ACC Board compares the real-time Delta P/P, PRV Position and motor speed to the 3-dimensional arrays stored in the **Surge Map**. If the real-time array does not match any previous surge condition, the speed will be decreased 0.1 Hz every 6 seconds until it is within 1 Hz of previously plotted surge condition array in the Surge Map. It will then be decreased 0.1 Hz every 9 seconds until it's to the lowest value allowed by the Surge Map. If no plotted points are encountered, the speed is lowered until a surge is encountered or a minimum of 30 Hz is reached.

The ACC Board uses two different methods of **Surge Detection**; Delta P method and DC Link method. Surge detection is only enabled while the chiller is running. In detecting a surge using the Delta P method, the outputs of the Evaporator and Condenser pressure Transducers are monitored to detect when the difference between these pressures (Delta P) drops transiently toward Zero. This would be indicative of a surge. A surge detected by the Delta P method must have all of the following conditions occur within 5 seconds to be considered a valid surge: a.) Delta P must make a negative transition and exceed 3.4 PSIG for 100 Milliseconds. B.) Delta P must also exceed 3.5 PSIG for at least 340 milliseconds. C.) Delta P must make at least 2 positive transitions. When this criteria is met, **Surge LED CR9** illuminates for 2 seconds, indicating a valid surge has been detected. In detecting a surge using the **DC Link** method, the VSD's DC Link Current is monitored to detect when the current drops transiently toward zero. This, as the case with Delta P method, is indicative of a surge. A surge detected by this method must also meet the following requirements to be considered a valid surge: a.) At least 6 **DC Link** surges must occur within 2 minutes, and b.) At least 3 **Delta P** surges have occurred within the 2 minute interval. When both these criteria have been met, **Surge LED CR9** illuminates for 2 seconds, indicating a valid surge has been detected.

Each time a Valid Surge is detected, the ACC Board increases the motor speed (up to a maximum of 60(50)HZ) to take the compressor out of surge. It also evaluates other chiller conditions to determine if the surge should be plotted on the **Surge Map**. Surges that occur during certain operating conditions are not plotted, as explained below. Whenever **Valid Point LED CR8** is illuminated, surges are not plotted.

After each surge, the speed is increased either 1.0 Hz or 0.8 Hz, depending on operating conditions, in the following increments:

- 0.1 Hz every 2 seconds if motor current <80%FLA.
- 0.1 Hz every 2 + (%FLA-80) if motor current >80%FLA but <98%FLA.
- 0.1 Hz every 20 seconds if motor current >98%FLA.

If Current Limit is in effect, or the Stability Timer is running when a surge occurs, the speed is increased 1.0 Hz but the surge is not plotted on the Surge Map since these conditions would produce an erroneous value. Valid Point LED CR8 is illuminated as a visual indication that one or both of these conditions are in effect.

Otherwise, the speed is increased 0.8 Hz and the surge event is plotted on the **Surge Map**. The Surge Margin Adjust Setpoint can be used to add an extra margin of surge prevention. It is programmed over the range of 0.0 to 25.0 Hz following instructions in the "System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures" section of this book. The Default value of 0 should provide proper operation in most applications.

When the speed has been increased either 1.0 Hz or 0.8 Hz, as described above, this speed is maintained for the next 15 seconds. During this period, new surges are ignored. When the 15 seconds have elapsed, a 5 minute time period is entered where the speed is inhibited from decreasing, but increases are allowed. If a surge is detected within this 5 minute period, it is not plotted on the Surge Map, but the speed is increased by the amount as described above. This is repeated as long as the compressor continues to surge. The compressor must be surge free for 5 minutes before a speed decrease is permitted or another surge or another surge can be plotted on the Surge map.

The ACC Board counts the surges as they occur and sends a total count to the Microboard for display on the ACC Details Screen (note that the Total Surge Count

displayed on the Surge Protection Screen and the Hot Gas Bypass Screen is that which is accumulated by the Surge Protection feature). The total surge count is not incremented if a different surge type occurs within 10 seconds of the previous surge. A Surge that occurs within 10 seconds of the previous surge is only counted if it is of the same surge type. For example, if a **Delta P** surge is detected and a **DC Link** surge is detected within 10 seconds, the **DC Link** surge is not counted. If the **DC Link** surge occurred >10 seconds after the **Delta P** surge, it would be counted.

A surge point can be manually inserted into the Surge Map using the **Manual Surge Point** keypad key on the **ACC Details** screen and switch SW1 on the ACC Board as described in the "System Calibration, Service Setpoints, and Reset Procedures" section of this book. This is only to be used for situations in which the automatic surge detection described above does not respond to surge events. This is usually not required and is to be used only by qualified Service Technicians as a method of plotting a surge event that the ACC Board does not find on its own. At the instant the condition is identified as a surge event, **Surge LED CR9** illuminates for 2 seconds. The motor speed, Delta P/P and PRV Position at the instant the point is established, is unconditionally plotted as a 3-dimensional array in the Surge Map as a surge condition, regardless of whether or not **Valid Point LED CR8** is illuminated. The motor speed will be automatically increased as described above. Once plotted, the ACC Board will respond to this point in exactly the same way it responds to automatically plotted surge points, as described above.

Surge points can be printed from the **ACC Details** Screen. The entire stored Surge Map can be printed using the **Surge Map Print** keypad key. Also, the surge points can be printed in real-time as they occur, using the **Auto Print** keypad key. Since the maximum rate at which new surges can be plotted is every five minutes, the rate at which new points are printed is also every five minutes.

When the PRV's approach their 100% open position, there is very little PRV movement remaining to compensate for an increasing load condition. Therefore, in **Auto** speed control mode, if there is no Current Limit in effect, and the PRV position reaches >98%, the speed is automatically increased at a rate based on the Delta T between the Leaving Chilled Liquid temperature and the Leaving Chilled Liquid temperature Setpoint as follows:

- 0.1 Hz every 10 seconds if Delta T is  $>0.2$  and  $<0.5^{\circ}\text{F}$ .
- 0.1 Hz every 8 seconds if Delta T is  $>0.5$  and  $<0.9^{\circ}\text{F}$ .
- 0.1 Hz every 6 seconds if Delta T is  $>0.9^{\circ}\text{F}$ .

If **Delta P/P** ever increases to  $>3.60$ , the speed will be slowly increased to 60 Hz. If this were to occur, **Delta P/P** would have to decrease to  $<3.55$  before a speed decrease would be allowed.

The microprocessor is the center point of the hardware architecture (Fig. 42). It coordinates the serial data communications between the OptiView Control Center Microboard and the VSD Logic Board and Harmonic Filter Logic Board. This serial data is in 0v/+5VDC form. YM XMT (CR7) and YM RCV (CR6) LED's illuminate during serial communications with the OptiView Control Center Microboard. Similarly, VS XMT (CR5) and VS RCV (CR4) LED's illuminate during serial communications with the VSD Logic Board. Serial communications with the Harmonic Filter logic Board take place through the microprocessor via the Digital Signal Processor. This data is accompanied by a Framing pulse and a CLK signal. Although Evaporator and Condenser pressures are transmitted to the ACC Board via the serial communications link for **Delta P/P** calculation, these pressures are also applied directly from the Microboard to the MUX (multiplexer) for **Delta P** surge detection. Also applied to the MUX, is the output of the PRV position Potentiometer. Under program control, these values are input to the microprocessor. The EPROM contains the operating Program for the ACC Board. The RAM serves as the scratch pad memory. The BRAM is a battery backed

memory device where the Surge Map is stored. The Watchdog circuit maintains the microprocessor in a reset state during low voltage conditions. This prevents the microprocessor from reading/writing or processing data until it and supporting circuits have sufficient supply voltage. The Watchdog also assures that the entire Program is executed and that no Program latch-ups occur. **Surge LED CR9** illuminates for 2 seconds when a valid surge condition has been detected as explained above. **Valid Point LED CR8** illuminates whenever there is a condition in effect that prevents a Surge from being plotted on the **Surge Map**. These conditions are: a.) Current Limit is in effect b.) Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Stability Timer is running, indicating an unstable control condition c.) Speed control is in **MANUAL** mode. Switch SW1 is used to manually insert (plot) a surge point in the **Surge Map**.

Test points are provided as follows:

- TPA: +5VDC supply voltage.
- TPB: supply voltage ground.
- TPC: Watchdog power failure detected. Normally  $>+4.5\text{VDC}$ . Transitions to logic low ( $<3.5\text{VDC}$ ) during low voltage conditions.
- TPD: Harmonic Filter Logic Board 0/+5VDC 1200 baud serial data.
- TPE: Harmonic Filter Logic Board Frame pulse.

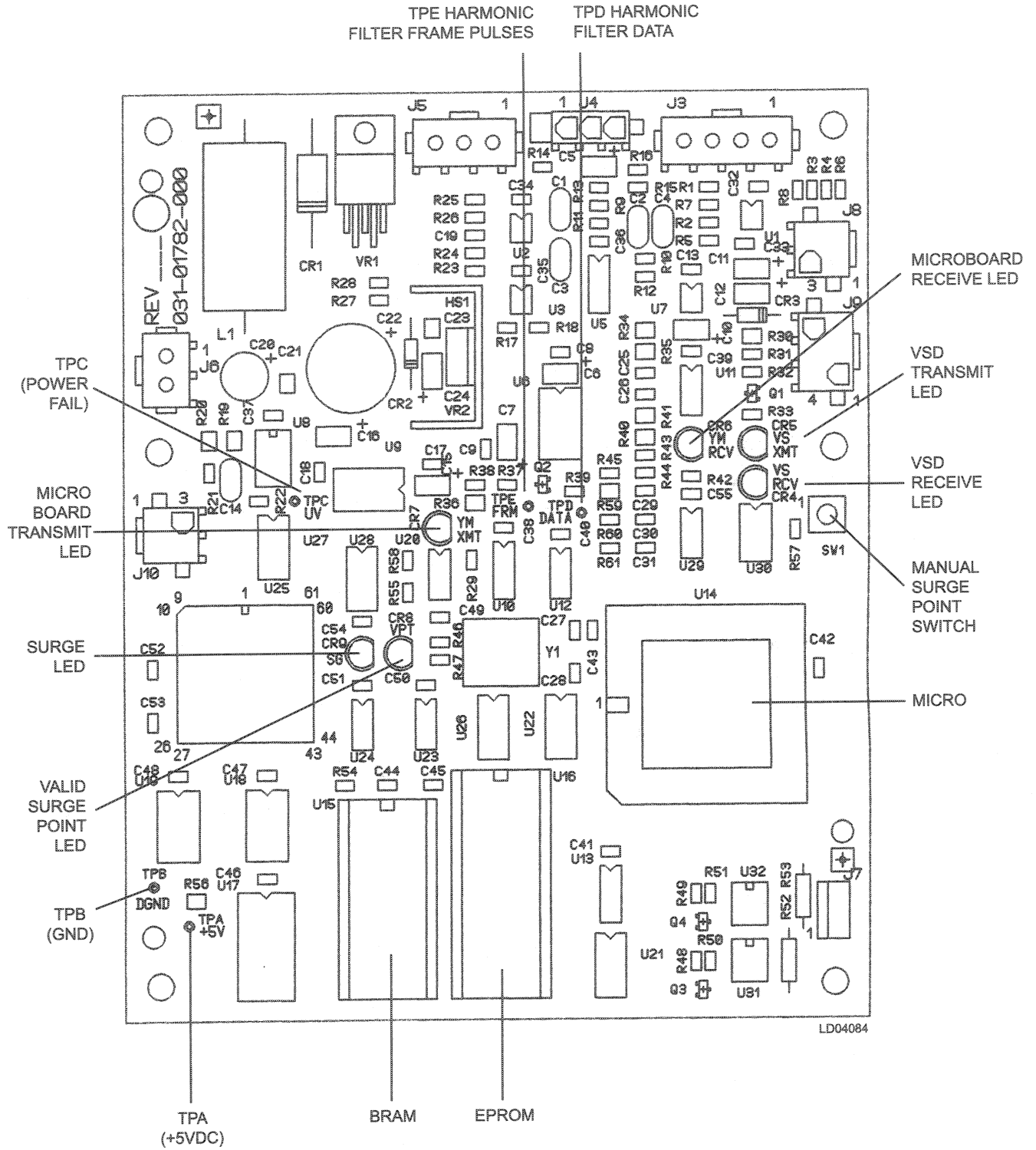
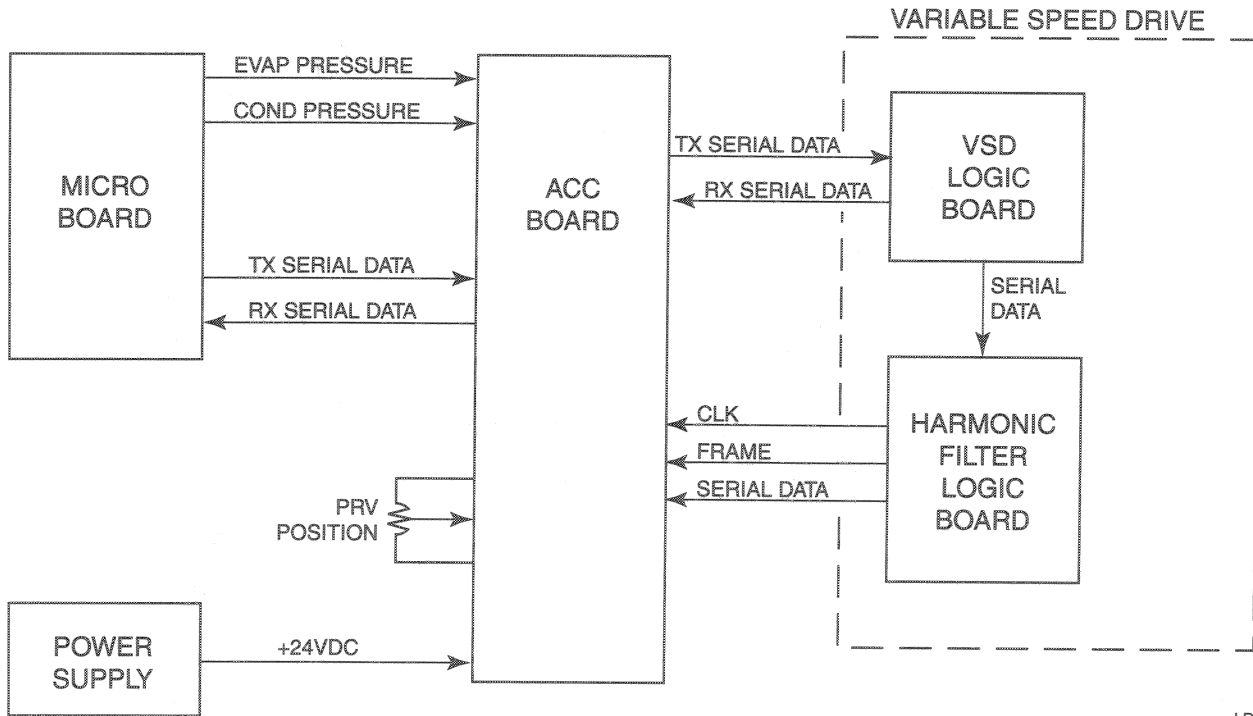
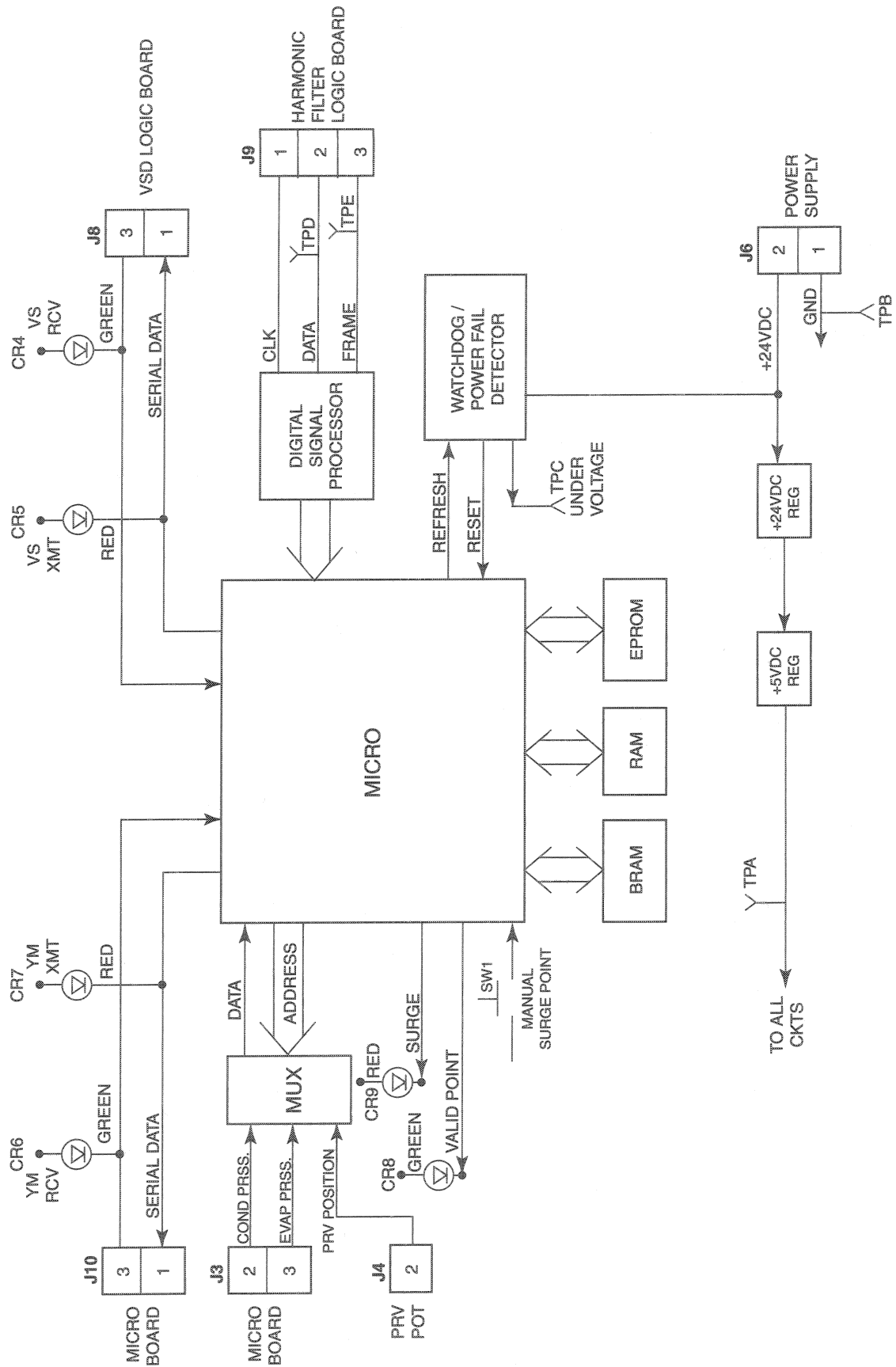


FIG. 42 – COMPRESSOR MOTOR VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE (VSD) ADAPTIVE CAPACITY CONTROL (ACC) BOARD



LD04085

FIG. 43 – ADAPTIVE CAPACITY CONTROL (ACC) BOARD - INTERFACE



LD04086

FIG. 44 - ADAPTIVE CAPACITY CONTROL (ACC) BOARD

## SECTION 13 PROXIMITY PROBE (REFER TO FIG. 45 - 48)

The following applies to all applications except “P” compressors and style F and later chillers with “G, Q” or “H5-8” compressors. For chillers equipped with “P” compressors, refer to Section 13A: The Proximity Probe senses the distance between the tip of the Proximity Probe and the surface of the High Speed Thrust collar. An earlier vintage Probe (025-30961-000) also sensed the High Speed Drain Line oil temperature. However, regardless of which Probe is installed, chillers equipped with Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.03 or later do not sense the High Speed Drain Line oil temperature.

The output of the Proximity circuit is connected to the Microboard at J8-15 and is a 0 (0.089VDC) to +4.4VDC analog voltage corresponding to a measured distance of 10 to 99 mils. This is the **PROXIMITY POSITION** and is displayed as “High Speed Thrust Bearing Proximity Position = xx mils” on the Proximity Probe Calibration Screen. The output of the 025-30961-000 Probe Temperature circuit is connected to the Microboard at J8-1 and is a 0 to +4.5VDC analog voltage corresponding to a measured temperature of 0°F (-177°C) to 300°F (148.9°C). This is the **OIL DRAIN LINE TEMPERATURE** and is displayed as “High Speed Thrust Bearing Oil Drain Temperature = xxx°F on the Compressor Screen (not applicable to Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.03 or later).

When the Probe is installed at the time of chiller manufacture, a reference position is established. It is the distance between the tip of the Probe and the surface of the High Speed Thrust Collar with a minimum of 25 PSID oil pressure. Any distance between 37 and 79 mils is acceptable. It is established using a calibration procedure in the “System Calibration” section of this book. This value is entered at the Keypad as the **REFERENCE POSITION** Setpoint using the Proximity Probe Calibration Screen. Distances outside the range of 37 to 79 mils will be rejected. The value is logged on a label adhered to the inside of the OptiView Control Center door. This value remains the Reference Position until the compressor is rebuilt, whereupon the calibration procedure must be repeated to establish a new Reference Position. Since this Reference Position value is stored in the BRAM (U52) memory device on the Microboard, field replacement of either of these items requires the Reference Position Setpoint to be programmed again.

The difference between the Reference Position and the actual Position is the **PROXIMITY DIFFERENTIAL** and is displayed as “High Speed Thrust Bearing Proximity Differential = xx mils” on the Compressor Screen. For example, if the Reference Position is 50 mils and the actual Position is 45 mils, then the Differential is -5 mils; with the same Reference, if the actual Position is 55 mils, the Differential is +5 mils.

If the Differential increases to  $\geq 10$  mils (+10, +11, etc.) or decreases to  $\geq 25$  mils (-25, -26, etc.), a Safety shutdown is performed and “THRUST BEARING - PROXIMITY PROBE CLEARANCE” is displayed. With software version C.MLM.01.10.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.10.302 (and later), the clearance is only checked during the last 20 seconds of “System Prelube”, during “System Run” and during “Coastdown”. Therefore, the fault is only detected during those periods. With all previous software versions, the clearance is continually checked. The -25 threshold must be exceeded for 2 continuous seconds to initiate a shutdown. The amount of time the +10 threshold has to be exceeded is dependent upon the software version. With software version C.MLM.01.10.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.10.302 (and later), the +10 threshold must be exceeded for 2 continuous seconds to initiate a shutdown. With all previous software, the +10 threshold only has to be exceeded for an instant to initiate a shutdown.

If the Reference Position is between 37 and 46 mils, the full -25 mil differential is not allowed; the maximum allowed distance between the tip of the Probe and the surface of the Thrust Collar is 23 mils. Therefore, when the distance decreases to  $\leq 22$  mils, the Safety shutdown is performed, regardless of the Differential to the Reference Position.

If the distance decreases to  $\leq -17$  mils, a safety shutdown is performed and “THRUST BEARING - PROXIMITY PROBE OUT OF RANGE” is displayed.

On chillers equipped with Probe 025-30961-000 and Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.02 and earlier, if the Drain Line Temperature increases to  $\geq 250.0^\circ\text{F}$  (121.1°C), a Safety shutdown is performed and “THRUST BEARING - HIGH OIL TEMPERATURE” is displayed. If the Temperature signal output of the Probe decreases to 0VDC, it is indicative of an

open circuit or a broken wire to the Probe and a Safety shutdown is initiated and “THRUST BEARING - OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR” is displayed.

When any of the above Thrust Bearing related Safety shutdowns occur, the chiller cannot be restarted until a special reset procedure is performed by a Service technician. Some of these shutdowns also require a thrust bearing inspection. The reset procedure and bearing inspection criteria is listed in the “System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures” section of this book.

The Proximity Position output of the Probe is measured at the Microboard at J8-15 and is calculated as follows:

$$V = \frac{D - 8.14}{20.86}$$

$$D = 20.86 \times V + 8.14$$

Where: V = VDC  
D = distance in Mils

The High Speed Drain Temperature output of Probe 025-30961-000 is measured at the Microboard at J8-1 and is calculated as follows:

$$V = \frac{T - 18.75}{62.5}$$

$$T = 62.5 \times V + 18.75$$

Where: V = VDC  
T = Temp in Deg F

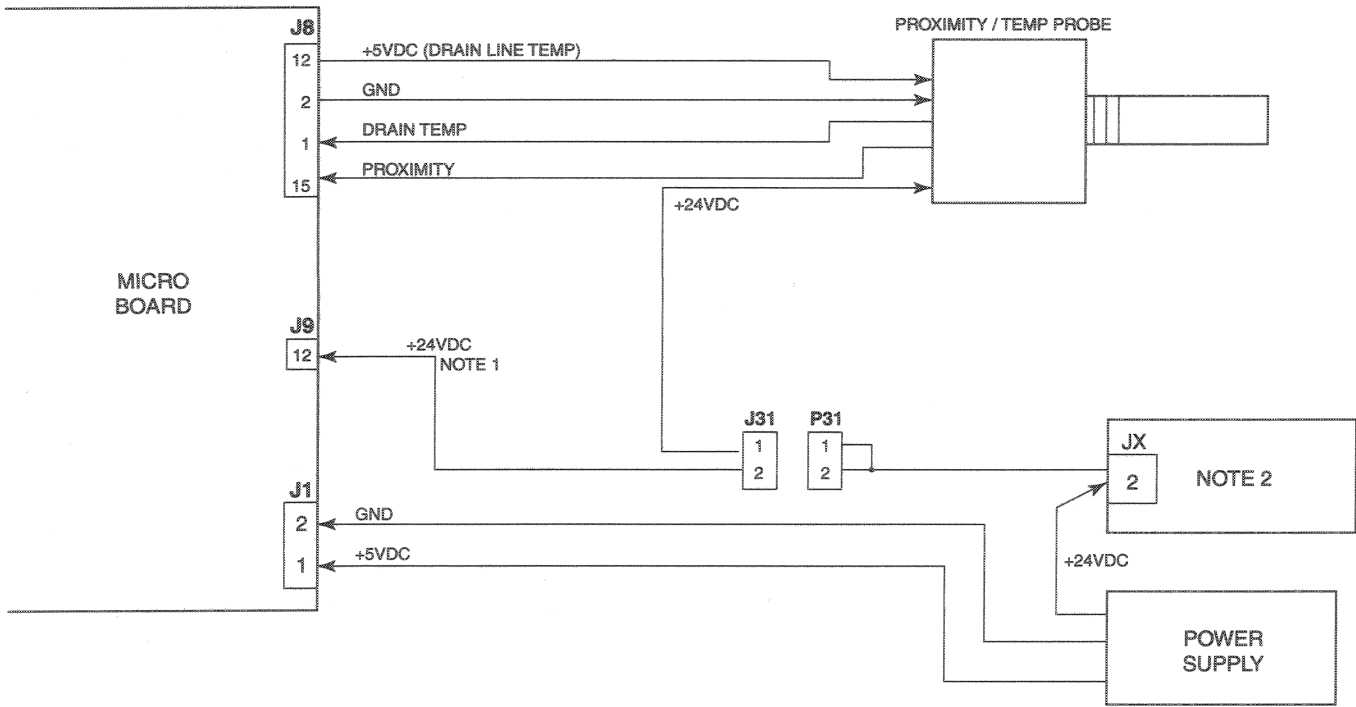
The chiller could be equipped with one of several different Probes. The Probe differences vary with the vintage. The differences involve primarily the power supply requirements and whether or not the Probe senses the High Speed Drain Line Oil Temperature as detailed in the table below.

To determine which Probe is present, examine the part number printed on the Probe body. For service replacement, order the same Probe part number as presently installed or refer to Renewal Parts Manual 160.54-RP1. An appropriate replacement will be provided. Microboard Program Jumpers JP41 and JP42 must be positioned appropriately to provide proper operation for the actual probe installed. Refer to Table 1 Micro, Microboard Program Jumpers.

**IMPORTANT!** Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.03 or later (i.e. C.MLM.01.04, C.MLM.01.05, etc.) must be used with Probe 025-35900-000 or 025-35900-001. If the Flash Memory card does not meet this requirement, a new Flash Memory Card (031-01797-001) must be ordered at the same time as the Probe. If an appropriate Flash Memory Card is not used, the chiller will be prevented from starting due to safety shutdown “Thrust Bearing – Oil Temperature Sensor” (complete explanation of this message in Operation Manual 160.54-O1). This is due to the older Flash Memory Card expecting to receive a High Speed Drain Line Oil Temperature value from the Probe and replacement Probes do not sense this temperature.

The Probe cannot accurately measure the gap distance if its supply voltage, +12VDC or +24VDC, decreases to <+9.5VDC or <19.0VDC respectively. To prevent an invalid Proximity gap Safety shutdown due to a Utility Power sag, the Microboard monitors the Probe’s +12VDC or 24VDC power source at J9-12 on the Microboard. If it decreases to ≤9.5VDC or <19.0VDC respectively, a Cycling shutdown is performed and “Proximity Probe - Low Supply Voltage” is displayed. The chiller will automatically restart when the voltage increases above +9.5VDC for +12VDC applications and +19.7VDC for +24VDC applications.

| <u>Part Number</u> | <u>Supply Voltage</u> | <u>Description</u>  |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|
| 025-30961-000      | +24VDC, +5VDC         | Production until April 2000. Senses Proximity. Also senses High Speed Drain Line Oil Temperature unless equipped with Flash memory card version C.MLM.01.03 or later. |
| 025-35900-000      | +24VDC, +5VDC         | Production after April 2000. Senses Proximity only. Does not sense High Speed Drain Line Temperature.   |
| 025-35900-001      | +24VDC, +5VDC         | Production after March, 2003. Supersedes 025-35900-000.   |



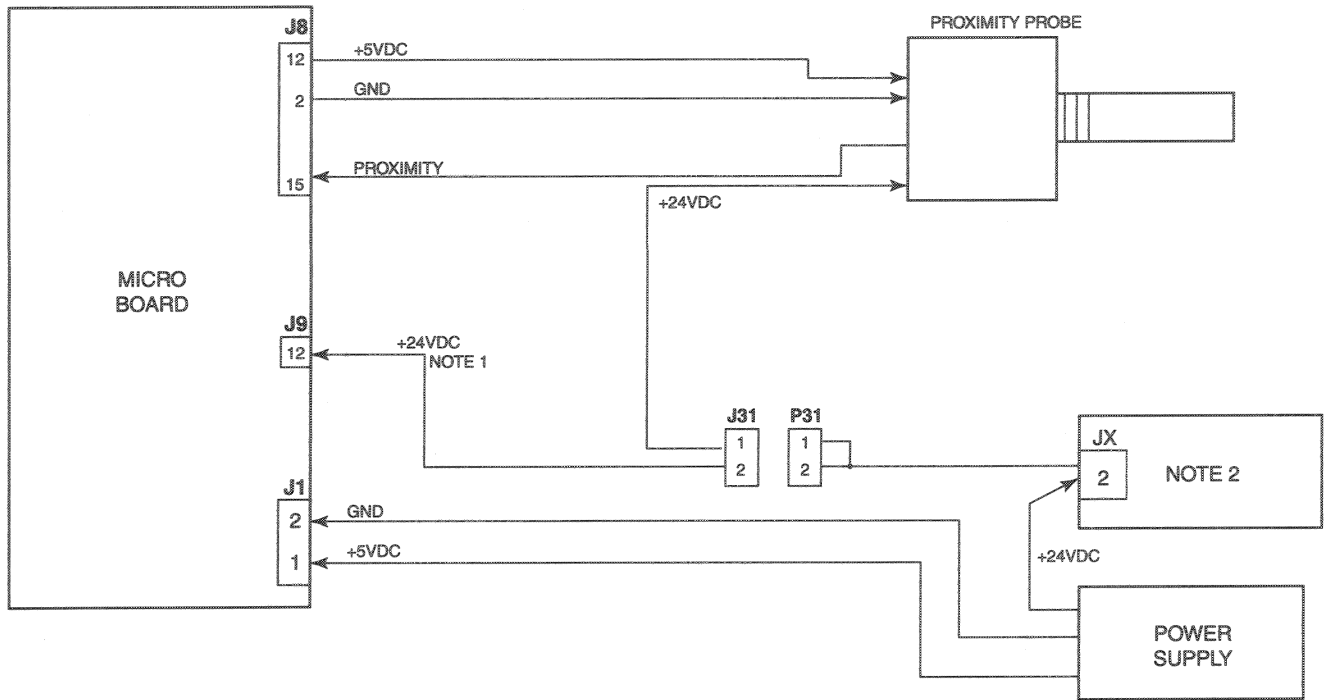
LD04090

**NOTES:**

1. +24VDC Reference for "Proximity Probe - Low Supply Voltage" Cycling Shutdown.
2. CM-2 Board, Solid State Starter Logic Board or Adaptive Capacity Control Board as determined by the Starter Application.

**FIG. 45 – PROXIMITY PROBE INTERFACE-PROBE PART NUMBER 025-30961-000**

**FIG. 46 – BLANK**

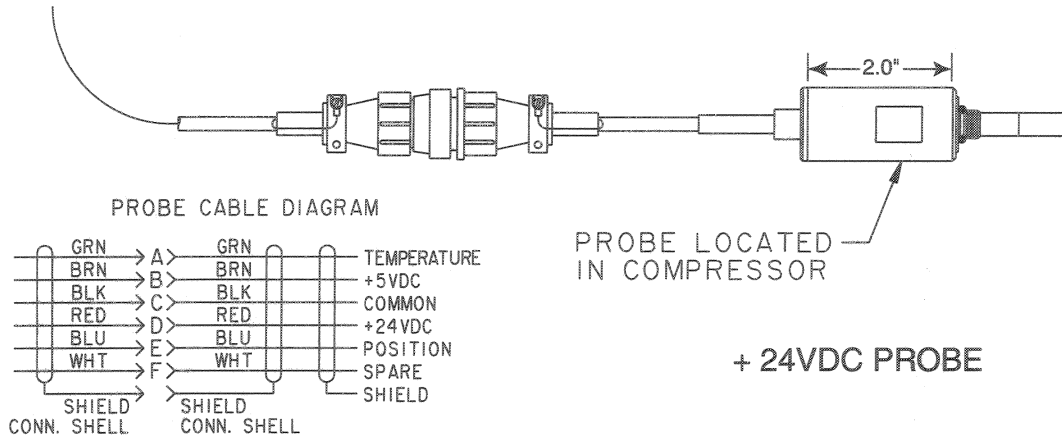


LD05532

**NOTES:**

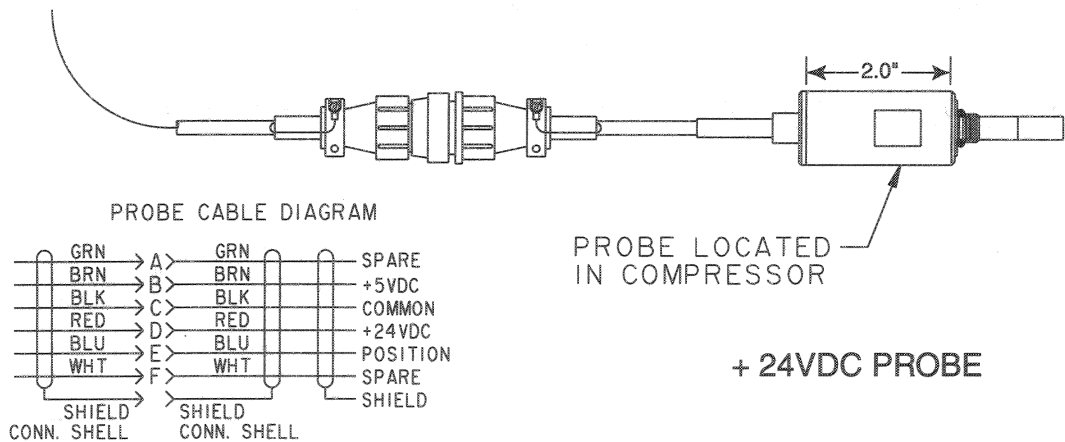
1. +24VDC Reference for "Proximity Probe - Low Supply Voltage" Cycling Shutdown.
2. CM-2 Board, Solid State Starter Logic Board or Adaptive Capacity Control Board as determined by the Starter Application.

**FIG. 47 – PROXIMITY PROBE INTERFACE-PROBE PART NUMBER 025-35900-000 and 025-35900-001**



LD06510

YORK PART NUMBER 025-30961-000



LD05529a

YORK PART NUMBER 025-35900-000 and 025-35900-001

FIG. 48 – PROXIMITY PROBE

## SECTION 13A

# HIGH SPEED THRUST BEARING LIMIT SWITCH

(REFER TO FIG. 49 - 50)

13A

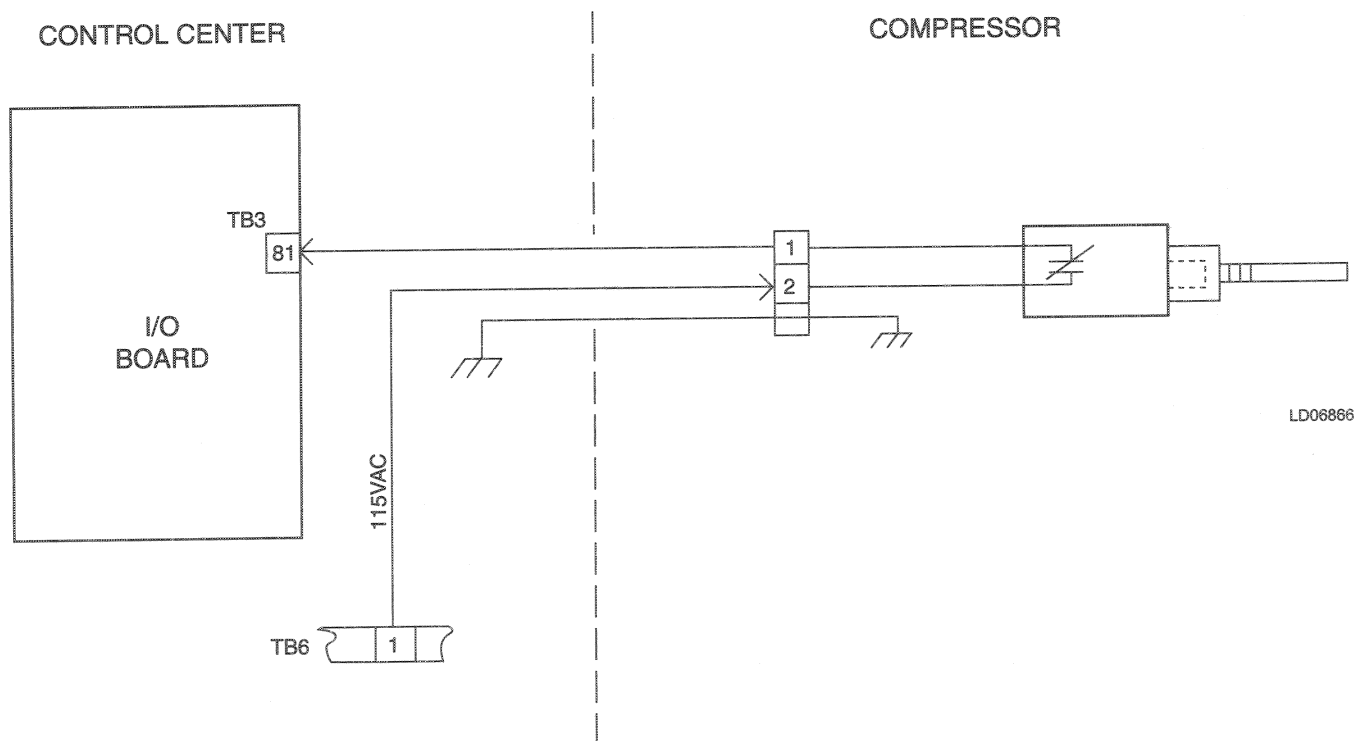
Chillers that are equipped with "P" compressors and style F and later chillers with "G" or "H5-8" compressors have a High Speed Thrust Bearing Limit Switch (025-34535-000) instead of the Proximity Probe described in Section 13. This device detects abnormal bearing position through probe contact instead of distance measurement as performed with the Proximity Probe.

The High Speed Thrust Bearing Limit Switch is an assembly consisting of a pressure switch attached to a probe that protrudes into the compressor housing. When the bearing position decreases to < the allowed position, it comes into contact with the probe, causing the break-away probe to detach, exposing the pressure switch to the pressure inside the compressor. A set of normally closed contacts inside the switch open when the switch is exposed to a pressure of > 15 to 25 PSIG. One side of these contacts is connected to 115VAC. The other side

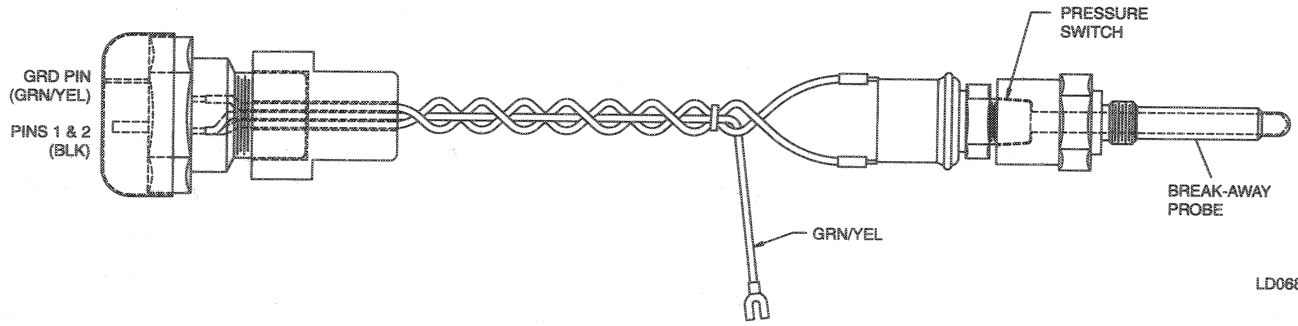
connects to I/O Board TB3-81. The Microboard reads the state of these contacts through the I/O Board and when they open, a safety shutdown is performed and "THRUST BEARING - LIMIT SWITCH OPEN" is displayed on the System Details line of the Display. On the COMPRESSOR Screen, a red LED illuminates when the switch is closed; extinguishes when it is open.



***After the High Speed Thrust Bearing safety shutdown has occurred, the chiller cannot be restarted until a Thrust Bearing inspection, followed by a special reset procedure which has been performed by a qualified Service Technician. The reset procedure and Bearing inspection criteria is listed in the "System Calibration and Reset Procedures section of this book.***



**FIG. 49 – HIGH SPEED THRUST BEARING LIMIT SWITCH - INTERFACE**



LD06860

FIG. 50- HIGH SPEED THRUST BEARING LIMIT SWITCH

## SECTION 14

### REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL

(REFER TO FIG. 51 & 52)

The chiller can be provided with an optional Condenser **Refrigerant Level Control**. A **Variable Orifice**, located in the refrigerant liquid line between the Evaporator and Condenser, is used to control the refrigerant level in the Condenser. It is modulated by an **Actuator** that is driven by open and close output signals from Triacs on the I/O Board. These control signals originate at the Microboard. Automatic or Manual level control is allowed. If Automatic control is selected, the Program modulates the Variable Orifice to maintain the Condenser refrigerant to a programmable Setpoint level. If Manual control is selected, the Variable Orifice can be manually controlled with the Keypad keys. This Manual control can also be used to place the Orifice in a fixed position.

Since the Level Control feature is optional, the Program operation described here must be **ENABLED** on those chillers so equipped and **DISABLED** on all other chillers. This procedure, along with the programming of Setpoints described below, is performed on the Refrigerant Level Control/Tuning Screen using instructions in the "System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures Programming Procedures" section of this book.

A Liquid Level Sensor (LLS) detects the **Refrigerant Level** in the condenser and outputs an analog voltage to the Microboard that represents this level. The level is expressed as a percentage and is displayed on the Condenser Screen and the Refrigerant Level Control Screen as the "Refrigerant Level Position = xxx%". The Level Sensor is calibrated so that the refrigerant level is displayed as 0% when the level is at minimum; 100% when the level is at maximum. Levels between these extremes are linearly scaled. The level is at minimum when the chiller is shutdown with the orifice in the fully open position. The level is at maximum when the level is above the site glass, with the sensor fully covered.

The Level Sensor calibration procedure is in the "System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures" section of this manual. There are different versions of the Level Sensors as shown in figure 50. The operation of the sensors is the same. However, the differences affect the way the sensors are calibrated. Some sensors are equipped with adjustable potentiometers, while others are equipped with pushbuttons that are used to calibrate the sensor.

The desired refrigerant level to be maintained in the condenser is the **Refrigerant Level Setpoint** and is displayed

as "Refrigerant Level Setpoint = xxx%" on the Condenser Screen and the Refrigerant level Control Screen.

This Setpoint is programmed by a Service Technician at chiller commissioning using the Refrigerant Level Control Screen. It is programmable over the range of 20% to 80%.

#### AUTOMATIC OPERATION

While the chiller is shut down, an Open signal is applied to the Actuator, driving the Orifice to the fully open position. This causes the Condenser refrigerant level to be approximately 0%. Elevated Evaporator pressure with respect to Condenser pressure could cause the level to be higher.

When a chiller start is initiated, there are two different courses of action taken, depending on the Flash Memory Card version as follows:

If equipped with Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.06.xxx and earlier or "P" compressors with C.MLM.04.02.xxx and earlier: After the chiller is started, when the Vane Motor Switch (VMS) opens after entering **SYSTEM RUN**, if the actual level is greater than the Level Setpoint, the Microboard begins controlling the level to the Level Setpoint. However, if the actual level is less than the Level Setpoint, a linearly increasing ramp is applied to the Level Setpoint. This ramp causes the Setpoint to increase from the initial refrigerant level to the programmed Level Setpoint over a period of 15 minutes. While this ramp is in effect, the ramp value is displayed as "REFRIGERANT LEVEL TARGET = XX%" and replaces the Level Setpoint message on the Condenser Screen. While the ramp is in effect, "RAMP UP TIME REMAINING = XX MIN" is displayed. After the 15 minute ramp period has elapsed, the refrigerant level is controlled to the programmed Level Setpoint.

If equipped with Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later: Upon entering chiller Prelube, the Refrigerant Level close output is energized for the length of the programmable **Valve Preset Time** Setpoint (0 to 100 seconds; default 50). After pre-positioning, the valve is held in this position until the first 3 minutes of Chiller Run Time has elapsed (Setting the Valve Preset Time to 0 seconds disables this pre-positioning feature). During this 3 minute period, the Refrigerant Level Override displays "Valve Preset" and the Override Time Remaining displays the time remaining in the 3-minute countdown timer. After the chiller has

been running 3 minutes, if the level is greater than or equal to the Refrigerant Level Setpoint, it begins controlling to the Setpoint. However, if it is less than the Refrigerant Level Setpoint, a linearly increasing ramp limit, called the **Refrigerant Level Target**, is applied to the Refrigerant Level Setpoint. This ramp limit allows the level to go from the present level to the Refrigerant Level Setpoint over a period of time programmed as the **Ramp-Up Time** setpoint (3 to 15 minutes; default 8). During this ramp-up period, the Refrigerant Level Target is used to control the refrigerant level in the condenser and the Refrigerant Level Setpoint message on the Condenser Screen is replaced by "REFRIGERANT LEVEL TARGET = XX%". While the ramp is in effect, "RAMP UP TIME REMAINING = XX MIN" is displayed. After the ramp period has elapsed, the refrigerant level is controlled by the Refrigerant Level Setpoint for the remainder of chiller run. If the Valve Preset Time is set to 0 seconds and the Ramp-Up Time Setpoint is set to 15 minutes, the control will operate the same as previous Software versions, as described above.

The Program applies an open or close signal, as required, from the Microboard to the actuator to maintain the level to the Level Setpoint. The duration of the signal determines the magnitude of change to the Orifice position. The duration of the signal and whether it is an open or close signal depends upon the Proportion Error and the Rate of Change of the actual level compared to the Level Setpoint in a recurring period of time called a **Level Control Period**. At the end of each Level Control Period, the Proportion error and Rate of Change are compared to control thresholds **Proportion Limit Close**, **Proportion Limit Open** and **Rate Limit Close** and **Rate Limit Open**. The result of this comparison determines the signal that will be applied to the actuator at the end of the Level Control Period as explained below. The setpoint values used by the program is determined by the Software vintage. In earlier versions, the values are programmable setpoints as shown below. In later versions, they are fixed and programmable values applied in two different Zones, as determined by the error relationship of the actual refrigerant level and the Level Setpoint as shown below.

Software version C.MLM.01.11.xxx (and earlier) or C.OPT.01.11.xxx (and earlier)

- Level Control Period-3.5 to 30.0 seconds (default 3.5)
- Proportion Limit Open-10% to 50% (default 15)
- Proportion Limit Close-10% to 50% (default 45)
- Rate Limit Open-5% to 50% (default 10)
- Rate Limit Close-5% to 50% (default 10)
- Proportion Error Deadband -  $\pm 3\%$
- Rate Error Deadband -  $\pm 1\%$

Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306(and later)

In this version, some control thresholds are fixed while others are programmable. This provides more stable control in certain operating conditions. The control thresholds are applied in two different zones, as determined by the error relationship between the actual refrigerant level and the Level Setpoint as shown below. Zone 1 parameters are used when the error is  $< 9\%$ . Zone 2 parameters are used when the error is  $> 9\%$ . When transitioning from Zone 2 to Zone 1, the error must be  $< 9\%$  for 60 seconds before the Zone 1 parameters are used. If the error is  $> 9\%$ , the Zone 2 parameters are immediately implemented.

On the Refrigerant Level Control Screen, the Zone Control State status box displays which zone of control is being used: "Zone 1", "Zone 2", "Zone Control Off" (if chiller shutdown). When transitioning from Zone 2 to Zone 1, "Zone 2 to Zone 1" is displayed and the "Zone Control Time Remaining" status box displays the amount of time remaining in the 60-second countdown timer.

The following are the control thresholds:

|                                | <u>Zone 1</u> | <u>Zone 2</u> |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Proportion Limit Open (fixed)  | 50%           | 52%           |
| Proportion Limit Close (fixed) | 45%           | 45%           |
| Rate Limit* (setpoint)         | 3%-15%        | 3%-15%        |
| default                        | 7%            | 5%            |
| Period (setpoint) (seconds)    | 8-22          | 2.5-10        |
| default                        | 15            | 2.5           |

|  | <u>Zone 1 &amp; Zone 2</u> |
|--|----------------------------|
| Level Setpoint                         | 20% to 80%; default 30%    |
| Valve Preset Time (setpoint) (seconds) | 0 to 100; default 50       |
| Ramp Up Time (setpoint) (minutes)      | 3 to 15; default 8         |
| Proportion Error Deadband -            | +0%                        |
| Rate Error Deadband -                  | +0%                        |

\*This RATE LIMIT setpoint sets the Rate Limit threshold for refrigerant levels both above (open) and below (close) the Refrigerant Level Setpoint.

The entire chiller run time is divided into Level Control Periods. They occur consecutively and continuously. The first one begins upon entering **SYSTEM RUN** and when it ends the next one begins, etc. This repeats until the chiller is shutdown. The duration of these periods are programmed as the **Level Control Period Setpoint**.

At the completion of each Level Control Period, the actual level is compared to the Level Setpoint. The result is the Proportion Error. The Proportion Error is compared to Setpoints Proportion Limit Open (if level is above setpoint) and Proportion Limit Close (if level is below setpoint). If the Proportion Error exceeds the Limit, the Proportion Error influence in the response will be large. If the Proportion Error is less than the Limit, the Proportion error influence in the response is determined by how close the Proportion Error is to the Limit; close yields larger influence, further yields smaller influence. To establish the response to the rate of change, the amount of change in the Level within the Level Control Period is compared to the Rate Limit Close (if level less than setpoint) and Rate Limit Open (if level greater than setpoint). If the result exceeds the Setpoint, the rate influence in the response will be large; if less than the Setpoint, the rate influence is determined by how close the result is to the Setpoint; close yields larger influence, further yields smaller influence.

Therefore, per the above, the values programmed for Proportion Limit Open/Close and Rate Limit Open/Close determine the sensitivity of the level control. Smaller values generally yield greater response for the same level change in the Level control Period. Also, the smaller the value programmed for the Level Control Period, the more

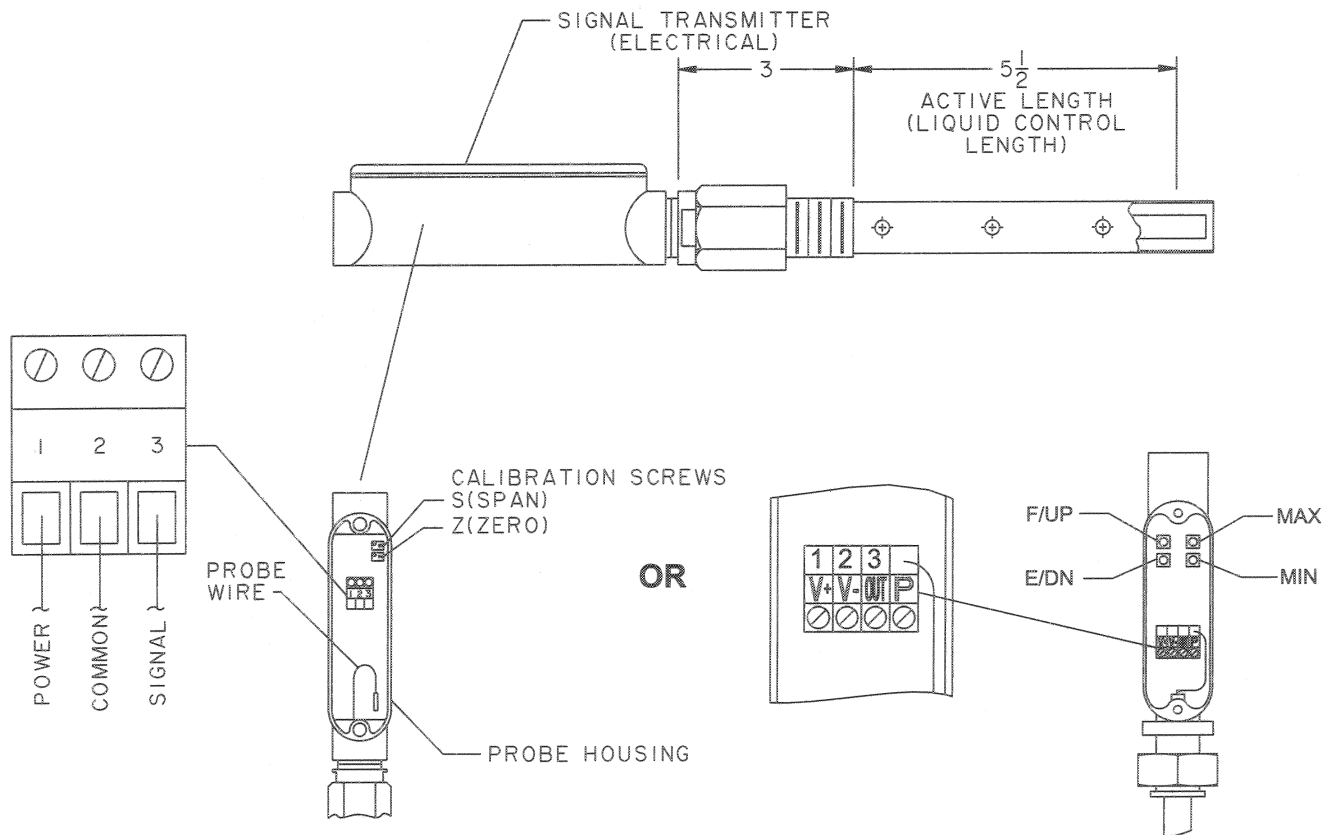
often an output signal is applied to the Variable Orifice Actuator. The orifice valve movement is animated on the Refrigerant Level Control Screen as follows: when 0-20% open, shown fully closed; 20 - 40% open, shown as 20% open; 40 - 60% open, shown as 40% open; 60 - 80% open, shown as 80% open; 80 - 100% open, shown as 100% open.

**MANUAL OPERATION**

The Orifice Actuator can be manually controlled from the Keypad using the Refrigerant Level Control Screen after logging in at **SERVICE** access level. Open, Close, Hold and Auto keys are used to control the Variable Orifice. Using the Open, Close and Hold keys, the Variable Orifice can be placed in a fixed position. Pressing the Auto key returns Level Control to Automatic operation.

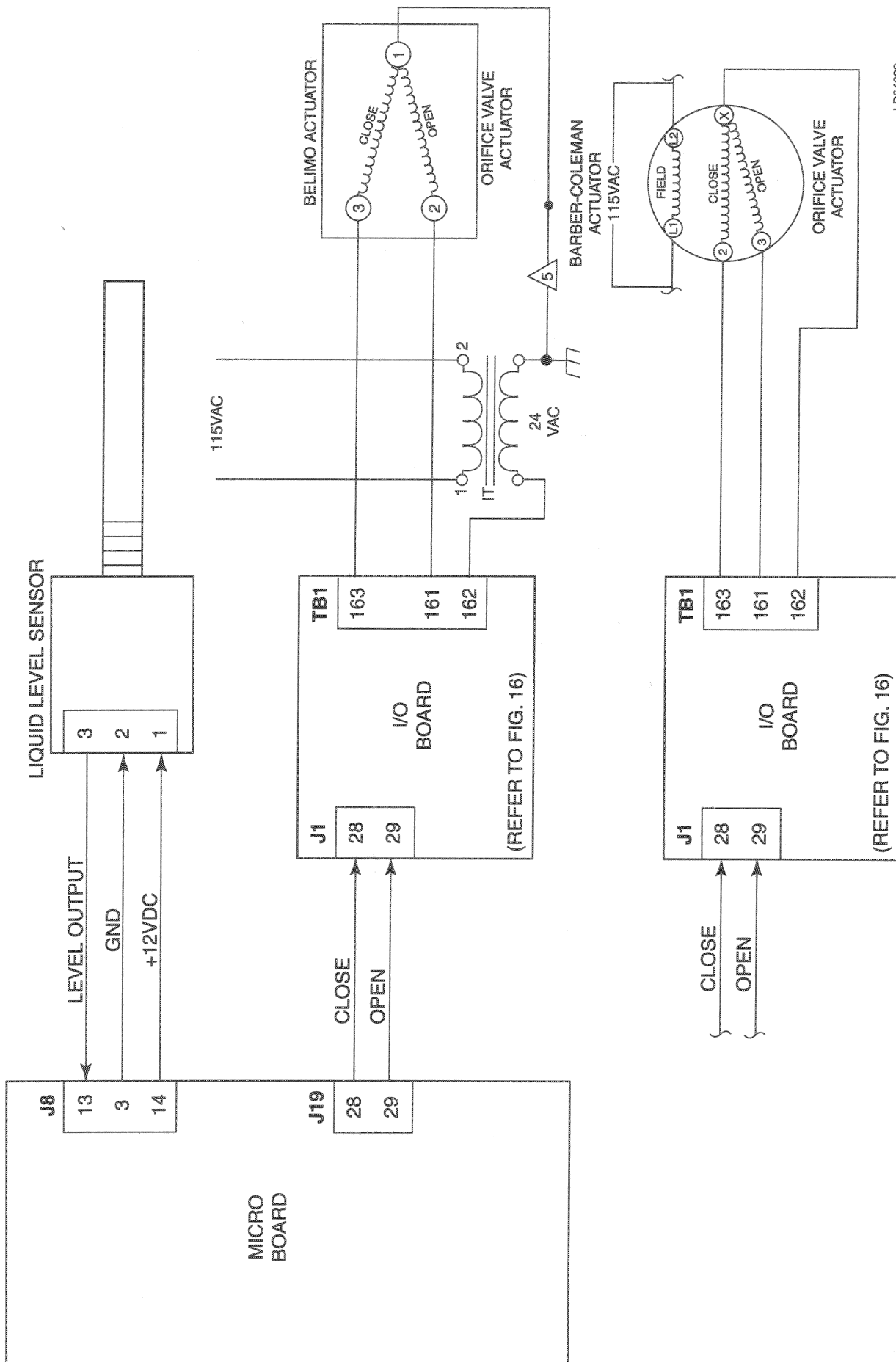
**ACTUATORS**

New production units use a Belimo actuator that operates from 24VAC. If the OptiView Control Center is retrofit to an existing chiller, the chiller could be equipped with a Barber-Coleman actuator that operates from 115VAC. The interface for both actuators is shown in Fig. 52. The description of the operation of both actuators is in the "I/O Board" section of this book.



**FIG. 51 – REFRIGERANT LIQUID LEVEL SENSOR**

LD09256



LD04092

FIG. 52 - REFRIGERANT LIQUID LEVEL CONTROL - INTERFACE

## SECTION 15

### OIL PUMP VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE

(REFER TO FIG. 53 - 55)

On style D and later chillers, the oil pump is driven by a **Variable Speed Drive (VSD)** (Refer to Service Manual 160.52-M2 for details of this device). In normal operation, the oil pump speed is automatically controlled to maintain a desired oil pressure. The speed can be manually controlled with the Keypad keys using the Oil Sump Screen with Service access level.

On those chillers equipped with the oil pump VSD, the VSD operation as described below must be **ENABLED** by placing Microboard Program Switch SW1-2 in the ON position. Those chillers not equipped with the oil pump VSD must have this operation **DISABLED** by placing SW1-2 in the OFF position. Refer to Table 2, "Microboard Program Switches".

The programming of the Setpoints referred to below is performed on the Oil Sump Screen using instructions in the "System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures" section of this book. These Setpoints should not be programmed by anyone other than a qualified Service Technician. Variable speed oil pump chillers are not equipped with the Liquid Line Solenoid Valve (2SOL), or High Speed Thrust Solenoid Valve (4SOL). Therefore, when Oil Pump VSD operation is **ENABLED** with Program Switch SW1-2, the Program is configured to operate the chiller without these solenoid valves. Operation Sequence Timing Diagrams in Fig. 4 and 5 depict chiller operation with the Oil Pump VSD enabled or disabled. Also, when equipped with the oil pump VSD, the Microboard, under Program control, controls the Oil Heater to maintain a specific oil temperature as described in the "Oil Heater" section below.

#### AUTOMATIC OPERATION

Under Program control, a speed command signal from the Microboard controls the oil pump speed by varying the VSD output frequency. The speed command is in the form of a Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) Signal as explained below. During the **System Prelube** period and the first 15 seconds of **System Run**, the Program operates the oil pump VSD over the range of 25 Hz to 60 Hz to maintain the oil pressure to the target value of 45 PSID. For the remainder of **System Run** and the **Coast-down** period, it operates it over the same frequency range to maintain the pressure to the programmed **Oil Pressure Setpoint**.

When the chiller is started, 13 seconds after the **System Prelube** is initiated, the Microboard (J20-3) starts the oil pump by driving the EN (enable) input of the Oil Pump VSD to a Logic Low level (<1VDC). The Microboard (J20-1) then applies a speed command signal to the PWM input of the VSD that ramps the VSD output frequency from 25 Hz (45 Hz on all "P" compressors. 45 Hz on other compressor applications equipped with Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.05.xxx and later) to whatever frequency is required (up to a maximum of 60 Hz) to achieve the **Target Oil Pressure**. (If equipped with Flash Memory card version C.MLM.01.08.xxx (and later), it is held at 45Hz for 8 seconds before releasing to normal control). The Target Oil Pressure is fixed at 45 PSID. The speed command is displayed on the Oil Sump Screen as **OIL PUMP DRIVE COMMAND FREQUENCY = XX HZ**. The speed command to the VSD is modulated as required to maintain the 45 PSID Target Oil Pressure for the remainder of **System Prelube** and the first 15 seconds of **System Run**. While this target is in effect, it is displayed on the Oil Sump Screen as **TARGET OIL PRESSURE = 45 PSID**. The time remaining that the Target Oil Pressure is in effect is displayed as a countdown timer in the message **PULL-DOWN TIME REMAINING = XX SEC**. After the compressor has been running for 15 seconds, the speed of the VSD is controlled to maintain the programmed **Oil Pressure Setpoint** (20 to 45 PSID). This is displayed on the Oil Sump Screen as **SETPOINT OIL PRESSURE = XX PSID**.

During Oil Pump operation, the following minimum and maximum oil pressures are allowed:

1. During **Automatic** operation, if either of the following conditions occur, a Safety shutdown is performed and **OIL - VARIABLE SPEED PUMP - PRESSURE SETPOINT NOT ACHIEVED** is displayed. These conditions are not checked in **MANUAL** operation.
  - a. If the Oil Pressure is <35 PSID (< 25.0 PSID for "P" compressors equipped with software version C.MLM.01.10A.xxx (and earlier) or C.OPT.01.10A.xxx (and earlier) for 5 continuous seconds during the last 10 seconds of **System Prelube** or during the first 15 seconds of **System Run**.
  - b. If the Oil Pressure is < the programmed Oil Pressure Setpoint and the speed command is

at 60 Hz for 5 continuous seconds, any time after the first 30 seconds of SYSTEM RUN.

2. During **Automatic** operation, if the Oil Pressure decreases to  $\leq 15$  PSID, a Safety shutdown is performed and **OIL - LOW DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE** is displayed. If it increases to  $\geq 90$  PSID (120.0 PSID with software versions C.MLM.01.08.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.08A.xxx (and later)), a Safety shutdown is performed and **OIL - HIGH DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE** is displayed.

The Microboard controls the VSD output frequency by applying a **Pulse Width Modulation (PWM)** speed command signal to the VSD. The signal is applied every 0.7 seconds. Within the 0.7 second period, the duration of time the signal is at logic low ( $<1$ VDC) and logic high ( $+12$ VDC) level determines the VSD output frequency between 25 and 60 Hz. If it remains at a logic high for the entire 0.7 second period, it is commanding the VSD output frequency to be 25 Hz. If it is low for the entire 0.7 second period, it is commanding the VSD output frequency to be 60 Hz. Frequencies between these extremes are achieved by driving the signal low for a proportionate amount of time within the 0.7 second period. For example, if the signal is low for 50% (0.35 seconds) of the 0.7 second period, it would be commanding the VSD to operate at a frequency that is halfway between 25 and 60 Hz, or 42.5 Hz. The resolution, or smallest increment of change is 0.01 seconds. This allows the output frequency to be changed in 0.5 Hz steps. The VSD output frequency for any PWM input can be calculated as follows:

$$\text{Frequency in Hz} = (\text{On-Time in seconds} / 0.02) + 25$$

The entire oil pump run time is divided into Oil Pressure **Control Periods**. They run consecutively and continuously; when the first one ends, the next one begins, etc. This repeats until the oil pump is shutdown. The duration of the periods is determined by the **Control Period Setpoint**. This Setpoint is programmed in multiples of 0.3 seconds over the range of 0.3 to 2.7 seconds. At the end of each period, the actual oil pressure is compared to the Oil Pressure Setpoint and the speed command is changed as required to invoke VSD frequency changes to increase or decrease the oil pressure. If the error between the Oil Pressure Setpoint and the actual oil pressure is  $\leq \pm 6$  PSID, the frequency is increased or decreased 0.5 Hz to increase or decrease the oil pressure. However, if the error is  $> \pm 6$  PSID, the value programmed for **Control**

**Period Setpoint** determines the relative magnitude of correction applied to the VSD output frequency. The larger the programmed value, the greater the amount of correction above 0.5 Hz is applied.

To provide an operational status to the Microboard (via I/O Board TB3-70), the VSD contains a set of normally open (N.O.) relay contacts that are driven closed as long as all the internal protection circuits are satisfied. They open anytime these circuits will not permit the VSD to operate. The opening of these contacts initiate a chiller **cycling** shutdown, displaying **OIL - VARIABLE SPEED PUMP - DRIVE CONTACTS OPEN**. After the problem has cleared, the contacts automatically close, except if the VSD experiences a short circuit on the output; this requires the VSD to be manually reset by the removal and restoration of the VSD AC Power.

## MANUAL OPERATION

The oil pump can be manually operated using the Oil Sump Screen when logged in with **SERVICE ACCESS** level. While the chiller is running, the speed can be manually adjusted over the range of 25 to 60 Hz. When the chiller is not running, manual on/off control, as well as manual speed control is permitted. After the pump is manually turned on, it will automatically turn off after 10 minutes of operation, if not manually terminated earlier.

The **RAISE** and **LOWER** keys are used to increase and decrease the VSD output frequency in 0.5 Hz increments. Each time the **RAISE** key is pressed, the frequency is increased 0.5 Hz. Each time the **LOWER** key is pressed, the frequency is decreased 0.5 Hz. Repeated presses of these keys are required to increase or decrease the frequency by greater amounts.

If the **AUTO** key is pressed, Automatic operation, as described above, is resumed.

If the **SET** key is pressed, the VSD is driven to a specific predetermined frequency. This permits service analysis of the oil pressure at various oil pump speeds. This frequency is programmed using instructions in the "System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures" section of this book.

During Manual operation, the Oil Sump Screen can be used to monitor the actual oil pressure and the speed command.

## OIL HEATER OPERATION

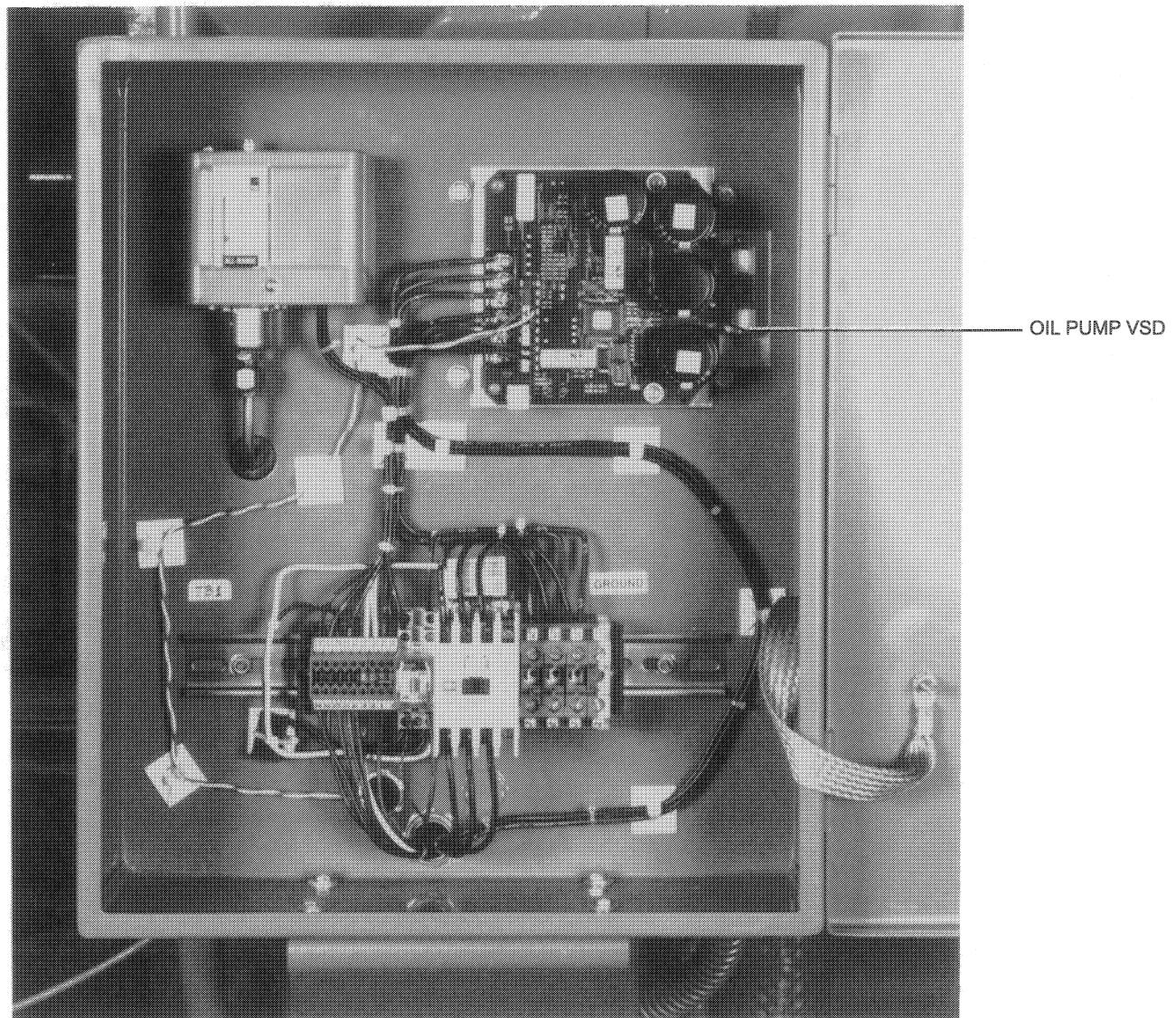
On chillers equipped with the oil pump VSD, the oil heater is controlled by the Microboard via I/O Board. The connection to the I/O Board is determined by the chiller style and compressor type as follows:

- TB1-34 - Style D and E chillers with “G”, “H” or “J” compressors
- TB1-64 - Style E chillers with “P” compressors and all Style F and later chillers.

When the oil pump is not operating, the heater is turned on and off to maintain a target value of 50°F above the Condenser Saturation Temperature. If the calculated target value is > 160°F, the target value defaults to 160°F. If the calculated target value is < 110°F, it defaults to 110°F. When the temperature decreases to 4°F below the target value, the heater is turned on; it is turned off at 3°F above the target.

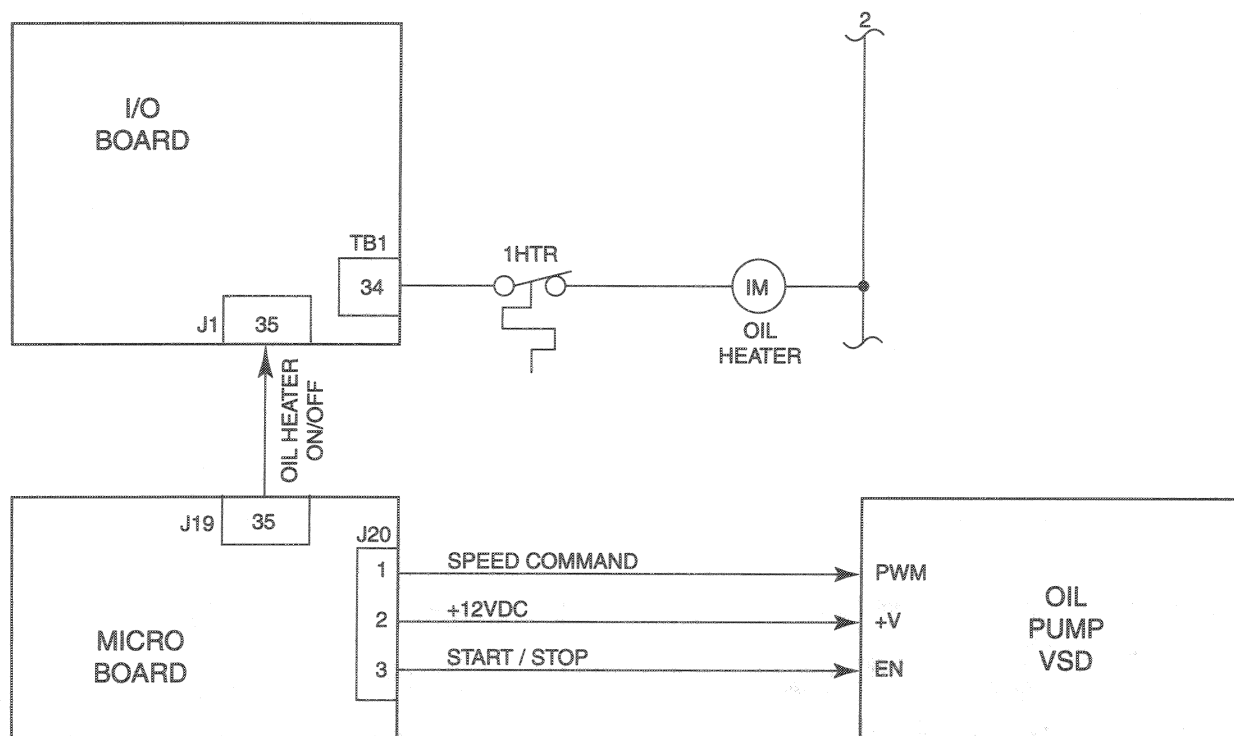
To prevent overheating the oil in the event of an OptiView Control Center failure, thermostat 1HTR opens at 180°F.

15



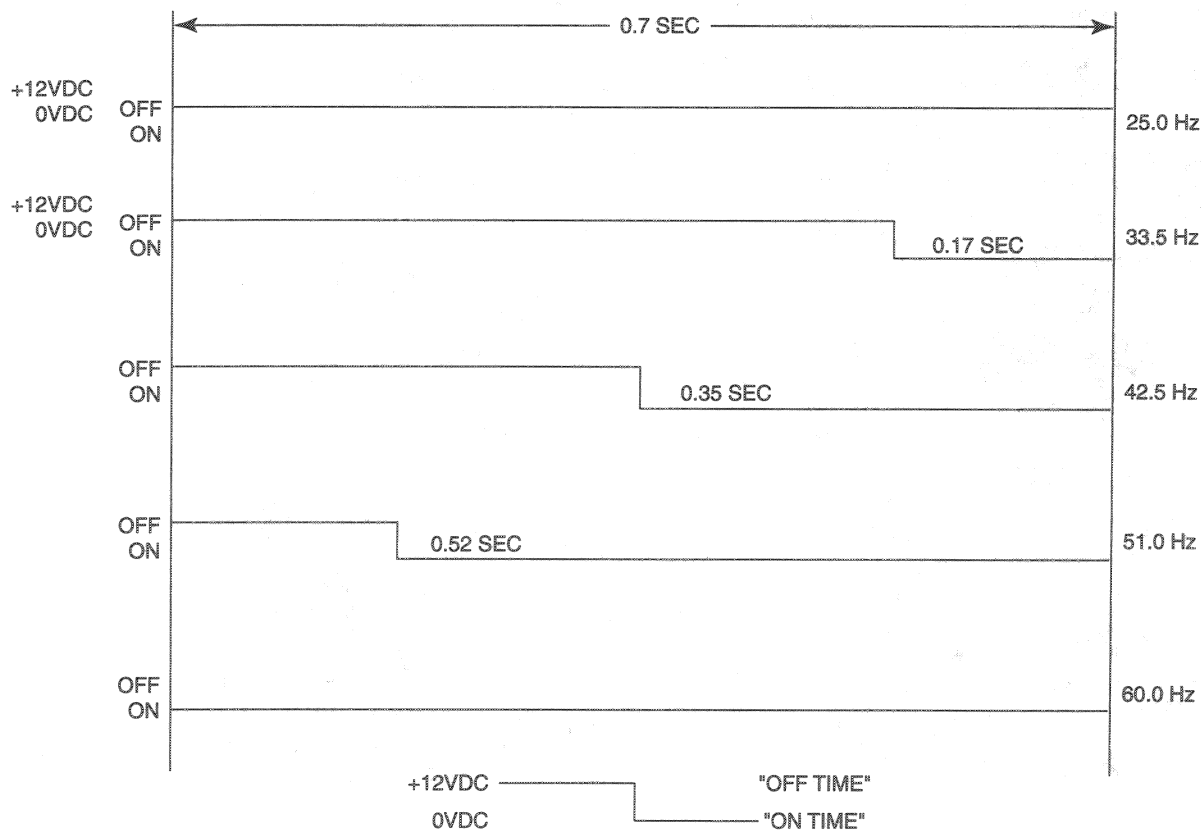
28782A

FIG. 53 – OIL PUMP VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE (VSD)



LD04093

FIG. 54 – OIL PUMP VSD / OIL HEATER CONTROL – INTERFACE



LD04094

FIG. 55 – OIL PUMP VSD SPEED CONTROL SIGNAL

## SECTION 16 MICROGATEWAY (REFER TO FIG. 56)

The complete description of the MicroGateway installation and operation is contained in YORK form 450.20-NOM1.

The MicroGateway is an optional printed circuit board that provides an interface between the OptiView Control Center and YORK ISN (Integrated Systems Network) or other selected networks. It can be mounted on the upper corner of the left wall of the OptiView Control Center or in its own enclosure in a remote location.

If installed in the OptiView Control Center, the MicroGateway is powered by +12VDC from the Microboard.

The MicroGateway communicates with the Microboard COM 4B communications port via an RS-232 interface. As shown in Figure 11, Microboard Program Jumper JP 27 must be placed on pins 2 and 3 to allow data to be received from the MicroGateway.

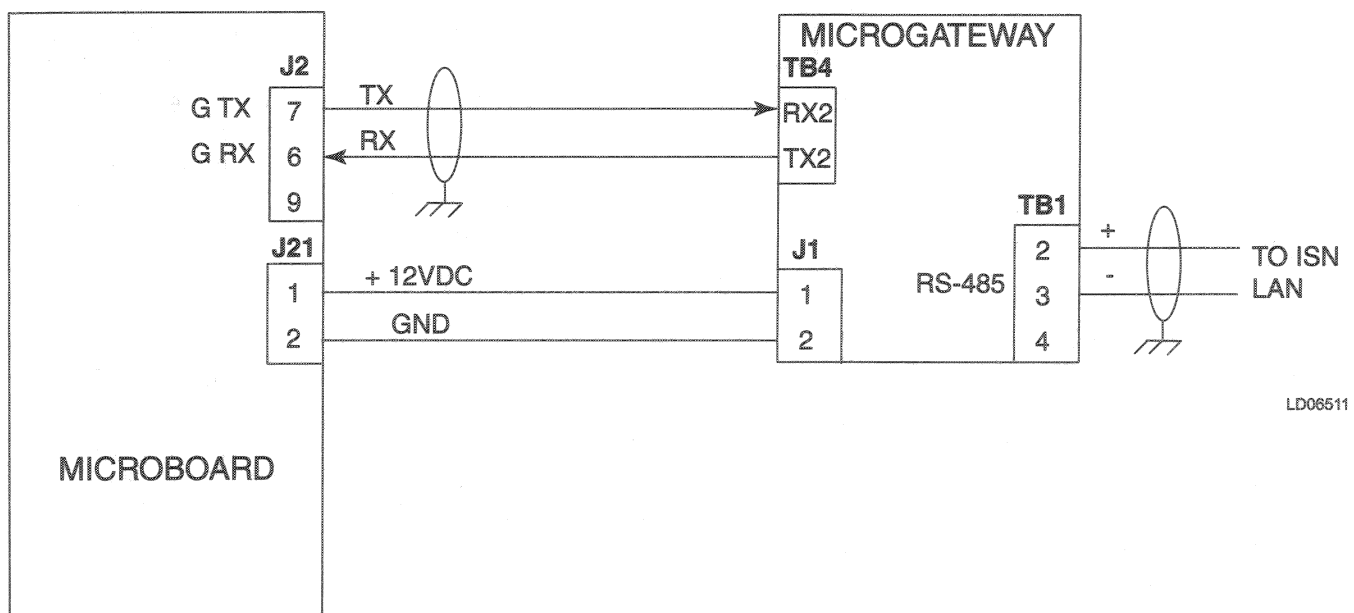
If the remote device that is connected to the MicroGateway is going to provide remote Start/Stop signals, remote Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature and/or remote

Current Limit Setpoint resets, the Control Source must be set to ISN on the OPERATIONS Screen. Otherwise, communications will take place in any Control Source mode.

In operation, the Microboard provides chiller pressures, temperatures and status to the MicroGateway in response to requests from the MicroGateway. Microboard status LEDs illuminate when the Microboard transmits and receives data on COM 4B. Green LED CR13 (RX4) illuminates when data is being received from the MicroGateway. Red LED CR12 (TX4) illuminates when data is being transmitted to the MicroGateway. Similar LEDs on the MicroGateway annunciate data transfer to/from the Microboard (refer to 450.20-NOM1).

If there is a communications problem between the Microboard and MicroGateway, use the LEDs described above to analyze the problem. The COM 4B LoopBack test can be used to verify operation of the Microboard COM 4B communications port. Refer to Diagnostics and Troubleshooting section of this book.

16



LD06511

FIG. 56 – MICROGATEWAY INTERFACE BLOCK DIAGRAM

## SECTION 17

# PRESSURE TRANSDUCERS

(REFER TO FIG. 57)

System pressures are sensed by **Pressure Transducers**. The Evaporator, Condenser, Pump Oil (high side) and Sump Oil (low side) pressures are sensed. If the chiller is equipped with the Variable Geometry Diffuser, a Stall Detection transducer is located in the discharge scroll of the compressor (refer to Variable Geometry Diffuser Section 22A for details). There are different transducers used to sense these various pressures. The actual transducer used is determined by the required pressure range and refrigerant application. The operation of the various transducers is identical. The difference between them is simply the pressure range over which they operate. Each of the different transducers has a different YORK part number. Fig. 55 lists the transducers and the application of each one.

The transducers output a 0.5 to 4.5VDC voltage that is analogous to the pressure applied to the device. These outputs are applied to the Microboard, where this voltage is interpreted as a pressure value in terms of PSIG (pounds per square inch gauge) in English mode or KpaG (Kilo Pascals) in Metric mode. The Program converts the transducer output voltage to a pressure value with the appropriate formula in Fig. 57. The pressures are displayed and used for Chiller control and Safety shutdowns.

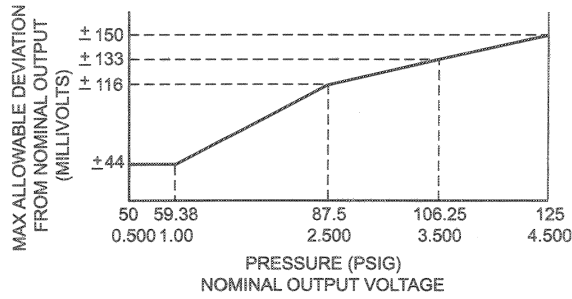
The Evaporator and Condenser pressures are converted to Saturation Temperatures per the appropriate refrigerant pressure/temperature conversion table contained in the Program. These Saturation Temperatures are displayed and used for Chiller control.

The outputs of the Sump and Pump oil Pressure transducers are displayed individually as PSIG values. However, the System Oil Pressure is displayed as a differential value in terms of PSID (pounds per square inch differential in gauge). This PSID value is arrived at by subtracting the Sump Oil Pressure transducer value from the Pump Oil Pressure transducer value. During the **System Prelube** period, the outputs of the oil Pressure transducers are compared in a process called **Auto-Zeroing**. The differential between the Sump and Pump Oil Pressure transducer outputs during a 3 second period beginning

10 seconds after the start of the **System Prelube** period are compared to determine the offset between them. During this period, since both of the transducers are sensing the same pressure, their outputs should indicate the same pressure. However, due to accuracy tolerances in transducer design, differences can exist. Therefore, to compensate for differences between transducers and assure differential pressure accuracy, this offset is factored with the actual differential pressure to produce the displayed PSID value. When the oil Pump is turned on following the Auto-zeroing period, the displayed differential value then becomes the actual differential plus or minus the offset that existed during the Auto-Zeroing period. For example, if the Pump transducer indicates 1.0 PSIG greater than the Sump transducer during the Auto-Zeroing period, then 1.0 PSIG will be subtracted from the displayed PSID value while the pump is running. Similarly, if the Pump transducer indicates 1.0 PSIG less than the sump transducer during this period, then 1.0 PSIG would be subtracted from the displayed PSID value while the pump is running. The Auto-zeroing will not be performed if either transducer is out of range.

The transducers operate from a +5VDC power source. This supply voltage is provided from the Power supply via the Microboard. Each transducer is connected to the Microboard with three wires. Two wires provide the +5VDC supply voltage and Ground (GND) and the remaining wire connects the transducer output to the Microboard. The voltage output of each transducer can be measured with a Voltmeter at the Microboard. Measurement should be made from the transducer output to Ground (GND). For example, the output of the Condenser transducer would be read from Microboard J8-21 (signal) to J8-22 (GND). To convert this output to a pressure, refer to the appropriate formula in Fig. 57. If the pressure is known, the transducer output can be predicted with the appropriate formula in Fig. 57.

If any of the displayed pressures do not appear to be correct, refer to the Diagnostics and Troubleshooting section of this book.

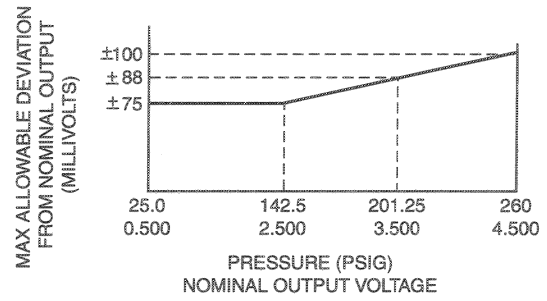


**EVAPORATOR TRANSDUCER**  
 (R22 WATER APPLICATIONS)  
 YORK PART NO. 025-28678-102  
 025-28678-113

$$V = \frac{(P \times 4) - 162.5}{75} \quad P = \frac{(75 \times V) + 162.5}{4}$$

V = VOLTS DC      P = PRESSURE (PSIG)

LD05534

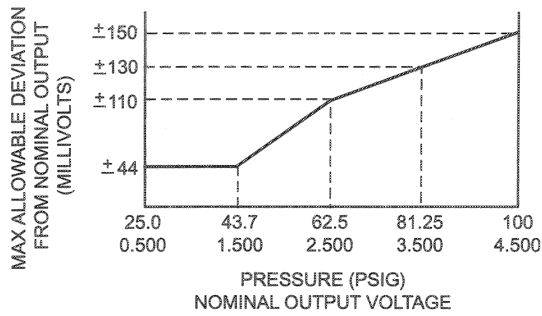


**OIL PRESSURE (LOW SIDE)**  
 (R22 WATER & BRINE APPLICATIONS)  
 YORK PART NO. 025-28678-004

$$V = \frac{P + 4.375}{58.75} \quad P = (58.75 \times V) - 4.375$$

V = VOLTS DC      P = PRESSURE (PSIG)

LD04099

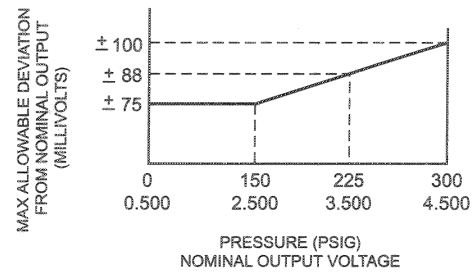


**EVAPORATOR TRANSDUCER**  
 (R22 BRINE APPLICATIONS)  
 YORK PART NO. 025-28678-103  
 025-28678-114

$$V = \frac{P - 15.6}{18.75} \quad P = 18.75 \times V + 15.6$$

V = VOLTS DC      P = PRESSURE (PSIG)

LD05535

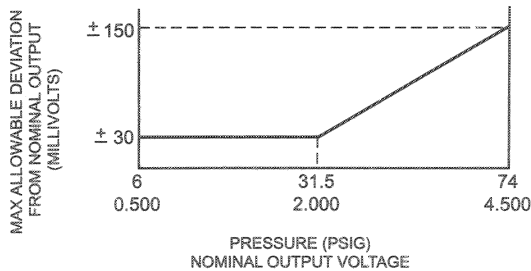


**PRESSURE TRANSDUCER**  
 YORK PART NO. 025-28678-001  
 025-28678-006

$$V = \frac{P + 37.5}{75} \quad P = (75 \times V) - 37.5$$

V = VOLTS DC      P = PRESSURE (PSIG)

LD05537

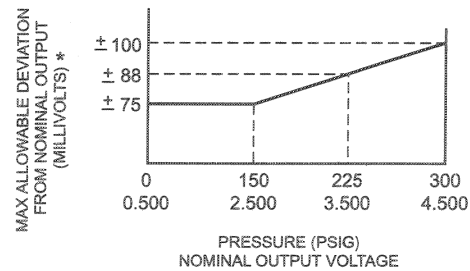


**EVAPORATOR TRANSDUCER**  
 R134a WATER & BRINE APPLICATIONS  
 YORK PART NO. 025-28678-112  
 025-28678-104

$$V = \frac{P + 2.5}{17} \quad P = (17 \times V) - 2.5$$

V = VOLTS DC      P = PRESSURE (PSIG)

LD09969



**PRESSURE TRANSDUCER**  
 YORK PART NO. 025-39464-000  
 025-40088-000

$$V = \frac{P + 37.5}{75} \quad P = (75 \times V) - 37.5$$

V = VOLTS DC      P = PRESSURE (PSIG)

LD09569a

FIG. 57 – PRESSURE TRANSDUCERS

**PRESSURE TRANSDUCER APPLICATIONS CHART**

| TRANSDUCER<br>PART NUMBER*     | FUNCTION               | R22<br>APPLICATION |       |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------|
|                                |                        | WATER              | BRINE |
| 025-28678-001                  | CONDENSER, HIGH OIL    | X                  | X     |
| 025-28678-102<br>025-28678-113 | EVAPORATOR             | X                  |       |
| 025-28678-103<br>025-28678-114 | EVAPORATOR             |                    | X     |
| 025-28678-004                  | LOW OIL                | X                  | X     |
|                                |                        | R134a              |       |
| 025-28678-006                  | CONDENSER, HI & LO OIL | X                  | X     |
| 025-28678-112                  | EVAPORATOR             | X                  | X     |
| 025-28678-104                  | EVAPORATOR             | X                  | X     |
| 025-39464-000<br>025-40088-000 | STALL DETECTION        | X                  | X     |

\*Note: Transducers 025-28678-001, -004, -102 and -103, 104 have NPTF threads. Transducers 025-28678-006, -112, -113, -114 and 025-39464-000 and 025-40088-000 have straight threads with O-rings.

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## SECTION 18 TEMPERATURE THERMISTORS

(REFER TO FIG. 58 - 63)

System temperatures are sensed by **Thermistors**. There are two different thermistor types used to sense the various system temperatures. Each type has its own YORK part number. Part numbers are listed in YORK Renewal Parts List 160.54-RP2. The Return and Leaving Chilled Liquid, Return and Leaving Condenser Liquid, Drop Leg Refrigerant and Evaporator Temperatures are sensed by 3K Ohm thermistors. The Oil and Compressor Discharge temperatures are sensed by 50K Ohm thermistors.

The 3K Ohm thermistors are defined by the characteristic of being 3000 Ohms at 77°F (25°C). Similarly, the 50K Ohm thermistors are 50,000 Ohms at the same temperature. Both thermistor types vary their resistance as the sensed temperature varies. Both are negative temperature coefficient devices. That is, as the temperature increases, the resistance decreases. As the temperature decreases, the resistance increases.

The thermistors are connected to the Microboard. A +5VDC supply voltage is applied to one side of the thermistor. The other side of the thermistor is connected to Ground through a series resistor on the Microboard, thus forming a voltage divider network. The temperature applied to the thermistor determines the resistance value. The resistance value determines the amount of current that

will flow through the thermistor and thus the voltage drop across it. The Program reads this voltage at the input to the Microboard and converts it to a temperature value.

Each thermistor is connected to the Microboard with two wires. One wire supplies the +5VDC voltage and the other is the output of the thermistor. This output voltage can be measured with a Voltmeter. Measurement should be made from the thermistor output to Ground (Gnd). For example, the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature would be read from Microboard J9-20 (output) to Microboard TP1 (Gnd). To convert this voltage to a pressure, refer to the appropriate volts/temp chart as follows:

- Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature – Fig. 58
- Return Chilled Liquid Temperature – Fig. 59
- Leaving and Return Condenser Liquid Temperature – Fig. 60
- Oil and Discharge Temperature – Fig. 61
- Drop Leg Refrigerant Temperature – Fig. 62
- Evaporator Refrigerant Temperature – Fig. 63

If any of the displayed pressures do not appear to be correct, refer to the “Diagnostics and Troubleshooting” section of this book.

FIG. 58 – LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 9.90      | -12.28    | 1.4280 | 15.13     | -9.37     | 1.5957 | 20.17     | -6.57     | 1.7634 |
| 10.00     | -12.22    | 1.4310 | 15.22     | -9.32     | 1.5987 | 20.26     | -6.52     | 1.7664 |
| 10.09     | -12.17    | 1.4341 | 15.32     | -9.27     | 1.6018 | 20.35     | -6.47     | 1.7695 |
| 10.19     | -12.12    | 1.4371 | 15.41     | -9.22     | 1.6048 | 20.44     | -6.42     | 1.7725 |
| 10.29     | -12.06    | 1.4402 | 15.50     | -9.17     | 1.6079 | 20.53     | -6.37     | 1.7756 |
| 10.39     | -12.01    | 1.4432 | 15.60     | -9.11     | 1.6109 | 20.62     | -6.32     | 1.7786 |
| 10.48     | -11.96    | 1.4463 | 15.69     | -9.06     | 1.6140 | 20.71     | -6.27     | 1.7817 |
| 10.58     | -11.90    | 1.4493 | 15.78     | -9.01     | 1.6170 | 20.80     | -6.22     | 1.7847 |
| 10.68     | -11.85    | 1.4423 | 15.87     | -8.96     | 1.6201 | 20.89     | -6.17     | 1.7878 |
| 10.77     | -11.80    | 1.4554 | 15.97     | -8.91     | 1.6231 | 20.98     | -6.12     | 1.7908 |
| 10.87     | -11.74    | 1.4584 | 16.06     | -8.86     | 1.6262 | 21.07     | -6.07     | 1.7939 |
| 10.97     | -11.68    | 1.4615 | 16.15     | -8.81     | 1.6292 | 21.16     | -6.02     | 1.7969 |
| 11.06     | -11.63    | 1.4645 | 16.24     | -8.76     | 1.6322 | 21.25     | -5.97     | 1.8000 |
| 11.16     | -11.58    | 1.4676 | 16.34     | -8.70     | 1.6353 | 21.34     | -5.92     | 1.8030 |
| 11.25     | -11.53    | 1.4706 | 16.43     | -8.65     | 1.6383 | 21.43     | -5.87     | 1.8060 |
| 11.35     | -11.47    | 1.4737 | 16.52     | -8.60     | 1.6414 | 21.52     | -5.82     | 1.8091 |
| 11.45     | -11.42    | 1.4767 | 16.61     | -8.55     | 1.6444 | 21.61     | -5.77     | 1.8121 |
| 11.54     | -11.37    | 1.4798 | 16.70     | -8.50     | 1.6475 | 21.70     | -5.72     | 1.8152 |
| 11.64     | -11.31    | 1.4828 | 16.80     | -8.45     | 1.6505 | 21.79     | -5.67     | 1.8182 |
| 11.73     | -11.26    | 1.4859 | 16.89     | -8.40     | 1.6536 | 21.88     | -5.62     | 1.8213 |
| 11.83     | -11.21    | 1.4889 | 16.98     | -8.35     | 1.6566 | 21.97     | -5.57     | 1.8243 |
| 11.93     | -11.15    | 1.4920 | 17.07     | -8.30     | 1.6597 | 22.06     | -5.52     | 1.8274 |
| 12.02     | -11.10    | 1.4950 | 17.16     | -8.25     | 1.6627 | 22.15     | -5.47     | 1.8304 |
| 12.12     | -11.05    | 1.4981 | 17.26     | -8.19     | 1.6658 | 22.24     | -5.42     | 1.8335 |
| 12.21     | -11.00    | 1.5011 | 17.35     | -8.14     | 1.6688 | 22.33     | -5.37     | 1.8365 |
| 12.31     | -10.94    | 1.5042 | 17.44     | -8.09     | 1.6719 | 22.42     | -5.32     | 1.8396 |
| 12.40     | -10.89    | 1.5072 | 17.53     | -8.04     | 1.6749 | 22.51     | -5.27     | 1.8426 |
| 12.50     | -10.83    | 1.5103 | 17.63     | -7.98     | 1.6780 | 22.60     | -5.22     | 1.8457 |
| 12.59     | -10.78    | 1.5133 | 17.72     | -7.93     | 1.6810 | 22.69     | -5.17     | 1.8487 |
| 12.69     | -10.73    | 1.5164 | 17.81     | -7.88     | 1.6841 | 22.78     | -5.12     | 1.8518 |
| 12.78     | -10.68    | 1.5194 | 17.90     | -7.83     | 1.6871 | 22.87     | -5.07     | 1.8548 |
| 12.88     | -10.62    | 1.5225 | 17.99     | -7.78     | 1.6902 | 22.96     | -5.02     | 1.8579 |
| 12.97     | -10.57    | 1.5255 | 18.08     | -7.73     | 1.6932 | 23.04     | -4.98     | 1.8609 |
| 13.07     | -10.52    | 1.5286 | 18.17     | -7.68     | 1.6963 | 23.13     | -4.93     | 1.8640 |
| 13.16     | -10.47    | 1.5316 | 18.26     | -7.63     | 1.6993 | 23.22     | -4.88     | 1.8670 |
| 13.26     | -10.41    | 1.5347 | 18.35     | -7.58     | 1.7024 | 23.31     | -4.83     | 1.8701 |
| 13.35     | -10.36    | 1.5377 | 18.44     | -7.53     | 1.7054 | 23.40     | -4.78     | 1.8731 |
| 13.45     | -10.31    | 1.5408 | 18.54     | -7.48     | 1.7085 | 23.49     | -4.73     | 1.8762 |
| 13.54     | -10.26    | 1.5438 | 18.63     | -7.43     | 1.7115 | 23.58     | -4.68     | 1.8792 |
| 13.64     | -10.20    | 1.5469 | 18.72     | -7.38     | 1.7146 | 23.67     | -4.63     | 1.8823 |
| 13.73     | -10.15    | 1.5499 | 18.81     | -7.33     | 1.7176 | 23.75     | -4.58     | 1.8853 |
| 13.83     | -10.10    | 1.5530 | 18.90     | -7.28     | 1.7207 | 23.84     | -4.53     | 1.8884 |
| 13.92     | -10.05    | 1.5560 | 18.99     | -7.23     | 1.7237 | 23.93     | -4.48     | 1.8914 |
| 14.01     | -10.00    | 1.5591 | 19.08     | -7.18     | 1.7268 | 24.02     | -4.43     | 1.8945 |
| 14.11     | -9.94     | 1.5621 | 19.17     | -7.13     | 1.7298 | 24.11     | -4.38     | 1.8975 |
| 14.20     | -9.89     | 1.5652 | 19.26     | -7.08     | 1.7329 | 24.20     | -4.33     | 1.9006 |
| 14.29     | -9.84     | 1.5682 | 19.36     | -7.02     | 1.7359 | 24.29     | -4.28     | 1.9036 |
| 14.39     | -9.78     | 1.5713 | 19.45     | -6.97     | 1.7390 | 24.37     | -4.24     | 1.9067 |
| 14.48     | -9.73     | 1.5743 | 19.54     | -6.92     | 1.7420 | 24.46     | -4.19     | 1.9097 |
| 14.57     | -9.68     | 1.5774 | 19.63     | -6.87     | 1.7451 | 24.55     | -4.14     | 1.9128 |
| 14.67     | -9.63     | 1.5804 | 19.72     | -6.82     | 1.7481 | 24.64     | -4.09     | 1.9158 |
| 14.76     | -9.58     | 1.5835 | 19.81     | -6.77     | 1.7512 | 24.73     | -4.04     | 1.9189 |
| 14.85     | -9.53     | 1.5865 | 19.90     | -6.72     | 1.7542 | 24.82     | -3.99     | 1.9219 |
| 14.95     | -9.47     | 1.5896 | 19.99     | -6.67     | 1.7573 | 24.91     | -3.94     | 1.9250 |
| 15.04     | -9.42     | 1.5926 | 20.08     | -6.62     | 1.7603 | 24.99     | -3.89     | 1.9280 |

FIG. 58 – LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE (CONT'D.)

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 25.08     | -3.84     | 1.9311 | 29.92     | -1.16     | 2.0988 | 34.73     | 1.52      | 2.2665 |
| 25.17     | -3.79     | 1.9341 | 30.01     | -1.11     | 2.1018 | 34.82     | 1.57      | 2.2695 |
| 25.26     | -3.74     | 1.9372 | 30.10     | -1.06     | 2.1049 | 34.91     | 1.62      | 2.2726 |
| 25.35     | -3.69     | 1.9402 | 30.18     | -1.01     | 2.1079 | 34.99     | 1.66      | 2.2756 |
| 25.43     | -3.65     | 1.9433 | 30.27     | -0.96     | 2.1110 | 35.08     | 1.71      | 2.2787 |
| 25.52     | -3.60     | 1.9463 | 30.36     | -0.91     | 2.1140 | 35.17     | 1.76      | 2.2817 |
| 25.61     | -3.55     | 1.9494 | 30.45     | -0.86     | 2.1171 | 35.26     | 1.81      | 2.2848 |
| 25.70     | -3.50     | 1.9524 | 30.53     | -0.82     | 2.1201 | 35.34     | 1.86      | 2.2878 |
| 25.79     | -3.45     | 1.9555 | 30.62     | -0.77     | 2.1232 | 35.43     | 1.91      | 2.2909 |
| 25.87     | -3.41     | 1.9585 | 30.71     | -0.72     | 2.1262 | 35.52     | 1.96      | 2.2939 |
| 25.96     | -3.36     | 1.9616 | 30.79     | -0.67     | 2.1293 | 35.51     | 1.95      | 2.2970 |
| 26.05     | -3.31     | 1.9646 | 30.88     | -0.62     | 2.1323 | 35.70     | 2.06      | 2.3000 |
| 26.14     | -3.26     | 1.9677 | 30.97     | -0.57     | 2.1354 | 35.78     | 2.10      | 2.3031 |
| 26.23     | -3.21     | 1.9707 | 31.06     | -0.52     | 2.1384 | 35.87     | 2.15      | 2.3061 |
| 26.31     | -3.16     | 1.9738 | 31.14     | -0.48     | 2.1415 | 35.96     | 2.20      | 2.3092 |
| 26.40     | -3.11     | 1.9768 | 31.23     | -0.43     | 2.1445 | 36.05     | 2.25      | 2.3122 |
| 26.49     | -3.06     | 1.9798 | 31.32     | -0.38     | 2.1476 | 36.13     | 2.29      | 2.3153 |
| 26.58     | -3.01     | 1.9829 | 31.41     | -0.33     | 2.1506 | 36.22     | 2.34      | 2.3183 |
| 26.67     | -2.96     | 1.9859 | 31.49     | -0.28     | 2.1536 | 36.31     | 2.39      | 2.3214 |
| 26.76     | -2.91     | 1.9890 | 31.58     | -0.23     | 2.1567 | 36.40     | 2.44      | 2.3244 |
| 26.84     | -2.87     | 1.9920 | 31.67     | -0.18     | 2.1597 | 36.48     | 2.49      | 2.3274 |
| 26.93     | -2.82     | 1.9951 | 31.76     | -0.13     | 2.1628 | 36.57     | 2.54      | 2.3305 |
| 27.02     | -2.77     | 1.9981 | 31.84     | -0.09     | 2.1658 | 36.66     | 2.59      | 2.3335 |
| 27.11     | -2.72     | 2.0012 | 31.93     | -0.04     | 2.1689 | 36.75     | 2.64      | 2.3366 |
| 27.20     | -2.67     | 2.0042 | 32.02     | 0.01      | 2.1719 | 36.83     | 2.68      | 2.3396 |
| 27.28     | -2.62     | 2.0073 | 32.10     | 0.06      | 2.1750 | 36.92     | 2.73      | 2.3427 |
| 27.37     | -2.57     | 2.0103 | 32.19     | 0.11      | 2.1780 | 37.01     | 2.78      | 2.3457 |
| 27.46     | -2.52     | 2.0134 | 32.28     | 0.16      | 2.1811 | 37.10     | 2.83      | 2.3488 |
| 27.55     | -2.47     | 2.0164 | 32.37     | 0.21      | 2.1841 | 37.18     | 2.88      | 2.3518 |
| 27.64     | -2.42     | 2.0195 | 32.45     | 0.25      | 2.1872 | 37.27     | 2.93      | 2.3549 |
| 27.73     | -2.37     | 2.0225 | 32.54     | 0.30      | 2.1902 | 37.36     | 2.98      | 2.3579 |
| 27.81     | -2.33     | 2.0256 | 32.63     | 0.35      | 2.1933 | 37.45     | 3.03      | 2.3610 |
| 27.90     | -2.28     | 2.0286 | 32.72     | 0.40      | 2.1963 | 37.54     | 3.08      | 2.3640 |
| 27.99     | -2.23     | 2.0317 | 32.81     | 0.45      | 2.1994 | 37.62     | 3.12      | 2.3671 |
| 28.08     | -2.18     | 2.0347 | 32.89     | 0.49      | 2.2024 | 37.71     | 3.17      | 2.3701 |
| 28.17     | -2.13     | 2.0378 | 32.98     | 0.54      | 2.2055 | 37.80     | 3.22      | 2.3732 |
| 28.25     | -2.08     | 2.0408 | 33.07     | 0.59      | 2.2085 | 37.89     | 3.27      | 2.3762 |
| 28.34     | -2.03     | 2.0439 | 33.16     | 0.64      | 2.2116 | 37.98     | 3.32      | 2.3793 |
| 28.43     | -1.98     | 2.0469 | 33.24     | 0.69      | 2.2146 | 38.07     | 3.37      | 2.3823 |
| 28.52     | -1.93     | 2.0500 | 33.33     | 0.74      | 2.2177 | 38.15     | 3.42      | 2.3854 |
| 28.61     | -1.88     | 2.0530 | 33.42     | 0.79      | 2.2207 | 38.24     | 3.47      | 2.3884 |
| 28.69     | -1.84     | 2.0561 | 33.51     | 0.84      | 2.2238 | 38.33     | 3.52      | 2.3915 |
| 28.78     | -1.79     | 2.0591 | 33.59     | 0.88      | 2.2268 | 38.42     | 3.57      | 2.3945 |
| 28.87     | -1.74     | 2.0622 | 33.68     | 0.93      | 2.2299 | 38.51     | 3.62      | 2.3976 |
| 28.96     | -1.69     | 2.0652 | 33.77     | 0.98      | 2.2329 | 38.60     | 3.67      | 2.4006 |
| 29.04     | -1.64     | 2.0683 | 33.86     | 1.03      | 2.2360 | 38.69     | 3.72      | 2.4037 |
| 29.13     | -1.59     | 2.0713 | 33.94     | 1.08      | 2.2390 | 38.77     | 3.76      | 2.4067 |
| 29.22     | -1.54     | 2.0744 | 34.03     | 1.13      | 2.2421 | 38.86     | 3.81      | 2.4098 |
| 29.31     | -1.49     | 2.0774 | 34.12     | 1.18      | 2.2451 | 38.95     | 3.86      | 2.4128 |
| 29.39     | -1.45     | 2.0805 | 34.21     | 1.23      | 2.2482 | 39.04     | 3.91      | 2.4159 |
| 29.48     | -1.40     | 2.0835 | 34.29     | 1.27      | 2.2512 | 39.13     | 3.96      | 2.4189 |
| 29.57     | 1.35      | 2.0866 | 34.38     | 1.32      | 2.2543 | 39.22     | 4.01      | 2.4220 |
| 29.66     | -1.30     | 2.0896 | 34.47     | 1.37      | 2.2573 | 39.30     | 4.06      | 2.4250 |
| 29.75     | -1.25     | 2.0927 | 34.56     | 1.42      | 2.2604 | 39.39     | 4.11      | 2.4281 |
| 29.83     | -1.21     | 2.0957 | 34.64     | 1.47      | 2.2634 | 39.48     | 4.16      | 2.4311 |

FIG. 58 – LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE (CONT'D.)

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 39.57     | 4.21      | 2.4342 | 44.46     | 6.92      | 2.6019 | 49.48     | 9.71      | 2.7696 |
| 39.66     | 4.26      | 2.4372 | 44.55     | 6.97      | 2.6049 | 49.57     | 9.76      | 2.7726 |
| 39.74     | 4.30      | 2.4403 | 44.64     | 7.02      | 2.6080 | 49.66     | 9.81      | 2.7757 |
| 39.83     | 4.35      | 2.4433 | 44.73     | 7.07      | 2.6110 | 49.75     | 9.86      | 2.7787 |
| 39.92     | 4.40      | 2.4464 | 44.82     | 7.12      | 2.6141 | 49.84     | 9.91      | 2.7818 |
| 40.01     | 4.45      | 2.4494 | 44.91     | 7.17      | 2.6171 | 49.94     | 9.97      | 2.7848 |
| 40.10     | 4.50      | 2.4525 | 45.00     | 7.22      | 2.6202 | 50.03     | 10.02     | 2.7879 |
| 40.19     | 4.55      | 2.4555 | 45.09     | 7.27      | 2.6232 | 50.12     | 10.07     | 2.7909 |
| 40.27     | 4.59      | 2.4586 | 45.18     | 7.32      | 2.6263 | 50.22     | 10.12     | 2.7940 |
| 40.36     | 4.64      | 2.4616 | 45.27     | 7.37      | 2.6293 | 50.31     | 10.17     | 2.7970 |
| 40.45     | 4.69      | 2.4647 | 45.36     | 7.42      | 2.6324 | 50.40     | 10.22     | 2.8001 |
| 40.54     | 4.74      | 2.4677 | 45.46     | 7.48      | 2.6354 | 50.50     | 10.28     | 2.8031 |
| 40.63     | 4.79      | 2.4708 | 45.55     | 7.53      | 2.6385 | 50.59     | 10.33     | 2.8062 |
| 40.71     | 4.84      | 2.4738 | 45.64     | 7.58      | 2.6415 | 50.68     | 10.38     | 2.8092 |
| 40.80     | 4.89      | 2.4769 | 45.73     | 7.63      | 2.6446 | 50.78     | 10.43     | 2.8123 |
| 40.89     | 4.94      | 2.4799 | 45.82     | 7.68      | 2.6476 | 50.87     | 10.48     | 2.8153 |
| 40.98     | 4.99      | 2.4830 | 45.91     | 7.73      | 2.6507 | 50.96     | 10.53     | 2.8184 |
| 41.07     | 5.04      | 2.4860 | 46.00     | 7.78      | 2.6537 | 51.06     | 10.59     | 2.8214 |
| 41.16     | 5.09      | 2.4891 | 46.09     | 7.83      | 2.6568 | 51.15     | 10.64     | 2.8245 |
| 41.24     | 5.13      | 2.4921 | 46.18     | 7.88      | 2.6598 | 51.24     | 10.69     | 2.8275 |
| 41.33     | 5.18      | 2.4952 | 46.27     | 7.93      | 2.6629 | 51.34     | 10.75     | 2.8306 |
| 41.42     | 5.23      | 2.4982 | 46.36     | 7.98      | 2.6659 | 51.43     | 10.80     | 2.8336 |
| 41.51     | 5.28      | 2.5012 | 46.45     | 8.03      | 2.6690 | 51.52     | 10.85     | 2.8367 |
| 41.60     | 5.33      | 2.5043 | 46.55     | 8.08      | 2.6720 | 51.62     | 10.90     | 2.8397 |
| 41.69     | 5.38      | 2.5073 | 46.64     | 8.13      | 2.6751 | 51.71     | 10.95     | 2.8428 |
| 41.78     | 5.43      | 2.5104 | 46.73     | 8.18      | 2.6781 | 51.80     | 11.00     | 2.8458 |
| 41.87     | 5.48      | 2.5134 | 46.82     | 8.23      | 2.6811 | 51.90     | 11.06     | 2.8488 |
| 41.96     | 5.53      | 2.5165 | 46.91     | 8.28      | 2.6842 | 51.99     | 11.11     | 2.8519 |
| 42.05     | 5.58      | 2.5195 | 47.00     | 8.33      | 2.6872 | 52.09     | 11.16     | 2.8549 |
| 42.14     | 5.63      | 2.5226 | 47.09     | 8.38      | 2.6903 | 52.18     | 11.21     | 2.8580 |
| 42.23     | 5.68      | 2.5256 | 47.18     | 8.43      | 2.6933 | 52.28     | 11.27     | 2.8610 |
| 42.31     | 5.73      | 2.5287 | 47.27     | 8.48      | 2.6964 | 52.37     | 11.32     | 2.8641 |
| 42.40     | 5.78      | 2.5317 | 47.36     | 8.53      | 2.6994 | 52.46     | 11.37     | 2.8671 |
| 42.49     | 5.83      | 2.5348 | 47.45     | 8.58      | 2.7025 | 52.56     | 11.42     | 2.8702 |
| 42.58     | 5.88      | 2.5378 | 47.55     | 8.64      | 2.7055 | 52.65     | 11.47     | 2.8732 |
| 42.67     | 5.93      | 2.5409 | 47.64     | 8.69      | 2.7086 | 52.75     | 11.53     | 2.8763 |
| 42.76     | 5.98      | 2.5439 | 47.73     | 8.74      | 2.7116 | 52.84     | 11.58     | 2.8793 |
| 42.85     | 6.03      | 2.5470 | 47.82     | 8.79      | 2.7147 | 52.94     | 11.63     | 2.8824 |
| 42.94     | 6.08      | 2.5500 | 47.91     | 8.84      | 2.7177 | 53.03     | 11.68     | 2.8854 |
| 43.03     | 6.13      | 2.5531 | 48.00     | 8.89      | 2.7208 | 53.13     | 11.74     | 2.8885 |
| 43.12     | 6.18      | 2.5561 | 48.09     | 8.94      | 2.7238 | 53.22     | 11.79     | 2.8915 |
| 43.21     | 6.23      | 2.5592 | 48.18     | 8.99      | 2.7269 | 53.32     | 11.85     | 2.8946 |
| 43.30     | 6.28      | 2.5622 | 48.27     | 9.04      | 2.7299 | 53.41     | 11.90     | 2.8976 |
| 43.39     | 6.33      | 2.5653 | 48.37     | 9.10      | 2.7330 | 53.51     | 11.95     | 2.9007 |
| 43.48     | 6.38      | 2.5683 | 48.46     | 9.15      | 2.7360 | 53.60     | 12.00     | 2.9037 |
| 43.57     | 6.43      | 2.5714 | 48.55     | 9.20      | 2.7391 | 53.70     | 12.06     | 2.9068 |
| 43.65     | 6.47      | 2.5744 | 48.64     | 9.25      | 2.7421 | 53.79     | 12.11     | 2.9098 |
| 43.74     | 6.52      | 2.5775 | 48.74     | 9.30      | 2.7452 | 53.89     | 12.16     | 2.9129 |
| 43.83     | 6.57      | 2.5805 | 48.83     | 9.35      | 2.7482 | 53.98     | 12.21     | 2.9159 |
| 43.92     | 6.62      | 2.5836 | 48.92     | 9.40      | 2.7513 | 54.08     | 12.27     | 2.9190 |
| 44.01     | 6.67      | 2.5866 | 49.01     | 9.45      | 2.7543 | 54.17     | 12.32     | 2.9220 |
| 44.10     | 6.72      | 2.5897 | 49.11     | 9.51      | 2.7574 | 54.27     | 12.37     | 2.9251 |
| 44.19     | 6.77      | 2.5927 | 49.20     | 9.56      | 2.7604 | 54.36     | 12.42     | 2.9281 |
| 44.28     | 6.82      | 2.5958 | 49.29     | 9.61      | 2.7635 | 54.46     | 12.48     | 2.9312 |
| 44.37     | 6.87      | 2.5988 | 49.38     | 9.66      | 2.7665 | 54.55     | 12.53     | 2.9342 |

FIG. 58 – LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE (CONT'D.)

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 54.65     | 12.58     | 2.9373 | 60.05     | 15.58     | 3.1050 | 65.75     | 18.75     | 3.2727 |
| 54.74     | 12.63     | 2.9403 | 60.15     | 15.64     | 3.1080 | 65.85     | 18.81     | 3.2757 |
| 54.84     | 12.69     | 2.9403 | 60.25     | 15.70     | 3.1111 | 65.96     | 18.87     | 3.2788 |
| 54.93     | 12.74     | 2.9464 | 60.36     | 15.76     | 3.1141 | 66.06     | 18.92     | 3.2818 |
| 55.03     | 12.80     | 2.9495 | 60.46     | 15.81     | 3.1172 | 66.17     | 18.98     | 3.2849 |
| 55.12     | 12.85     | 2.9525 | 60.56     | 15.87     | 3.1202 | 66.28     | 19.05     | 3.2879 |
| 55.22     | 12.90     | 2.9556 | 60.66     | 15.92     | 3.1233 | 66.39     | 19.11     | 3.2910 |
| 55.32     | 12.96     | 2.9586 | 60.76     | 15.98     | 3.1263 | 66.49     | 19.16     | 3.2940 |
| 55.41     | 13.01     | 2.9617 | 60.86     | 16.03     | 3.1294 | 66.60     | 19.22     | 3.2971 |
| 55.51     | 13.06     | 2.9647 | 60.96     | 16.09     | 3.1324 | 66.71     | 19.28     | 3.3001 |
| 55.61     | 13.12     | 2.9678 | 61.06     | 16.15     | 3.1355 | 66.82     | 19.35     | 3.3032 |
| 55.70     | 13.17     | 2.9708 | 61.17     | 16.21     | 3.1385 | 66.93     | 19.41     | 3.3062 |
| 55.80     | 13.22     | 2.9739 | 61.27     | 16.26     | 3.1416 | 67.03     | 19.46     | 3.3093 |
| 55.90     | 13.28     | 2.9769 | 61.37     | 16.32     | 3.1446 | 67.14     | 19.52     | 3.3123 |
| 56.00     | 13.33     | 2.9800 | 61.47     | 16.37     | 3.1477 | 67.25     | 19.58     | 3.3154 |
| 56.09     | 13.38     | 2.9830 | 61.57     | 16.43     | 3.1507 | 67.36     | 19.65     | 3.3184 |
| 56.19     | 13.44     | 2.9861 | 61.67     | 16.48     | 3.1538 | 67.47     | 19.71     | 3.3215 |
| 56.29     | 13.50     | 2.9891 | 61.78     | 16.55     | 3.1568 | 67.58     | 19.77     | 3.3245 |
| 56.39     | 13.55     | 2.9922 | 61.88     | 16.60     | 3.1599 | 67.68     | 19.82     | 3.3276 |
| 56.48     | 13.60     | 2.9952 | 61.98     | 16.66     | 3.1629 | 67.79     | 19.88     | 3.3306 |
| 56.58     | 13.66     | 2.9983 | 62.08     | 16.71     | 3.1660 | 67.90     | 19.95     | 3.3337 |
| 56.68     | 13.71     | 3.0013 | 62.18     | 16.77     | 3.1690 | 68.01     | 20.01     | 3.3367 |
| 56.78     | 13.77     | 3.0044 | 62.28     | 16.82     | 3.1721 | 68.12     | 20.07     | 3.3398 |
| 56.87     | 13.82     | 3.0074 | 62.39     | 16.88     | 3.1751 | 68.23     | 20.13     | 3.3428 |
| 56.97     | 13.87     | 3.0105 | 62.49     | 16.94     | 3.1782 | 68.34     | 20.19     | 3.3459 |
| 57.07     | 13.93     | 3.0135 | 62.59     | 17.00     | 3.1812 | 68.45     | 20.25     | 3.3489 |
| 57.17     | 13.98     | 3.0166 | 62.69     | 17.05     | 3.1843 | 68.56     | 20.31     | 3.3520 |
| 57.26     | 14.03     | 3.0196 | 62.80     | 17.11     | 3.1873 | 68.67     | 20.37     | 3.3550 |
| 57.36     | 14.09     | 3.0227 | 62.90     | 17.17     | 3.1904 | 68.78     | 20.43     | 3.3581 |
| 57.46     | 14.15     | 3.0257 | 63.01     | 17.23     | 3.1934 | 68.90     | 20.50     | 3.3611 |
| 57.56     | 14.20     | 3.0287 | 63.11     | 17.28     | 3.1965 | 69.01     | 20.56     | 3.3642 |
| 57.66     | 14.26     | 3.0318 | 63.22     | 17.35     | 3.1995 | 69.12     | 20.62     | 3.3672 |
| 57.76     | 14.31     | 3.0348 | 63.32     | 17.40     | 3.2025 | 69.23     | 20.68     | 3.3703 |
| 57.86     | 14.37     | 3.0379 | 63.43     | 17.46     | 3.2056 | 69.34     | 20.75     | 3.3733 |
| 57.96     | 14.42     | 3.0409 | 63.53     | 17.52     | 3.2086 | 69.45     | 20.81     | 3.3763 |
| 58.06     | 14.48     | 3.0440 | 63.63     | 17.57     | 3.2117 | 69.56     | 20.87     | 3.3794 |
| 58.15     | 14.53     | 3.0470 | 63.74     | 17.63     | 3.2147 | 69.67     | 20.93     | 3.3824 |
| 58.25     | 14.58     | 3.0501 | 63.84     | 17.69     | 3.2178 | 69.78     | 20.99     | 3.3855 |
| 58.35     | 14.64     | 3.0531 | 63.95     | 17.75     | 3.2208 | 69.89     | 21.05     | 3.3885 |
| 58.45     | 14.70     | 3.0562 | 64.05     | 17.81     | 3.2239 | 70.01     | 21.12     | 3.3916 |
| 58.55     | 14.75     | 3.0592 | 64.16     | 17.87     | 3.2269 | 70.12     | 21.18     | 3.3946 |
| 58.65     | 14.81     | 3.0623 | 64.26     | 17.92     | 3.2300 | 70.24     | 21.25     | 3.3977 |
| 58.75     | 14.86     | 3.0653 | 64.37     | 17.98     | 3.2330 | 70.35     | 21.31     | 3.4007 |
| 58.85     | 14.92     | 3.0684 | 64.47     | 18.04     | 3.2361 | 70.46     | 21.37     | 3.4038 |
| 58.95     | 14.97     | 3.0714 | 64.58     | 18.10     | 3.2391 | 70.58     | 21.44     | 3.4068 |
| 59.05     | 15.03     | 3.0745 | 64.68     | 18.16     | 3.2422 | 70.69     | 21.50     | 3.4099 |
| 59.15     | 15.08     | 3.0775 | 64.79     | 18.22     | 3.2452 | 70.80     | 21.56     | 3.4129 |
| 59.25     | 15.14     | 3.0806 | 64.90     | 18.28     | 3.2483 | 70.92     | 21.62     | 3.4160 |
| 59.35     | 15.20     | 3.0836 | 65.00     | 18.33     | 3.2513 | 71.03     | 21.69     | 3.4190 |
| 59.45     | 15.25     | 3.0867 | 65.11     | 18.40     | 3.2544 | 71.15     | 21.75     | 3.4221 |
| 59.55     | 15.31     | 3.0897 | 65.21     | 18.45     | 3.2574 | 71.26     | 21.81     | 3.4251 |
| 59.65     | 15.36     | 3.0928 | 65.32     | 18.51     | 3.2605 | 71.37     | 21.87     | 3.4282 |
| 59.75     | 15.42     | 3.0958 | 65.43     | 18.57     | 3.2635 | 71.49     | 21.94     | 3.4312 |
| 59.85     | 15.47     | 3.0989 | 65.53     | 18.63     | 3.2666 | 71.60     | 22.00     | 3.4343 |
| 59.95     | 15.53     | 3.1019 | 65.64     | 18.69     | 3.2696 | 71.72     | 22.07     | 3.4373 |

FIG. 58 – LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE (CONT'D.)

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 71.83     | 22.13     | 3.4404 | 78.42     | 25.79     | 3.6081 |
| 71.95     | 22.20     | 3.4434 | 78.55     | 25.86     | 3.6111 |
| 72.06     | 22.26     | 3.4465 | 78.67     | 25.93     | 3.6142 |
| 72.18     | 22.32     | 3.4495 | 78.80     | 26.00     | 3.6172 |
| 72.29     | 22.39     | 3.4526 | 78.93     | 26.07     | 3.6203 |
| 72.41     | 22.45     | 3.4556 | 79.05     | 26.14     | 3.6233 |
| 72.52     | 22.51     | 3.4587 | 79.18     | 26.21     | 3.6264 |
| 72.64     | 22.58     | 3.4617 | 79.31     | 26.29     | 3.6294 |
| 72.75     | 22.64     | 3.4648 | 79.44     | 26.36     | 3.6325 |
| 72.87     | 22.71     | 3.4678 | 79.57     | 26.43     | 3.6355 |
| 72.98     | 22.77     | 3.4709 | 79.69     | 26.50     | 3.6386 |
| 73.10     | 22.84     | 3.4739 | 79.82     | 26.57     | 3.6416 |
| 73.21     | 22.90     | 3.4770 | 79.95     | 26.64     | 3.6447 |
| 73.33     | 22.96     | 3.4800 | 80.08     | 26.71     | 3.6477 |
| 73.44     | 23.02     | 3.4831 | 80.20     | 26.78     | 3.6508 |
| 73.56     | 23.09     | 3.4861 | 80.33     | 26.85     | 3.6538 |
| 73.68     | 23.16     | 3.4892 | 80.46     | 26.92     | 3.6569 |
| 73.80     | 23.22     | 3.4922 | 80.59     | 27.00     | 3.6599 |
| 73.92     | 23.29     | 3.4953 | 80.72     | 27.07     | 3.6630 |
| 74.04     | 23.36     | 3.4983 | 80.85     | 27.14     | 3.6660 |
| 74.16     | 23.42     | 3.5014 | 80.98     | 27.21     | 3.6691 |
| 74.28     | 23.49     | 3.5044 | 81.11     | 27.29     | 3.6721 |
| 74.40     | 23.56     | 3.5075 | 81.24     | 27.36     | 3.6752 |
| 74.52     | 23.62     | 3.5105 | 81.37     | 27.43     | 3.6782 |
| 74.64     | 23.69     | 3.5136 | 81.50     | 27.50     | 3.6813 |
| 74.75     | 23.75     | 3.5166 | 81.63     | 27.57     | 3.6843 |
| 74.87     | 23.82     | 3.5197 | 81.76     | 27.65     | 3.6874 |
| 74.99     | 23.89     | 3.5227 | 81.89     | 27.72     | 3.6904 |
| 75.11     | 23.95     | 3.5258 | 82.02     | 27.79     | 3.6935 |
| 75.23     | 24.02     | 3.5288 | 82.15     | 27.86     | 3.6965 |
| 75.35     | 24.09     | 3.5319 | 82.28     | 27.94     | 3.6996 |
| 75.47     | 24.15     | 3.5349 | 82.41     | 28.01     | 3.7026 |
| 75.60     | 24.22     | 3.5380 |           |           |        |
| 75.72     | 24.29     | 3.5410 |           |           |        |
| 75.84     | 24.36     | 3.5441 |           |           |        |
| 75.96     | 24.42     | 3.5471 |           |           |        |
| 76.08     | 24.49     | 3.5501 |           |           |        |
| 76.20     | 24.56     | 3.5532 |           |           |        |
| 76.32     | 24.62     | 3.5562 |           |           |        |
| 76.44     | 24.69     | 3.5593 |           |           |        |
| 76.57     | 24.76     | 3.5623 |           |           |        |
| 76.69     | 24.83     | 3.5654 |           |           |        |
| 76.81     | 24.90     | 3.5684 |           |           |        |
| 76.93     | 24.96     | 3.5715 |           |           |        |
| 77.05     | 25.03     | 3.5745 |           |           |        |
| 77.18     | 25.10     | 3.5776 |           |           |        |
| 77.30     | 25.17     | 3.5806 |           |           |        |
| 77.43     | 25.24     | 3.5837 |           |           |        |
| 77.55     | 25.31     | 3.5867 |           |           |        |
| 77.68     | 25.38     | 3.5898 |           |           |        |
| 77.80     | 25.45     | 3.5928 |           |           |        |
| 77.93     | 25.52     | 3.5959 |           |           |        |
| 78.05     | 25.59     | 3.5989 |           |           |        |
| 78.17     | 25.65     | 3.6020 |           |           |        |
| 78.30     | 25.72     | 3.6050 |           |           |        |

FIG. 59 – RETURN CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 15.01     | -9.44     | 1.5918 | 23.03     | -4.98     | 1.8604 | 30.78     | -0.68     | 2.1289 |
| 15.16     | -9.36     | 1.5967 | 23.17     | -4.91     | 1.8652 | 30.92     | -0.60     | 2.1338 |
| 15.31     | -9.27     | 1.6016 | 23.31     | -4.83     | 1.8701 | 31.06     | -0.52     | 2.1387 |
| 15.46     | -9.19     | 1.6064 | 23.45     | -4.75     | 1.8750 | 31.20     | -0.44     | 2.1436 |
| 15.61     | -9.11     | 1.6113 | 23.60     | -4.67     | 1.8799 | 31.34     | -0.37     | 2.1484 |
| 15.76     | -9.02     | 1.6162 | 23.74     | -4.59     | 1.8848 | 31.48     | -0.29     | 2.1533 |
| 15.91     | -8.94     | 1.6211 | 23.88     | -4.51     | 1.8896 | 31.62     | -0.21     | 2.1582 |
| 16.05     | -8.86     | 1.6260 | 24.02     | -4.43     | 1.8945 | 31.76     | -0.13     | 2.1631 |
| 16.20     | -8.78     | 1.6309 | 24.16     | -4.36     | 1.8994 | 31.90     | -0.06     | 2.1680 |
| 16.35     | -8.70     | 1.6357 | 24.31     | -4.27     | 1.9043 | 32.04     | 0.02      | 2.1729 |
| 16.50     | -8.61     | 1.6406 | 24.45     | -4.19     | 1.9092 | 32.18     | 0.10      | 2.1777 |
| 16.64     | -8.53     | 1.6455 | 24.59     | -4.12     | 1.9141 | 32.32     | 0.18      | 2.1826 |
| 16.79     | -8.45     | 1.6504 | 24.73     | -4.04     | 1.9189 | 32.46     | 0.26      | 2.1875 |
| 16.94     | -8.37     | 1.6553 | 24.87     | -3.96     | 1.9238 | 32.60     | 0.33      | 2.1924 |
| 17.09     | -8.28     | 1.6602 | 25.01     | -3.88     | 1.9287 | 32.74     | 0.41      | 2.1973 |
| 17.23     | -8.21     | 1.6650 | 25.16     | -3.80     | 1.9336 | 32.88     | 0.49      | 2.2021 |
| 17.38     | -8.12     | 1.6699 | 25.30     | -3.72     | 1.9385 | 33.02     | 0.57      | 2.2070 |
| 17.53     | -8.04     | 1.6748 | 25.44     | -3.64     | 1.9434 | 33.16     | 0.64      | 2.2119 |
| 17.68     | -7.96     | 1.6797 | 25.58     | -3.57     | 1.9482 | 33.30     | 0.72      | 2.2168 |
| 17.82     | -7.88     | 1.6846 | 25.72     | -3.49     | 1.9531 | 33.44     | 0.80      | 2.2217 |
| 17.97     | -7.80     | 1.6895 | 25.86     | -3.41     | 1.9580 | 33.59     | 0.88      | 2.2266 |
| 18.11     | -7.72     | 1.6943 | 26.00     | -3.33     | 1.9629 | 33.73     | 0.96      | 2.2314 |
| 18.26     | -7.63     | 1.6992 | 26.14     | -3.26     | 1.9678 | 33.87     | 1.04      | 2.2363 |
| 18.41     | -7.55     | 1.7041 | 26.28     | -3.18     | 1.9727 | 34.01     | 1.12      | 2.2412 |
| 18.55     | -7.47     | 1.7090 | 26.42     | -3.10     | 1.9775 | 34.15     | 1.19      | 2.2461 |
| 18.70     | -7.39     | 1.7139 | 26.56     | -3.02     | 1.9824 | 34.29     | 1.27      | 2.2510 |
| 18.84     | -7.31     | 1.7188 | 26.71     | -2.94     | 1.9873 | 34.43     | 1.35      | 2.2559 |
| 18.99     | -7.23     | 1.7236 | 26.85     | -2.86     | 1.9922 | 34.57     | 1.43      | 2.2607 |
| 19.13     | -7.15     | 1.7285 | 26.99     | -2.78     | 1.9971 | 34.71     | 1.51      | 2.2656 |
| 19.28     | -7.07     | 1.7334 | 27.13     | -2.71     | 2.0020 | 34.85     | 1.58      | 2.2705 |
| 19.43     | -6.98     | 1.7383 | 27.27     | -2.63     | 2.0068 | 34.99     | 1.66      | 2.2754 |
| 19.57     | -6.91     | 1.7432 | 27.41     | -2.55     | 2.0117 | 35.13     | 1.74      | 2.2803 |
| 19.71     | -6.83     | 1.7480 | 27.55     | -2.47     | 2.0166 | 35.27     | 1.82      | 2.2852 |
| 19.86     | -6.74     | 1.7529 | 27.70     | -2.39     | 2.0215 | 35.41     | 1.89      | 2.2900 |
| 20.00     | -6.67     | 1.7578 | 27.84     | -2.31     | 2.0264 | 35.55     | 1.97      | 2.2949 |
| 20.15     | -6.58     | 1.7627 | 27.98     | -2.23     | 2.0313 | 35.69     | 2.05      | 2.2998 |
| 20.29     | -6.51     | 1.7676 | 28.12     | -2.16     | 2.0361 | 35.83     | 2.13      | 2.3047 |
| 20.44     | -6.42     | 1.7725 | 28.26     | -2.08     | 2.0410 | 35.97     | 2.21      | 2.3096 |
| 20.58     | -6.34     | 1.7773 | 28.40     | -2.00     | 2.0459 | 36.11     | 2.28      | 2.3145 |
| 20.73     | -6.26     | 1.7822 | 28.54     | -1.92     | 2.5058 | 36.25     | 2.36      | 2.3193 |
| 20.87     | -6.18     | 1.7871 | 28.68     | -1.84     | 2.0557 | 36.39     | 2.44      | 2.3242 |
| 21.01     | -6.11     | 1.7920 | 28.82     | -1.77     | 2.0605 | 36.53     | 2.52      | 2.3291 |
| 21.16     | -6.02     | 1.7969 | 28.96     | -1.69     | 2.0654 | 36.67     | 2.59      | 2.3340 |
| 21.30     | -5.94     | 1.8018 | 29.10     | -1.61     | 2.0703 | 36.81     | 2.67      | 2.3389 |
| 21.45     | -5.86     | 1.8066 | 29.24     | -1.53     | 2.0752 | 36.95     | 2.75      | 2.3438 |
| 21.59     | -5.78     | 1.8115 | 29.38     | -1.46     | 2.0801 | 37.09     | 2.83      | 2.3486 |
| 21.73     | -5.71     | 1.8164 | 29.52     | -1.38     | 2.0850 | 37.23     | 2.91      | 2.3535 |
| 21.88     | -5.62     | 1.8213 | 29.66     | -1.30     | 2.0898 | 37.37     | 2.98      | 2.3584 |
| 22.02     | -5.54     | 1.8262 | 29.80     | -1.22     | 2.0947 | 37.51     | 3.06      | 2.3633 |
| 22.17     | -5.46     | 1.8311 | 29.94     | -1.14     | 2.0996 | 37.66     | 3.14      | 2.3682 |
| 22.31     | -5.38     | 1.8359 | 30.08     | -1.07     | 2.1045 | 37.80     | 3.22      | 2.3730 |
| 22.45     | -5.31     | 1.8408 | 30.22     | -0.99     | 2.1094 | 37.94     | 3.30      | 2.3779 |
| 22.60     | -5.22     | 1.8457 | 30.36     | -0.91     | 2.1143 | 38.08     | 3.38      | 2.3828 |
| 22.74     | -5.14     | 1.8506 | 30.50     | -0.83     | 2.1191 | 38.22     | 3.46      | 2.3877 |
| 22.88     | -5.07     | 1.8555 | 30.64     | -0.76     | 2.1240 | 38.36     | 3.53      | 2.3926 |

FIG. 59 – RETURN CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE (CONT'D.)

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 38.51     | 3.62      | 2.3975 | 46.37     | 7.98      | 2.6660 | 54.56     | 12.53     | 2.9346 |
| 38.65     | 3.69      | 2.4023 | 46.51     | 8.06      | 2.6709 | 54.72     | 12.62     | 2.9395 |
| 38.79     | 3.77      | 2.4072 | 46.66     | 8.15      | 2.6758 | 54.87     | 12.71     | 2.9443 |
| 38.93     | 3.85      | 2.4121 | 46.80     | 8.22      | 2.6807 | 55.02     | 12.79     | 2.9492 |
| 39.07     | 3.93      | 2.4170 | 46.95     | 8.31      | 2.6855 | 55.17     | 12.87     | 2.9541 |
| 39.21     | 4.01      | 2.4219 | 47.09     | 8.38      | 2.6904 | 55.33     | 12.96     | 2.9590 |
| 39.35     | 4.08      | 2.4268 | 47.24     | 8.47      | 2.6953 | 55.48     | 13.05     | 2.9639 |
| 39.50     | 4.17      | 2.4316 | 47.39     | 8.55      | 2.7002 | 55.64     | 13.13     | 2.9688 |
| 39.64     | 4.24      | 2.4365 | 47.53     | 8.63      | 2.7051 | 55.79     | 13.22     | 2.9736 |
| 39.78     | 4.32      | 2.4414 | 47.68     | 8.71      | 2.7100 | 55.95     | 13.31     | 2.9785 |
| 39.92     | 4.40      | 2.4463 | 47.82     | 8.79      | 2.7148 | 56.11     | 13.40     | 2.9834 |
| 40.06     | 4.48      | 2.4512 | 47.97     | 8.87      | 2.7197 | 56.26     | 13.48     | 2.9983 |
| 40.20     | 4.56      | 2.4561 | 48.11     | 8.95      | 2.7246 | 56.42     | 13.57     | 2.9932 |
| 40.34     | 4.63      | 2.4609 | 48.26     | 9.03      | 2.7295 | 56.57     | 13.65     | 2.9980 |
| 40.48     | 4.71      | 2.4658 | 48.41     | 9.12      | 2.7344 | 56.73     | 13.74     | 3.0029 |
| 40.62     | 4.79      | 2.4707 | 48.56     | 9.20      | 2.7393 | 56.89     | 13.83     | 3.0078 |
| 40.76     | 4.87      | 2.4756 | 48.70     | 9.28      | 2.7441 | 57.04     | 13.91     | 3.0127 |
| 40.91     | 4.95      | 2.4805 | 48.85     | 9.36      | 2.7490 | 57.20     | 14.00     | 3.0176 |
| 41.05     | 5.03      | 2.4854 | 49.00     | 9.45      | 2.7539 | 57.36     | 14.09     | 3.0225 |
| 41.19     | 5.11      | 2.4902 | 49.15     | 9.53      | 2.7588 | 57.51     | 14.17     | 3.0273 |
| 41.33     | 5.18      | 2.4951 | 49.30     | 9.61      | 2.7637 | 57.67     | 14.26     | 3.0322 |
| 41.48     | 5.27      | 2.5000 | 49.44     | 9.69      | 2.7686 | 57.83     | 14.35     | 3.0371 |
| 41.62     | 5.34      | 2.5049 | 49.59     | 9.77      | 2.7734 | 57.99     | 14.44     | 3.0420 |
| 41.76     | 5.42      | 2.5098 | 49.74     | 9.86      | 2.7783 | 58.15     | 14.53     | 3.0469 |
| 41.90     | 5.50      | 2.5146 | 49.89     | 9.94      | 2.7832 | 58.31     | 14.62     | 3.0518 |
| 42.05     | 5.58      | 2.5195 | 50.04     | 10.02     | 2.7881 | 58.47     | 14.71     | 3.0566 |
| 42.19     | 5.66      | 2.5244 | 50.19     | 10.11     | 2.7930 | 58.62     | 14.79     | 3.0615 |
| 42.33     | 5.74      | 2.5293 | 50.34     | 10.19     | 2.7979 | 58.78     | 14.88     | 3.0664 |
| 42.48     | 5.82      | 2.5342 | 50.48     | 10.27     | 2.8027 | 58.94     | 14.97     | 3.0713 |
| 42.62     | 5.90      | 2.5391 | 50.63     | 10.35     | 2.8076 | 59.10     | 15.06     | 3.0762 |
| 42.76     | 5.98      | 2.5439 | 50.78     | 10.43     | 2.8125 | 59.26     | 15.15     | 3.0811 |
| 42.90     | 6.06      | 2.5488 | 50.93     | 10.52     | 2.8174 | 59.42     | 15.23     | 3.0859 |
| 43.05     | 6.14      | 2.5537 | 51.08     | 10.60     | 2.8223 | 59.59     | 15.33     | 3.0908 |
| 43.19     | 6.22      | 2.5586 | 51.23     | 10.68     | 2.8271 | 59.75     | 15.42     | 3.0957 |
| 43.33     | 6.29      | 2.5635 | 51.38     | 10.77     | 2.8320 | 59.91     | 15.51     | 3.1006 |
| 43.48     | 6.38      | 2.5684 | 51.53     | 10.85     | 2.8369 | 60.07     | 15.60     | 3.1055 |
| 43.62     | 6.46      | 2.5732 | 51.68     | 10.93     | 2.8418 | 60.23     | 15.68     | 3.1104 |
| 43.76     | 6.53      | 2.5781 | 51.83     | 11.02     | 2.8467 | 60.39     | 15.77     | 3.1152 |
| 43.91     | 6.62      | 2.5830 | 51.98     | 11.10     | 2.8516 | 60.55     | 15.86     | 3.1201 |
| 44.05     | 6.69      | 2.5879 | 52.13     | 11.18     | 2.8564 | 60.72     | 15.96     | 3.1250 |
| 44.19     | 6.77      | 2.5928 | 52.28     | 11.27     | 2.8613 | 60.88     | 16.05     | 3.1299 |
| 44.34     | 6.86      | 2.5977 | 52.44     | 11.36     | 2.8662 | 61.04     | 16.13     | 3.1348 |
| 44.48     | 6.93      | 2.6025 | 52.59     | 11.44     | 2.8711 | 61.20     | 16.22     | 3.1396 |
| 44.62     | 7.01      | 2.6074 | 52.74     | 11.52     | 2.8760 | 61.37     | 16.32     | 3.1445 |
| 44.77     | 7.10      | 2.6123 | 52.89     | 11.61     | 2.8809 | 61.53     | 16.41     | 3.1494 |
| 44.91     | 7.17      | 2.6172 | 53.04     | 11.69     | 2.8857 | 61.69     | 16.50     | 3.1543 |
| 45.06     | 7.26      | 2.6221 | 53.19     | 11.77     | 2.8906 | 61.85     | 16.58     | 3.1592 |
| 45.20     | 7.33      | 2.6270 | 53.34     | 11.86     | 2.8955 | 62.02     | 16.68     | 3.1641 |
| 45.35     | 7.42      | 2.6318 | 53.50     | 11.95     | 2.9004 | 62.18     | 16.77     | 3.1689 |
| 45.49     | 7.50      | 2.6367 | 53.65     | 12.03     | 2.9053 | 62.34     | 16.86     | 3.1738 |
| 45.64     | 7.58      | 2.6416 | 53.80     | 12.11     | 2.9102 | 62.51     | 16.95     | 3.1787 |
| 45.79     | 7.66      | 2.6465 | 53.95     | 12.20     | 2.0150 | 62.67     | 17.04     | 3.1836 |
| 45.93     | 7.74      | 2.6514 | 54.11     | 12.28     | 2.9199 | 62.84     | 17.13     | 3.1885 |
| 46.08     | 7.82      | 2.6563 | 54.26     | 12.37     | 2.9248 | 63.01     | 17.23     | 3.1934 |
| 46.22     | 7.90      | 2.6611 | 54.41     | 12.45     | 2.9297 | 63.17     | 17.32     | 3.1882 |

FIG. 59 – RETURN CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE (CONT'D.)

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 63.34     | 17.41     | 3.2031 | 73.01     | 22.79     | 3.4717 |
| 63.51     | 17.51     | 3.2080 | 73.20     | 22.89     | 3.4766 |
| 63.68     | 17.60     | 3.2129 | 73.38     | 22.99     | 3.4814 |
| 63.84     | 17.69     | 3.2178 | 73.57     | 23.10     | 3.4863 |
| 64.01     | 17.78     | 3.2227 | 73.76     | 23.20     | 3.4912 |
| 64.18     | 17.88     | 3.2275 | 73.95     | 23.31     | 3.4961 |
| 64.34     | 17.97     | 3.2324 | 74.14     | 23.41     | 3.5010 |
| 64.51     | 18.06     | 3.2373 | 74.33     | 23.52     | 3.5059 |
| 64.68     | 18.16     | 3.2422 | 74.53     | 23.63     | 3.5107 |
| 64.85     | 18.25     | 3.2471 | 74.72     | 23.74     | 3.5156 |
| 65.02     | 18.35     | 3.2520 | 74.91     | 23.84     | 3.5205 |
| 65.19     | 18.44     | 3.2568 | 75.10     | 23.95     | 3.5254 |
| 65.36     | 18.53     | 3.2617 | 75.29     | 24.05     | 3.5303 |
| 65.53     | 18.63     | 3.2666 | 75.48     | 24.16     | 3.5352 |
| 65.70     | 18.72     | 3.2715 | 75.68     | 24.27     | 3.5400 |
| 65.87     | 18.82     | 3.2764 | 75.87     | 24.37     | 3.5449 |
| 66.04     | 18.91     | 3.2813 | 76.07     | 24.49     | 3.5498 |
| 66.21     | 19.01     | 3.2861 | 76.26     | 24.59     | 3.5547 |
| 66.39     | 19.11     | 3.2910 | 76.46     | 24.70     | 3.5596 |
| 66.56     | 19.20     | 3.2959 | 76.65     | 24.81     | 3.5645 |
| 66.73     | 19.30     | 3.3008 | 76.84     | 24.91     | 3.5693 |
| 66.91     | 19.40     | 3.3057 | 77.04     | 25.02     | 3.5742 |
| 67.08     | 19.49     | 3.3105 | 77.24     | 25.14     | 3.5791 |
| 67.25     | 19.58     | 3.3154 | 77.44     | 25.25     | 3.5840 |
| 67.43     | 19.68     | 3.3203 | 77.64     | 25.36     | 3.5889 |
| 67.60     | 19.78     | 3.3252 | 77.84     | 25.47     | 3.5938 |
| 67.77     | 19.87     | 3.3301 | 78.04     | 25.58     | 3.5986 |
| 67.95     | 19.97     | 3.3350 | 78.24     | 25.69     | 3.6035 |
| 68.12     | 20.07     | 3.3398 | 78.44     | 25.80     | 3.6084 |
| 68.30     | 20.17     | 3.3447 | 78.64     | 25.91     | 3.6133 |
| 68.48     | 20.27     | 3.3496 | 78.84     | 26.02     | 3.6182 |
| 68.66     | 20.37     | 3.3545 | 79.04     | 26.14     | 3.6230 |
| 68.83     | 20.46     | 3.3594 | 79.25     | 26.25     | 3.6279 |
| 69.01     | 20.56     | 3.3643 | 79.45     | 26.36     | 3.6328 |
| 69.19     | 20.66     | 3.3691 | 79.66     | 26.48     | 3.6377 |
| 69.36     | 20.76     | 3.3740 | 79.86     | 26.59     | 3.6426 |
| 69.54     | 20.86     | 3.3789 | 80.07     | 26.71     | 3.6475 |
| 69.72     | 20.96     | 3.3838 | 80.27     | 26.82     | 3.6523 |
| 69.90     | 21.06     | 3.3887 | 80.48     | 26.94     | 3.6572 |
| 70.08     | 21.16     | 3.3936 | 80.68     | 27.05     | 3.6621 |
| 70.26     | 21.26     | 3.3984 | 80.89     | 27.16     | 3.6670 |
| 70.45     | 21.36     | 3.4033 | 81.10     | 27.28     | 3.6719 |
| 70.63     | 21.46     | 3.4082 | 81.31     | 27.40     | 3.6768 |
| 70.81     | 21.56     | 3.4131 | 81.52     | 27.51     | 3.6816 |
| 70.99     | 21.66     | 3.4180 | 81.72     | 27.62     | 3.6865 |
| 71.17     | 21.76     | 3.4229 | 81.93     | 27.74     | 3.6914 |
| 71.36     | 21.87     | 3.4277 | 82.14     | 27.86     | 3.6963 |
| 71.54     | 21.97     | 3.4326 | 82.35     | 27.97     | 3.7012 |
| 71.72     | 22.07     | 3.4375 | 82.56     | 28.09     | 3.7061 |
| 71.91     | 22.17     | 3.4424 |           |           |        |
| 72.09     | 22.27     | 3.4473 |           |           |        |
| 72.28     | 22.38     | 3.4521 |           |           |        |
| 72.46     | 22.48     | 3.4570 |           |           |        |
| 72.64     | 22.58     | 3.4619 |           |           |        |
| 72.83     | 22.69     | 3.4668 |           |           |        |

FIG. 60 – RETURN AND LEAVING CONDENSING WATER

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 40.12     | 4.51      | 1.8408 | 48.39     | 9.11      | 2.1094 | 56.61     | 13.67     | 2.3779 |
| 40.27     | 4.59      | 1.8457 | 48.54     | 9.19      | 2.1143 | 56.76     | 13.76     | 2.3828 |
| 40.42     | 4.68      | 1.8506 | 48.69     | 9.27      | 2.1191 | 56.91     | 13.84     | 2.3877 |
| 40.58     | 4.77      | 1.8555 | 48.84     | 9.36      | 2.1240 | 57.06     | 13.92     | 2.3926 |
| 40.73     | 4.85      | 1.8604 | 48.99     | 9.44      | 2.1289 | 57.21     | 14.01     | 2.3975 |
| 40.88     | 4.93      | 1.8652 | 49.14     | 9.52      | 2.1338 | 57.36     | 14.09     | 2.4023 |
| 41.03     | 5.02      | 1.8701 | 49.29     | 9.61      | 2.1387 | 57.51     | 14.17     | 2.4072 |
| 41.18     | 5.10      | 1.8750 | 49.44     | 9.69      | 2.1436 | 57.66     | 14.26     | 2.4121 |
| 41.33     | 5.18      | 1.8799 | 49.59     | 9.77      | 2.1484 | 57.81     | 14.34     | 2.4170 |
| 41.48     | 5.27      | 1.8848 | 49.74     | 9.86      | 2.1533 | 57.97     | 14.43     | 2.4219 |
| 41.64     | 5.36      | 1.8896 | 49.89     | 9.94      | 2.1582 | 58.12     | 14.51     | 2.4268 |
| 41.79     | 5.44      | 1.8945 | 50.03     | 10.02     | 2.1631 | 58.27     | 14.60     | 2.4316 |
| 41.94     | 5.52      | 1.8994 | 50.18     | 10.10     | 2.1680 | 58.42     | 14.68     | 2.4365 |
| 42.09     | 5.61      | 1.9043 | 50.33     | 10.18     | 2.1729 | 58.57     | 14.76     | 2.4414 |
| 42.24     | 5.69      | 1.9092 | 50.48     | 10.27     | 2.1777 | 58.72     | 14.85     | 2.4463 |
| 42.39     | 5.77      | 1.9141 | 50.63     | 10.35     | 2.1826 | 58.87     | 14.93     | 2.4512 |
| 42.54     | 5.86      | 1.9189 | 50.78     | 10.43     | 2.1875 | 59.02     | 15.01     | 2.4561 |
| 42.70     | 5.94      | 1.9238 | 50.93     | 10.52     | 2.1924 | 59.17     | 15.10     | 2.4609 |
| 42.85     | 6.03      | 1.9287 | 51.08     | 10.60     | 2.1973 | 59.33     | 15.18     | 2.4658 |
| 43.00     | 6.11      | 1.9336 | 51.23     | 10.68     | 2.2021 | 59.48     | 15.27     | 2.4707 |
| 43.15     | 6.19      | 1.9385 | 51.38     | 10.77     | 2.2070 | 59.63     | 15.35     | 2.4756 |
| 43.30     | 6.28      | 1.9434 | 51.53     | 10.85     | 2.2119 | 59.78     | 15.43     | 2.4805 |
| 43.45     | 6.36      | 1.9482 | 51.68     | 10.93     | 2.1268 | 59.93     | 15.52     | 2.4854 |
| 43.60     | 6.44      | 1.9531 | 51.83     | 11.02     | 2.2217 | 60.09     | 15.61     | 2.4902 |
| 43.75     | 6.53      | 1.9580 | 51.97     | 11.10     | 2.2266 | 60.24     | 15.69     | 2.4951 |
| 43.90     | 6.61      | 1.9629 | 52.12     | 11.18     | 2.2314 | 60.39     | 15.77     | 2.5000 |
| 44.05     | 6.69      | 1.9678 | 52.27     | 11.26     | 2.2363 | 60.54     | 15.86     | 2.5049 |
| 44.20     | 6.78      | 1.9727 | 52.42     | 11.35     | 2.2412 | 60.69     | 15.94     | 2.5098 |
| 44.35     | 6.86      | 1.9775 | 52.57     | 11.43     | 2.2461 | 60.85     | 16.03     | 2.5146 |
| 44.50     | 6.95      | 1.9824 | 52.72     | 11.51     | 2.2510 | 61.00     | 16.11     | 2.5195 |
| 44.65     | 7.03      | 1.9873 | 52.87     | 11.60     | 2.2559 | 61.15     | 16.20     | 2.5244 |
| 44.80     | 7.11      | 1.9922 | 53.02     | 11.68     | 2.2607 | 61.30     | 16.28     | 2.5293 |
| 44.95     | 7.20      | 1.9971 | 53.17     | 11.76     | 2.2656 | 61.45     | 16.36     | 2.5342 |
| 45.10     | 7.28      | 2.0020 | 53.32     | 11.85     | 2.2705 | 61.61     | 16.45     | 2.5391 |
| 45.25     | 7.36      | 2.0068 | 53.47     | 11.93     | 2.2754 | 61.76     | 16.53     | 2.5439 |
| 45.40     | 7.45      | 2.0117 | 53.62     | 12.01     | 2.2803 | 61.91     | 16.62     | 2.5488 |
| 45.55     | 7.53      | 2.0166 | 53.77     | 12.10     | 2.2852 | 62.06     | 16.70     | 2.5537 |
| 45.70     | 7.61      | 2.0215 | 53.92     | 12.18     | 2.2900 | 62.21     | 16.78     | 2.5586 |
| 45.85     | 7.70      | 2.0264 | 54.07     | 12.26     | 2.2949 | 62.36     | 16.87     | 2.5635 |
| 46.00     | 7.78      | 2.0313 | 54.21     | 12.34     | 2.2998 | 62.52     | 16.96     | 2.5684 |
| 46.15     | 7.86      | 2.0361 | 54.36     | 12.42     | 2.3047 | 62.67     | 17.04     | 2.5732 |
| 46.30     | 7.95      | 2.0410 | 54.51     | 12.51     | 2.3096 | 62.82     | 17.12     | 2.5781 |
| 46.45     | 8.03      | 2.0459 | 54.66     | 12.59     | 2.3145 | 62.98     | 17.21     | 2.5830 |
| 46.60     | 8.11      | 2.0508 | 54.81     | 12.67     | 2.3193 | 63.13     | 17.30     | 2.5879 |
| 46.75     | 8.20      | 2.0557 | 54.96     | 12.76     | 2.3242 | 63.29     | 17.38     | 2.5928 |
| 46.90     | 8.28      | 2.0605 | 55.11     | 12.84     | 2.3291 | 63.44     | 17.47     | 2.5977 |
| 47.05     | 8.36      | 2.0654 | 55.26     | 12.92     | 2.3340 | 63.59     | 17.55     | 2.6025 |
| 47.20     | 8.45      | 2.0703 | 55.41     | 13.01     | 2.3389 | 63.75     | 17.64     | 2.6074 |
| 47.35     | 8.53      | 2.0752 | 55.56     | 13.09     | 2.3438 | 63.90     | 17.72     | 2.6123 |
| 47.50     | 8.61      | 2.0801 | 55.71     | 13.17     | 2.3486 | 64.06     | 17.81     | 2.6172 |
| 47.65     | 8.70      | 2.0850 | 55.86     | 13.26     | 2.3535 | 64.21     | 17.90     | 2.6221 |
| 47.79     | 8.77      | 2.0898 | 56.01     | 13.34     | 2.3584 | 64.36     | 17.98     | 2.6270 |
| 47.94     | 8.86      | 2.0947 | 56.16     | 13.42     | 2.3633 | 64.52     | 18.07     | 2.6318 |
| 48.09     | 8.94      | 2.0996 | 56.31     | 13.51     | 2.3682 | 64.52     | 18.07     | 2.6367 |
| 48.24     | 9.02      | 2.1045 | 56.46     | 13.59     | 2.3730 | 64.83     | 18.24     | 2.6416 |

FIG. 60 – RETURN AND LEAVING CONDENSING WATER (CONT'D.)

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 64.98     | 18.32     | 2.6465 | 73.71     | 23.17     | 2.9150 | 83.04     | 28.36     | 3.1836 |
| 65.14     | 18.41     | 2.6514 | 73.87     | 23.26     | 2.9199 | 83.22     | 28.46     | 3.1885 |
| 65.29     | 18.50     | 2.6563 | 74.04     | 23.36     | 2.9248 | 83.39     | 28.55     | 3.1934 |
| 65.45     | 18.58     | 2.6611 | 74.20     | 23.45     | 2.9297 | 83.57     | 28.65     | 3.1982 |
| 65.60     | 18.67     | 2.6660 | 74.37     | 23.54     | 2.9346 | 83.75     | 28.75     | 3.2031 |
| 65.76     | 18.76     | 2.6709 | 74.53     | 23.63     | 2.9395 | 83.93     | 28.85     | 3.2080 |
| 65.91     | 18.84     | 2.6758 | 74.70     | 23.72     | 2.9443 | 84.10     | 28.95     | 3.2129 |
| 66.07     | 18.93     | 2.6807 | 74.86     | 23.81     | 2.9492 | 84.28     | 29.05     | 3.2178 |
| 66.22     | 19.01     | 2.6855 | 75.03     | 23.91     | 2.9541 | 84.46     | 29.15     | 3.2227 |
| 66.38     | 19.10     | 2.6904 | 75.19     | 24.00     | 2.9590 | 84.65     | 29.25     | 3.2275 |
| 66.54     | 19.19     | 2.6953 | 75.36     | 24.09     | 2.9639 | 84.83     | 29.35     | 3.2324 |
| 66.69     | 19.27     | 2.7002 | 75.52     | 24.18     | 2.9688 | 85.01     | 29.45     | 3.2373 |
| 66.85     | 19.36     | 2.7051 | 75.69     | 24.27     | 2.9736 | 85.19     | 29.55     | 3.2422 |
| 66.00     | 18.89     | 2.7100 | 75.85     | 24.36     | 2.9785 | 85.37     | 29.65     | 3.2471 |
| 67.16     | 19.53     | 2.7148 | 76.02     | 24.46     | 2.9834 | 85.55     | 29.75     | 3.2520 |
| 67.32     | 19.62     | 2.7197 | 76.19     | 24.55     | 2.9883 | 85.73     | 29.85     | 3.2568 |
| 67.47     | 19.71     | 2.7246 | 76.35     | 24.64     | 2.9932 | 85.92     | 29.96     | 3.2617 |
| 67.63     | 19.80     | 2.7295 | 76.52     | 24.74     | 2.9980 | 86.10     | 30.06     | 3.2666 |
| 67.78     | 19.88     | 2.7344 | 76.69     | 24.83     | 3.0029 | 86.28     | 30.16     | 3.2715 |
| 67.94     | 19.97     | 2.7393 | 76.85     | 24.92     | 3.0078 | 86.47     | 30.26     | 3.2764 |
| 68.10     | 20.06     | 2.7441 | 77.02     | 25.01     | 3.0127 | 86.65     | 30.36     | 3.2813 |
| 68.26     | 20.15     | 2.7490 | 77.19     | 25.11     | 3.0176 | 86.84     | 30.47     | 3.2861 |
| 68.41     | 20.23     | 2.7539 | 77.36     | 25.20     | 3.0225 | 87.02     | 30.57     | 3.2910 |
| 68.57     | 20.32     | 2.7588 | 77.53     | 25.30     | 3.0273 | 87.21     | 30.67     | 3.2959 |
| 68.73     | 20.41     | 2.7637 | 77.70     | 25.39     | 3.0322 | 87.39     | 30.77     | 3.3008 |
| 68.89     | 20.50     | 2.7686 | 77.86     | 25.48     | 3.0371 | 87.58     | 30.88     | 3.3057 |
| 69.05     | 20.58     | 2.7734 | 78.03     | 25.57     | 3.0420 | 87.76     | 30.98     | 3.3105 |
| 69.21     | 20.67     | 2.7783 | 78.20     | 25.67     | 3.0469 | 87.95     | 31.09     | 3.3154 |
| 69.36     | 20.76     | 2.7832 | 78.37     | 25.76     | 3.0518 | 88.13     | 31.19     | 3.3203 |
| 69.52     | 20.85     | 2.7881 | 78.54     | 25.86     | 3.0566 | 88.32     | 31.29     | 3.3252 |
| 69.68     | 20.94     | 2.7930 | 78.71     | 25.95     | 3.0615 | 88.51     | 31.40     | 3.3301 |
| 69.84     | 21.02     | 2.7979 | 78.88     | 26.05     | 3.0664 | 88.70     | 31.50     | 3.3350 |
| 70.00     | 21.11     | 2.8027 | 79.05     | 26.14     | 3.0713 | 88.88     | 31.60     | 3.3398 |
| 70.16     | 21.20     | 2.8076 | 79.22     | 26.24     | 3.0762 | 89.07     | 31.71     | 3.3447 |
| 70.32     | 21.29     | 2.8125 | 79.40     | 26.34     | 3.0811 | 89.26     | 31.81     | 3.3496 |
| 70.48     | 21.38     | 2.8174 | 79.57     | 26.43     | 3.0859 | 89.44     | 31.91     | 3.3545 |
| 70.64     | 21.47     | 2.8223 | 79.74     | 26.52     | 3.0908 | 89.63     | 32.02     | 3.3594 |
| 70.80     | 21.56     | 2.8271 | 79.91     | 26.62     | 3.0957 | 89.82     | 32.12     | 3.3643 |
| 70.96     | 21.65     | 2.8320 | 80.08     | 26.71     | 3.1006 | 90.01     | 32.23     | 3.3691 |
| 71.12     | 21.74     | 2.8369 | 80.26     | 26.81     | 3.1055 | 90.20     | 32.34     | 3.3740 |
| 71.28     | 21.82     | 2.8418 | 80.43     | 26.91     | 3.1104 | 90.39     | 32.44     | 3.3789 |
| 71.44     | 21.91     | 2.8467 | 80.60     | 27.00     | 3.1152 | 90.59     | 32.55     | 3.3838 |
| 71.61     | 22.01     | 2.8516 | 80.77     | 27.10     | 3.1201 | 90.78     | 32.66     | 3.3887 |
| 71.77     | 22.10     | 2.8564 | 80.95     | 27.20     | 3.1250 | 90.97     | 32.76     | 3.3936 |
| 71.93     | 22.19     | 2.8613 | 81.12     | 27.29     | 3.1299 | 91.16     | 32.87     | 3.3984 |
| 72.09     | 22.27     | 2.8662 | 81.29     | 27.39     | 3.1348 | 91.35     | 32.97     | 3.4033 |
| 72.25     | 22.36     | 2.8711 | 81.47     | 27.49     | 3.1396 | 91.54     | 33.08     | 3.4082 |
| 72.41     | 22.45     | 2.8760 | 81.64     | 27.58     | 3.1445 | 91.74     | 33.19     | 3.4131 |
| 72.57     | 22.54     | 2.8809 | 81.81     | 27.67     | 3.1494 | 91.93     | 33.30     | 3.4180 |
| 72.73     | 22.63     | 2.8857 | 81.99     | 27.77     | 3.1543 | 92.13     | 33.41     | 3.4229 |
| 72.89     | 22.72     | 2.8906 | 82.16     | 27.87     | 3.1592 | 92.32     | 33.51     | 3.4277 |
| 73.05     | 22.81     | 2.8955 | 82.33     | 27.96     | 3.1641 | 92.52     | 33.62     | 3.4326 |
| 73.22     | 22.90     | 2.9004 | 82.51     | 28.06     | 3.1689 | 92.72     | 33.74     | 3.4375 |
| 73.38     | 22.99     | 2.9053 | 82.69     | 28.16     | 3.1738 | 92.91     | 33.84     | 3.4424 |
| 73.54     | 23.08     | 2.9102 | 82.86     | 28.26     | 3.1787 | 93.11     | 33.95     | 3.4473 |

FIG. 60 – RETURN AND LEAVING CONDENSING WATER (CONT'D.)

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 93.31     | 34.06     | 3.4521 | 105.04    | 40.58     | 3.7207 |
| 93.51     | 34.17     | 3.4570 | 105.27    | 40.71     | 3.7256 |
| 93.70     | 34.28     | 3.4619 | 105.50    | 40.84     | 3.7305 |
| 93.90     | 34.39     | 3.4668 | 105.73    | 40.96     | 3.7354 |
| 94.10     | 34.50     | 3.4717 | 105.96    | 41.09     | 3.7402 |
| 94.30     | 34.61     | 3.4766 | 106.20    | 41.23     | 3.7451 |
| 94.50     | 34.73     | 3.4814 | 106.44    | 41.36     | 3.7500 |
| 94.70     | 34.84     | 3.4863 | 106.67    | 41.49     | 3.7549 |
| 94.90     | 34.95     | 3.4912 | 106.91    | 41.62     | 3.7598 |
| 95.11     | 35.06     | 3.4961 | 107.14    | 41.75     | 3.7646 |
| 95.31     | 35.18     | 3.5010 | 107.38    | 41.88     | 3.7695 |
| 95.52     | 35.29     | 3.5059 | 107.62    | 42.01     | 3.7744 |
| 95.72     | 35.40     | 3.5107 | 107.86    | 42.15     | 3.7793 |
| 95.93     | 35.52     | 3.5156 | 108.11    | 42.29     | 3.7842 |
| 96.13     | 35.63     | 3.5205 | 108.35    | 42.42     | 3.7891 |
| 96.34     | 35.75     | 3.5254 | 108.59    | 42.55     | 3.7939 |
| 96.54     | 35.86     | 3.5303 | 108.84    | 42.69     | 3.7988 |
| 96.75     | 35.98     | 3.5352 | 109.08    | 42.83     | 3.8037 |
| 96.96     | 36.09     | 3.5400 | 109.32    | 42.96     | 3.8086 |
| 97.17     | 36.21     | 3.5449 | 109.57    | 43.10     | 3.8135 |
| 97.38     | 36.33     | 3.5498 | 109.82    | 43.24     | 3.8184 |
| 97.59     | 36.44     | 3.5547 | 110.06    | 43.37     | 3.8232 |
| 97.80     | 36.56     | 3.5596 | 110.31    | 43.51     | 3.8281 |
| 98.01     | 36.68     | 3.5645 | 110.56    | 43.65     | 3.8330 |
| 98.22     | 36.79     | 3.5693 | 110.81    | 43.79     | 3.8379 |
| 98.43     | 36.91     | 3.5742 | 111.05    | 43.92     | 3.8328 |
| 98.64     | 37.03     | 3.5791 | 111.31    | 44.06     | 3.8477 |
| 98.86     | 37.15     | 3.5840 | 111.36    | 44.09     | 3.8525 |
| 99.07     | 37.26     | 3.5889 | 111.82    | 44.35     | 3.8574 |
| 99.29     | 37.39     | 3.5938 | 112.08    | 44.49     | 3.8623 |
| 99.50     | 37.50     | 3.5986 | 112.34    | 44.64     | 3.8672 |
| 99.71     | 37.62     | 3.6035 | 112.59    | 44.78     | 3.8721 |
| 99.93     | 37.74     | 3.6084 | 112.85    | 44.92     | 3.8770 |
| 100.14    | 37.86     | 3.6133 | 113.11    | 45.06     | 3.8818 |
| 100.36    | 37.98     | 3.6182 | 113.37    | 45.21     | 3.8867 |
| 100.58    | 38.10     | 3.6230 | 113.63    | 45.35     | 3.8916 |
| 100.79    | 38.22     | 3.6279 | 113.88    | 45.49     | 3.8965 |
| 101.01    | 38.34     | 3.6328 | 114.14    | 45.64     | 3.9014 |
| 101.23    | 38.46     | 3.6377 |           |           |        |
| 101.45    | 38.59     | 3.6426 |           |           |        |
| 101.67    | 38.71     | 3.6475 |           |           |        |
| 101.89    | 38.83     | 3.6523 |           |           |        |
| 102.11    | 38.95     | 3.6572 |           |           |        |
| 102.33    | 39.08     | 3.6621 |           |           |        |
| 102.55    | 39.20     | 3.6670 |           |           |        |
| 102.78    | 39.33     | 3.6719 |           |           |        |
| 103.00    | 39.45     | 3.6768 |           |           |        |
| 103.22    | 39.57     | 3.6816 |           |           |        |
| 103.45    | 39.70     | 3.6865 |           |           |        |
| 103.67    | 39.82     | 3.6914 |           |           |        |
| 103.89    | 39.94     | 3.6963 |           |           |        |
| 104.12    | 40.07     | 3.7012 |           |           |        |
| 104.35    | 40.20     | 3.7061 |           |           |        |
| 104.58    | 40.33     | 3.7109 |           |           |        |
| 104.81    | 40.45     | 3.7158 |           |           |        |

FIG. 61 – OIL AND DISCHARGE TEMPERATURE

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 31.99     | -0.01     | 0.2637 |
| 32.63     | 0.35      | 0.2686 |
| 33.27     | 0.71      | 0.2734 |
| 33.90     | 1.06      | 0.2783 |
| 34.51     | 1.39      | 0.2832 |
| 35.12     | 1.73      | 0.2881 |
| 35.73     | 2.07      | 0.2930 |
| 36.32     | 2.40      | 0.2979 |
| 36.91     | 2.73      | 0.3027 |
| 37.49     | 3.05      | 0.3076 |
| 38.05     | 3.36      | 0.3125 |
| 38.61     | 3.67      | 0.3174 |
| 39.18     | 3.99      | 0.3223 |
| 39.72     | 4.29      | 0.3271 |
| 40.26     | 4.59      | 0.3320 |
| 40.80     | 4.89      | 0.3369 |
| 41.33     | 5.18      | 0.3418 |
| 41.85     | 5.47      | 0.3467 |
| 42.37     | 5.76      | 0.3516 |
| 42.89     | 6.05      | 0.3564 |
| 43.39     | 6.33      | 0.3613 |
| 43.89     | 6.61      | 0.3662 |
| 44.39     | 6.88      | 0.3711 |
| 44.88     | 7.16      | 0.3760 |
| 45.36     | 7.42      | 0.3809 |
| 45.84     | 7.69      | 0.3857 |
| 46.32     | 7.96      | 0.3906 |
| 46.79     | 8.22      | 0.3955 |
| 47.25     | 8.47      | 0.4004 |
| 47.72     | 8.73      | 0.4053 |
| 48.18     | 8.99      | 0.4102 |
| 48.63     | 9.24      | 0.4150 |
| 49.07     | 9.48      | 0.4199 |
| 49.52     | 9.73      | 0.4248 |
| 49.97     | 9.98      | 0.4297 |
| 50.40     | 10.22     | 0.4346 |
| 50.83     | 10.46     | 0.4395 |
| 51.26     | 10.70     | 0.4443 |
| 51.69     | 10.94     | 0.4492 |
| 52.11     | 11.17     | 0.4541 |
| 52.53     | 11.41     | 0.4590 |
| 52.94     | 11.63     | 0.4639 |
| 53.36     | 11.87     | 0.4688 |
| 53.77     | 12.10     | 0.4736 |
| 54.17     | 12.32     | 0.4785 |
| 54.57     | 12.54     | 0.4834 |
| 54.97     | 12.76     | 0.4883 |
| 55.37     | 12.98     | 0.4932 |
| 55.76     | 13.20     | 0.4980 |
| 56.15     | 13.42     | 0.5029 |
| 56.54     | 13.63     | 0.5078 |
| 56.92     | 13.85     | 0.5127 |
| 57.31     | 14.06     | 0.5176 |
| 57.68     | 14.27     | 0.5225 |
| 58.06     | 14.48     | 0.5273 |

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 58.43     | 14.68     | 0.5322 |
| 58.81     | 14.90     | 0.5371 |
| 59.18     | 15.10     | 0.5420 |
| 59.54     | 15.30     | 0.5469 |
| 59.90     | 15.50     | 0.5518 |
| 60.26     | 15.70     | 0.5566 |
| 60.63     | 15.91     | 0.5615 |
| 60.98     | 16.10     | 0.5664 |
| 61.33     | 16.30     | 0.5713 |
| 61.69     | 16.50     | 0.5762 |
| 62.04     | 16.69     | 0.5811 |
| 62.39     | 16.88     | 0.5859 |
| 62.73     | 17.07     | 0.5908 |
| 63.07     | 17.26     | 0.5957 |
| 63.41     | 17.45     | 0.6006 |
| 63.75     | 17.64     | 0.6055 |
| 64.09     | 17.83     | 0.6104 |
| 64.43     | 18.02     | 0.6152 |
| 64.76     | 18.20     | 0.6201 |
| 65.09     | 18.38     | 0.6250 |
| 65.42     | 18.57     | 0.6299 |
| 65.75     | 18.75     | 0.6348 |
| 66.08     | 18.93     | 0.6396 |
| 66.40     | 19.11     | 0.6445 |
| 66.72     | 19.29     | 0.6494 |
| 67.04     | 19.47     | 0.6543 |
| 67.36     | 19.65     | 0.6592 |
| 67.68     | 19.82     | 0.6641 |
| 68.00     | 20.00     | 0.6689 |
| 68.31     | 20.17     | 0.6738 |
| 68.62     | 20.35     | 0.6787 |
| 68.93     | 20.52     | 0.6836 |
| 69.24     | 20.69     | 0.6885 |
| 69.55     | 20.86     | 0.6934 |
| 69.86     | 21.04     | 0.6982 |
| 70.17     | 21.21     | 0.7031 |
| 70.47     | 21.37     | 0.7080 |
| 70.77     | 21.54     | 0.7129 |
| 71.07     | 21.71     | 0.7178 |
| 71.37     | 21.87     | 0.7227 |
| 71.67     | 22.04     | 0.7275 |
| 71.96     | 22.20     | 0.7324 |
| 72.26     | 22.37     | 0.7373 |
| 72.55     | 22.53     | 0.7422 |
| 72.84     | 22.69     | 0.7471 |
| 73.14     | 22.86     | 0.7520 |
| 73.43     | 23.02     | 0.7568 |
| 73.72     | 23.18     | 0.7617 |
| 74.00     | 23.34     | 0.7666 |
| 74.29     | 23.50     | 0.7715 |
| 74.57     | 23.65     | 0.7764 |
| 74.86     | 23.81     | 0.7813 |
| 75.14     | 23.97     | 0.7861 |
| 75.42     | 24.12     | 0.7910 |
| 75.70     | 24.28     | 0.7959 |

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 75.98     | 24.44     | 0.8008 |
| 76.25     | 24.59     | 0.8057 |
| 76.53     | 24.74     | 0.8105 |
| 76.81     | 24.90     | 0.8154 |
| 77.09     | 25.05     | 0.8203 |
| 77.36     | 25.20     | 0.8252 |
| 77.63     | 25.35     | 0.8301 |
| 77.90     | 25.50     | 0.8350 |
| 78.17     | 25.65     | 0.8398 |
| 78.44     | 25.80     | 0.8447 |
| 78.71     | 25.95     | 0.8496 |
| 78.98     | 26.10     | 0.8545 |
| 79.24     | 26.25     | 0.8594 |
| 79.50     | 26.39     | 0.8643 |
| 79.77     | 26.54     | 0.8691 |
| 80.03     | 26.69     | 0.8740 |
| 80.30     | 26.84     | 0.8789 |
| 80.56     | 26.98     | 0.8838 |
| 80.82     | 27.12     | 0.8887 |
| 81.08     | 27.27     | 0.8936 |
| 81.33     | 27.41     | 0.8984 |
| 81.59     | 27.55     | 0.9033 |
| 81.85     | 27.70     | 0.9082 |
| 82.11     | 27.84     | 0.9131 |
| 82.37     | 27.99     | 0.9180 |
| 82.62     | 28.12     | 0.9229 |
| 82.87     | 28.26     | 0.9277 |
| 83.12     | 28.40     | 0.9326 |
| 83.37     | 28.54     | 0.9375 |
| 83.62     | 28.68     | 0.9424 |
| 83.88     | 28.82     | 0.9473 |
| 84.13     | 28.96     | 0.9521 |
| 84.38     | 29.10     | 0.9570 |
| 84.62     | 29.24     | 0.9619 |
| 84.87     | 29.37     | 0.9668 |
| 85.11     | 29.51     | 0.9717 |
| 85.36     | 29.65     | 0.9766 |
| 85.61     | 29.79     | 0.9814 |
| 85.85     | 29.92     | 0.9863 |
| 86.10     | 30.06     | 0.9912 |
| 86.34     | 30.19     | 0.9961 |
| 86.58     | 30.32     | 1.0010 |
| 86.82     | 30.46     | 1.0059 |
| 87.06     | 30.59     | 1.0107 |
| 87.30     | 30.72     | 1.0156 |
| 87.54     | 30.86     | 1.0205 |
| 87.78     | 30.99     | 1.0254 |
| 88.02     | 31.12     | 1.0303 |
| 88.25     | 31.25     | 1.0352 |
| 88.49     | 31.39     | 1.0400 |
| 88.72     | 31.51     | 1.0449 |
| 88.96     | 31.65     | 1.0498 |
| 89.20     | 31.78     | 1.0547 |
| 89.43     | 31.91     | 1.0596 |
| 89.67     | 32.04     | 1.0645 |

FIG. 61 – OIL AND DISCHARGE TEMPERATURE (CONT'D.)

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 89.90     | 32.17     | 1.0693 | 101.92    | 38.85     | 1.3379 | 112.86    | 44.93     | 1.6064 |
| 90.13     | 32.30     | 1.0742 | 102.13    | 38.96     | 1.3428 | 113.06    | 45.04     | 1.6113 |
| 90.36     | 32.42     | 1.0791 | 102.33    | 39.08     | 1.3477 | 113.25    | 45.14     | 1.6162 |
| 90.59     | 32.55     | 1.0840 | 102.54    | 39.19     | 1.3525 | 113.44    | 45.25     | 1.6211 |
| 90.82     | 32.68     | 1.0889 | 102.74    | 39.30     | 1.3574 | 113.63    | 45.35     | 1.6260 |
| 91.05     | 32.81     | 1.0938 | 102.95    | 39.42     | 1.3623 | 113.82    | 45.46     | 1.6309 |
| 91.28     | 32.94     | 1.0986 | 103.15    | 39.53     | 1.3672 | 114.01    | 45.56     | 1.6357 |
| 91.51     | 33.06     | 1.1035 | 103.36    | 39.65     | 1.3721 | 114.20    | 45.67     | 1.6406 |
| 91.74     | 33.19     | 1.1084 | 103.56    | 39.76     | 1.3770 | 114.40    | 45.78     | 1.6455 |
| 91.96     | 33.31     | 1.1133 | 103.77    | 39.88     | 1.3818 | 114.59    | 45.89     | 1.6504 |
| 92.19     | 33.44     | 1.1182 | 103.97    | 39.99     | 1.3867 | 114.78    | 45.99     | 1.6553 |
| 92.42     | 33.57     | 1.1230 | 104.18    | 40.10     | 1.3916 | 114.97    | 46.10     | 1.6602 |
| 92.64     | 33.69     | 1.1279 | 104.38    | 40.21     | 1.3965 | 115.16    | 46.20     | 1.6650 |
| 92.87     | 33.82     | 1.1328 | 104.58    | 40.33     | 1.4014 | 115.35    | 46.31     | 1.6699 |
| 93.10     | 33.95     | 1.1377 | 104.78    | 40.44     | 1.4063 | 115.54    | 46.41     | 1.6748 |
| 93.32     | 34.07     | 1.1426 | 104.99    | 40.55     | 1.4111 | 115.73    | 46.52     | 1.6797 |
| 93.54     | 34.19     | 1.1475 | 105.19    | 40.66     | 1.4160 | 115.92    | 46.63     | 1.6846 |
| 93.77     | 34.32     | 1.1523 | 105.39    | 40.78     | 1.4209 | 116.11    | 46.73     | 1.6895 |
| 93.99     | 34.44     | 1.1572 | 105.59    | 40.89     | 1.4258 | 116.30    | 46.84     | 1.6943 |
| 94.21     | 34.56     | 1.1621 | 105.80    | 41.00     | 1.4307 | 116.49    | 46.94     | 1.6992 |
| 94.43     | 34.69     | 1.1670 | 105.99    | 41.11     | 1.4355 | 116.67    | 47.04     | 1.7041 |
| 94.65     | 34.81     | 1.1719 | 106.19    | 41.22     | 1.4404 | 116.86    | 47.15     | 1.7090 |
| 94.88     | 34.94     | 1.1768 | 106.39    | 41.33     | 1.4453 | 117.05    | 47.25     | 1.7139 |
| 95.10     | 35.06     | 1.1816 | 106.59    | 41.44     | 1.4502 | 117.24    | 47.36     | 1.7188 |
| 95.32     | 35.18     | 1.1865 | 106.79    | 41.55     | 1.4551 | 117.43    | 47.46     | 1.7236 |
| 95.53     | 35.30     | 1.1914 | 106.99    | 41.66     | 1.4600 | 117.62    | 47.57     | 1.7285 |
| 95.75     | 35.42     | 1.1963 | 107.19    | 41.78     | 1.4648 | 117.80    | 47.67     | 1.7334 |
| 95.97     | 35.54     | 1.2012 | 107.39    | 41.89     | 1.4697 | 117.99    | 47.78     | 1.7383 |
| 96.19     | 35.66     | 1.2061 | 107.59    | 42.00     | 1.4746 | 118.18    | 47.88     | 1.7432 |
| 96.41     | 35.79     | 1.2109 | 107.79    | 42.11     | 1.4795 | 118.37    | 47.99     | 1.7480 |
| 96.63     | 35.91     | 1.2158 | 107.99    | 42.22     | 1.4844 | 118.56    | 48.09     | 1.7529 |
| 96.84     | 36.03     | 1.2207 | 108.18    | 42.33     | 1.4893 | 118.74    | 48.19     | 1.7578 |
| 97.06     | 36.15     | 1.2256 | 108.38    | 42.44     | 1.4941 | 118.93    | 48.30     | 1.7627 |
| 97.27     | 36.26     | 1.2305 | 108.58    | 42.55     | 1.4990 | 119.12    | 48.40     | 1.7676 |
| 97.49     | 36.39     | 1.2354 | 108.78    | 42.66     | 1.5039 | 119.31    | 48.51     | 1.7725 |
| 97.70     | 36.50     | 1.2402 | 108.97    | 42.76     | 1.5088 | 119.49    | 48.61     | 1.7773 |
| 97.92     | 36.63     | 1.2451 | 109.17    | 42.88     | 1.5137 | 119.68    | 48.72     | 1.7822 |
| 98.13     | 36.74     | 1.2500 | 109.37    | 42.99     | 1.5186 | 119.87    | 48.82     | 1.7871 |
| 98.35     | 36.86     | 1.2549 | 109.56    | 43.09     | 1.5234 | 120.05    | 48.92     | 1.7920 |
| 98.56     | 36.98     | 1.2598 | 109.76    | 43.20     | 1.5283 | 120.24    | 49.03     | 1.7969 |
| 98.77     | 37.10     | 1.2646 | 109.95    | 43.31     | 1.5332 | 120.43    | 49.13     | 1.8018 |
| 98.98     | 37.21     | 1.2695 | 110.15    | 43.42     | 1.5381 | 120.61    | 49.23     | 1.8066 |
| 99.20     | 37.34     | 1.2744 | 110.34    | 43.53     | 1.5430 | 120.80    | 49.34     | 1.8115 |
| 99.41     | 37.45     | 1.2793 | 110.54    | 43.64     | 1.5479 | 120.98    | 49.44     | 1.8164 |
| 99.62     | 37.57     | 1.2842 | 110.73    | 43.74     | 1.5527 | 121.17    | 49.54     | 1.8213 |
| 99.83     | 37.69     | 1.2891 | 110.93    | 43.85     | 1.5576 | 121.35    | 49.64     | 1.8262 |
| 100.04    | 37.80     | 1.2939 | 111.12    | 43.96     | 1.5625 | 121.54    | 49.75     | 1.8311 |
| 100.25    | 37.92     | 1.2988 | 111.32    | 44.07     | 1.5674 | 121.72    | 49.85     | 1.8359 |
| 100.46    | 38.04     | 1.3037 | 111.51    | 44.18     | 1.5723 | 121.91    | 49.95     | 1.8408 |
| 100.67    | 38.15     | 1.3086 | 111.70    | 44.28     | 1.5771 | 122.10    | 50.06     | 1.8457 |
| 100.88    | 38.27     | 1.3135 | 111.90    | 44.39     | 1.5820 | 122.28    | 50.16     | 1.8506 |
| 101.09    | 38.39     | 1.3184 | 112.09    | 44.50     | 1.5869 | 122.47    | 50.27     | 1.8555 |
| 101.29    | 38.50     | 1.3232 | 112.28    | 44.60     | 1.5918 | 122.65    | 50.37     | 1.8604 |
| 101.50    | 38.61     | 1.3281 | 112.48    | 44.71     | 1.5967 | 122.84    | 50.47     | 1.8652 |
| 101.71    | 38.73     | 1.3330 | 112.67    | 44.82     | 1.6016 | 123.02    | 50.57     | 1.8701 |

FIG. 61 – OIL AND DISCHARGE TEMPERATURE (CONT'D.)

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 123.21    | 50.68     | 1.8750 |
| 123.39    | 50.78     | 1.8799 |
| 123.58    | 50.88     | 1.8848 |
| 123.76    | 50.98     | 1.8896 |
| 123.94    | 51.08     | 1.8945 |
| 124.13    | 51.19     | 1.8994 |
| 124.31    | 51.29     | 1.9043 |
| 124.50    | 51.39     | 1.9092 |
| 124.68    | 51.49     | 1.9141 |
| 124.86    | 51.59     | 1.9189 |
| 125.05    | 51.70     | 1.9238 |
| 125.23    | 51.80     | 1.9287 |
| 125.42    | 51.90     | 1.9336 |
| 125.60    | 52.00     | 1.9385 |
| 125.78    | 52.10     | 1.9434 |
| 125.97    | 52.21     | 1.9482 |
| 126.15    | 52.31     | 1.9531 |
| 126.33    | 52.41     | 1.9580 |
| 126.52    | 52.52     | 1.9629 |
| 126.70    | 52.62     | 1.9678 |
| 126.88    | 52.72     | 1.9727 |
| 127.07    | 52.82     | 1.9775 |
| 127.25    | 52.92     | 1.9824 |
| 127.43    | 53.02     | 1.9873 |
| 127.62    | 53.13     | 1.9922 |
| 127.80    | 53.23     | 1.9971 |
| 127.98    | 53.33     | 2.0020 |
| 128.17    | 53.43     | 2.0068 |
| 128.35    | 53.53     | 2.0117 |
| 128.53    | 53.63     | 2.0166 |
| 128.71    | 53.73     | 2.0215 |
| 128.90    | 53.84     | 2.0264 |
| 129.08    | 53.94     | 2.0313 |
| 129.26    | 54.04     | 2.0361 |
| 129.44    | 54.14     | 2.0410 |
| 129.63    | 54.24     | 2.0459 |
| 129.81    | 54.34     | 2.0508 |
| 129.99    | 54.44     | 2.0557 |
| 130.17    | 54.54     | 2.0605 |
| 130.36    | 54.65     | 2.0654 |
| 130.54    | 54.75     | 2.0703 |
| 130.72    | 54.85     | 2.0752 |
| 130.90    | 54.95     | 2.0801 |
| 131.09    | 55.05     | 2.0850 |
| 131.27    | 55.15     | 2.0898 |
| 131.45    | 55.25     | 2.0947 |
| 131.63    | 55.35     | 2.0996 |
| 131.82    | 55.46     | 2.1045 |
| 132.00    | 55.56     | 2.1094 |
| 132.18    | 55.66     | 2.1143 |
| 132.36    | 55.76     | 2.1191 |
| 132.54    | 55.86     | 2.1240 |
| 132.73    | 55.97     | 2.1289 |
| 132.91    | 56.07     | 2.1338 |
| 133.09    | 56.17     | 2.1387 |

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 133.27    | 56.27     | 2.1436 |
| 133.46    | 56.37     | 2.1484 |
| 133.64    | 56.47     | 2.1533 |
| 133.82    | 56.57     | 2.1582 |
| 134.00    | 56.67     | 2.1631 |
| 134.18    | 56.77     | 2.1680 |
| 134.37    | 56.88     | 2.1729 |
| 134.55    | 56.98     | 2.1777 |
| 134.73    | 57.08     | 2.1826 |
| 134.91    | 57.18     | 2.1875 |
| 135.09    | 57.28     | 2.1924 |
| 135.28    | 57.38     | 2.1973 |
| 135.46    | 57.48     | 2.2021 |
| 135.64    | 57.58     | 2.2070 |
| 135.82    | 57.68     | 2.2119 |
| 136.01    | 57.79     | 2.2168 |
| 136.19    | 57.89     | 2.2217 |
| 136.37    | 57.99     | 2.2266 |
| 136.55    | 58.09     | 2.2314 |
| 136.73    | 58.19     | 2.2363 |
| 136.92    | 58.29     | 2.2412 |
| 137.10    | 58.39     | 2.2461 |
| 137.28    | 58.49     | 2.2510 |
| 137.46    | 58.59     | 2.2559 |
| 137.65    | 58.70     | 2.2607 |
| 137.83    | 58.80     | 2.2656 |
| 138.01    | 58.90     | 2.2705 |
| 138.19    | 59.00     | 2.2754 |
| 138.37    | 59.10     | 2.2803 |
| 138.56    | 59.20     | 2.2852 |
| 138.74    | 59.30     | 2.2900 |
| 138.92    | 59.40     | 2.2949 |
| 139.11    | 59.51     | 2.2998 |
| 139.29    | 59.61     | 2.3047 |
| 139.47    | 59.71     | 2.3096 |
| 139.65    | 59.81     | 2.3145 |
| 139.84    | 59.92     | 2.3193 |
| 140.02    | 60.02     | 2.3242 |
| 140.20    | 60.12     | 2.3291 |
| 140.39    | 60.22     | 2.3340 |
| 140.57    | 60.32     | 2.3389 |
| 140.75    | 60.42     | 2.3438 |
| 140.94    | 60.53     | 2.3486 |
| 141.12    | 60.63     | 2.3535 |
| 141.30    | 60.73     | 2.3584 |
| 141.49    | 60.83     | 2.3633 |
| 141.67    | 60.93     | 2.3682 |
| 141.85    | 61.03     | 2.3730 |
| 142.04    | 61.14     | 2.3779 |
| 142.22    | 61.24     | 2.3828 |
| 142.40    | 61.34     | 2.3877 |
| 142.59    | 61.44     | 2.3926 |
| 142.77    | 61.54     | 2.3975 |
| 142.95    | 61.64     | 2.4023 |
| 143.14    | 61.75     | 2.4072 |

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 143.32    | 61.85     | 2.4121 |
| 143.51    | 61.95     | 2.4170 |
| 143.69    | 62.05     | 2.4219 |
| 143.87    | 62.15     | 2.4268 |
| 144.06    | 62.26     | 2.4316 |
| 144.24    | 62.36     | 2.4365 |
| 144.43    | 62.47     | 2.4414 |
| 144.61    | 62.57     | 2.4463 |
| 144.80    | 62.67     | 2.4512 |
| 144.98    | 62.77     | 2.4561 |
| 145.17    | 62.88     | 2.4609 |
| 145.35    | 62.98     | 2.4658 |
| 145.54    | 63.08     | 2.4707 |
| 145.72    | 63.18     | 2.4756 |
| 145.91    | 63.29     | 2.4805 |
| 146.09    | 63.39     | 2.4854 |
| 146.28    | 63.49     | 2.4902 |
| 146.46    | 63.59     | 2.4951 |
| 146.65    | 63.70     | 2.5000 |
| 146.84    | 63.81     | 2.5049 |
| 147.02    | 63.91     | 2.5098 |
| 147.21    | 64.01     | 2.5146 |
| 147.39    | 64.11     | 2.5195 |
| 147.58    | 64.22     | 2.5244 |
| 147.77    | 64.32     | 2.5293 |
| 147.95    | 64.42     | 2.5342 |
| 148.14    | 64.53     | 2.5391 |
| 148.32    | 64.63     | 2.5439 |
| 148.51    | 64.73     | 2.5488 |
| 148.70    | 64.84     | 2.5537 |
| 148.88    | 64.94     | 2.5586 |
| 149.07    | 65.04     | 2.5635 |
| 149.26    | 65.15     | 2.5684 |
| 149.45    | 65.26     | 2.5732 |
| 149.63    | 65.36     | 2.5781 |
| 149.82    | 65.46     | 2.5830 |
| 150.01    | 65.57     | 2.5879 |
| 150.20    | 65.67     | 2.5928 |
| 150.38    | 65.77     | 2.5977 |
| 150.57    | 65.88     | 2.6025 |
| 150.76    | 65.98     | 2.6074 |
| 150.95    | 66.09     | 2.6123 |
| 151.14    | 66.19     | 2.6172 |
| 151.33    | 66.30     | 2.6221 |
| 151.51    | 66.40     | 2.6270 |
| 151.70    | 66.51     | 2.6318 |
| 151.89    | 66.61     | 2.6367 |
| 152.08    | 66.72     | 2.6416 |
| 152.27    | 66.82     | 2.6465 |
| 152.46    | 66.93     | 2.6514 |
| 152.65    | 67.03     | 2.6563 |
| 152.84    | 67.14     | 2.6611 |
| 153.03    | 67.24     | 2.6660 |
| 153.22    | 67.35     | 2.6709 |
| 153.41    | 67.46     | 2.6758 |

FIG. 61 – OIL AND DISCHARGE TEMPERATURE (CONT'D.)

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 153.60    | 67.56     | 2.6807 | 164.36    | 73.54     | 2.9492 | 175.92    | 79.96     | 3.2178 |
| 153.79    | 67.67     | 2.6855 | 164.56    | 73.65     | 2.9541 | 176.14    | 80.08     | 3.2227 |
| 153.98    | 67.77     | 2.6904 | 164.76    | 73.76     | 2.9590 | 176.36    | 80.21     | 3.2275 |
| 154.17    | 67.88     | 2.6953 | 164.96    | 73.87     | 2.9639 | 176.58    | 80.33     | 3.2324 |
| 154.36    | 67.98     | 2.7002 | 165.17    | 73.99     | 2.9688 | 176.80    | 80.45     | 3.2373 |
| 154.55    | 68.09     | 2.7051 | 165.37    | 74.10     | 2.9736 | 177.02    | 80.57     | 3.2422 |
| 154.74    | 68.19     | 2.7100 | 165.57    | 74.21     | 2.9785 | 177.25    | 80.70     | 3.2471 |
| 154.94    | 68.31     | 2.7148 | 165.78    | 74.33     | 2.9834 | 177.47    | 80.82     | 3.2520 |
| 155.13    | 68.41     | 2.7197 | 165.98    | 74.44     | 2.9883 | 177.69    | 80.95     | 3.2568 |
| 155.32    | 68.52     | 2.7246 | 166.19    | 74.56     | 2.9932 | 177.91    | 81.07     | 3.2617 |
| 155.51    | 68.62     | 2.7295 | 166.39    | 74.67     | 2.9980 | 178.14    | 81.20     | 3.2666 |
| 155.70    | 68.73     | 2.7344 | 166.60    | 74.78     | 3.0029 | 178.36    | 81.32     | 3.2715 |
| 155.90    | 68.84     | 2.7393 | 166.80    | 74.89     | 3.0078 | 178.59    | 81.45     | 3.2764 |
| 156.09    | 68.94     | 2.7441 | 167.00    | 75.01     | 3.0127 | 178.81    | 81.57     | 3.2813 |
| 156.28    | 69.05     | 2.7490 | 167.21    | 75.12     | 3.0176 | 179.04    | 81.70     | 3.2861 |
| 156.47    | 69.16     | 2.7539 | 167.42    | 75.24     | 3.0225 | 179.26    | 81.82     | 3.2910 |
| 156.67    | 69.27     | 2.7588 | 167.62    | 75.35     | 3.0273 | 179.49    | 81.95     | 3.2959 |
| 156.86    | 69.37     | 2.7637 | 167.83    | 75.47     | 3.0322 | 179.72    | 82.07     | 3.3008 |
| 157.05    | 69.48     | 2.7686 | 168.04    | 75.58     | 3.0371 | 179.94    | 82.20     | 3.3057 |
| 157.25    | 69.59     | 2.7734 | 168.24    | 75.69     | 3.0420 | 180.17    | 82.32     | 3.3105 |
| 157.44    | 69.69     | 2.7783 | 168.45    | 75.81     | 3.0469 | 180.40    | 82.45     | 3.3154 |
| 157.64    | 69.81     | 2.7832 | 168.66    | 75.93     | 3.0518 | 180.63    | 82.58     | 3.3203 |
| 157.83    | 69.91     | 2.7881 | 168.87    | 76.04     | 3.0566 | 180.86    | 82.71     | 3.3252 |
| 158.02    | 70.02     | 2.7930 | 169.07    | 76.16     | 3.0615 | 181.09    | 82.83     | 3.3301 |
| 158.22    | 70.13     | 2.7979 | 169.28    | 76.27     | 3.0664 | 181.32    | 82.96     | 3.3350 |
| 158.41    | 70.23     | 2.8027 | 169.49    | 76.39     | 3.0713 | 181.55    | 83.09     | 3.3398 |
| 158.61    | 70.34     | 2.8076 | 169.70    | 76.51     | 3.0762 | 181.78    | 83.22     | 3.3447 |
| 158.80    | 70.45     | 2.8125 | 169.91    | 76.62     | 3.0811 | 182.01    | 83.35     | 3.3496 |
| 159.00    | 70.56     | 2.8174 | 170.12    | 76.74     | 3.0859 | 182.24    | 83.47     | 3.3545 |
| 159.19    | 70.67     | 2.8223 | 170.33    | 76.86     | 3.0908 | 182.48    | 83.61     | 3.3594 |
| 159.39    | 70.78     | 2.8271 | 170.54    | 76.97     | 3.0957 | 182.71    | 83.73     | 3.3643 |
| 159.59    | 70.89     | 2.8320 | 170.75    | 77.09     | 3.1006 | 182.94    | 83.86     | 3.3691 |
| 159.78    | 70.99     | 2.8369 | 170.96    | 77.21     | 3.1055 | 183.17    | 83.99     | 3.3740 |
| 159.98    | 71.11     | 2.8418 | 171.18    | 77.33     | 3.1104 | 183.41    | 84.12     | 3.3789 |
| 160.18    | 71.22     | 2.8467 | 171.39    | 77.45     | 3.1152 | 183.65    | 84.26     | 3.3838 |
| 160.37    | 71.32     | 2.8516 | 171.60    | 77.56     | 3.1201 | 183.88    | 84.38     | 3.3887 |
| 160.57    | 71.43     | 2.8564 | 171.81    | 77.68     | 3.1250 | 184.12    | 84.52     | 3.3936 |
| 160.77    | 71.54     | 2.8613 | 172.02    | 77.80     | 3.1299 | 184.36    | 84.65     | 3.3984 |
| 160.97    | 71.66     | 2.8662 | 172.24    | 77.92     | 3.1348 | 184.59    | 84.78     | 3.4033 |
| 161.16    | 71.76     | 2.8711 | 172.45    | 78.03     | 3.1396 | 184.83    | 84.91     | 3.4082 |
| 161.36    | 71.87     | 2.8760 | 172.66    | 78.15     | 3.1445 | 185.07    | 85.05     | 3.4131 |
| 161.56    | 71.98     | 2.8809 | 172.88    | 78.27     | 3.1494 | 185.31    | 85.18     | 3.4180 |
| 161.76    | 72.09     | 2.8857 | 173.10    | 78.40     | 3.1543 | 185.55    | 85.31     | 3.4229 |
| 161.96    | 72.21     | 2.8906 | 173.31    | 78.51     | 3.1592 | 185.79    | 85.45     | 3.4277 |
| 162.15    | 72.31     | 2.8955 | 173.53    | 78.63     | 3.1641 | 186.03    | 85.58     | 3.4326 |
| 162.35    | 72.42     | 2.9004 | 173.74    | 78.75     | 3.1689 | 186.27    | 85.71     | 3.4375 |
| 162.55    | 72.53     | 2.9053 | 173.96    | 78.87     | 3.1738 | 186.51    | 85.85     | 3.4424 |
| 162.75    | 72.64     | 2.9102 | 174.17    | 78.99     | 3.1787 | 186.75    | 85.98     | 3.4473 |
| 162.95    | 72.76     | 2.9150 | 174.39    | 79.11     | 3.1836 | 186.99    | 86.11     | 3.4521 |
| 163.15    | 72.87     | 2.9199 | 174.61    | 79.23     | 3.1885 | 187.24    | 86.25     | 3.4570 |
| 163.35    | 72.98     | 2.9248 | 174.83    | 79.36     | 3.1934 | 187.48    | 86.38     | 3.4619 |
| 163.55    | 73.09     | 2.9297 | 175.04    | 79.47     | 3.1982 | 187.73    | 86.52     | 3.4668 |
| 163.75    | 73.20     | 2.9346 | 175.26    | 79.60     | 3.2031 | 187.97    | 86.66     | 3.4717 |
| 163.96    | 73.32     | 2.9395 | 175.48    | 79.72     | 3.2080 | 188.22    | 86.80     | 3.4766 |
| 164.16    | 73.43     | 2.9443 | 175.70    | 79.84     | 3.2129 | 188.46    | 86.93     | 3.4814 |

FIG. 61 – OIL AND DISCHARGE TEMPERATURE (CONT'D.)

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    | Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin    |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 188.71    | 87.07     | 3.4863 | 203.40    | 95.23     | 3.7549 |
| 188.96    | 87.21     | 3.4912 | 203.69    | 95.39     | 3.7598 |
| 189.21    | 87.35     | 3.4961 | 203.99    | 95.56     | 3.7646 |
| 189.46    | 87.48     | 3.5010 | 204.28    | 95.72     | 3.7695 |
| 189.71    | 87.62     | 3.5059 | 204.57    | 95.88     | 3.7744 |
| 189.96    | 87.76     | 3.5107 | 204.86    | 96.04     | 3.7793 |
| 190.21    | 87.90     | 3.5156 | 205.16    | 96.21     | 3.7842 |
| 190.46    | 88.04     | 3.5205 | 205.46    | 96.37     | 3.7891 |
| 190.71    | 88.18     | 3.5254 | 205.76    | 96.54     | 3.7939 |
| 190.96    | 88.32     | 3.5303 | 206.05    | 96.70     | 3.7988 |
| 191.22    | 88.46     | 3.5352 | 206.35    | 96.87     | 3.8037 |
| 191.47    | 88.60     | 3.5400 | 206.65    | 97.04     | 3.8086 |
| 191.73    | 88.75     | 3.5449 | 206.96    | 97.21     | 3.8135 |
| 191.98    | 88.88     | 3.5498 | 207.26    | 97.37     | 3.8184 |
| 192.23    | 89.02     | 3.5547 | 207.57    | 97.55     | 3.8232 |
| 192.49    | 89.17     | 3.5596 | 207.87    | 97.71     | 3.8281 |
| 192.75    | 89.31     | 3.5645 | 208.17    | 97.88     | 3.8330 |
| 193.01    | 89.46     | 3.5693 | 208.48    | 98.05     | 3.8379 |
| 193.27    | 89.60     | 3.5742 | 208.79    | 98.22     | 3.8428 |
| 193.53    | 89.75     | 3.5791 | 209.10    | 98.40     | 3.8477 |
| 193.79    | 89.89     | 3.5840 | 209.42    | 98.57     | 3.8525 |
| 194.05    | 90.03     | 3.5889 | 209.73    | 98.75     | 3.8574 |
| 194.31    | 90.18     | 3.5938 | 210.04    | 98.92     | 3.8623 |
| 194.57    | 90.32     | 3.5986 | 210.35    | 99.09     | 3.8672 |
| 194.84    | 90.47     | 3.6035 | 210.67    | 99.27     | 3.8721 |
| 195.10    | 90.62     | 3.6084 | 210.99    | 99.45     | 3.8770 |
| 195.37    | 90.77     | 3.6133 | 211.31    | 99.62     | 3.8818 |
| 195.63    | 90.91     | 3.6182 | 211.62    | 99.80     | 3.8867 |
| 195.90    | 91.06     | 3.6230 | 211.94    | 99.97     | 3.8916 |
| 196.16    | 91.21     | 3.6279 | 212.27    | 100.16    | 3.8965 |
| 196.43    | 91.36     | 3.6328 | 212.59    | 100.34    | 3.9014 |
| 196.70    | 91.51     | 3.6377 | 212.92    | 100.52    | 3.9063 |
| 196.97    | 91.66     | 3.6426 | 213.24    | 100.70    | 3.9111 |
| 197.24    | 91.81     | 3.6475 | 213.57    | 100.88    | 3.9160 |
| 197.51    | 91.96     | 3.6523 | 213.90    | 101.06    | 3.9209 |
| 197.78    | 92.11     | 3.6572 | 214.23    | 101.25    | 3.9258 |
| 198.06    | 92.26     | 3.6621 | 214.56    | 101.43    | 3.9307 |
| 198.33    | 92.41     | 3.6670 | 214.89    | 101.61    | 3.9355 |
| 198.61    | 92.57     | 3.6719 | 215.23    | 101.80    | 3.9404 |
| 198.88    | 92.72     | 3.6768 | 215.56    | 101.99    | 3.9453 |
| 199.15    | 92.87     | 3.6816 | 215.90    | 102.17    | 3.9502 |
| 199.43    | 93.02     | 3.6865 | 216.24    | 102.36    | 3.9551 |
| 199.71    | 93.18     | 3.6914 | 216.58    | 102.55    | 3.9600 |
| 199.99    | 93.34     | 3.6963 | 216.92    | 102.74    | 3.9648 |
| 200.27    | 93.49     | 3.7012 | 217.26    | 102.93    | 3.9697 |
| 200.55    | 93.65     | 3.7061 | 217.60    | 103.12    | 3.9746 |
| 200.83    | 93.80     | 3.7109 | 217.95    | 103.31    | 3.9795 |
| 201.11    | 93.96     | 3.7158 | 218.30    | 103.51    | 3.9844 |
| 201.39    | 94.11     | 3.7207 | 218.65    | 103.70    | 3.9893 |
| 201.68    | 94.27     | 3.7256 | 219.00    | 103.90    | 3.9941 |
| 201.97    | 94.44     | 3.7305 | 219.35    | 104.09    | 3.9990 |
| 202.25    | 94.59     | 3.7354 | 219.70    | 104.29    | 4.0039 |
| 202.54    | 94.75     | 3.7402 | 220.06    | 104.49    | 4.0088 |
| 202.82    | 94.91     | 3.7451 |           |           |        |
| 203.11    | 95.07     | 3.7500 |           |           |        |

FIG. 62 – DROP LEG REFRIGERANT SENSOR

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin   |
|-----------|-----------|-------|
| 0.01      | -17.77    | 0.753 |
| 3.72      | -15.71    | 0.831 |
| 7.21      | -13.77    | 0.909 |
| 10.51     | -11.94    | 0.987 |
| 13.65     | -10.20    | 1.066 |
| 16.65     | -8.53     | 1.144 |
| 19.56     | -6.91     | 1.222 |
| 22.36     | -5.36     | 1.300 |
| 25.09     | -3.84     | 1.378 |
| 27.74     | -2.37     | 1.456 |
| 30.34     | -0.92     | 1.534 |
| 32.89     | 0.49      | 1.613 |
| 35.40     | 1.89      | 1.691 |
| 37.87     | 3.26      | 1.769 |
| 40.31     | 4.62      | 1.847 |
| 42.73     | 5.96      | 1.925 |
| 45.14     | 7.30      | 2.003 |
| 47.53     | 8.63      | 2.081 |
| 49.92     | 9.96      | 2.160 |
| 52.31     | 11.28     | 2.238 |
| 54.70     | 12.61     | 2.316 |
| 57.10     | 13.95     | 2.394 |
| 59.52     | 15.29     | 2.472 |
| 61.95     | 16.64     | 2.550 |
| 64.40     | 18.00     | 2.628 |
| 66.89     | 19.38     | 2.707 |
| 69.40     | 20.78     | 2.785 |
| 71.97     | 22.21     | 2.863 |
| 74.57     | 23.65     | 2.941 |
| 77.23     | 25.13     | 3.019 |
| 79.96     | 26.65     | 3.097 |
| 82.73     | 28.19     | 3.175 |
| 85.60     | 29.78     | 3.254 |
| 88.56     | 31.42     | 3.332 |
| 91.59     | 33.11     | 3.410 |
| 94.75     | 34.86     | 3.488 |
| 98.06     | 36.70     | 3.566 |
| 101.50    | 38.61     | 3.644 |
| 105.10    | 40.61     | 3.722 |
| 108.90    | 42.73     | 3.801 |
| 112.92    | 44.96     | 3.879 |
| 117.17    | 47.32     | 3.957 |
| 121.76    | 49.87     | 4.035 |

FIG. 63 – EVAPORATOR REFRIGERANT SENSOR

| Temp (°F) | Temp (°C) | Vin   |
|-----------|-----------|-------|
| 0.04      | -17.76    | 1.135 |
| 2.79      | -16.23    | 1.214 |
| 5.44      | -14.76    | 1.292 |
| 8.02      | -13.32    | 1.370 |
| 10.53     | -11.93    | 1.448 |
| 12.98     | -10.57    | 1.526 |
| 15.39     | -9.23     | 1.604 |
| 17.75     | -7.92     | 1.683 |
| 20.08     | -6.62     | 1.761 |
| 22.38     | -5.34     | 1.839 |
| 24.66     | -4.08     | 1.917 |
| 26.92     | -2.82     | 1.995 |
| 29.17     | -1.57     | 2.073 |
| 31.41     | -0.33     | 2.151 |
| 33.66     | 0.92      | 2.230 |
| 35.90     | 2.17      | 2.308 |
| 38.15     | 3.42      | 2.386 |
| 40.41     | 4.67      | 2.464 |
| 42.69     | 5.94      | 2.542 |
| 44.99     | 7.22      | 2.620 |
| 47.31     | 8.51      | 2.698 |
| 49.67     | 9.82      | 2.777 |
| 52.06     | 11.15     | 2.855 |
| 54.49     | 12.50     | 2.933 |
| 56.96     | 13.87     | 3.011 |
| 59.50     | 15.28     | 3.089 |
| 62.10     | 16.72     | 3.167 |
| 64.77     | 18.21     | 3.245 |
| 67.51     | 19.73     | 3.324 |
| 70.35     | 21.31     | 3.402 |
| 73.29     | 22.94     | 3.480 |
| 76.36     | 24.65     | 3.558 |
| 79.55     | 26.42     | 3.636 |
| 82.89     | 28.27     | 3.714 |
| 86.41     | 30.23     | 3.792 |
| 90.12     | 32.29     | 3.871 |
| 94.07     | 34.49     | 3.949 |
| 98.31     | 36.84     | 4.027 |
| 102.87    | 39.38     | 4.105 |
| 107.81    | 42.12     | 4.183 |
| 113.26    | 45.15     | 4.261 |
| 119.30    | 48.50     | 4.339 |
| 126.10    | 52.28     | 4.418 |

## SECTION 19

### REMOTE SETPOINTS

(See Figs. 12, 14 & 17)

There are three different Remote operating Modes that can be selected at the Keypad: **Analog** Remote mode, **Digital** Remote Mode or **ISN** Remote Mode.

The OptiView Control Center can receive a remote Current Limit and/or a Remote Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint via the following:

#### Analog Remote Mode

- 0-10VDC Analog Input
- 2-10VDC Analog Input
- 0-20mA Analog Input
- 4-20mA Analog Input

#### Digital Remote Mode

- Pulse width Modulation (PWM) Input

#### ISN Remote Mode

- RS-232 Serial Port via MicroGateway

The Analog inputs are connected to the Microboard J22 as shown in Figure 12 and described below. Microboard Program Jumpers JP23 and JP24 must be positioned appropriately to receive either a 0-10VDC, 2-10VDC, 0-20mA or a 4-20mA signal. Refer to Table 1 "Microboard Program Jumpers" and explanation below for required configurations.

The PWM inputs are in the form of a 1 to 11 second Relay contact closure that applies 115VAC to the I/O Board TB4-19 (Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp) and TB4-20 (Remote Current Limit) for 1 to 11 seconds. Refer to Figure 14. The source of 115VAC is I/O Board TB4-1. The PWM input must be received at a frequency of at least once every 30 minutes. If not received within this time interval, the Program assumes the remote device is defective and defaults the Current Limit Setpoint to 100% and the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint to the locally programmed Local **BASE** value.

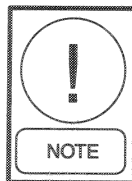
The Microboard COM 4B RS-232 Serial Port (J2) receives the Setpoints in serial data form from the MicroGateway located inside the OptiView Control

Center enclosure. The MicroGateway receives Setpoints from remote external devices and transfers them to the Microboard.

#### CURRENT LIMIT

**REMOTE CURRENT LIMIT SETPOINT with 0-10VDC, 2-10VDC, 0-20mA, 4-20mA or Pulse Width Modulation Signal** – The Remote Current Limit setpoint can be reset over the range of 100% to 30% Full Load Amps (FLA) by supplying (by others) a 0-10VDC, 2-10VDC, 0-20mA, 4-20mA or 1 to 11 second Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) signal to the OptiView Control Center. The OptiView Control Center must be configured appropriately to accept the desired signal type as follows:

- The appropriate Remote Mode must be selected: **ANALOG** Remote Mode must be selected when using a voltage or current signal input. **DIGITAL** Remote Mode must be selected when using a PWM input.
- If **ANALOG** Remote Mode is selected, the **REMOTE ANALOG INPUT RANGE** setpoint must be set to "0-10VDC" or "2-10VDC" as detailed below, regardless of whether the signal is a voltage or current input signal type.
- Microboard Program Jumper JP23 must be positioned appropriately per the input signal type as detailed below. It is recommended that a qualified Service Technician position this jumper.



***IMPORTANT! - The signal type used for Remote Current Limit setpoint reset and the signal type used for Remote Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint reset must be the same. For example, if a 0-10VDC signal is being used for Remote Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Reset, then a 0-10VDC signal must be used for Remote Current Limit Reset.***

**0-10VDC**

As shown in Fig. 12, connect input to Microboard J22-1 (signal) and J22-5 (Gnd). The setpoint varies linearly from 100% to 30% FLA as the input varies from 0 to 10VDC. This input will only be accepted when **ANALOG** Remote Mode is selected, the **REMOTE ANALOG INPUT RANGE** setpoint is set for "0-10 Volts" and Microboard Program Jumper JP23 has been removed. Calculate the setpoint for various inputs as follows:

$$\text{Setpoint (\%)} = 100 - (\text{VDC} \times 7)$$

For example, if the input is 5VDC, the setpoint would be set to 65% as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Setpoint (\%)} &= 100 - (5 \times 7) \\ &= 100 - 35 \\ &= 65\% \end{aligned}$$

**2-10VDC**

As shown in Fig. 12, connect input to Microboard J22-1 (signal) and J22-5 (Gnd). The setpoint varies linearly from 100% to 30% FLA as the input varies from 2 to 10VDC. This input will only be accepted when **ANALOG** Remote Mode is selected, the **REMOTE ANALOG INPUT RANGE** setpoint is set for "2-10 Volts" and Microboard Program Jumper JP23 has been removed. Calculate the setpoint for various inputs as follows:

$$\text{Setpoint (\%)} = 100 - [(\text{VDC} - 2) \times 8.75]$$

For example, if the input is 5VDC, the setpoint would be set to 74% as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Setpoint (\%)} &= 100 - [(5 - 2) \times 8.75] \\ &= 100 - [3 \times 8.75] \\ &= 100 - 26.25 \\ &= 74\% \end{aligned}$$

**0-20mA**

As shown in Fig. 12, connect input to Microboard J22-2 (signal) and J22-5 (Gnd). The setpoint varies linearly from 100% to 30% FLA as the input varies from 0mA to 20mA. This input will only be accepted when **ANALOG** remote mode is selected, the **REMOTE ANALOG INPUT RANGE** setpoint is set for "0-10 Volts" and Microboard Program Jumper JP23 has been placed on pins 1 and 2. Calculate the setpoint for various inputs as follows:

$$\text{Setpoint (\%)} = 100 - (\text{mA} \times 3.5)$$

For example, if the input is 8mA, the setpoint would be set to 72% as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Setpoint (\%)} &= 100 - (8 \times 3.5) \\ &= 100 - 28 \\ &= 72\% \end{aligned}$$

**4-20mA**

As shown in Fig. 12, connect input to Microboard J22-2 (signal) and J22-5 (Gnd). The setpoint varies linearly from 100% to 30% FLA as the input varies from 4mA to 20mA. This input will only be accepted when **ANALOG** remote mode is selected, the **REMOTE ANALOG INPUT RANGE** setpoint is set for "2-10 Volts" and Microboard Program Jumper JP23 has been placed on pins 1 and 2. Calculate the setpoint for various inputs as follows:

$$\text{Setpoint (\%)} = 100 - [(\text{mA} - 4) \times 4.375]$$

For example, if the input is 8mA, the setpoint would be set to 83% as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Setpoint (\%)} &= 100 - [(8 - 4) \times 4.375] \\ &= 100 - (4 \times 4.375) \\ &= 100 - 17.5 \\ &= 82.5 \\ &= 83\% \end{aligned}$$

**PWM**

The Pulse Width Modulation input is in the form of a 1 to 11 second relay contact closure that applies 115VAC to the I/O Board TB4-20 for 1 to 11 seconds. As shown in Fig. 14, connect dry closure relay contacts between I/O Board TB4-20 (signal) and TB4-1 (115Vac). The setpoint varies linearly from 100% to 30% as the relay contact closure time changes from 1 to 11 seconds. The relay contacts should close for 1 to 11 seconds at least once every 30 minutes to maintain the setpoint to the desired value. If a 1 to 11 second closure is not received within 30 minutes of the last closure, the setpoint is defaulted to 100%. A closure is only accepted at rates not to exceed once every 70 seconds. This input will only be accepted in **DIGITAL** remote mode. Calculate the setpoint for various pulse widths as follows:

$$\text{Setpoint (\%)} = 100 - [(\text{pulse width in seconds} - 1) \times 7]$$

For example, if the relay contacts close for 3 seconds, the setpoint would be set to 86% as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Setpoint (\%)} &= 100 - [(3 - 1) \times 7] \\ &= 100 - (2 \times 7) \\ &= 100 - 14 \\ &= 86\%\end{aligned}$$

**RS-232**

As shown in Fig. 11, a setpoint can be received in serial data form at Microboard J2 from the GPIC.

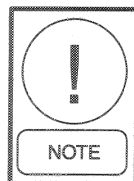
**LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE****REMOTE LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE SETPOINT with 0-10VDC, 2-10VDC, 0-20mA, 4-20mA or Pulse Width Modulation Signal**

Remote Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint reset can be accomplished by supplying (by others) a 0-10VDC, 2-10VDC, 0-20mA, 4-20mA or 1 to 11 second Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) signal to the OptiView Control Center. The **LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE** setpoint is programmable over the range of 38°F to 70°F (water applications); 36°F to 70°F (water applications with Smart Freeze protection enabled); or 10°F to 70°F (brine applications). The Remote input signal changes the setpoint by creating an offset above the locally programmed Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Base setpoint value. The setpoint can be remotely changed over the range of 10 or 20°F (as per the locally programmed **REMOTE RESET TEMPERATURE RANGE** setpoint) above the Local Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint. For example, if the Local setpoint is 40°F and the **REMOTE RESET TEMPERATURE RANGE** setpoint is programmed for 10°F, the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint can be remotely reset over the range of 40°F to 50°F. The setpoint received through the COM 4B RS-232 serial port is not an offset that is applied to the locally programmed **BASE** value as described above. Rather, it is an actual Setpoint value. The locally programmed value is not used as a **BASE** in this application.

The OptiView Control Center must be configured appropriately to accept the desired signal type as follows:

- The appropriate Remote Mode must be selected: **ANALOG** Remote Mode must be selected when using a voltage or current signal input. **DIGITAL** Remote Mode must be selected when using a PWM input.

- If **ANALOG** Remote Mode is selected, the **REMOTE ANALOG INPUT RANGE** setpoint must be set to "0-10VDC" or "2-10VDC" as detailed below, regardless of whether the signal is a voltage or current signal type.
- Microboard Program Jumper JP24 must be positioned appropriately per the input signal type as detailed below. It is recommended a qualified Service Technician position this jumper.



**IMPORTANT!** - The signal type used for Remote Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint reset and the signal type used for Remote Current Limit setpoint reset must be the same. For example, if a 0-10VDC signal is being used for Remote Current Limit setpoint reset, then a 0-10VDC signal must be used for Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature reset.

**0-10VDC**

As shown in Fig. 12, connect input to Microboard J22-3 (signal) and J22-5 (Gnd). A 0VDC signal produces a 0°F offset. A 10VDC signal produces the maximum offset (10 or 20°F above the Local Setpoint value). The setpoint is changed linearly between these extremes as the input varies linearly over the range of 0VDC to 10VDC. This input will only be accepted when **ANALOG** Remote mode is selected, the **REMOTE ANALOG INPUT RANGE** setpoint is set for "0-10VDC" and Microboard Program Jumper JP24 has been removed. Calculate the setpoint for various inputs as follows:

$$\text{Offset (°F)} = \frac{(\text{VDC})(\text{Remote Reset Temp Range})}{10}$$

$$\text{Setpoint (°F)} = \text{Local Setpoint} + \text{Offset}$$

For example, if the input is 5VDC and the Remote Reset Temp Range setpoint is programmed for 10°F and the Local Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint is programmed for 40°F, the setpoint would be set to 45°F as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Offset (°F)} &= \frac{5 \times 10}{10} \\ &= \frac{50}{10} \\ &= 5^\circ\text{F}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Setpoint} &= 40 + 5 \\ &= 45^{\circ}\text{F}\end{aligned}$$

## 2-10VDC

As shown in Fig. 12, connect input to Microboard J22-3 (signal) and J2-5 (Gnd). A 2VDC signal produces a 0°F offset. A 10VDC signal produces the maximum allowed offset (10°F or 20°F above the Local Setpoint value). The setpoint is changed linearly between these extremes as the input varies over the range of 2VDC to 10VDC. This input will only be accepted when **ANALOG** remote mode is selected, the **REMOTE ANALOG INPUT RANGE** setpoint is set for “2-10VDC” and the Microboard Program Jumper JP24 has been removed. Calculate the setpoint for various inputs as follows:

$$\text{Offset } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = \frac{(\text{VDC} - 2)(\text{Remote Reset Temp Range})}{8}$$

$$\text{Setpoint } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = \text{Local Setpoint} + \text{Offset}$$

For example, if the input is 5VDC and the Remote Reset Temp Range setpoint is programmed for 10°F and the Local Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint is programmed for 40°F, the setpoint would be set to 43.8°F.

$$\text{Offset } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = \frac{(5 - 2)(10)}{8}$$

$$= \frac{(3)(10)}{8}$$

$$= \frac{30}{8}$$

$$= 3.8^{\circ}\text{F}$$

$$\text{Setpoint } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = 40 + 3.8$$

$$= 43.8^{\circ}\text{F}$$

## 0-20mA

As shown in Fig. 12, connect input to Microboard J22-4 (signal) and J22-5 (Gnd). A 0mA signal produces a 0°F offset. A 20mA signal produces the maximum allowed offset (10 or 20°F above the Local setpoint value). The setpoint is changed linearly between these extremes as the input varies over the range of 0-20mA. This input will only be accepted when **ANALOG** remote mode is selected, the **REMOTE ANALOG INPUT RANGE** setpoint is set for “0-10VDC” and Microboard Program Jumper J24 has been placed on pins 1 and 2. Calculate the setpoint for various inputs as follows:

$$\text{Offset } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = \frac{(\text{mA})(\text{Remote Reset Temp Range})}{20}$$

$$\text{Setpoint } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = \text{Local Setpoint} + \text{Offset}$$

For example, if the input is 8mA, the Remote Reset Temp Range Setpoint is programmed for 10°F and the Local Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint is programmed for 40°F, the setpoint would be set to 44°F as follows:

$$\text{Offset } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = \frac{(8)(10)}{20}$$

$$= \frac{80}{20}$$

$$= 4^{\circ}\text{F}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Setpoint } (^{\circ}\text{F}) &= 40 + 4 \\ &= 44^{\circ}\text{F}\end{aligned}$$

## 4-20mA

As shown in Fig. 12, connect input to Microboard J22-4 (signal) and J22-5 (Gnd). A 4mA signal produces a 0°F offset. A 20mA signal produces the maximum allowed offset (10 or 20°F above the Local Setpoint value). The setpoint is changed linearly between these extremes as the input varies over the range of 4-20mA. This input will only be accepted when **ANALOG** Remote mode is selected, the **REMOTE ANALOG INPUT RANGE** setpoint is set for “2-10VDC” and Microboard Program Jumper JP24 has been placed on pins 1 and 2. Calculate the setpoint for various inputs as follows:

$$\text{Offset } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = \frac{(\text{mA}-4)(\text{Remote Reset Temp Range})}{16}$$

$$\text{Setpoint } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = \text{Local Setpoint} + \text{Offset}$$

For example, if the input is 8mA, and the Remote Reset Temp Range setpoint is programmed for 10°F and the Local Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint is programmed for 40°F, the setpoint would be set to 42.5°F as follows:

$$\text{Offset } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = \frac{(8-4)(10)}{16}$$

$$= \frac{(4)(10)}{16}$$

$$= \frac{40}{16}$$

$$= 2.5^{\circ}\text{F}$$

$$\text{Setpoint } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = 40 + 2.5$$

$$= 42.5$$

**PWM**

The Pulse Width Modulation input is in the form of a 1 to 11 second relay contact closure that applies 115VAC to the I/O Board TB4-19 for 1 to 11 seconds. As shown in Fig. 14, connect dry closure relay contacts between I/O Board TB4-19 (input) and TB4-1 (115VAC). A contact closure time (pulse width) of 1 second produces a 0°F offset. An 11 second closure produces the maximum allowed offset (10 or 20°F above the Local Setpoint value). The relay contacts should close for 1 to 11 seconds at least once every 30 minutes to maintain the setpoint to the desired value. If a 1 to 11 second closure is not received within 30 minutes of the last closure, the setpoint is defaulted to the Local setpoint value. A closure is only accepted at rates not to exceed once every 70 seconds. This input will only be accepted in **DIGITAL** Remote mode. Calculate the setpoint for various pulse widths as follows:

$$\text{Offset } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = \frac{(\text{pulse width in seconds} - 1)(\text{Remote Reset Temp Range})}{10}$$

$$\text{Setpoint } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = \text{Local Setpoint} + \text{Offset}$$

For example, if the relay contacts close for 5 seconds and the Remote Reset Temp Range setpoint is programmed to 10°F and the Local Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint is programmed for 40°F, the setpoint would be set to 44°F as follows:

$$\text{Offset } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = \frac{(5 - 1)(10)}{10}$$

$$= \frac{(4)(10)}{10}$$

$$= \frac{40}{10}$$

$$= 4^{\circ}\text{F}$$

$$\text{Setpoint } (^{\circ}\text{F}) = 40 + 4$$

$$= 44^{\circ}\text{F}$$

**RS-232**

As shown in Fig. 11, a Setpoint can be received in serial data form at the Microboard COM 4B serial port (J2) from the MicroGateway.

## SECTION 20 HOT GAS BYPASS

(REFER TO FIG. 64)

With the optional Hot Gas Bypass feature, the Control Center modulates a valve located in the Hot Gas Bypass connection between the condenser and the evaporator to control the flow of gas to the evaporator. The valve is modulated in response to load and surging conditions.

A Hot Gas Bypass Screen, accessed from the COMPRESSOR Screen displays all the applicable parameters and allows a Service Technician to program the applicable setpoints and manually control the Hot Gas valve. If the chiller is equipped with the optional Hot Gas Bypass control, it must be Enabled from the OPERATIONS Screen using a procedure in the “System Calibration Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures” section of this book. If Disabled, the valve is driven to the fully closed position.

The Microboard controls the Hot Gas valve by sending a positioning command over the COM 3 RS-485 serial communications link to the optional **Analog I/O Board** that is mounted inside the control Center. The Analog I/O Board converts this command into a 2-10VDC signal and applies it to the Hot Gas Valve Actuator. A 2VDC signal drives the valve fully closed (0% position); a 10VDC signal drives the valve fully open (100% position). Positions between these extremes are linearly scaled. For example, 50% position would be achieved with a 6VDC signal. The actual valve position is displayed on the HOT GAS BYPASS Screen as 0% to 100%.

A 2.5K Ohm **PRV Potentiometer** mounted on the Pre-rotation Vanes (PRV) assembly provides the PRV position (0 to 100%) to the Analog I/O Board. A +12VDC source is applied to the potentiometer. This position value is sent over the RS-485 serial communications link to the Microboard, where it is displayed on the COMPRESSOR Screen. When the PRV are fully closed, the position is display as 0%; fully open displayed as 100%. Positions between these extremes are linearly scaled. To assure accuracy, a PRV Calibration procedure must be performed as detailed in the “System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures” section of this book. The PRV position is displayed as XX on the COMPRESSOR Screen and “Warning – Vanes Uncalibrated” is displayed on the System Details line of the display until the calibration is performed.

The Evaporator and Condenser pressure transducers provide these pressure values to the Microboard. The Microboard uses these values to calculate the **DELTA P/P** parameter as follows: [(condenser pressure – evaporator pressure) / evaporator pressure]. Although this parameter is not used in the Hot Gas Control, it represents compressor “Head” and is displayed on the Hot Gas Bypass Screen for reference only. These pressures are also used to detect when a surge occurs.

The Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature thermistor provides the temperature to the Microboard. This value is subtracted from the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint to produce the **TEMPERATURE DIFFERENTIAL** parameter. This parameter is indicative of chiller load.

Surge events are detected by the SURGE PROTECTION feature (Section 21). When a surge is detected, the SURGE DETECTED LED illuminates for 5 seconds and the TOTAL SURGE COUNT increments. The Surge Sensitivity setpoint, part of the Surge Protection feature, is used to modify the surge detection sensitivity. Refer to description in Section 22.

### SETPOINTS

- **Surge Sensitivity** (0.3 to 1.3; default 0.3) – Determines the surge detection sensitivity. The smaller the number, the greater the sensitivity. Programmable in 0.1 increments. This setpoint is programmed on the Surge Protection Screen and is common to the Surge Protection feature.
- **Hold Period** (30 to 120 minutes; default 30) – This is the period of time after no more surges are detected that the Hot Gas valve closing will begin. It will be driven toward the closed position in increments equal to the Close Percentage setpoint at 10 minute intervals until fully closed. Programmable in 1 minute increments.
- **Close Percentage** (5 to 15%; default 5%) – This is the incremental amount that the Hot Gas valve will be closed at 10 minute intervals after the HOLD PERIOD has elapsed. Refer to HOLD PERIOD above.
- **Minimum Load** (0°F to 4°F; default 0°F) – This sets the Minimum Load override threshold. It is the offset below the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature

Setpoint at which the Hot Gas Bypass valve will be opened to the position allowed per the **MAXIMUM OPEN** setpoint (25% to 100%). If “0” is entered for this value, this feature is disabled.

- **Maximum Open** (25% to 100%; default 100%)
  - This is the maximum allowed position for the Hot Gas valve during a Minimum Load override condition. Allows the user to adjust the quantity of Hot Gas for the local requirements.

## OPERATION

While the chiller is shutdown, the Hot Gas valve is driven to the fully closed position. While the chiller is running, the valve is modulated in response to low load, high load or surge conditions. However, manual control can override this operation.

If the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature decreases to less than the **Minimum Load** setpoint, the valve is opened to the maximum allowed by the **Maximum Open** setpoint and “Override” is displayed as the Hot Gas Bypass Control mode on the Hot Gas Bypass Screen. For example, if the Minimum Load is set for 4°F and the Maximum Open is set for 80%, the valve will be positioned to 80% open when the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature decreases to more than 4°F below the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint. After this Minimum Load Override is initiated, as the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature rises to the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint, the valve is closed by an amount proportional to the difference between the temperature delta and the minimum Load setpoint. In this example, when the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature increases to 2°F below the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint, the valve will be positioned to 40% open. The valve is closed accordingly until the temperature delta is 0°F.

If the Pre-Rotation Vanes are more than 95% open and the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature is at least 5°F above the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint, the valve is set to one-half of its present position for 10 minutes. After the 10 minutes have elapsed, the valve is driven fully closed.

If the chiller is equipped with a Variable Speed Drive (VSD), whenever the VSD is running at < full speed (50/60 Hz), the Hot gas Bypass valve is driven to the fully closed position and “Override” is displayed as the Hot gas Bypass Control Mode.

If none of the above conditions are in effect, the Hot Gas Bypass valve is driven to the fully closed position, until a surge condition is detected. When a surge is detected, the Hot Gas valve is opened a certain percentage every few minutes until the surging stops or the valve is fully opened as follows:

- If Hot Gas valve is fully closed, it is driven to the 50% position. There will be no valve response to surge events for the next 5 minutes.
- If Hot Gas valve position is < 35%, it is driven to the 50% position. There will be no valve response to surge events for the next 3.5 minutes.
- If Hot Gas valve position is > 35% but < 50%, it is driven to the 50% position. There will be no valve response to surge events in the next 2 minutes.
- If Hot Gas valve position is >50%, it is driven open another 10%. There will be no valve response to surge events in the next 2 minutes.

After the chiller has not surged for the period of time programmed as the **HOLD PERIOD** setpoint, the valve is driven toward the closed position at 10 minute intervals by incremental amounts determined by the **CLOSE PERCENTAGE** setpoint. After it is fully closed, it remains there until another surge is detected.

Whenever the Hot Gas valve is partially or fully open, the existing safety check that subtracts the evaporator saturation temperature from the leaving chilled liquid temperature changes the range from standard range of (-2.5°F to +25°F) to (-5.0°F to +25°F). Whenever the Hot Gas Bypass valve is closed or not used, this safety check uses the standard values.

If RS-485 serial communications between the Microboard and the Analog I/O Board are lost continuously for 20 seconds, “Warning – External I/O – Serial Communications” is displayed on the System Details line of the Display and the Hot Gas valve will remain at the position when communications were lost.

## HOT GAS OPERATION WITH VARIABLE GEOMETRY DIFFUSER (VGD)

Since the VGD operates by pulsing the diffuser ring open until stall is detected, there are some conditions where this probing can actually cause a surge. Therefore, to eliminate unnecessary Hot Gas Valve movement, the Hot Gas Valve is not opened on the first surge or when the VGD is closing. When a surge is detected, the Hot Gas Valve will not be opened until a second surge is detected.

This gives the VGD a chance to close and stabilize the chiller without opening the Hot Gas Valve.

Whenever the Hot Gas Valve is not closed, the VGD is maintained at the last position. This keeps the VGD at a position of similar surge stability when the system head is later lowered and the Hot gas Valve closes.

## MANUAL CONTROL

The Hot Gas Bypass valve can be manually controlled from the Hot Gas Bypass Screen in Service access level. Manual control has priority over Minimum Load Override, Variable Speed Drive Override and Automatic control.

When the OPEN or CLOSE key is pressed, the valve position will be increased or decreased by 5% to a maximum of 100% or minimum of 0%. Each time either key is pressed, the LED in the respective key will illuminate for 2 seconds. The Hot Gas Bypass Control Mode will display "Manual".

## ANALOG I/O BOARD

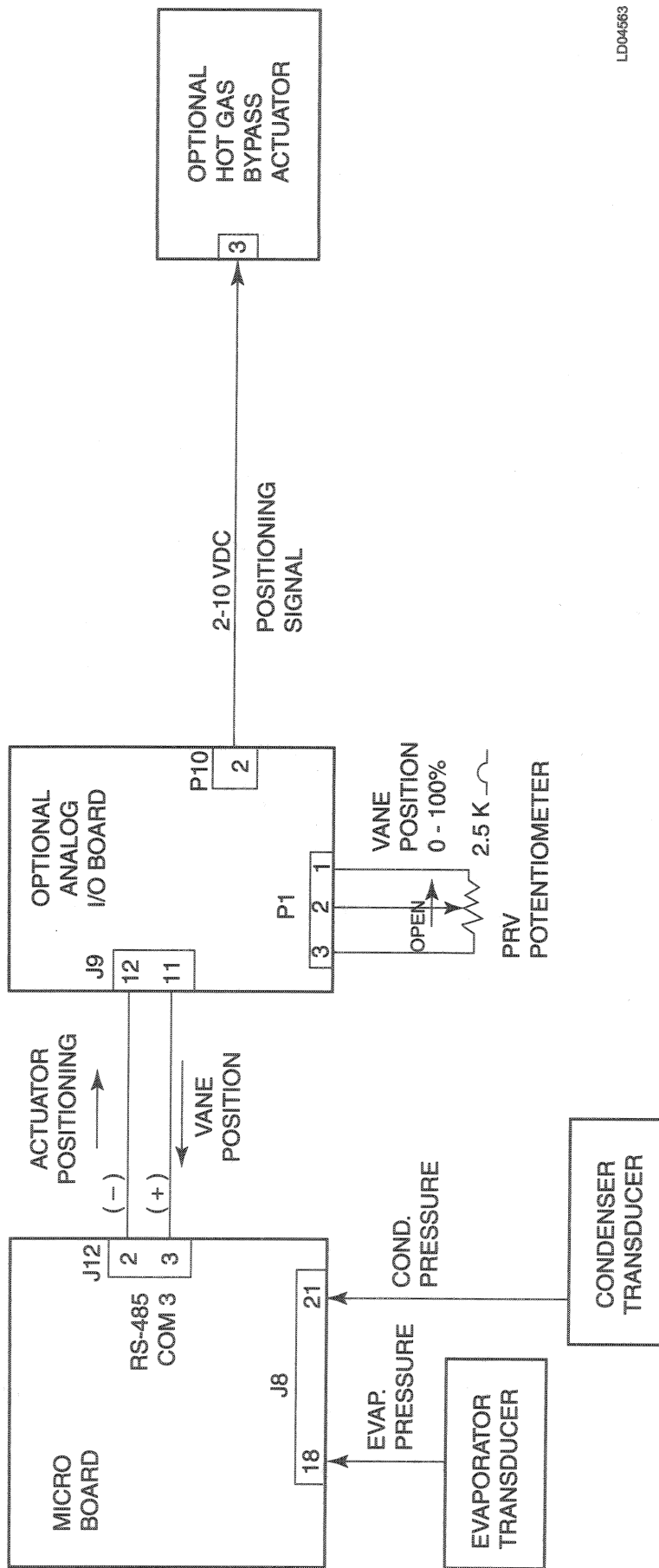
The optional Analog I/O Board mounts inside the Control Center, on the upper right hand side of the Control Center. It receives the Hot gas valve positioning command from the Microboard over the RS-485 serial communications link and converts this digital value to a 2-10VDC analog control signal that is applied to the valve actuator. The scaling of this signal is as described above. Valve position is displayed on the HOT GAS BYPASS Screen as 0% (closed) to 100% (fully open). Positions between these extremes are linearly scaled.

The Pre-rotation Vanes (PRV) potentiometer (2.5K Ohms) is connected to P1, providing a 0 to 5VDC voltage from a +12VDC source that represents PRV position. Potentiometer rotation is limited to 37 degrees. PRV position is displayed on the COMPRESSOR Screen as 0 (closed) to 100% (fully open). Positions between these extremes are linearly scaled. To assure position accuracy, a calibration procedure must be performed as detailed in the "System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures" section of this book. The PRV position is transmitted to the Microboard via the RS-485 serial communications link.

The Analog I/O Board must be configured properly for the Hot Gas control. The on-board Program Jumpers must be configured as follows:

| JUMPER | POSITION   |
|--------|------------|
| J1     | Pins 2 & 3 |
| J26    | Pins 2 & 3 |
| J39    | Pins 1 & 2 |

There must be a 499 Ohm, 1%, ½ watt resistor connected between P10-2 and P10-5. This converts the normal 4-20mA Analog I/O Board output to a 2-10VDC valve positioning output, required by the Hot Gas valve actuator.



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FIG. 64 - INTERFACE, HOT GAS BYPASS

## SECTION 21

### SMART FREEZE PROTECTION

The **Smart Freeze** feature prevents nuisance chiller shutdowns due to brief periods of chilled liquid flow fluctuations or other brief operating conditions that would normally cause Low Evaporator Pressure Safety shutdowns. With this feature enabled and activated, the chiller is permitted to ride through these temporary conditions. Also, this feature allows the Leaving Chilled Liquid temperature Setpoint to be set as low as 36.0°F. **Smart Freeze** protection can be enabled or disabled at the Keypad, by a Service Technician, using a procedure detailed in the “System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures” section of this book. It **cannot** be used in Brine cooling mode.

The basis of this feature is that the chilled liquid contains an amount of heat, which cannot be eliminated immediately. Therefore, it requires a certain amount of time for the liquid to change to a solid. During this period of time, those parameters that determine when solidification will occur, are evaluated and the appropriate Low Evaporator Temperature shutdown threshold is applied. This threshold could be lower, but not higher than the normal Safety threshold.

**Smart Freeze** protection uses the Evaporator Refrigerant Temperature as one of the variables to determine when freezing is imminent. If the chiller is equipped with the Evaporator Refrigerant Temperature Sensor (RT7), and the sensor is enabled using the “System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures” section of this book, this value is used as the refrigerant temperature. Otherwise, the Evaporator Saturation Temperature (as derived from the output of the Evaporator Pressure Transducer. The pressure is converted to a temperature via the appropriate refrigerant “pressure/temperature lookup table”) is used as the refrigerant temperature.

When **Smart Freeze** protection is Enabled, the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint can be set as low as 36.0°F. If set to < 38.0°F, the **LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID – LOW TEMPERATURE** cycling shutdown threshold becomes a minimum of 34.0°F.

Unless **Smart Freeze** protection is **activated**, the fixed Low Evaporator Pressure Safety thresholds (R22 – 54.3 PSIG, 29.6°F) (R134a – 25.0 PSIG, 28.7°F) are used.

**SMART FREEZE** protection is **activated** only when the feature is enabled **AND** the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint is < 38°F. Once activated, the total number of seconds that the evaporator refrigerant temperature is below the freeze threshold is counted. The freeze threshold is 32.8°F (refrigerant temp. sensor RT7) or 34.0° (evaporator saturation temp. See Note 1 below.). The count is incremented once for every second the evaporator refrigerant temperature is below the freeze threshold and decremented once for every second it is above the freeze threshold (but is never decremented below zero). Thus if the evaporator refrigerant temperature goes below the freeze threshold for 30 seconds, then goes above it for 10 seconds, then goes below the threshold for 5 seconds, the total number of seconds the evaporator refrigerant temperature was below the freeze threshold was 25 seconds. If Smart Freeze is no longer activated due to the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint being raised to ≥ 38.0°F, the total number of seconds being tracked is set to zero.

The number of seconds it will take the chilled liquid to freeze is based on how far the evaporator refrigerant temperature is below the freeze threshold as follows:

$$\text{Number of seconds to freezing} = \frac{4053.7}{(\text{freeze threshold} - \text{evaporator refrigerant temperature})}$$

Thus, if the Evaporator Saturation Temperature is being used as the evaporator refrigerant temperature and that temperature is 26.0°F, it would take 8 minutes and 26 seconds for the chilled liquid to freeze.

When the total number of seconds the evaporator refrigerant temperature is below the freeze threshold exceeds the “Number of seconds to freezing”, a safety shutdown is performed and “**EVAPORATOR – LOW PRESSURE – SMART FREEZE**” is displayed on the System details line of the display.

Even though **Smart Freeze** protection is enabled and activated, the Pre-rotation Vanes Load inhibit still occurs at the same thresholds as with normal operation; inhibit at 56.2 PSIG (R22) and 27.0 (R134a). As in normal operation, loading will be allowed when the pressure increases to 57.5 PSIG (R22) and 28.0 PSIG (R134a).

The following is a summary of the operation with **Smart Freeze** enabled and disabled:

#### SMART FREEZE DISABLED:

- Minimum Leaving Chilled Liquid Setpoint: 38.0°F
- Low Chilled Liquid Temp cycling shutdown threshold: 1° to 34.0°F below the Leaving Chilled Liquid temp Setpoint, as programmed, or a minimum of 36.0°F.
- Low Evaporator Pressure safety shutdown threshold: R22 - 54.3 PSIG (29.6°F); R134a - 25.0 PSIG (28.7°F)
- PRV Load Inhibit: R22 - 56.2 PSIG; R134a - 27.0 PSIG  
Load Inhibit disable: R22 - 57.5 PSIG; R134a - 28.0 PSIG

#### SMART FREEZE ENABLED:

- Minimum Leaving Chilled Liquid Setpoint: 36.0°F
- *If the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint is  $\geq 38.0^\circ\text{F}$ :*
  1. The Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Cycling shutdown threshold: 1 to 34.0°F below the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint, as programmed, or a minimum of 36.0°F.

2. The Low Evaporator Pressure Safety shutdown threshold is the same as **Smart Freeze Disabled** above.

- If the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint is  $< 38.0^\circ\text{F}$ :
  1. The Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Cycling shutdown threshold: 1 to 3.0°F below the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint, as programmed, or a minimum of 34.0°F.
  2. Low Evaporator Pressure shutdown threshold: Determined by how far the evaporator refrigerant temperature is below the freeze threshold of 32.8°F (refrigerant temperature sensor RT7) or 34.0°F (Evaporator Saturation Temperature. See Note 1 below.) and the total number of seconds it remains there. Refer to explanation above.
- PRV Load Inhibit: same as **Smart Freeze Disabled** above.
- Load Inhibit Disable: same as **Smart Freeze Disabled** above.

**Note 1:** The freeze threshold evaporation saturation temperature is 32.0°F on Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.01 and earlier.

## SECTION 22

# SURGE PROTECTION

This feature applies to all compressor codes. However, if compressor code other than “P”, applies to Flash Memory Card versions C.MLM.01.05.xxx and later.

The SURGE PROTECTION feature detects surge events and provides a running count of the events that occur over the lifetime of the chiller (up to a maximum of 65535). If excess surging is detected, it can be configured to shutdown the chiller or initiate a special surge correction/avoidance mode or simply display a warning message.

The SURGE PROTECTION Screen, accessible from the COMPRESSOR Screen, displays all parameters relevant to this feature. All setpoints relating to this feature are maintained on this screen.

The detection and counting of surges in this feature is completely independent of the surge detection/counting performed by the compressor Variable Speed Drive Adaptive Capacity Control (ACC) Board. The ACC Board detects surges to control the speed of the compressor motor. The surge counts accumulated by the ACC Board are displayed on the ACC Details Screen. The surge counts accumulated by this surge protection feature are displayed on the Surge Protection Screen as described below.

### SURGE DETECTION

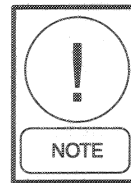
Surge events are detected by monitoring the relationship between the Condenser pressure and Evaporator pressure while the chiller is running. When the difference between these pressures decreases transiently and remains so for a period of time described below, and then makes a positive transition within 7 seconds (90 seconds with software version C.MLM.01.10B.xxx and later) or C.OPT.01.10B.xxx and later), a surge event has been detected.

The surge detection sensitivity can be adjusted with the SURGE SENSITIVITY setpoint. It is adjustable over the range of 0.3 to 1.3 in 0.1 increments. Default value is 0.3. The smaller the number, the greater the sensitivity.

The Evaporator pressure transducer output is subtracted from the Condenser pressure output to determine the differential. If either of the following negative transitions occur in the differential followed by a 0.061VDC

positive differential transition within 7 seconds (90 seconds for P and Q compressors with software version C.MLM.01.10B.xxx and later) or C.OPT.01.10B.xxx and later), a surge event is detected:

- If the differential decreases  $\geq 0.6\text{VDC}$  for  $\geq 0.260$  seconds.
- If the differential decreases  $\geq x.x\text{VDC}$  for  $\geq 0.390$  seconds.



*$x.x\text{VDC}$  calculated as  $[(\text{surge sensitivity setpoint} \times 300) \times 1.22] \div 1000$*

There are two surge counters that count surge events detected by this surge protection feature. The SURGE WINDOW COUNT accumulates the number of surges that occur within the SURGE WINDOW TIME. The TOTAL SURGE COUNT is the number of surges detected over the lifetime of the chiller. Each time a surge is detected, the SURGE DETECTED LED on the Surge Protection Screen illuminates for 5 seconds and both counters increment.

The TOTAL SURGE COUNT can be cleared using the CLEAR SURGE COUNT key on the Surge Protection Screen following procedure in “System Calibration, Service Setpoints and Reset Procedures” section of this book.

### EXCESS SURGE DETECTION

An excess surge condition is detected by comparing the number of surge events that occur in a selectable time period to a selectable threshold.

If the number of surge events (Surge Window Count) detected in the time period programmed as the COUNT WINDOW setpoint (1 to 5 minutes; default 5) (default 3 with Software version C.MLM.01.09.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.09.301 (and later)) exceed the threshold programmed as the COUNT LIMIT setpoint (4 to 20; default 4) (default 15 with Software version C.MLM.01.09.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.09.301 (and later)) an excess surge condition has been detected.

Unless the SHUTDOWN or EXTENDED RUN features have been enabled, as explained below, the chiller will continue to run under the same conditions displaying “Warning – Excess Surge Detected”. This message will be displayed until manually reset with the Warning Reset key in Operator access level.

## SURGE PROTECTION

The Control Center can be configured to take the following courses of action when an excess surge condition has been detected. The SHUTDOWN setpoint is used to invoke a safety shutdown. The EXTENDED RUN setpoint is used to invoke a special 10 minute surge correction/avoidance mode that temporarily eliminates the conditions causing the surging, while allowing the chiller to continue to run. If the chiller is equipped with the Hot Gas Bypass feature and/or a compressor motor Variable Speed Drive (VSD), certain Hot Gas valve position and VSD speed criteria must be met before the Shutdown or Extended Run functions are performed as explained below.

When a surge is detected, the following courses of action are taken:

- If the SHUTDOWN setpoint is Enabled, and the EXTENDED RUN setpoint is Disabled, a safety shutdown will be performed and “Surge Protection - Excess Surge” is displayed.
- If the SHUTDOWN setpoint is Disabled and the EXTENDED RUN setpoint is Enabled, the Pre-rotation Vanes are driven closed for 10 minutes and “Warning – Surge Protection – Excess surge Limit” is displayed. When the 10 minutes have elapsed, if the Surge Window Count is  $\leq$  the Count Limit, this message and load inhibit are automatically cleared, otherwise another 10 minute period is initiated. Alternating with this message is “Warning – Excess Surge Detected” that is displayed until manually reset with the Warning Reset key in OPERATOR access level. During the 10-minute period, a countdown timer on the Surge Protection Screen displays the time remaining in the period. See Hot Gas Bypass and compressor motor Variable Speed Drive exception above.

- If both the SHUTDOWN and EXTENDED RUN setpoints are Enabled, the 10 minute Extended Run period is invoked as above. However, if the SURGE WINDOW COUNT exceeds the COUNT LIMIT at the end of the 10 minute Extended Run period, a safety shutdown is performed and “Surge Protection – Excess Surge” is displayed.

## HOT GAS BYPASS/COMPRESSOR MOTOR VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE (VSD)

### APPLICATIONS

Equipped with Hot Gas:

The Hot Gas valve position must be 100% before the Extended Run mode is implemented.

Equipped with VSD:

Software version CMLM.01.08.xxx (and earlier) or C.OPT.08A.300 - The Extended Run mode will not be implemented unless the VSD output frequency is at maximum.

Software version C.MLM.01.09.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.09.301 (and later) – The Extended Run mode, Shutdown mode and Excess Surge Warning message will not be implemented unless the VSD output frequency is at maximum.

Equipped with both Hot Gas and VSD:

Software version C.MLM.01.08.xxx (and earlier) or C.OPT.08A.300 – The Extended Run mode will not be implemented unless the Hot Gas valve position is 100% and the VSD output frequency is at maximum.

Software version C.MLM.01.09.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.09.301 (and later) – The Extended Run mode, Shutdown mode and Excess Surge Warning message will not be implemented unless the Hot Gas valve position is 100% and the VSD output frequency is at maximum.

## SECTION 22A

### VARIABLE GEOMETRY DIFFUSER

(SEE FIG'S 64A & 64B)

Certain York compressors are equipped with a Variable Geometry Diffuser (VGD). It is used to reduce rotating stall conditions and associated stall noise. Stall may occur at low load conditions with high head. A mechanical ring, located in the diffuser passage after the impeller discharge, is mechanically operated through linkages via an electric actuator like that used to operate the Pre-rotation vanes. It is closed (extended) to narrow the diffuser gap. It is opened (retracted) to open the diffuser gap. An internal actuator end switch prevents travel beyond the fully open or closed positions. The VGD Limit Switch indicates when the VGD is fully closed. The switch closes when the VGD is in the fully closed position. The switch status is displayed on the VGD Screen and VGD setpoints Screen (Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306 (and later)). It's displayed as CLOSED when the VGD is in the full closed position. Otherwise, it is displayed as OPEN. In response to a stall condition, the ring is closed as much as necessary to eliminate the stall. Since stall is caused by reduced gas flow through the compressor, narrowing the diffuser gap reduces the cross sectional area through which the gas flows, thereby increasing the gas velocity through the compressor. The diffuser ring is also closed in response to surge conditions as described below.

Software version C.MLM.01.10.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.10.302 (and later) is required for this feature.

The Variable Geometry Diffuser Screen displays all parameters relevant to this feature. All setpoints related to this feature are maintained on the Variable Geometry Diffuser Setpoints Screen.

#### STALL DETECTION (REF FIG 64A)

Stall noise in the compressor discharge is detected as gas pressure pulsations. A **Stall Pressure Transducer** (025-39464-000 or 025-40088-000), mounted in the discharge scroll of the compressor, detects the pressure pulsations and outputs DC voltage pulsations to the **Stall Detector Board** (031-02418-000). This board converts the voltage pulsations into an analog voltage that represents the magnitude of the stall noise. This analog voltage is displayed on the Variable Geometry Diffuser Screen as

“Stall Detector Voltage” and is input to the Microboard where it is compared to the Low Limit and High Limit setpoint thresholds to determine if the stall noise is acceptable or unacceptable. In a typical YK chiller, a signal below 0.5 VDC indicates little or no stall. A signal above 0.8 VDC indicates stall noise is present.

#### SURGE DETECTION

Surge events are sensed as described in the HOT GAS BYPASS Section 20 and SURGE PROTECTION Section 22 of this manual.

#### AUTOMATIC OPERATION

The VGD operation is illustrated in the STATE DIAGRAM illustrated in figure 64B. The “States” are shown in circles. They are Stall Waiting, Stall Reacting, Probing, Surge Reacting, Surge Waiting and Hot Gas Override. Arrows on the diagram indicate actions that move the control from one “State” to another. For clarity, different arrow styles are used for Stall (—), Surge (—) and Hot Gas (—) response actions. During chiller operation, the current state is displayed as the “Control Status” on the Variable Geometry Diffuser Screen.

In general, the VGD is maintained in the most open position possible that does not allow stall. It is fully open when the chiller is started. If stall occurs, it is driven toward the close position until the stall is eliminated. After a wait period, it is again pulsed open until either a stall occurs or the fully open position is reached, whereupon the cycle repeats. In response to a surge, it is driven toward the close position for a selectable period of time. After a wait period, it is again pulsed open unless another surge occurs, whereupon Hot Gas operation overrides VGD operation and the VGD is held in place.

The Diffuser Gap Open and Diffuser Gap Close LED's on the Variable Geometry Diffuser Screen illuminate when the program is initiating the respective output.

The following describes the operating states:

#### Chiller Off, Prelube or Coastdown:

The VGD diffuser gap is driven fully open.

#### Stall Waiting:

This state is entered on startup, after a Stall Reaction, or

Hot Gas valve closure. The VGD is held in last position until one of the following occurs:

- The PROBE WAIT time period (0.5 – 15 minutes; default 10; as programmed with the PROBE WAIT time setpoint) expires. When the timer expires, the Probing state is entered. The time remaining in the PROBE WAIT time period is displayed on the Variable Geometry Diffuser Screen as “Time Remaining”.
- A stall is detected (stall detector board output goes above the HIGH LIMIT setpoint). Enters Stall Reacting state.
- A surge is detected. Enters Surge Reacting state.
- The compressor pre-rotation vanes (PRV) position increases more than the PRV OFFSET (1-5%; default 3; as programmed with the PRV OFFSET setpoint). Enters Probing state. The PRV position is displayed on the Variable Geometry Diffuser Screen as 0% (fully closed) to 100% (fully open). Note: Setting the PRV OFFSET setpoint to 0% disables this function. Probing will be initiated based on PROBE WAIT time only.

### **Probing:**

In this state, the VGD mechanism is opened in pulses to open the diffuser gap. The pulses are initiated every 10 seconds. The duration of the pulses are defined by the OPEN PULSE setpoint (1-9 seconds; default 2). This probing continues until the Stall Detector Board output exceeds the HIGH LIMIT setpoint (0.5 – 1.2Vdc; default 0.8) to indicate stall is present or a surge is detected. Typically, at lower loads below 70%, stall will be sensed and controlled before a surge occurs. At higher loads and very high heads or lift, a surge can occur while probing which may be momentary in nature and not evidenced as stall noise. The number of times the Stall Detector Board output goes above the HIGH LIMIT setpoint threshold is displayed on the VGD Setpoints Screen as the “VGD Count”. This count can be reset using an ADMIN access level. The accumulated time the Stall Detector Board output voltage is greater than the “High Limit” threshold is displayed on the VGD Screen as “VGD Time”.

### **Stall Reacting:**

If a stall is detected from either the Probing or Stall Waiting states, the state is changed to Stall Reacting. In this state, the diffuser gap is closed until the Stall Detector Board output drops below the LOW LIMIT setpoint (0.4 – 0.8Vdc; default 0.6). After Stall Reacting, the state

returns to Stall Waiting. If equipped with the optional Hot Gas Bypass feature and the Hot Gas valve position is greater than 0% when the stall is detected, the VGD is held in its last position. It is not driven closed.

### **Surge Reacting:**

The VGD is closed for a specific time period, defined by the SURGE REACT time setpoint (1-30 seconds; default 5). A surge is detected as detailed in the “Surge Protection” and “Hot Gas Bypass” sections of this manual. The Surge Detected LED on the Variable Geometry Diffuser Screen illuminates for 5 seconds each time a surge is detected. The program looks at a change in the condenser minus evaporator pressures over a short time period to detect a back flow or surge condition of the compressor. A surge is generally of more concern and potentially damaging to the compressor than stall. So, if a surge is detected, this overrides any of the Stall action states. Opening the diffuser gap may lower the lift capability of the machine. Therefore, there are some conditions where the Probing can actually cause a surge. In this case it is likely that simply closing the diffuser gap some amount will stabilize the compressor. Therefore, for units with VGD and Hot Gas options, the Hot Gas Bypass valve will not be opened on the first surge or during the time the VGD is closing.

### **Surge Waiting:**

The VGD is held in last position for a wait time, defined by the PROBE WAIT time Setpoint (0.5 – 15 minutes; default 10). During this period, any stall conditions are ignored and the controls will look for a second surge. If a second surge occurs during, normal Hot Gas Bypass Control takes over and Hot Gas Bypass Override state is entered. If there are no other surges detected during this period, the VGD returns to Probing.

The time remaining in the PROBE WAIT time period is displayed on the Variable Geometry Diffuser Screen as “Time Remaining”.

### **Hot Gas Bypass Override:**

Applies for units with optional Hot Gas Bypass. Whenever the Hot Gas Bypass valve position is greater than 0%, the VGD mechanism will be kept at last position. This keeps the VGD at a position of similar surge stability when the system head is later lowered and the hot gas valve closes. This state remains in effect until the Hot Gas Bypass valve position returns to 0%, whereupon it enters the Stall Waiting state.

Hot Gas Bypass operates as described in the Hot Gas Bypass section 20 of this manual. Except that on surge response, the Hot Gas valve will not be opened until a second surge is detected. The Hot Gas Minimum Load Override function is not affected by VDG operation.

#### **PRV-VGD Inhibit:**

If the Pre-rotation Vanes position exceeds the PRV-VGD Inhibit Setpoint (40% to 100%), the VGD is pulsed open per the Open Pulse setpoint. While this is in effect, Control Status displays “PRV Position Override”.

### **STALL SENSOR VALIDATION**

(Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306 (and later))

This feature verifies the operation of the Stall Pressure Transducer by comparing its voltage output to the voltage output of the Condenser Pressure Transducer. Since both transducers are measuring essentially the same pressure, both outputs should be within an acceptable range of each other. If the Stall Transducer is not reading accurately, a warning message is displayed and the Variable Geometry Diffuser operation is disabled.

While the chiller is running, the outputs of the Stall Transducer and Condenser Transducer are compared. If the difference between them exceeds 0.28 Vdc for 3 continuous minutes, the VGD is driven to the full open position and “Warning – Condenser or VGD Sensor Failure” is displayed. The VGD is held in the open position until the warning is manually cleared. It can be cleared when the voltages are within the acceptable range of each other and the Warning Reset key is pressed in Service access level. When the warning is cleared, the VGD returns to normal operation.

The Stall Pressure Transducer unprocessed DC voltage output passes through the Stall Detector Board J2-2 and is connected to the Microboard at J8-1. This value is then used for comparison to the condenser transducer.

### **EXTREME STALL MONITOR**

(Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306 (and later))

The Variable Geometry Diffuser ring can be damaged by operating in extreme stall for long periods of time. To prevent damage, the VGD is disabled during extreme stall conditions and a warning message is displayed.

While the chiller is running, if the Stall Detector Voltage (output of the Stall Detector Board) exceeds twice the HIGH LIMIT Setpoint, for the duration programmed as the EXTREME STALL DURATION Setpoint (10 to 20 minutes; default 10), the VGD is driven to the full open position and “Warning – Conditions Override VGD” is displayed. The VGD is held in the open position until the warning is manually cleared. It can be cleared after the Stall Detector Voltage returns to less than two times the HIGH LIMIT Setpoint. Press the Warning Reset key in Service access level to clear. After it is cleared, the VGD returns to normal operation.

The Extreme Stall condition is not checked under the following conditions:

- While the VGD is in Manual control mode.
- While the VGD is fully closed (VGD Limit Switch closed).
- While the Pre-rotation vanes position is greater than the PRV VGD INHIBIT Setpoint.

### **MANUAL OPERATION**

The VGD can be manually controlled from the Variable Geometry Diffuser Screen in Service access level, whether the chiller is running or not. Pressing the OPEN, CLOSE or HOLD key invokes manual operation and the VGD Control Mode displays MANUAL. Each time the OPEN or CLOSE keys are pressed, the respective output is energized and the associated LED illuminates. Pressing the HOLD key causes the Hold LED to illuminate and the VGD to be held in its present position. Pressing the AUTO key invokes automatic operation and AUTO is displayed as the control mode.

### **SETPOINTS**

The following setpoints are entered on the Variable Geometry Diffuser Setpoints Screen. They require SERVICE access level.

- Enable/Disable - Enables or Disables the VGD feature. Default is Disabled. Chiller must be stopped to change this setpoint.
- Surge React (1-30 seconds; default 5) - Specifies the duration of the close pulse applied to the VGD in response to a surge.
- PRV Offset (0-5%; default 3) – If the VGD control is

in the Stall Waiting state and the Pre-rotation vanes position increases by more than this value, the Probing state will be entered. If the PRV Offset is set to 0%, the Stall Waiting state is performed based only on the "Probe Wait" setpoint interval.

- Probe Wait (0.5-15 minutes; default 10) – Specifies how long the VGD control remains in the Stall Waiting or Surge Waiting states before entering the Probing state.
- Open Pulse (1-9 seconds; default 2) – Specifies the length of the open pulse applied to the VGD during 10 second periods while in the Probing state.
- High Limit (0.5-1.2Vdc; default 0.8) – Specifies the Stall Detector Board output voltage that represents an acceptable amount of stall noise. Above this value is unacceptable.

The minimum difference between the High Limit setpoint and the Low Limit setpoint is 0.1 vdc. If a Low Limit setpoint is entered which is less than 0.1vdc below the High Limit setpoint, the High Limit setpoint is adjusted so that it is 0.1vdc above the newly entered Low Limit value.

- Low Limit (0.4-0.8vdc; default 0.6) – in the Stall Reacting State, the VGD is driven closed until the Stall Detector Board output voltage decreases to this level.

The minimum difference between the High Limit setpoint and the Low Limit setpoint is 0.1 vdc. If a Low Limit setpoint is entered which is less than 0.1vdc below the High Limit setpoint, the High Limit setpoint is adjusted so that it is 0.1vdc above the newly entered Low Limit value.

- Extreme Stall Duration (10 to 20 minutes; default 10 minutes)(Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306 (and later))– Specifies the maximum allowed time an extreme stall condition can exist before the Variable Geometry Diffuser operation is disabled (and driven full open) to protect it from damage.
- PRV VGD Inhibit (40% -100%; default 95%)(Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306 (and later)) - While the re-rotation vanes position is greater than this setpoint, Extreme

Stall conditions are not checked, the VGD control is inhibited and the VGD will be pulsed open according to the OPEN PULSE Setpoint. While this is in effect, "PRV Position Override" is displayed as Control Status.

### PRE-ROTATION VANES POSITION

The Pre-rotation Vanes position, as used by the VGD control, is provided by a potentiometer mounted to the PRV control arm. The potentiometer interface varies according to how the chiller is equipped as follows:

If the chiller is equipped with a compressor motor Variable Speed Drive, the potentiometer is connected to the Adaptive Capacity Control Board and the PRV position is read from there.

If the chiller is not equipped with a Variable Speed Drive, but is equipped with the Hot Gas Bypass option, the PRV potentiometer is connected to the Analog I/O Board and the PRV position is read from there.

If the chiller has neither a Variable Speed Drive nor the Hot Gas option, the potentiometer is connected directly to the Microboard at J7-10.

### I/O BOARD

Chillers equipped with this feature are supplied with and require I/O Board 031-01743-002. This board is populated with the required triacs Q3 and Q4 that apply the open and close signals to the VGD actuator. I/O Board 031-01743-001 does not contain required triacs Q3 and Q4.

### STALL TRANSDUCER

Detects stall noise as high frequency pressure fluctuations in the discharge scroll of the compressor. It converts the pressure pulsations to DC voltage pulsations and applies them to the Stall Detector Board. Early vintage chillers were shipped with Stall Transducer 025-39464-000. Later chillers are shipped with Stall Transducer 025-40088-000. These transducers require different wiring connections at the transducer. Check the part number of the replacement transducer and make connections at the transducer connector as follows:

#### Transducer 025-39464-000

pin 1 - signal out - WHT

pin 2 - ground - BLK

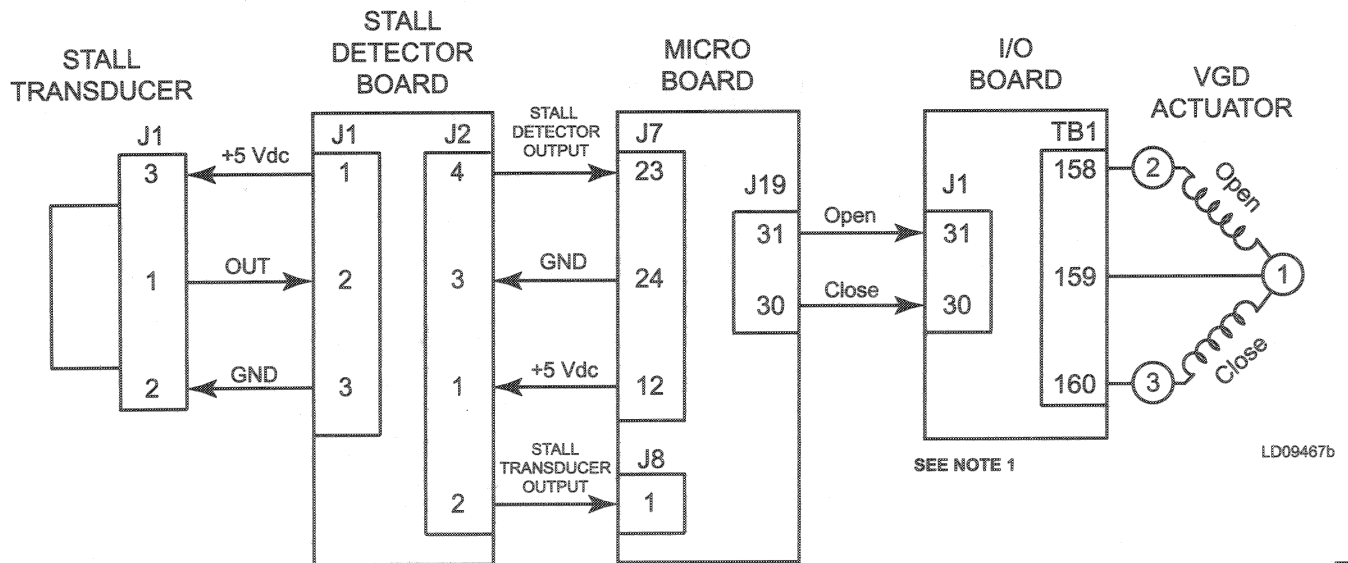
pin 3 - +5vdc supply voltage - RED

Transducer 025-40088-000

- pin 1 - +5vdc supply voltage - RED
- pin 2 - ground - BLK
- pin 3 - signal out - WHT

**STALL DETECTOR BOARD**

The Stall Detector Board (031-02418-000) converts the Stall Transducer DC voltage pulsations to an analog DC voltage output (J2-4) that represents the magnitude of stall noise and applies it to the Microboard (J7-23). This board also provides a path for the Stall Transducer unprocessed DC voltage pulsations output to be connected from J2-2 to the Microboard (J8-1). This output is used for the Stall Sensor Validation feature.



**NOTES:**

1. Requires I/O Board 031-01743-002

22A

**FIG. 64A – VARIABLE GEOMETRY DIFUSER BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## SECTION 23

# SYSTEM CALIBRATION, SERVICE SETPOINTS AND RESET PROCEDURES

The chiller is supplied from the YORK Factory with all factory mounted components fully calibrated. The following procedures are used to verify these calibrations or calibrate a component after it has been field replaced.

Programmable Service Setpoints are used by the Program to control critical chiller operation. Also, some of these Setpoints can be used to enable or disable certain features. Although they have been entered at the YORK Factory, they can be changed by a field Service Technician that has logged in at SERVICE access level. If the BRAM battery backed memory device (U52) is field replaced, all of the programmed setpoints will be lost. They will have to be re-entered into the new BRAM. Each of these Setpoints is described below. Programming procedures and OptiView Control Center Keypad operation required in the procedures below are detailed in YORK Operation Manual 160.54-O1. In general, the following procedure is used to enter Setpoints in this section:

1. Unless noted otherwise in procedures below, log in at SERVICE access level using Access Code 1 3 8 0 .
2. Select the appropriate Display Screen.
3. Press the desired Setpoint key.

A dialog box appears, giving the minimum and maximum allowed values, Default value and present value. The dialog box can be canceled at any time by pressing the CANCEL (X) key.

4. If the dialog box begins with the word "Enter", use the numeric keys to enter the desired value. Leading zeroes are not necessary. Press the \* key to place a decimal point at the appropriate place. Pressing the ▲ key displays the Default value. Pressing the ▼ key clears the entry. The ◀ key is a backspace key and causes the entry point to move back one space. If the dialog box begins with "Select" or "Enable", use the ◀ and ▶ keys to select the desired value. The ◀ key decreases the value. The ▶ key increases the value.
5. Press the ENTER (✓) key. If the value is within range, it is accepted and the dialog box disappears. The chiller will begin to operate based on the new value. If out of range, the value is not accepted and a message describing why it is not acceptable is displayed momentarily.

Some Safety shutdowns will not permit the chiller to start until a special reset procedure is performed. These reset

procedures require SERVICE access level and should not be performed by anyone other than a Service Technician. Each of these procedures is described below.

### ELECTRO-MECHANICAL STARTER APPLICATIONS

If the Compressor Motor is driven by an Electro-Mechanical Starter, the OptiView Control Center is equipped with a CM-2 Current Module along with supporting components Diode Bridge (DB) and Calibration Resistors (RES), as described in a previous chapter of this book. The following procedures can be used to verify the calibration and perform the calibration if necessary. In addition to the calibration, Switch S1 and Potentiometer R16 have to be set appropriately on the CM-2 Module. If the CM-2 and/or RES are field replaced, field calibration is necessary.

#### CM-2 Settings:

1. Place Switch S1 in the appropriate position per the Starter type:
  - UP: Y-Delta or 57% Auto-transformer Starter
  - Down: All others
2. Calculate LRA/FLA ratio by dividing the Motor Lock Rotor Amps by the chiller Full Load Amps ( $LRA/FLA = \text{ratio}$ ) and then adjust Potentiometer R16 to the ratio value.

#### Calibration Verification:

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0 .
2. Select MOTOR Screen and set Current Limit and Pulldown Demand Limit Setpoints to 100% FLA.
3. Run chiller. Read compressor motor current in Phase A, B, and C using a clamp-on Ammeter. Apply ammeter to highest Phase.
4. Select COMPRESSOR Screen.
5. Manually operate the Pre-rotation Vanes by pressing the OPEN and CLOSE Keypad keys as required to achieve a motor current equivalent to 100% FLA as indicated by the clamp-on Ammeter. The motor current value on the Display should indicate 100% FLA.
6. Manually operate the Pre-rotation Vanes by pressing the OPEN and CLOSE keys as required to

achieve a motor current equivalent to 105% FLA as indicated by the clamp-on Ammeter. The 105% LED on the CM-2 Module should illuminate.

If the calibration verification does not perform as above, the following Calibration procedure will have to be performed:

#### Calibration:

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0 .
2. Select MOTOR Screen and set Current Limit and Pulldown Demand Limit Setpoints to 100% FLA.
3. Select COMPRESSOR Screen.
4. Run chiller and read compressor motor current in Phase A, B and C using a clamp-on Ammeter. Apply Ammeter to highest Phase.
5. Manually operate the Pre-rotation Vanes by pressing the OPEN and CLOSE Keypad keys as required to achieve a motor current equivalent to 100% FLA as indicated by the clamp-on Ammeter. The voltage across Variable Resistors (RES) should be 0.90 to 1.05VDC. Measure this voltage by connecting a Voltmeter at CM-2 Board J1-2 (+) to J1-1(-). If necessary, adjust RES to achieve this value. Figure 38 contains formulas to calculate the resistance of RES required to achieve this voltage. Adjust both resistors equally such that the combined resistance equals the calculated value.
6. Manually operate the Pre-rotation Vanes by pressing the OPEN, CLOSE and HOLD Keypad keys, as required, to achieve a motor current equivalent to 105% FLA as indicated by the clamp-on Ammeter. Loosen locking nut on Potentiometer R8 on CM-2 and adjust until the CM-2 Module 105% LED illuminates. Counterclockwise increases signal level; Clockwise decreases signal level. Tighten locking nut.
6. Manually operate the Pre-rotation Vanes by pressing the OPEN and CLOSE Keypad keys, as required, to achieve a motor current equivalent to 100% FLA as indicated by the clamp-on Ammeter. Loose locking nut on Potentiometer R34 on CM-2 and adjust until the motor current value on the Display indicates 100% FLA. Clockwise increases the signal level; Counterclockwise decreases the signal level. Tighten locking nut.

#### SOLID STATE STARTER APPLICATIONS

The chiller could be equipped with either of two different YORK Solid State Starters. Later production chillers are equipped with the Mod "B" serial data interface Liquid Cooled Solid State Starter (LCSSS). Earlier vintage chillers are equipped with the Style "A" multiplexed data interface LCSSS. Microboard Program Jumper JP39 must be positioned to invoke the appropriate Microboard/Program operation for the starter applied (Refer to Table 1). A description of these starters is contained in the Solid State Starter section of this book. The procedures for both starters are listed below.

#### MOD "B" SERIAL DATA INTERFACE LIQUID COOLED SOLID STATE STARTER

Complete details of the operation of this starter are contained in YORK Service Manual 160.00-02.

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE Access level using Password 1 3 8 0 .
2. Select MOTOR Screen.
3. Enter the following setpoints using the procedures below:

#### Full Load Amps:

This is the Full Load Amps (FLA) of the chiller as listed on the Sales Order Screen. The Microboard uses the programmed value to perform Current Limit functions and display compressor motor current in terms of %FLA.

1. Press FULL LOAD AMPS key.
2. Use numeric keypad keys to enter correct value.
3. Press ENTER (✓) key.

#### Start Current:

The Logic/Trigger Board will limit compressor motor current to this value during starting. The correct value is  $(0.45 \times \text{Delta Locked Rotor amps})$ , as listed on the SALES ORDER Screen.

1. Press STARTING CURRENT key.
2. Use numeric keypad keys to enter correct value.
3. Press ENTER (✓) key.

**Voltage Range:**

This is the compressor motor AC power line application. Selections are 200-208, 220-240, 380, 400, 415, 440-480, 550-600 and Disabled. The Microboard uses the programmed value to determine the overvoltage and undervoltage shutdown thresholds for "LCSSS – HIGH SUPPLY LINE VOLTAGE" and "LCSSS – LOW SUPPLY LINE VOLTAGE" cycling shutdowns as described in Operation Manual 160.54-O1. If DISABLED is selected, the shutdown thresholds will be ignored. This check should not be arbitrarily disabled.

1. Press VOLTAGE RANGE key.
2. Use ◀ and ▶ keys to scroll to desired value.
3. Press ENTER (✓) key.

**Open SCR Enable/Disable:**

This allows the Open SCR safety check, performed by the Logic/Trigger Board, to be disabled. This must NEVER be disabled unless advised by the YORK factory.

1. Press OPEN SCR key.
2. Use ◀ and ▶ keys to select Enable or Disable.
3. Press ENTER (✓) key.

**Kilowatt Hours (KWH) Reset:**

This allows the KWH to be set to a desired starting value in the event the BRAM has to be field replaced. This must never be arbitrarily performed.

1. Press KWH RESET key.
2. Use numeric keypad keys to enter desired value.
3. Press ENTER (✓) key.

**MOD "A" MULTIPLEXED DATA INTERFACE LIQUID COOLED SOLID STATE STARTER**

If the chiller is equipped with this model starter the starter Logic Board is located in the OptiView Control Center. Operation of this board and overall starter operation is contained in YORK Service Manual 160.46-OM3.1. The following procedures can be used to verify the calibration and perform the calibration if necessary. If the Logic Board is field replaced, field calibration is necessary. Logic Board Program Jumper JP5 (300V/600V) must be placed in the appropriate position per the compressor motor AC power line.

**Logic Board Program Jumper:**

Place Jumper J5 (300V/600V) in appropriate position per the Compressor Motor AC Power Line application as follows:

- 600V** - Place over pins 1 & 2 for 380/400/415, 440/460/480 or 550/575/600 VAC applications.
- 300V** - Place over pins 2 & 3 for 200/208 or 220/230/240 VAC applications.

**Setpoints:**

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0 .
2. Select MOTOR Screen.
3. Enter the following Setpoints using procedures below:

**Full Load Amps :**

This is the Full Load Amps (FLA) of the chiller as listed on the Sales Order Screen. The Microboard uses the programmed value to perform Current Limit functions and display compressor motor current in terms of % FLA.

1. Press FULL LOAD AMPS key.
2. Use numeric keypad keys to enter correct value.
3. Press ENTER (✓) key.

**Voltage Range:**

This is the AC Power line voltage applied to the Compressor Motor. Selections are: 380, 400, 415, 440-480, 550-600 and Supply Voltage Range Disabled. The Microboard uses the programmed selection to determine the overvoltage and undervoltage thresholds for Starter High Supply Line Voltage and Starter Low Supply Line Voltage. Cycling shutdowns as described in Operator Manual 160.54-O1. If Supply Voltage Range Disabled is selected, the thresholds will be ignored and these shutdowns will not occur. This check should not be arbitrarily disabled.

1. Press VOLTAGE RANGE key.
2. Use ◀ and ▶ keys to scroll to desired value.
3. Press ENTER (✓) key.

**Current Unbalance Check Enable/Disable:**

While the chiller is running, if the compressor Motor current in phase A, B and C becomes unbalanced, a Safety shutdown is performed. Refer to Operator Manual 160.54-O1 for complete description of this check. This Setpoint allows the check to be enabled or disabled. If enabled, the check is performed; if disabled, the check is not performed.

1. Press CURRENT UNBALANCE key.
2. Use ◀ and ▶ keys to select Enable or Disable.
3. Press ENTER (✓) key.

**Calibration Verification:**

At the Keypad, login at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0 .

1. Compressor Motor current display accuracy -
  - a. Run chiller.
  - b. Select COMPRESSOR Screen.
  - c. Use the Pre-rotation Vanes HOLD keypad key to stabilize the Compressor Motor current.
  - d. Measure phase A, B and C Compressor Motor current with a clamp-on ammeter. Compare the Ammeter values with displayed motor current values. If displayed values are not within  $\pm 5\%$  of Ammeter values, refer to Solid State Starter Service Manual 160.46-OM3.1 to troubleshoot Starter.
2. Start Current - Proper starting current is (45% x Delta locked Rotor amps).
  - a. Select COMPRESSOR Screen.
  - b. Start chiller and monitor Compressor Motor starting current in phase A, B and C on the COMPRESSOR Screen.  
Highest phase should be equivalent to (45% x Delta Locked rotor amps).
3. Overload -
  - a. Select COMPRESSOR Screen.
  - b. Run chiller and monitor Compressor Motor current on the COMPRESSOR Screen.
  - c. Manually operate the Pre-rotation Vanes by pressing the OPEN, CLOSE and HOLD keys, as required, until the highest phase indicates a current equivalent to 105% FLA.

The Display should indicate 105% and the 105% LED on the Solid State Starter Logic Board should illuminate when the 105% FLA value is reached.

If the calibration verification does not perform as above, one or both of the following Calibration procedures will have to be performed:

**Calibration:.**

At the Keypad, login at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0 .

1. Start Current -
  - a. Select COMPRESSOR Screen.
  - b. Loosen locking nut on Solid State Starter Logic Board Potentiometer R38.
  - c. Start chiller and monitor Compressor Motor starting current in Phase A, B and C on the COMPRESSOR Screen.
  - d. While chiller is starting, adjust START CURRENT potentiometer (R38) on Solid State Starter Logic Board to achieve the proper starting current of (0.45 x Delta Locked rotor Amps) on the highest phase. Turning R38 Clockwise increases current; Counterclockwise decreases current. Multiple starts could be required to achieve the correct calibration. Tighten locking nut.
2. Overload -
  - a. Select COMPRESSOR Screen.
  - b. Run Chiller and monitor Compressor Motor current on the COMPRESSOR Screen.
  - c. Manually operate the Pre-rotation Vanes by pressing the OPEN, CLOSE and HOLD keypad keys, as required, until the highest phase indicates a current equivalent to 105% FLA. Adjust OVERLOAD potentiometer (R44) on Solid State Starter Logic Board until the 105% FLA LED illuminates. Clockwise increases signal level; Counterclockwise decreases signal level. Tighten locking nut.

**COMPRESSOR MOTOR VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE APPLICATIONS**

If the Compressor Motor is driven by the YORK Variable Speed Drive (VSD), the OptiView Control Center is equipped with an Adaptive Capacity Control (ACC) Board. Operation of this board and overall VSD operation is detailed in YORK Form 160.00-M1. There are two

calibrations that have to be performed; VSD Full Load Amps and Pre-rotation Vanes position Potentiometer.

The VSD Full Load Amps value is the chiller full load amps value as listed on the Sales Order. It is used by the Program to initiate Current Limit at 100% and 104% FLA.

The PRV Calibration establishes the voltage feedback to the ACC Board at the fully closed and fully open positions. Since the feedback between these extremes is linear, the ACC Board will then know the actual PRV position at all times. PRV position is required for the speed control and surge prevention. If this procedure is not performed or not performed successfully, variable speed control is inhibited.

There are two setpoints that affect VSD operation; Surge Margin and Stability Limit. They should never be changed unless advised by YORK Factory Service. The Surge Margin Setpoint allows the entire surge map to be adjusted up by a fixed offset value. It is programmable over the range of 0 to 25.0 Hz. The Stability Limit Setpoint determines whether a surge event is stored in the compressor map. When the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature is within +0.3 and -0.8°F of the Setpoint and the rate of change of this liquid exceeds the programmed Stability Limit index, the system is considered unstable and a surge event that occurs under these conditions is not stored. The index is programmable over the range of 1000 to 7000, with the Default or nominal being 4500. The procedure to change these is described below.

The ACC Surge Map can be printed. By connecting a Printer and performing the procedure below, all previously established surge points can be printed. Also, while leaving a Printer connected, all new surge Points can be printed as they are established. The Map can be cleared using the procedure below. However, it should never be cleared unless advised by the YORK Factory.

If required, an operating point can be established as a Surge Point by pressing the Manual surge Point key and then pressing a switch on the ACC Board. The operating conditions at that instant will be captured and stored as a surge point. This is known as a Manual Surge Point. Refer to procedure below.

The Kilowatt Hour (KWH) accumulation can be cleared or set to a value using the KWH RESET key as described below. This should not be performed unless advised by the YORK Factory.

#### **Full Load Amps Calibration:**

1. Place Compressor Start/Stop Switch in the Stop-Reset (O) position.
2. At the keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
3. Select VSD DETAILS Screen from the MOTOR Screen.
4. In the VSD, locate the small trimpot located in the upper-middle area of the VSD Logic Board.
5. While monitoring the VSD Full Load Amps 000.0 A message on the VSD DETAILS Screen, adjust this trimpot until the correct Full Load Amps value is displayed. Clockwise will increase the value.

#### **Pre-rotation Vanes Position Potentiometer:**

Refer to the Pre-rotation Vanes Calibration procedure in this section.

#### **Setpoints:**

The following are the Setpoints and range of programmable values. The Default value is shown in parenthesis. It is the recommended value and should provide proper operation in most applications. Never change these values unless advised by YORK Factory Service.

- a. Surge Margin – 0.0 to 25.0 Hz. (0.0)
- b. Stability Limit – 1000 to 7000 (4500) (default 7000 with Software version C.MLM.01.09.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.09.301 (and later))

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select ACC DETAILS Screen from the MOTOR screen.
3. On the ACC DETAILS Screen, press the appropriate Setpoints key above.
4. Use the numeric keypad keys to enter the desired value.
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

**ACC Surge Map:**

To perform any of the following ACC Surge Map functions, proceed as follows:

1. At the Keypad, log in at ADMIN access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select ACC DETAILS Screen from the MOTOR Screen.
3. On the ACC DETAILS Screen, press the appropriate key as follows:
  - a. Surge Map Clear – Clears all of the previously established surge points that are stored in memory. When this key is pressed, a dialog box appears requesting the special ACC Map Clear Password. Enter 0 3 6 8 and press the Enter (✓) key. A message is displayed advising the clearing is in progress. Press switch SW1 (for at least 1 second) on ACC Board, within 15 seconds of pressing the (✓) key. Another message is displayed when clearing is completed. **IMPORTANT!** - This should never be performed unless advised by YORK Factory Service.
  - b. Surge Map Print – Prints the entire array of stored surge points to a printer connected to COM1 Serial Port. Press key again to stop print.
  - c. Auto Print enable/disable – Prints new surge points, as they are established, to a printer connected to COM1 Serial Port. Press key again to stop print.
  - d. Manual Surge Point – Within 15 seconds of pressing this key, press SW1 on the ACC Board for at least 1 second. The ACC Board will confirm recognition of this point by illuminating red SURGE LED CR9 for 2 seconds. The operating conditions at that instant are captured and stored as a surge point.

**Kilowatt Hours:**

1. At the Keypad, log in at ADMIN access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select MOTOR Screen.
3. Press KWH RESET key.
4. Use numeric keypad keys to enter desired value.
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

**VSD Frequency Control:**

The VSD Frequency can be manually controlled as follows:

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select VSD TUNING Screen from the COMPRESSOR Screen.
3. On the VSD Tuning Screen, press the appropriate key as follows:
  - a. Set – Places Frequency Control in Manual Mode. Sets the VSD speed at a specific frequency between 1.0 and 60 (50) Hz.
  - b. Auto – Places the VSD in automatic frequency control. The frequency is determined by the ACC Board to achieve slowest speed possible while avoiding surge.
  - c. Fixed – Sets the VSD frequency at maximum: 60 (50) Hz.
  - d. Raise – Places Frequency Control in Manual Mode. Increases the VSD frequency by 0.1 to 10.0 Hz, as programmed with the INCR AMT (increment amount) key.  
Each press of this key increases the frequency by the programmed Amount (0.1 to 10.0 Hz)
  - e. Lower – Places frequency Control in Manual Mode. Decreases the VSD frequency by 0.1 to 10.0 Hz, as programmed with the INCR AMT (increment amount) key.  
Each press of this key decreases the frequency the programmed amount (0.1 to 10.0 Hz).
  - f. Incr Amt - Programmable Setpoint (0.1 to 10.0 Hz) that determines the amount of increase or decrease in VSD frequency that occurs with each press of the INC or DEC key in Manual frequency control mode.

**PROXIMITY PROBE**

The following applies to all applications except “P” compressors and Style F and later chillers equipped with “G, Q” or “H5-8” compressors: When the Probe is installed at the time of manufacture or after the compressor is rebuilt in the field, a Reference Position is established. This remains the Reference Position until the Compressor is rebuilt. It is the distance (in mils) between the tip of the Probe and the surface of the High Speed Thrust Collar with a minimum of 25 PSID oil pressure. Any distance between 37 and 79 mils is acceptable. This Reference Position is written on a label that is adhered to the inside of the OptiView Control Center door. It is also stored in the BRAM memory device (U52) on the Microboard; if

the BRAM is replaced, the original Reference Position value must be programmed using the procedure below. A complete description of the Proximity Probe and the Reference Position is contained in the "Proximity Probe" section of this book.

In the procedures below, the Reference Position can be established through a calibration procedure or a previously established Reference Position can be entered, without performing the calibration procedure.

Anytime the chiller shuts down on a Thrust Bearing Safety shutdown, there is the potential that Compressor damage has occurred. Therefore, the shutdown must be evaluated by a qualified Service Technician prior to restarting the chiller. Depending upon the actual shutdown message, the evaluation could require a bearing inspection. To prevent the chiller from restarting without the proper evaluation, restart is inhibited until a special reset procedure is performed. This procedure is listed below and must not be performed by anyone other than a qualified Service Technician.

### Calibration:

Perform this procedure at the time of manufacture or if the compressor is rebuilt in the field.

1. At the Keypad, login at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Place Compressor Start/Stop Switch in the Stop-Reset (O) position.
3. Select PROXIMITY PROBE CALIBRATE Screen from COMPRESSOR Screen.
4. On PROXIMITY PROBE CALIBRATE Screen, press START CALIB key to initiate the calibration. The CALIBRATION IN PROGRESS LED will illuminate and the oil pump will start automatically. The oil pressure is displayed on the Screen. If the CANCEL CALIB key is pressed during the procedure, the oil pump is turned off and the calibration is terminated.
5. When the oil pressure has reached 25 PSID, the Program reads the proximity gap and the START CALIB key label changes to ACCEPT CALIB.
6. Press the ACCEPT CALIB key. The measured gap is entered as the Reference Position. Log this value on the Label adhered to the inside of the OptiView Control Center door. This remains the Reference Position until the Compressor is rebuilt.

### Reference Position Entry:

Perform this procedure if the Reference Position had been previously established, but lost from memory due to replacement of the BRAM (U52) or other event.

1. At the Keypad, login at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Place the Compressor Start/Stop Switch in the Stop-Reset (O) position.
3. Select PROXIMITY PROBE CALIBRATE Screen from COMPRESSOR Screen.
4. On PROXIMITY PROBE CALIBRATE Screen, press the ENTER REFERENCE key.
5. Locate previously established Reference Position that has been logged on label adhered to inside of OptiView Control Center door. Using numeric keypad keys, enter this value. Only values between 37 and 79 mils will be accepted.
6. Press ENTER (✓) key.

### Safety Shutdown Reset/Inspection Procedure:

As explained above, to prevent possible compressor damage, the chiller should not be restarted after a Thrust Bearing safety shutdown until the shutdown has been evaluated. Therefore, to prevent the chiller from being restarted by anyone other than a qualified Service Technician, the chiller cannot be restarted until the special reset procedure below is performed. The evaluation that has to be performed after each shutdown depends on the actual message displayed and the circumstances of the shutdown (refer to HISTORY Screen) as follows:

- a. THRUST BEARING - PROXIMITY PROBE CLEARANCE - If the shutdown was caused by the gap increasing to  $\geq +10$  mils from the Reference Position, perform a Bearing inspection. If there is damage, repair compressor. Otherwise, perform reset procedure below and restart chiller. If shutdown was caused by gap decreasing to  $\geq -25$  mils from the Reference Position, perform the reset procedure below and restart the chiller.
- b. THRUST BEARING - PROXIMITY PROBE OUT OF RANGE - Perform reset procedure below and restart chiller.

- c. THRUST BEARING - HIGH OIL TEMPERATURE (Not applicable to chillers equipped with Program version C.MLM.01.03 or higher) - If there have been two consecutive shutdowns, perform a Bearing inspection. Otherwise, perform reset procedure below and restart chiller.
- d. THRUST BEARING - OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR (Not applicable to chillers equipped with Program version C.MLM.01.03 or higher) - Perform reset procedure below and restart chiller.

### Reset Procedure:

In order for the following procedure to be successful, the Proximity clearance must be between +10 and -25 mils of the Reference Position and the High Speed Drain Temperature must be  $>50.0^{\circ}\text{F}$  and  $\leq 179^{\circ}\text{F}$ .

1. Place the Keypad Rocker Switch in the Stop-Reset (O) position.
2. At the Keypad, login at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0 .
3. After Coastdown is complete, select PROXIMITY PROBE CALIBRATE Screen from COMPRESSOR Screen.
4. Press FAULT ACKNOWLEDGE key. ENTER PASSWORD TO CLEAR FAULT is displayed in a dialog box.
5. Enter 1 3 9 7 and press the ENTER (✓) key. This clears the fault and allows the chiller to be started.

### HIGH SPEED THRUST BEARING LIMIT SWITCH

The following is only applicable to chillers equipped with "P" compressors and style F and later chillers with "G, Q" or "H5-8" compressors: Anytime the chiller shuts down on a High Speed Thrust Bearing safety shutdown, displaying the message "THRUST BEARING - LIMIT SWITCH OPEN", there is the potential that compressor damage has occurred. Therefore, a bearing inspection must be performed by a qualified Service Technician prior to restarting the chiller. To prevent the chiller from restarting without the proper bearing evaluation, restart is inhibited until a special reset procedure is performed, as detailed below.

1. Place the COMPRESSOR Switch in the Stop-reset position.

2. At the Keypad, login at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0 .
3. Select COMPRESSOR Screen.
4. After Coastdown is complete, press FAULT ACKNOWLEDGE Key. "Enter Password to Clear Fault" is displayed in a dialog box.
5. Enter 1 3 9 7 and press the ENTER (✓) key. If the Limit Switch is closed, this clears the fault and allows the chiller to be started.

### REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL

A complete description of the Condenser refrigerant level control and the Setpoints that affect this control are provided in the "Refrigerant Level Control" section of this book. These setpoints are listed below. The Program uses these setpoints to control the refrigerant to the desired level. If the chiller is equipped with this feature, the Program control must be ENABLED and the Setpoints programmed using the procedure below.

The refrigerant level can be manually controlled through manual control of the Variable Orifice using the procedure below.

The refrigerant Level Sensor, located in the Condenser, must be properly calibrated to accurately detect the refrigerant level in the Condenser. The procedure below is used to perform this calibration.

### Enable/Disable:

If the chiller is equipped with the Refrigerant Level Control, Level control operation must be "Enabled". Otherwise, it must be "Disabled". Use following procedure:

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level, using access code 1 3 8 0 .
2. Select SETPOINTS Screen. From SETPOINTS Screen select SETUP Screen. From SETUP Screen select OPERATIONS Screen.
3. Use ◀ and ▶ keys to select Enable or Disable.
4. Press ENTER (✓) key.

### Setpoints:

The following are the Setpoints and range of programmable values. The DEFAULT value is shown in parenthesis. The DEFAULT value is the recommended value and should provide proper operation in most applications. However, the Setpoint can be programmed

to other values to compensate for local operating conditions. There are two different setpoint sets used depending upon the software vintage. Select the appropriate procedure per the installed software as follows:

Software version C.MLM.01.11.xxx (and earlier) or C.OPT.01.11.xxx (and earlier)

- a. Level Setpoint - 20% to 80% (50%)
  - b. Level Control Period - 1.0 to 5.0 seconds. 3.5 to 30 seconds (Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.06.xxx and later and "P" compressors with C.MLM.04.02.xxx).  
The Default value varies depending upon the Flash Memory Card version and compressor application: versions C.MLM.01.06.xxx and earlier (3.5 seconds); version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later (10.0 seconds "P" compressors; 3.5 seconds all other compressors)
  - c. Proportion Limit Open - 10% to 50% (15%)
  - d. Proportion Limit Close - 10% to 50% (45%)
  - e. Rate Limit Open - 10% to 50% (10%) 5% to 50% (10%) (Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.06.xxx and later or C.MLM.04.02.xxx).
  - f. Rate Limit Close - 10% to 50% (10%). 5% to 50% (10%) (Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.06.xxx and later or C.MLM.04.02.xxx)
  - g. Valve Preset Time – 0 to 100 seconds (50 seconds) (Flash memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later)
  - h. Ramp-up Time – 3 to 15 minutes (8 minutes) (Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later)
1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access Level using access code 1 3 8 0.
  2. Select REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL Screen from the CONDENSER Screen.
  3. On the REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL Screen, select the setpoint to be programmed or press the SETPOINTS key for more setpoints
  4. Using the numeric keypad keys, enter desired value.
  5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306(and later)

|  | <u>Zone 1</u>              | <u>Zone 2</u>            |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Rate Limit                             | 3% to 15%<br>default 7     | 3% to 15%<br>default 5   |
| Period (seconds)                       | 8 to 22<br>default 15      | 2.5 to 10<br>default 2.5 |
|  | <u>Zone 1 &amp; Zone 2</u> |                          |
| Level Setpoint                         | 20% to 80%<br>default 30   |                          |
| Valve Preset Time (setpoint) (seconds) | 0 to 100<br>default 50     |                          |
| Ramp Up Time (setpoint) (minutes)      | 3 to 15<br>default 8       |                          |
| Proportion Error Deadband - +0%        |                            |                          |
| Rate Error Deadband – +0%              |                            |                          |

1. At the Keypad, login at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select the Refrigerant Level Control Screen from the Condenser Screen.
3. Press the appropriate key to select the setpoint to be programmed.  
(If selecting Period or Rate setpoint, press the SET ZONES key. A green box appears around the first changeable setpoint. Use the ▲, ▼, ◀, ▶ keys to place the green box around the desired setpoint to be changed. Press ENTER (✓) key. A dialog box will appear with the range of settings)
4. Using the numeric keypad keys, enter the desired value.
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

### Manual Control:

The Variable Orifice can be manually controlled as follows:

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL Screen from the CONDENSER Screen.
3. On the REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL Screen, press the OPEN, CLOSE or HOLD key as required to control the Variable Orifice to achieve the desired refrigerant level. Pressing the AUTO key invokes automatic operation.

**Level Sensor Calibration:**

The refrigerant level in the condenser is displayed on the CONDENSER Screen and REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL Screen. It should be 0% when the level is at minimum (Refrigerant Level Sensor uncovered); 100% when the level is at maximum (Refrigerant Level Sensor completely covered). The calibration can be verified or performed per the procedure below. The REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL Screen is used to manually control the Orifice and the refrigerant level is displayed there.

There are two different versions of the Refrigerant Level Sensors. The operation of both the sensors is the same. However, the difference is in the calibration adjustments. Some sensors are equipped with adjustable potentiometers labeled “S”(span) and “Z”(zero). Others are equipped with calibration pushbuttons labeled “F/UP”, “E/DN”, “MAX”, and “MIN”.

1. Remove the cover plate on the Refrigerant Level Sensor to expose the printed circuit board. Locate the calibration adjustments. If it is the sensor type that is equipped with calibration pushbuttons, place the Program Jumper in the “11-18V” position. In the following procedure the Probe output is measured with a DC Voltmeter connected to the Probe output as follows:

Potentiometer type –  
 terminal 3 (Signal) or Microboard J8-13  
 terminal 2 (Gnd) or Microboard J8-3

Pushbutton type –  
 terminal “OUT” (Signal) or Microboard J8-13  
 terminal “V-” (Gnd) or Microboard J8-3

2. At the keypad, login at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
3. Shutdown the chiller. Manually open the Variable Orifice to the full open position using the keys on the REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL Screen. This will cause the condenser refrigerant level to be at minimum. With the level at minimum, set the 0% point as follows:
  - a. If equipped with calibration potentiometers, adjust the “Z” calibration screw to achieve 0.0vdc to 0.43Vdc at the output of the Probe.

- b. If equipped with calibration pushbuttons, hold both the “MIN” and “MAX” buttons in and push the “E/DN” button once and hold it for at least 1 second. The output of the Probe will go to 0.0Vdc to 0.43vdc.

4. Start the chiller. With the chiller running, manually control the orifice from the REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL Screen using the Open, Close and Hold keys to place the refrigerant level above the site glass. This places the refrigerant level at maximum. With the level at maximum, set the 100% point as follows:

- a. If equipped with calibration potentiometers, adjust the “S” calibration screw to achieve 5.0Vdc at the output of the Probe.

- b. If equipped with calibration pushbuttons, hold both the “MIN” and “MAX” buttons in and push the “F/UP” button once and hold it for at least 1 second. The output of the Probe will go to 5.0Vdc.

5. If equipped with calibration potentiometer screws, seal with a small amount of sealant to secure the screws.

6. Replace Level Sensor cover plate.

7. On the REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL Screen, select AUTO level control operation.

**OIL PUMP VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE**

On certain model chillers, the oil pump is driven by a small Variable Speed Drive. A complete description of the Drive operation and the Setpoints that affect this control are provided in the “Oil Pump Variable Speed Drive” section of this book. The Setpoints are listed below. The Program Variable Speed Drive operation must be ENABLED and the Setpoints programmed using the procedures below. Also, the Oil Pump Speed can be manually controlled using the procedure below.

**Enable/Disable:**

The Oil Pump Variable Speed Drive Program operation must be enabled with Microboard Program Switch SW1-2 as follows:

SW1-2 ON - Enabled  
 OFF - Disabled

## Setpoints:

The following are the Setpoints and range of programmable values. The DEFAULT values (shown in parenthesis) are the recommended values and should provide proper operation in most applications. However, the Setpoints can be programmed to other values as required. Enter Setpoints using procedure below:

- a. Oil Pressure Setpoint - 20 to 45 PSID (35)
  - b. Control Period – 0.3 to 2.7 seconds in 0.3 second increments. (0.3)
1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access Level using access code 1 3 8 0.
  2. Select OIL SUMP Screen.
  3. On the OIL SUMP Screen, press the appropriate key to select the Setpoint to be programmed.
  4. If the Dialog box begins with the word “Enter”, use the numeric keypad keys to enter the desired value. If it begins with “Select”, use the ◀ and ▶ keys to select desired value.
  5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

## Manual Control:

The Oil Pump speed can be manually controlled between 25 and 60(50) Hz as follows:

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select OIL SUMP Screen.
3. The speed can be increased and decreased in 0.5 Hz increments using the RAISE and LOWER keys. Each time the key is pressed, the frequency is changed 0.5 Hz.

OR

The speed can be set to a specific frequency, as programmed by the SET key as follows:

1. Press SET key.
2. Use the numeric keys to enter the desired value.
3. Press ENTER (✓) key.
4. If the AUTO key is pressed, automatic speed control is invoked.

## STANDBY LUBRICATION

To maintain oil seal integrity while the chiller is shut-down, a feature can be enabled that turns on the Oil Pump for 2 minutes every 24 hours if the chiller has not been run in the past 24 hours. While the Oil Pump is running, STANDBY LUBE IN PROCESS, along

with a countdown timer displaying the time remaining in the lube cycle is displayed. If the chiller is style “D” equipped with an Oil Pump Variable Speed Drive, the operating oil pressure will be the programmed Oil Pressure Setpoint.

If at least 15 PSID of oil pressure is not achieved within 30 seconds of turning on the Oil Pump, the cycle is terminated and WARNING - STANDBY LUBE - LOW OIL PRESSURE is displayed and no more standby lubrications will occur until a.) the FAULT ACKNOWLEDGE keypad key is pressed after login at SERVICE access level, at which point another lube cycle will be attempted or b.) the chiller is started.

Standby lubrication cycles will not be performed if either oil pressure transducer is reading a pressure out of its range ( $HOP \leq 6.8$  PSIG;  $LOP \leq 0$  PSIG). This assures that the oil pump will not be turned on with the shells at atmospheric pressure, as they would be during maintenance.

When logged in at SERVICE access level, the time remaining until the next Standby lubrication cycle is displayed as NEXT OIL SEAL LUBRICATION = XX HRS on the OIL SUMP Screen.

To Enable or Disable the Standby lubrication cycles, proceed as follows:

1. At the keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0 .
2. Select OIL SUMP Screen.
3. Use ◀ and ▶ keys to select Enable or Disable.
4. Press ENTER (✓) key.

## HIGH CONDENSER PRESSURE WARNING THRESHOLD

The condenser pressure at which a High Pressure warning message is displayed and the Pre-rotation Vanes are inhibited from further opening, is programmable over the range of 44.9 to 162.5 PSIG (R134a), or 84.0 to 246.3 PSIG (R22). The Default value for R134a is 162.5 PSIG. The Default for R22 is 246.3 PSIG. The Warning message will clear and the PRV inhibit is removed when the pressure decreases to 5 PSIG below the programmed value. Proceed as follows to enter this value:

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select CONDENSER Screen.
3. On the Condenser Screen, press HIGH PRESSURE WARNING THRESHOLD key.

4. Using numeric keypad keys, enter desired value.
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

### BRINE LOW EVAPORATOR PRESSURE CUTOUT

On Brine cooling applications, the Low Evaporator Pressure safety shutdown threshold is programmable over the range of 25.0 to 54.3 PSIG (Default 54.3 PSIG) for R22 Refrigerant and 6.0 to 25.0 PSIG (Default 25.0 PSIG) for R134a Refrigerant. The actual percentage of Brine solution determines this threshold. It is calculated at the YORK Factory and programmed at the time of manufacture. If the BRAM memory device on the Microboard is replaced, the threshold will have to be programmed in the field. The threshold is logged on an adhesive label attached to the inside of the OptiView Control Center door. Proceed as follows to enter this value:

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select EVAPORATOR Screen.
3. On the EVAPORATOR Screen, press the BRINE LOW EVAPORATOR CUTOUT key.
4. Using numeric keypad keys, enter desired value.
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

### LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMPERATURE CONTROL SENSITIVITY

This Setpoint adjusts the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature control sensitivity. It determines the magnitude of Pre-rotation Vanes (PRV) response to correct the error between the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint and the actual liquid temperature leaving the chiller. There are three selections as follows:

- Normal - Provides standard control operation. PRV open and close pulses are standard durations for any given error. Longest allowed pulse is 18 seconds in duration. This selection will provide proper operation in most applications.
- 50% - Provides less sensitivity than the NORMAL selection. The longest allowed open or close pulse is limited to 50% of the maximum allowed with the NORMAL selection. This provides less overall PRV movement than the NORMAL selection. This selection will

reduce PRV instability in short chilled liquid loops, multi-pass chillers, parallel chiller configurations and other applications that cause PRV instability.

- 30% - Provides less sensitivity than the 50% selection. The longest allowed open or close pulse is limited to 30% of the maximum allowed with the NORMAL selection. This provides less overall PRV movement than the 50% selection. It's beneficial in the same applications as the 50% selection, but that require greater stability. This selection available with Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.06.xxx and later or C.MLM.04.02.xxx).

Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.06.xxx and later or C.MLM.04.02.xxx have special variable speed low load operation as follows: If the chiller is equipped with the YORK compressor motor Variable Speed Drive and the 50% or 30% Sensitivity is selected, the Pre-rotation Vane (PRV) movement is reduced further than described above when the chiller is operating at low load. When the PRV position is < 25% and the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature is within  $\pm 2.5$  °F of Setpoint, the maximum allowed vane pulse is limited to 3.5 seconds at the 25% PRV position and 0.9 seconds at 0% position. PRV positions in between have linearly scaled maximums.

Proceed as follows to select this value:

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select EVAPORATOR Screen.
3. Press SENSITIVITY key.
4. Use ◀ and ▶ keys to select desired value.
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

### DROP LEG REFRIGERANT TEMPERATURE

The chiller can be equipped with a refrigerant temperature sensor in the drop leg between the condenser and evaporator. If "Enabled" with the procedure below, this temperature is displayed on the CONDENSER Screen as the "Drop Leg Temperature". It is subtracted from the Condenser Saturation Temperature to produce "Sub Cooling Temperature", also displayed on the Condenser Screen. If the chiller is equipped with the Drop Leg Refrigerant Temperature sensor, the values are displayed on the CONDENSER Screen only if enabled with the following procedure.

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access Level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select CONDENSER Screen.
3. Press DROP LEG key.
4. Use ◀ and ▶ keys to select Enable or Disable.
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

### SMART FREEZE PROTECTION

This feature is described in the “Smart Freeze Protection” section of this book. When turned on, it allows the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint to be as low as 36°F for water cooling applications. Along with this feature is a correspondingly lower Low Water Temperature Cycling Shutdown threshold and Low Evaporator Pressure Safety Shutdown threshold. The Smart Freeze Protection feature can be turned ON or OFF using the following procedure:

1. Shutdown the chiller and wait for completion of COASTDOWN.
2. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
3. Select EVAPORATOR Screen.
4. Press SMART FREEZE key.
5. Use ◀ and ▶ keys to select ON or OFF.
6. Press ENTER (✓) key.

### EVAPORATOR REFRIGERANT TEMPERATURE

If the chiller is equipped with an Evaporator Refrigerant Temperature sensor, the feature must be Enabled with the procedure below. If not equipped with this sensor, it must be Disabled. If enabled, this temperature is displayed on the EVAPORATOR Screen, and is also used in the Smart Freeze Protection Low Evaporator Pressure Safety Shutdown threshold calculation, as explained in the “Smart Freeze Protection” section of this book.

Use the following procedure to Enable or Disable this feature:

1. At the keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select EVAPORATOR Screen.
3. Press REFRIGERANT key.
4. Use ◀ and ▶ keys to select Enabled or Disabled.
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

### HOT GAS BYPASS CONTROL

A complete description of the optional Hot Gas Bypass Control and the Setpoints that affect this control are provided in the “Hot Gas Bypass” section of this book. The Setpoints are listed below. If the chiller is equipped with this feature, it must be “Enabled” and the setpoints programmed using the procedure below. Otherwise, it must be “Disabled”. The Hot Gas valve can be manually controlled using the procedure below. The total lifetime Surge Count can be cleared. However, this should NOT be arbitrarily performed! Since the Pre-Rotation Vanes (PRV) position is used in the Hot Gas control, the PRV position feedback potentiometer must be calibrated with the procedure below.

#### Enable/Disable:

If the chiller is equipped with the optional Hot Gas Bypass control, operation must be “enabled”. Otherwise, it must be “disabled”. Use the following procedure:

1. Shutdown chiller and place COMPRESSOR Start/stop Switch in the Stop-Reset (O) position.
2. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level, using password 1 3 8 0.
3. Select SETPOINTS Screen. From SETPOINTS Screen, select SETUP Screen. From SETUP Screen, select OPERATIONS Screen.
4. Use ◀ and ▶ keys to select Enable or Disable.
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

#### Setpoints:

The following are the Setpoints and range of programmable values. The DEFAULT value is shown in parentheses. The Default value is the recommended value and should provide proper operation in most applications. However, the Setpoint can be programmed to other values to compensate for local operating conditions. There are two different setpoint sets used depending upon the software vintage. Select the appropriate procedure per the installed software as follows:

1. At the Keypad, login at SERVICE access level using password 1 3 8 0.
2. Select HOT GAS BYPASS Screen from the COMPRESSOR Screen.
3. On the HOT GAS BYPASS Screen, press the appropriate key to select the Setpoint to be programmed.

4. Using the numeric Keypad keys, enter the desired value.
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

### Manual Control:

The Hot Gas Valve can be manually controlled as follows:

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using password 1 3 8 0.
2. Select HOT GAS BYPASS Screen from the COMPRESSOR Screen.
3. On the HOT GAS BYPASS Screen, press the OPEN or CLOSE keys as desired. Each time the key is pressed, the valve position will be increased or decreased 5%. Pressing the AUTO key invokes automatic operation.

### Pre-rotation Vanes Position Potentiometer Calibration:

Refer to the Pre-rotation Vanes Calibration procedure in this section.

### CHILLER STARTS AND OPERATING HOURS RESET

The Number of Starts and the Operating Hours can be reset to zero or preset to a desired number. However, this should never be arbitrarily performed. Use the following procedure:

1. At the keypad, login at ADMIN access level. This password changes daily. Contact your local YORK Service Office.
2. Select OPERATIONS screen.
3. Press NUMBER of STARTS or OPERATING HOURS key as appropriate.
4. Using numeric keypad keys, enter desired number.
5. Press ENTER key (✓) key.

### SERVICE PHONE NUMBERS

*(Applies to Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.05.xxx and later)*

Two service phone numbers (Regional and Local), with labels, can be displayed on the OPERATIONS Screen. The Default value for the Regional number is the "North American Toll Free Number" (1-800-861-1001). However, the label and number can be changed to any desired

value. The Default value for the Local label and number is blank. The Service Technician enters the Local phone number and label.

The entry format consists of 4 fields (rows), vertically from the top. Up to 40 characters/numbers can be entered for each field.

**Field 1** – Regional phone number label. Default value is "York Intl North American Toll Free Number"

**Field 2** – Regional phone number. Default value is 1-800-861-1001.

**Field 3** – Local service phone number label. Default value is blank.

**Field 4** – Local service phone number. Default value is blank.

**Use the following procedure to change any of the fields:**

1. At the Keypad, login at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select OPERATIONS Screen.
3. Press EDIT PHONE NUMBERS Key.
4. Use ▲ and ▼ keys to move green selection box to the desired field to be changed.
5. Press the ENTER (✓) key.
6. In the Dialog box that appears, a red box appears over the first changeable value. Use the ◀ and ▶ keys to position the red box over the number character to be changed or entered. Use the ▲ and ▼ keys to scroll sequentially through numbers, alphabet characters and punctuation marks to select the desired value. When the desired value displayed, use the ◀ and ▶ keys to move the red box to the next value to be changed. The numeric keypad keys can also be used to enter numbers. Continue this process until all desired values have been entered.
7. After all desired values have been entered in previous step, press ENTER (✓) key.

### SURGE PROTECTION

*(Applies to Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.05.xxx and later)*

A complete description of the Surge Protection feature

and setpoints that affect this control are provided in the "Surge Protection" section of this book. Although most setpoints are entered with Operator access level, the Surge Sensitivity setpoint and Total Surge Count clearing require Service access level or higher.

#### Surge Sensitivity:

1. At the keypad, log in at SERVICE access level, using 1 3 8 0.
2. Select SURGE PROTECTION Screen from COMPRESSOR Screen.
3. Press SURGE SENSITIVITY key.
4. Using numeric and decimal point keypad keys, enter desired value. Programmable over range of 0.3 to 1.3. Default value is 0.3. Use leading zeroes where necessary and place decimal point between first and second digit (ie; 0.3, 1.2, etc.)
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

#### Clear Surge Count:



*This should not be arbitrarily performed.*

1. At the keypad, log in at ADMIN access level. Obtain ADMIN password from local service office. This password changes daily.
2. Select SURGE PROTECTION Screen from COMPRESSOR Screen.
3. Press CLEAR SURGE COUNT key.

#### SALES ORDER DATA

All of the Sales Order Data, except the "Chiller Commissioning Date" is entered at the YORK Factory at the time of chiller manufacture. The Service Technician must enter the Chiller Commissioning Date and modify the Job Name or Job Location if necessary at the completion of commissioning. Normally, the remainder of the Sales Order Data should never be modified. However, if there is a change to the chiller design, in the field, this data can be modified. If the BRAM battery-backed memory device (U52) fails and requires field replacement, all of the data will be lost and will have to be manually programmed.

There are three different Passwords used, depending on the circumstances, to change the Sales Order Data as follows:

- **Chiller Commissioning** - Service Technician must use password 1 3 8 0 to enter the Commissioning Date and modify Job Name and Job Location if necessary.
- **Modifying Sales Order Data** - Service Technician must use the ADMIN password. This password changes daily. Contact your local YORK Service Office.
- **BRAM Replacement** - If the BRAM (U52) is field replaced, the Service Technician must use password 0 2 2 8 to enter all Sales Order Data into a new blank BRAM. When logged in at this level, the ACCESS LEVEL shown will be TEST OP. This password only works with a blank BRAM and is only applicable to chillers equipped with Flash Memory Card Version C.MLM.01.01 and later.



*When using this password to enter data into a new blank BRAM, the FINISH PANEL SETUP procedure (listed at the end of the entry procedure below) must be performed after all data has been entered. Failure to perform this procedure will result in unreliable OptiView Control Center operation! If this procedure is performed prior to entering all data, the ability to enter more data will be terminated.*

Use the following procedure to enter data:

1. At the keypad, log in at the appropriate Access Level to change the desired values.
2. From the SETPOINTS Screen, select SETUP SCREEN. From the SETUP Screen, select SALES ORDER Screen.
3. If logged in at SERVICE Access level, press SET ORDER INFO key to enter Commissioning date, Job Name or Location and proceed to step 4. If logged in at ADMIN or TEST OP level, Press SELECT key to select the data category (ORDER, DESIGN, NAMEPLATE, SYSTEM) to be entered.
4. Press CHANGE key. The first changeable area in the selected category will be outlined in a green selection box. The procedure can be terminated anytime after this by pressing the CANCEL (X) key.

5. Use the ▲ and ▼ keys to move the green selection box to the desired value to be changed, within the category selected.
6. Press ENTER (✓) key.
7. Enter the appropriate data. Use the numeric keypad keys to enter numbers. Use the • key to enter a decimal point. Use the ▲ and ▼ keys to scroll sequentially up and down through the alphabet to enter letters or a comma (,), slash (/) or minus sign (-). Each time the ▲ key is pressed, the next higher sequential alphabet letter is displayed. Each time the ▼ key is pressed, the next lower alphabet letter is displayed. The comma, slash and minus sign can be selected after scrolling through the entire alphabet. During the entry process, the ◀ key can be used to backspace and the ▶ key can be used to forward space.
8. Press ENTER (✓) key.
9. Use ▲ and ▼ keys to select another value to be changed within the same category or press CANCEL (X) key to exit and allow selection of another category.
10. **EXTREMELY IMPORTANT!** If the procedure above was performed using password 0 2 2 8 to enter data into a new blank BRAM, the following procedure must be performed after all the desired data is entered. If the following procedure is performed prior to entering all of the data, the ability to enter more data will be terminated. Failure to perform this procedure after all data has been entered will result in unreliable OptiView Control Center Operation!
  - a. On SALES ORDER screen, press FINISH PANEL SETUP key.
  - b. Use ◀ and ▶ key to select YES.
  - c. Press ENTER (✓) key.

### CUSTOM USER ID AND PASSWORDS

When logging in, the user is requested to enter a User ID, followed by a Password. The universal and Default User ID is zero (0). The universal Password to log in at OPERATOR access level is 9 6 7 5. The universal Password to log in at SERVICE access level is 1 3 8 0. No log in is required for VIEW access level. However, if desired, the service technician can establish up to four custom User ID's and Passwords that can be used by Operations personnel to log in at VIEW, OPERATOR, or SERVICE level.

Up to four Custom Users can be established with User ID's from 1 to 9999. Each user can be assigned a Password of 0 to 9999 and an access level of VIEW, OPERATOR or SERVICE.

Use the following procedure to establish Custom Users:

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using 1 3 8 0.
2. From the SETPOINTS Screen, select SETUP Screen. From SETUP Screen, select USER Screen.
3. Press CHANGE USER ATTRIBUTES key. The first changeable area is outlined in a green selection box.
4. Use the ◀, ▶, ▲ or ▼ keys to move the green selection box to the desired value to be changed.
5. Press the ENTER (✓) key.
6. Using numeric Keypad keys, enter desired parameter as follows:  
 User ID – 1 to 9999 (numbers cannot be duplicated for more than one user)  
 Password – 0 to 9999  
 Access Level – 0 = View, 1 = Operator, 2 = Service
7. Press ENTER (✓) key.
8. After all values have been entered, press CANCEL key (X) to exit.

### RECORD SETPOINT CHANGES

*(Flash memory Card version C.MLM.01.06.xxx and later or C.MLM.04.02.xxx)*

This feature provides a record of the last 75 Setpoint changes. The date and time the Setpoint was changed, the new Setpoint value and the Access Level and User ID used to make the change are stored. The SECURITY LOG Screen and the SECURITY LOG DETAILS Screen display levels of this information.

On the SECURITY LOG Screen, accessible from the HISTORY Screen, the Setpoint, Setpoint Category and new Setpoint value are listed and numbered in reverse order in which they were changed. The most recent is listed as number 1; the next most recent as number 2, etc. A PRINT key allows printing this entire list. Since 15 changes can be displayed at one time, multiple pages could be necessary to display all the changes. PAGE-UP and PAGE-DOWN keys are provided to view the entire list. If it is desired to view the details of a particular Setpoint change, select the Setpoint change number with the LOG ENTRY key and then press the VIEW

DETAILS key. This moves to the SECURITY LOG DETAILS Screen.

The SECURITY LOG DETAILS Screen displays the following Setpoint change details. The Setpoint is selected from the list on the SECURITY LOG Screen as explained in the previous paragraph.

- Setpoint Category
- Setpoint
- Date and time of change
- Access Level and User ID used to make the change
- Old Value
- New Value

The following Setpoint changes are not logged:

- Clock Mode
- Custom Screen Slot Numbers
- Advanced Diagnostics Communication Port Tests
- Advanced Diagnostics Secondary Multiplexer Freeze
- Soft Shutdown Initiated by Operator
- System Language
- Display Units
- Any Print Report
- Cancel any Print Report
- Schedule Clear
- Schedule Repeat Exception Days
- Schedule Start and Stop Times
- Log In/Log Out
- User Attributes for ID, Password and Level
- Trend Start/Stop
- Trend Slot Numbers, Minimums and Maximums
- Trend Trigger Data
- Trend Print Mode
- Trend View Mode

View the Setpoint changes as follows:

1. At the Keypad, login at SERVICE Access Level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. From the HISTORY Screen, select SECURITY LOG Screen to view the complete list of setpoint changes.
3. To view the details of a particular setpoint change, select it with the LOG ENTRY key, then press VIEW DETAILS key. This causes a jump to the SECURITY LOG DETAILS Screen where the setpoint change details are displayed.

## CHILLER STYLE/COMPRESSOR

*(Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later)*

If equipped with Flash memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later, the Chiller Style/Compressor combination must be entered.

The various YK chiller style/compressor combinations are equipped differently and have different control requirements. Variables include the following:

- High Speed Thrust bearing proximity sensing – Proximity Probe input at Microboard J8-15 or Limit Switch input at I/O Board TB3-81.
- Flow Sensor – Paddle type or Factory Mounted Thermal Type. The paddle type applies 115Vac to the I/O Board DIGITAL inputs TB4-12 (evaporator) and TB4-11 (condenser). The factory mounted thermal type (available with style F chillers), applies +5Vdc to the microboard ANALOG inputs at J7-14 (evaporator) and J7-16 (condenser). Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and C.MLM.01.07A.xxx automatically selects the Flow Sensor input, either Analog or Digital per the Chiller Style/Compressor Setpoint selection. Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.08.xxx (and later), allows the use of either the Thermal type (Analog) or Paddle-type (Digital) flow sensors in the style F chillers. With these versions, the actual Flow Sensor type present must be entered using the Flow Switch Setpoint.
- Oil Heater Outputs – Either TB1-34 or TB1-64 on I/O Board
- Refrigerant Level Control Default Period – Either 3.5 seconds or 10.0 seconds
- “Oil – Variable Speed Pump-Pressure Setpoint Not Achieved” safety shutdown threshold – Either 25 PSID or 35 PSID

Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later are applicable and backward compatible to all YK chiller style/compressor combinations. They contain all control variables for all combinations. For correct chiller control, the correct CHILLER STYLE/COMPRESSOR combination must be entered. Once the applicable Chiller/Compressor combination is entered, the program automatically bundles the functionality and chiller control per the tables below.

For example, if equipped with C.MLM.01.08.105A (or later):

**Example 1:**

If the chiller is a style F and equipped with a J or H3 compressor, enter “Style F/J,H3 Compr”. The program will read the Proximity Probe input at Microboard J8-15, control the Oil Heater from TB1-64, make the Level Control Period Default 3.5 seconds, the Oil Pressure safety threshold below is 35 PSID and will read the Flow Sensor inputs at either I/O Board TB4-11/12 or Microboard J7-14/16 as programmed with the FLOW SWITCH Setpoint.

**Example 2:**

If the chiller is a style E and equipped with a P compressor, enter “Style E/P Compr”. The program then reads the Proximity Limit Switch at I/O Board TB3-81, controls the Oil Heater from TB1-64, makes the Level Control Period Default 10.0 seconds, the Oil Pressure safety threshold below would be 25 PSID and reads the Flow Sensor input at I/O Board TB4-11/12.

**FLASH MEMORY CARD VERSION C.MLM.01.07.XXX AND C.MLM.01.07A.XXX**

| Chiller Style/Compressor | Proximity Sense | Oil Heater Output* | Level Control Period Default | Flow Switch           | “Oil-Variable Speed Pump Pressure Setpoint Not Achieved” Threshold* |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| “Style CDE/GHJ Compr”    | Probe           | TB1-34             | 3.5 sec                      | Digital (Paddle Type) | 35 PSID   |
| “Style E/P Compr”        | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 10.0 sec                     | Digital (Paddle Type) | 25 PSID   |
| “Style F/GH Compr”       | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 3.5 sec                      | Analog (thermal type) | 35 PSID   |
| “Style F/J Compr”        | Probe           | TB1-64             | 3.5 sec                      | Analog (thermal type) | 35 PSID   |
| “Style F/P, Compr”       | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 10.0 sec                     | Analog (thermal type) | 25 PSID   |

\* Not applicable to Style C and earlier chillers.

**FLASH MEMORY CARD VERSION C.MLM.01.08.  
XXX**

| Chiller Style/Compressor | Proximity Sense | Oil Heater Output* | Level Control Period Default | Flow Switch                      | "Oil-Variable Speed Pump Pressure Setpoint Not Achieved" Threshold* |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| "Style CDE/GHJ Compr"    | Probe           | TB1-34             | 3.5 sec                      | Digital (Paddle Type)            | 35 PSID   |
| "Style E/P Compr"        | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 10.0 sec                     | Digital (Paddle Type)            | 25 PSID   |
| "Style F/GH Compr"       | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 3.5 sec                      | Programmable (Analog or Digital) | 35 PSID   |
| "Style F/J Compr"        | Probe           | TB1-64             | 3.5 sec                      | Programmable (Analog or Digital) | 35 PSID   |
| "Style F/P, Compr"       | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 10.0 sec                     | Programmable (Analog or Digital) | 25 PSID   |

\* Not applicable to Style C and earlier chillers

**FLASH MEMORY CARD VERSION C.MLM.01.08.105A AND C.MLM.01.08.206A (AND LATER)**

| Chiller Style/Compressor | Proximity Sense | Oil Heater Output* | Level Control Period Default | Flow Switch                      | "Oil-Variable Speed Pump Pressure Setpoint Not Achieved" Threshold* |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| "Style CDE/GHJ Compr"    | Probe           | TB1-34             | 3.5 sec                      | Digital (Paddle Type)            | 35 PSID   |
| "Style E/P Compr"        | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 10.0 sec                     | Digital (Paddle Type)            | 25 PSID   |
| "Style F/G, H5-8 Compr"  | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 3.5 sec                      | Programmable (Analog or Digital) | 35 PSID   |
| "Style F/J, H3 Compr"    | Probe           | TB1-64             | 3.5 sec                      | Programmable (Analog or Digital) | 35 PSID   |
| "Style F/P, Compr"       | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 10.0 sec                     | Programmable (Analog or Digital) | 25 PSID   |

\* Not applicable to Style C and earlier chillers

**SOFTWARE VERSION C.MLM.01.10B.XXX (AND LATER) OR C.OPT.01.10B.XXX AND LATER)**

| Chiller Style/Compressor | Proximity Sense | Oil Heater Output* | Level Control Period Default | Flow Switch                      | "Oil-Variable Speed Pump Pressure Setpoint Not Achieved" Threshold* |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| "Style CDE/GHJ Compr"    | Probe           | TB1-34             | 3.5 sec                      | Digital (Paddle Type)            | 35 PSID   |
| "Style E/P Compr"        | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 10.0 sec                     | Digital (Paddle Type)            | 25 PSID   |
| "Style F/G, H5-8 Compr"  | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 3.5 sec                      | Programmable (Analog or Digital) | 35 PSID   |
| "Style F/J, H3 Compr"    | Probe           | TB1-64             | 3.5 sec                      | Programmable (Analog or Digital) | 35 PSID   |
| "Style F/P, Q Compr"     | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 10.0 sec                     | Programmable (Analog or Digital) | 35 PSID   |

\* Not applicable to Style C and earlier chillers

Enter the appropriate chiller/compressor combination as follows:

- 1 At the Keypad, login at SERVICE access level using password 1 3 8 0.
- 2 Select SETPOINTS/SETUP/OPERATIONS Screen.
- 3 Press the CHILLER STYLE/COMPRESSOR key.
- 4 Use ◀ or ▶ keys to select the appropriate chiller style/compressor combination. Default is "Style F/G,H5-8 Compr".
- 5 Press ENTER (✓) key.

**FLOW SWITCH**

(Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.08.xxx and later)

Style F chillers (and later) are provided with factory mounted thermal-type flow sensors for the evaporator and condenser. Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.08.xxx and later allow these chillers to use either the thermal-type or field installed paddle-type flow sensor. The thermal-type sensors interface to Microboard +5Vdc analog inputs at J7-14 (evaporator) and J7-16 (condenser). The paddle-type sensors interface to the I/O board 115Vac digital inputs at TB4-12 (evaporator) and TB4-11 (condenser). In order for the program to read the appropriate inputs for the flow sensor status, the actual sensor type used must be entered at the keypad OPERATIONS Screen using Service Access Level.

If the chiller style in the Chiller Style/Compressor setpoint on the OPERATIONS Screen is set to "F" (any compressor), the "FLOW SWITCH" key appears on the OPERATIONS Screen allowing the flow sensor type to be entered. The selections are "Analog" (thermal-type) or "Digital" (paddle-type). If Analog is selected, the program reads the thermal-type flow sensor inputs at Microboard analog inputs J7-14 (evaporator) and J7-16 (condenser) and ignores the Digital inputs. If Digital is selected, the program reads the paddle-type sensor inputs at the I/O Board digital inputs TB4-12 (evaporator) and TB4-11 (condenser) and ignores the Analog inputs.

Enter the applicable flow sensor type as follows:

1. Select SETPOINTS/SETUP/OPERATIONS Screen.
2. Press FLOW SWITCH key.
3. Use ◀ or ▶ keys to select flow sensor type. Each time the key is pressed, Analog or Digital is alternately displayed.
4. Press ENTER (✓) key.

**MICROBOARD 031-02430-000 SETUP/ CONFIGURATION**

The following functions are programmed as Setpoints on the 031-02430-00 microboard. Refer to SECTION 3A for explanation of each setpoint.

- Chilled Liquid Pump Operation
- Motor Drive Type

- Anti-recycle
- Power Failure Restart
- Coastdown
- Pre-Run
- Oil Pump Package

Program the above setpoints as follows:

1. At the Keypad, log in at SERVICE access level using access code 1 3 8 0. (“Power Failure Restart” only requires OPERATOR access level 9 6 7 5). (“Motor Drive Type” requires chiller to be stopped with Compressor Switch in the Stop-Reset position).
2. Select SETUP Screen from SETPOINTS Screen.
3. Press CHANGE SETTINGS key.
4. A green box will appear around the first changeable setpoint. Use ▲ ▼ keys to place the box around the setpoint to be changed.
5. Press ✓ key. A dialog box will appear with the range of settings.
6. Use ◀ ▶ keys to scroll to desired setting.
7. Press ✓ key.

#### VARIABLE GEOMETRY DIFFUSER

(Applicable to chillers equipped with Variable Geometry diffuser only. Requires Software version C.MLM.01.10.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.10.302 (and later))

A complete description of the Variable Geometry Diffuser (VGD) operation and setpoints that affect this control is detailed in Section 22A of this book. The setpoints are listed below. If the compressor is equipped with this feature, it must be enabled and the setpoints programmed using the procedure below. Otherwise, it must be disabled. The VGD can be manually controlled using the procedure below. If the chiller is equipped with the compressor motor Variable Speed Drive or the optional Hot Gas Bypass, the Pre-rotation Vanes (PRV) calibration is performed per procedures applicable to those features listed elsewhere in this section. Otherwise, the PRV must be calibrated per the procedure below.

#### Enable/Disable:

If the compressor is equipped with the VGD, it must be Enabled. Otherwise it must be Disabled. Use the following procedure:

1. Shutdown chiller and place COMPRESSOR start/Stop Switch in the Stop-reset position.
2. At the keypad, log in at SERVICE access level, using password 1 3 8 0.
3. Select SETPOINTS/SETUP/OPERATIONS screen.
4. Use ◀ and ▶ keys to select Enable or Disable as required.
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

#### VGD Count:

The VGD Count is displayed on the VGD Screen. It is the number of times the Stall detector Board output goes above the High Limit setpoint. This count can be cleared as follows:

1. At the keypad, log in at ADMIN access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select COMPRESSOR/VGD/VGD SETPOINTS Screen.
3. Using numeric keypad keys, enter desired number.
4. Press ENTER (✓) key.

#### Setpoints:

The following are the Setpoints and range of programmable values. The DEFAULT value is shown in parentheses. The default value is the recommended value and should provide proper operation in most applications. However, the Setpoint can be programmed to other values to compensate for local operating conditions. Use the following procedure:

- a. Surge Reaction Time - 1 to 30 seconds (5)
- b. PRV Offset – 0 to 5% (3)
- c. Probe Wait Time – 0.5 to 15 minutes (10)
- d. Open Pulse – 1 to 9 seconds (2)
- e. High Limit – 0.5 to 1.2Vdc (0.8)
- f. Low Limit – 0.4 to 0.8Vdc (0.6)
- g. Extreme Stall Duration – 10 to 20 minutes (10)  
(Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306 (and later))
- h. PRV VGD Inhibit – 40% to 100% (95%)  
(Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306 (and later))

1. At the keypad, log in at Service access level using access code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select COMPRESSOR/VGD/VGD SETPOINTS Screen.
3. On the VGD SETPOINTS Screen, press the appropriate key to select the setpoint to be programmed.
4. Using the numeric keypad keys, enter the desired value.
5. Press ENTER (✓) key.

### Manual Control:

The VGD can be manually controlled as follows:

1. At the keypad, log in at Service access level using access level code 1 3 8 0.
2. Select VARIABLE GEOMETRY DIFFUSER Screen from the COMPRESSOR Screen.
3. On the VARIABLE GEOMETRY DIFFUSER Screen, press the OPEN, CLOSE or HOLD key as desired. Each time the OPEN or CLOSED key is pressed, the respective output is energized for 2 seconds and the respective LED illuminates for 2 seconds. Pressing the HOLD key causes the HOLD LED to illuminate and the VGD to be held in its present position with. Pressing the AUTO key invokes automatic operation.

### Pre-rotation Vanes Calibration:

Refer to the Pre-rotation Vanes Calibration Procedure in this Section.

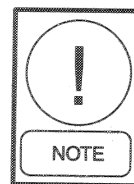
### Pre-rotation Vanes Calibration

There is one procedure for all Pre-rotation Vanes (PRV) calibrations. The following procedure applies to the compressor motor Variable Speed Drive (VSD), Hot Gas Bypass, Variable Geometry Diffuser and any other PRV calibration.

1. Place the COMPRESSOR switch in the Stop-reset position (O) and wait until the System Coastdown is complete.
2. At the keypad, login at Service access level.
3. Select the PRE-ROTATION VANES CALIBRATE screen from the COMPRESSOR screen.
4. Press the START CALIBRATION key to initiate the calibration. The CALIBRATION IN PROGRESS and PRV OPENING LED will illuminate and an open signal is applied to the PRV. After a 60 second delay, the program begins evaluating the feedback

voltage from the PRV potentiometer. When the feedback voltage stops increasing and remains stabilized (so that there is no more than  $\pm 0.025\text{vdc}$  deviation) for 25 continuous seconds, the feedback voltage is logged as the 100% position. A close signal is then applied to the PRV and illuminates the PRV CLOSING LED. After a 10 second delay, the program begins evaluating the feedback voltage from the PRV potentiometer. When the feedback voltage stops decreasing and remains stabilized (so that there is no more than  $\pm 0.025\text{vdc}$  deviation) for 25 continuous seconds, the feedback voltage is logged as the 0% position. These endpoint voltages are stored in the BRAM as the full open and full closed positions.

5. If the difference between the endpoint voltages is greater than 0.5vdc, "PRV Calibration Successful" is displayed. Otherwise, "PRV Calibration Unsuccessful" is displayed. Also, if the endpoints are not established within 10 minutes, "PRV Calibration Unsuccessful" is displayed.



*The calibration procedure can be terminated at any time during the procedure by pressing the CANCEL CALIB key. If the PRV were previously calibrated successfully, it will revert to using the previous calibration values. If they were not previously calibrated successfully, they will remain uncalibrated.*

### High Condenser Pressure Fault While Shutdown – reset procedure

(Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306 (and later))

High temperature condenser water flowing through the condenser while the chiller is shutdown can cause a condenser high pressure condition in the condenser resulting in loss of refrigerant. This anticipatory safety fault annunciates condenser high pressure conditions when the chiller is not running as follows:

While the chiller is stopped, if the condenser pressure exceeds 160.0 PSIG (R134a), 240.0 PSIG (R22), a safety fault occurs and "Condenser – High Pressure - Stopped" is displayed. The chiller can be started after the condenser pressure decreases to less than 160.0 (R134a), 240.0 PSIG (R22) and a special reset procedure is performed as follows:

1. Place the COMPRESSOR switch in the Stop-reset position.
2. At the keypad, login at Service access level using code 1 3 8 0.
3. Select CONDENSER screen.
4. Press the FAULT ACKNOWLEDGE key on the CONDENSER Screen. A dialog box appears displaying "Enter Password to Clear Fault".
5. Enter 1 3 9 7 and press the ENTER key (✓).

This anticipatory fault is only performed while the chiller is stopped. If a "Condenser – High Pressure" fault is detected while the chiller is in Pre-lube, System Run or Coastdown, the fault is handled in the normal way and does not require the special reset procedure.

### MOTOR LUBRICATION NOTIFICATION

This feature provides an indication when the compressor motor lubrication is required. The lubrication requirement and notification is based on the "Operating Hours Since Last Motor Lubrication".

There are up to three levels of notification, each indicating an increasing level of urgency. "Warning – Motor Bearing Lube Suggested" is displayed when the hours exceed 1000 hours. If there is no response, "Warning – Motor Bearing Lube Required" is displayed when the hours exceed 1200 hours. If there is still no response, a safety shutdown is performed when the hours exceed 1400 hours and "Motor – Lack of Bearing Lubrication" is displayed.

To provide a record of when a motor lubrication is performed, the Operator enters his/her initials, name or user ID using the Motor Lube Acknowledge key on the Motor Lubrication Screen. The date and time of this entry is automatically logged as the Date of Last Lubrication and Time of Last Lubrication. This also clears any motor lubrication warning or safety that is in effect and resets the Operating Hours Since Last Lubrication to zero.

The Motor Lubrication Screen, accessible from the Motor Screen in any access level, displays information applicable to this feature.

When both motors have been lubricated, the Operator must acknowledge the lubrication has been performed. This is done by entering his/her initials, name or user ID as a 3 to 8 character string. The entry is displayed as the Operator Initials at Last Lubrication. The date and time

of this entry is automatically logged as the Date of Last Motor Lubrication and Time of Last Motor Lubrication. This entry also resets the Operating Hours Since Last Lubrication to zero.

This entry also resets the motor lubrication warning messages: "Warning – Motor Bearing Lube Suggested", "Warning – Motor Bearing Lube Required" and safety shutdown "Motor – Lack of Bearing Lubrication".

Enter your initials, name or user ID using the following procedure. The entry must be a minimum of 3 characters and a maximum of 8 characters.

1. At the keypad, log in at OPERATOR access level using Password 9 6 7 5. . If resetting the safety shutdown "Motor – Lack of Lubrication", place COMPRESSOR switch in Stop-reset (O) position.
2. Press the Motor Lube Acknowledge key. A dialog box appears. A red box highlights the first changeable location.
3. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to scroll sequentially through the alphabet to enter letters or numbers. Each time the ▲ is pressed, the next higher sequential alphabet letter or number is displayed. Each time the ▼ is pressed, the next lower alphabet letter or number is displayed. When the desired letter or number is displayed, use the ► key to forward space the red box for the next entry. Use the ◀ key to backspace, if necessary.  
To write over an existing entry or to place a blank space, scroll to the beginning of the alphabet. The selection prior to the letter "A" is a blank space. Use the \* key to enter a period/decimal point. During the entry process, if it is desired to exit the dialog box and retain the previous entry, press the CANCEL (X) key.
4. When all of the desired characters have been entered, press the ENTER (✓) key.

Motor Lube Date:

Normally, the Date of Last Lubrication is automatically recorded when the Operator enters his/her initials, name or user ID with the Motor Lube Acknowledge key in the above procedure. However, if it is necessary to modify the motor lubrication date after that procedure was performed, proceed as follows:

1. At the keypad, login at ADMIN access level.
2. Press the Motor Lube Date key.
3. Using the number keys, enter the desired date.
4. Press the ENTER (✓) key.

## SECTION 24

# DIAGNOSTICS & TROUBLESHOOTING

The problems that could be encountered in the OptiView Control Center are in the following categories:

- Keypad
- Display
- Serial Input/Output (I/O)
- Digital Input/Output (I/O)
- Analog Inputs

There is a Diagnostic and associated Troubleshooting procedure for each category. They are described on the following pages. Each Diagnostic is accessed from the Diagnostics Main Screen, which is entered using the procedure below. If there is an OptiView Control Center problem, determine the category of the problem. Then perform the applicable Diagnostic. If the Diagnostic reveals a malfunction, perform the Troubleshooting procedure to locate the defective component.

There are several documents that must be referred to while performing the Diagnostics and Troubleshooting procedures. Each procedure references the Section and figures of this book that describe the operation of the component being tested. Also, the applicable OptiView Control Center wiring diagram must be used as follows:

Chillers through style E (except “P” compressors):

- 160.54-PW1 (Electro-mechanical Starter)
- 160.54-PW2 (Mod “A” Solid State Starter)
- 160.54-PW2.1 (Mod “B” Solid State Starter)
- 160.54-PW3 (Variable Speed Drive).

Chillers through style E (“P” compressors):

- 160.54-PW8 – Chillers (Electro-mechanical Starter),
- 160.54-PW9 (Mod “B” Solid State Starter)
- 160.54-PW10 (Variable Speed Drive)

Style “F” chillers (all compressors):

- 160.73-PW1 (Electro-mechanical Starter)
- 160.73-PW2 (Mod “B” Solid State Starter)
- 160.73-PW3 (Variable speed Drive)

There are two versions of the Diagnostics screens available as follows:

1. Shown in figures 65 through 72. These screens are used during the Diagnostics and Troubleshooting process. They allow output states to be changed. Access the Diagnostics Main Screen as follows:
  1. The chiller must be stopped.
  2. Place Compressor Start/Stop switch in the Stop-Reset position (O).
  3. Ensure the Compressor motor current is 0% FLA.
  4. Log in at **SERVICE** access level using access code **1 3 8 0**.
  5. Move Microboard Program Switch SW1-4 (microboard 031-01730-000); SW1-3 (microboard 031-02430-000) to the ON position. A Watchdog reset will occur and the Boot-up process will commence. At the completion of the Boot-up process, the Diagnostics Main Screen will appear. (Note: if the Program Switch is moved to the ON position before step 4 above is performed, the “LOG IN” key will be displayed and Logging in at **SERVICE** access level must be performed before the Main Screen is displayed.
2. Not shown. Available when logged in at **SERVICE** access level, whether the chiller is running or not. Accessed from the **SETUP** screen via the **SETPOINTS** screen. There are two screens available that allow the Analog Inputs voltage levels and Digital I/O states to be monitored. These screens are preceded by a general screen that provides the installed software versions.

### SOFTWARE VERSION

**Controls** - Software that controls the chiller. On 031-01730-000 microboards, it resides in the removable Flash Memory Card (U46). On 031-02430-000 microboards, it resides in the non-removable Flash Memory chip (U35).

**BIOS** - BIOS Eprom on Microboard

**Kernel** - Software that is part of FLASH Memory Card

**GUI** - Software that is part of FLASH Memory Card

**SIO** - Software that is part of FLASH Memory Card

**GPIC** - Eprom in MicroGateway

## MAIN DIAGNOSTICS SCREEN

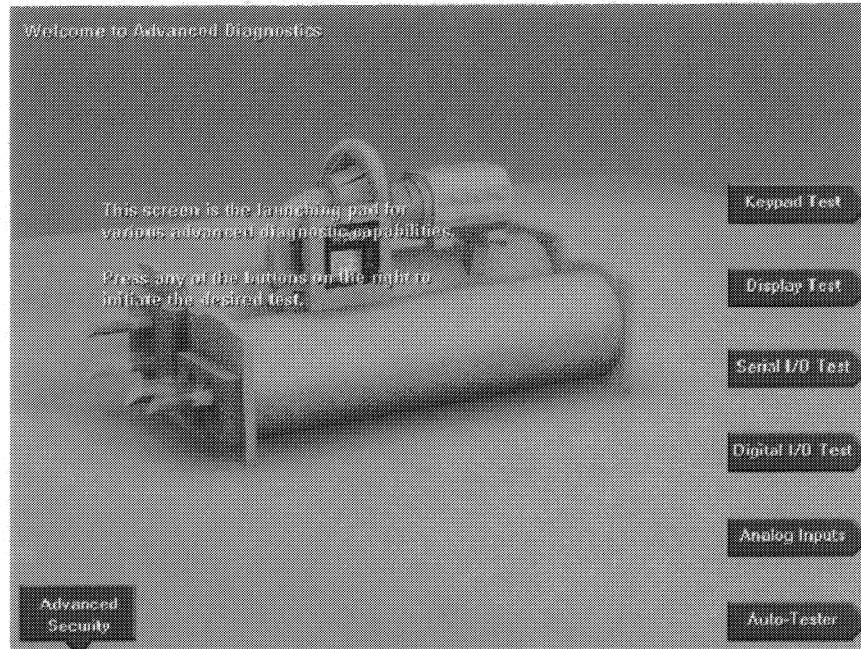


FIG. 65 – MAIN DIAGNOSTICS SCREEN

00335VIP

Each of the Diagnostics is accessed from this screen. Press the appropriate key to select the desired diagnostic. After each diagnostic is performed, return to this **MAIN** Screen, from which the next diagnostic can be selected.

Some of the diagnostics have sub-screens that are accessed from the selected diagnostic screen. The sub-screens are shown indented below:

### Main screen

- Keypad test
- Display test
  - Bit patterns test
  - All red
  - All green
  - All blue
  - All white
  - All black
- Serial I/O test
- Digital I/O test
- Analog Inputs

The **ADVANCED SECURITY** key is used during the manufacturing process and has no field service use.

## KEYPAD TEST

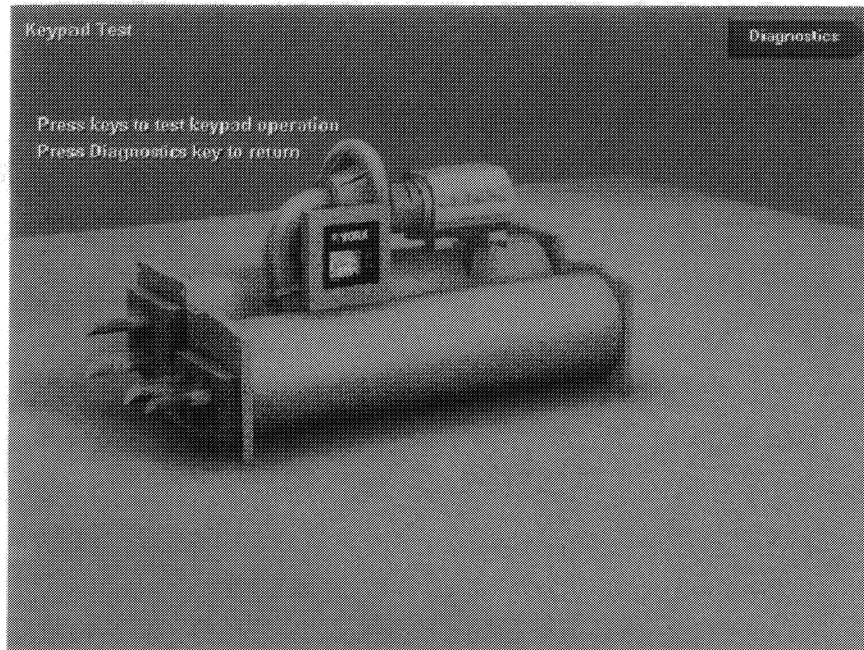


FIG. 66 – KEYPAD TEST SCREEN

00336VIP

This diagnostic is used to verify Keypad operation and the Microboard's ability to respond to a pressed key. Refer to description of Keypad operation in Section 8 of this book.

**PROCEDURE**

1. Press each keypad key. As the key is pressed, an illuminated LED is displayed corresponding to the key location on the keypad.
2. Press the **DIAGNOSTICS** key to return to the **MAIN DIAGNOSTICS** Screen.

**TROUBLESHOOTING**

If an LED is not displayed when a key is pressed, the Keypad, Keypad ribbon cable or Microboard could be defective. Use the following procedure to locate the defective component.

**1. Keypad**

- a. Disconnect the ribbon cable from the Keypad.

- b. Identify row/column coordinate of the key to be tested. Refer to Figure 33.

- c. In the Keypad connector, locate the pins of the row/column coordinate of the key of the key to be tested.

- d. Insert the leads of an Ohmmeter into the pins identified in step "c" above.

- e. Press the key to be tested. If the contact resistance is  $>100$  Ohms, the Keypad is defective.

- f. Release the key. If the contact resistance is  $< 1$  Meg Ohm, the Keypad is defective.

**2. Ribbon Cable**

Using an Ohmmeter, perform a continuity test on all conductors in the ribbon cable. An open circuit would indicate the ribbon Cable is defective.

**3. Microboard**

There are no checks or measurements to be made on the Microboard. If the Keypad and Ribbon Cable check OK per the above procedures, the Microboard is most likely the cause of the problem.

## DISPLAY TEST

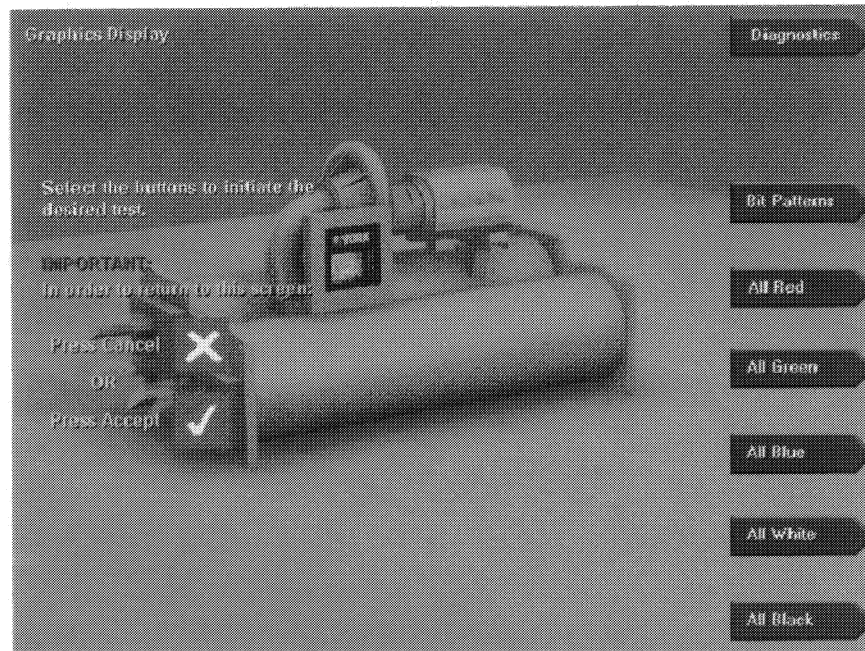


FIG. 67 – DISPLAY TEST MAIN SCREEN

00337VIP

Each of the Display Diagnostics is accessed from this screen. After each diagnostic is performed, return to this screen, from which the next diagnostic can be selected. Refer to description of Display operation in Sections 5 through 7 of this book.

### PROCEDURE

1. Press the appropriate keypad key to perform the desired test from the list below.
  2. Press the **CANCEL (X)** or **ENTER (✓)** key to terminate test and return to **DISPLAY TEST MAIN** screen, from which another test can be selected.
  3. When all the desired tests have been performed, press the **DIAGNOSTICS** key to return to the **MAIN DIAGNOSTICS** screen.
- **Bit Patterns** - This test is used to detect jitter and alignment defects. It verifies proper operation and compatibility of the Microboard Display Controller with the display. Four vertical bars of green, dark blue, light blue and yellow, outlined by a red border are displayed. If the vertical bars are not stable or straight, or the red border is not completely visible, then either the Microboard Program Jumpers are not configured correctly for the installed display or the Microboard Display controller is defective. Refer to Figure 66.
  - **All Red** - This test verifies the operation of all of the red pixels. All of the red pixels are turned on to create a completely red screen. Any red pixels that do not turn on will appear as black dots on the display. If any black dots appear, first ascertain it is not caused by dirt that is lodged between the display surface and the protective plastic cover. It is normal for a small number of randomly spaced pixels to not illuminate. It is not necessary to replace the display if a small number of black dots appear. They will not be visible on the normal screens displayed outside of this diagnostic mode. However, large black areas would be indicative of a defective display.
  - **All Green** - This test verifies the operation of all of the green pixels. All of the green pixels are turned on to create a completely green screen. Refer to description of “All Red” test above.
  - **All Blue** - This test verifies the operation of all of the blue pixels. All of the blue pixels are turned on to create a completely blue screen. Refer to description of “All Red” test above.
  - **All White** - This test verifies the display’s ability to turn on all pixels to display a completely white screen. Any pixel that does not turn on will appear as a black dot. Refer to description of “All Red” test above.
  - **All Black** - This test verifies the display’s ability to turn off all pixels to display a completely black screen. Any pixel that does not turn off will appear as a red, green, blue or white dot. Refer to description of “All Red” test above.

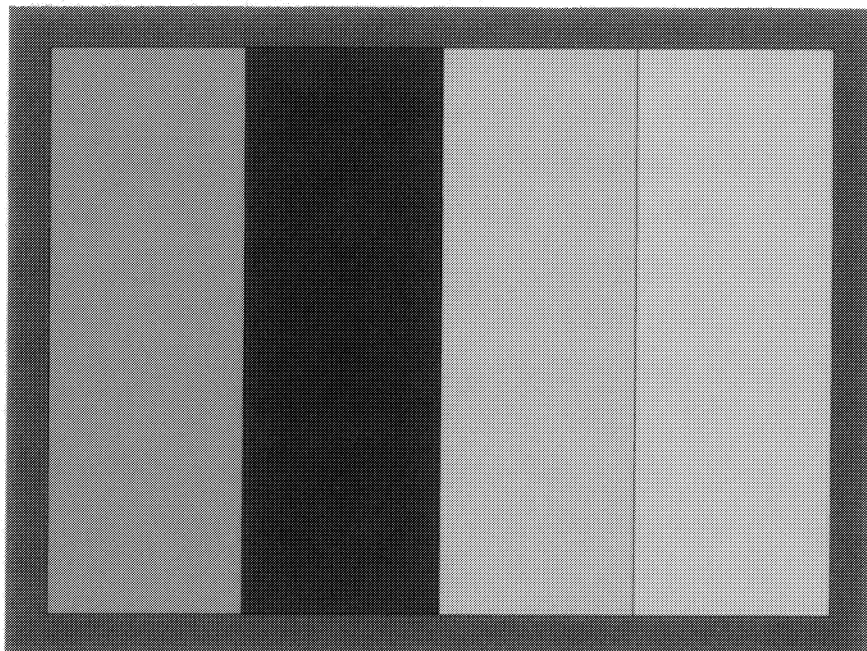


FIG. 68 – BIT PATTERNS TEST SCREEN

00338VIP

## TROUBLESHOOTING

If any of the above tests do not perform correctly as described above, perform the applicable procedure below:

### Test Failed:

**Bit Patterns** - If the vertical bars are not straight or if the red border is not completely visible, either the Microboard Program Jumpers are not configured correctly or for the installed Display or the Microboard is defective.

### All Red, All Green, All Blue, All White or All Black:

If these tests do not produce appropriate solid color screens, the Display Ribbon Cable, Display Interface Board, Microboard or Display could be defective. To locate the defective component perform tests in the following order:

#### 1. Display Ribbon Cable:

Using an Ohmmeter, perform a continuity test on all conductors in the ribbon cable. An open circuit would indicate the ribbon cable is defective.

#### 2. Display Interface Board:

Using an Ohmmeter, perform a continuity test on all conductors of the Interface Board. An open circuit

would indicate the Interface Board is defective.

#### 3. Microboard:

a. With the “All Red” test selected, the voltage at Microboard J5-6 through J5-11 (Red drivers bits 0-5), as measured to Gnd, should be  $> 3.0\text{VDC}$ . If not, the Microboard is defective.

b. With the “All Green” test selected, the voltage at Microboard J5-13 through J5-18 (Green drivers bits 0-5), as measured to Gnd, should be  $> 3.0\text{VDC}$ . If not, the Microboard is defective.

c. With the “All Blue” test selected, the voltage at Microboard J5-20 through J5-25 (Blue drivers bits 0-5), as measured to Grid, should be  $> 3.0\text{VDC}$ . If not, the Microboard is defective.

d. With the “All White” test selected, the voltage at Microboard J5-6 through J5-11, J5-13 through J5-18 and J5-20 through J5-25 should be  $> 3.0\text{VDC}$ . If not, the Microboard is defective.

e. With the “All Black” test selected, the voltage at Microboard J5-6 through J5-11, J5-13 Board. An through J5-18 and J5-20 through J25 should be  $< 1.0\text{VDC}$ . If not, the Microboard is defective.

#### 4. Display:

If the Display Ribbon Cable, Display Interface Board and Microboard check OK per the above procedures, the Display is most likely the cause of the problem.

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## SERIAL INPUTS / OUTPUTS TESTS

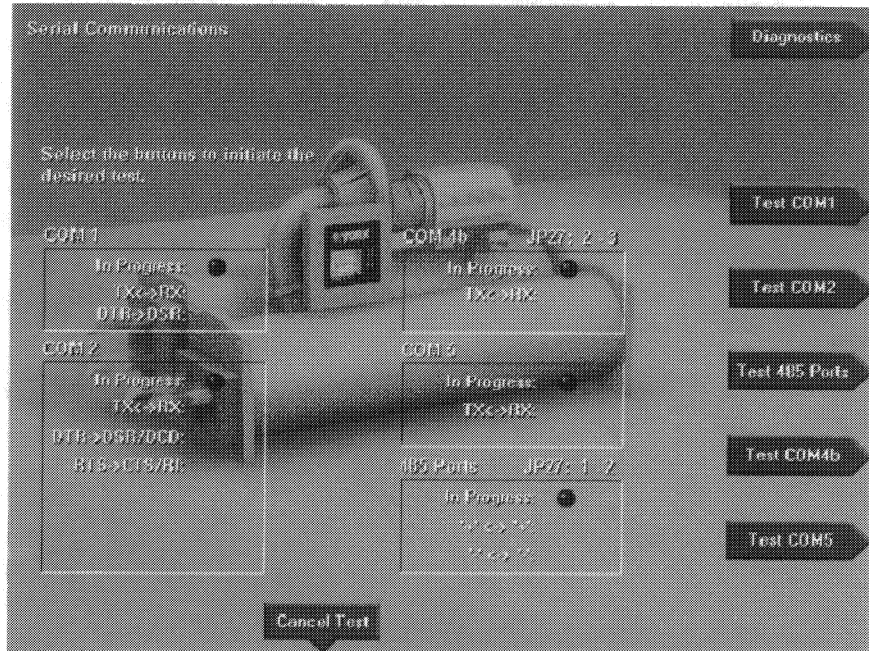


FIG. 69 – SERIAL INPUTS / OUTPUTS TEST SCREEN

00339VIP

This diagnostic is used to verify correct operation of the Serial Data Ports. There is a test for each of the five Serial Data Ports. Each RS-232 port (COM 1, 2 and 4b) is tested by transmitting serial test data from outputs to inputs of each port. Both the transmit and receive functions as well as the control lines are tested. The RS-485 ports (COM 3 and 4a) are tested by transmitting serial test data from one RS-485 port to another. The TX/RX opto-coupled port (COM 5) is tested by transmitting serial test data from the TX output to the RX input. If the received data matches the transmitted data, PASS is displayed, indicating the serial port is OK. Otherwise, FAIL is displayed, indicating the serial port is defective. Prior to performing each test, the Service Technician must install a wire loop-back connection as described below. Refer to Section 3 and Figure 11 of this book for description of the Serial data Ports.

### PROCEDURE

- Using small gauge wire, fabricate loop-back connections and install as follows for each port to be tested. Failure to install the loop-back connection or configure the Microboard Program jumper as noted will result in a FAIL outcome for the test.

|       | From       | To         |
|-------|------------|------------|
| COM 1 | J2-4 (TX)  | J2-3 (RX)  |
|       | J2-5 (DTR) | J2-2 (DSR) |

|       | From        | To                        |
|-------|-------------|---------------------------|
| COM 2 | J13-5 (TX)  | J13-3 (RX)                |
|       | J13-7 (DTR) | J13-1 (DCD) & J13-2 (DSR) |
|       | J13-4 (RTS) | J13-6 (CTS) & J13-8 (RI)  |

|                     | From      | To        |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| RS-485 (COM 3 & 4a) | J12-3 (+) | J11-3 (+) |
|                     | J12-2 (-) | J11-2 (-) |

*Microboard Program Jumper JP27 must be installed in position 1 & 2.*

|        | From       | To         |
|--------|------------|------------|
| COM 4b | J2-7 (GTX) | J2-6 (GRX) |

*Microboard Program Jumper JP27 must be installed in position 2 & 3.*

|       | From           | To    |
|-------|----------------|-------|
| COM 5 | J15-1 (TX)     | J15-4 |
|       | J15-2 (RX)     | J15-5 |
|       | J15-3 (Common) | J15-6 |

*Make individual wire connections or use YORK loop-around diagnostic connector 025-33778-000 as depicted in Figure 68 This connector is available from the YORK Parts Distribution Center.*

2. After connecting appropriate loop-back connections above, press the appropriate key to initiate the desired test. An LED will illuminate indicating the test is in progress. If it is desired to terminate the test, press the CANCEL TEST key. Test data is sent from an output to an input as described below. At the completion of each test, if the data received matches the data sent, the Serial Port operates properly and PASS is displayed. Otherwise, FAIL is displayed, indicating the Serial Port is defective. A FAIL result would be indicative of a defective Microboard. The following is a description of each test.

**COM 1** – Two tests are performed. Test data is sent from TX (J2-4) to RX (J2-3) at 9600 Baud and DTR (J2-5) is set to a Logic High level and read at DSR (J2-2). If any test fails, COM 1 tests are terminated.

**COM 2** – Three tests are performed. Test data is sent from TX (J13-5) to RX (J13-3) at 19200 Baud.

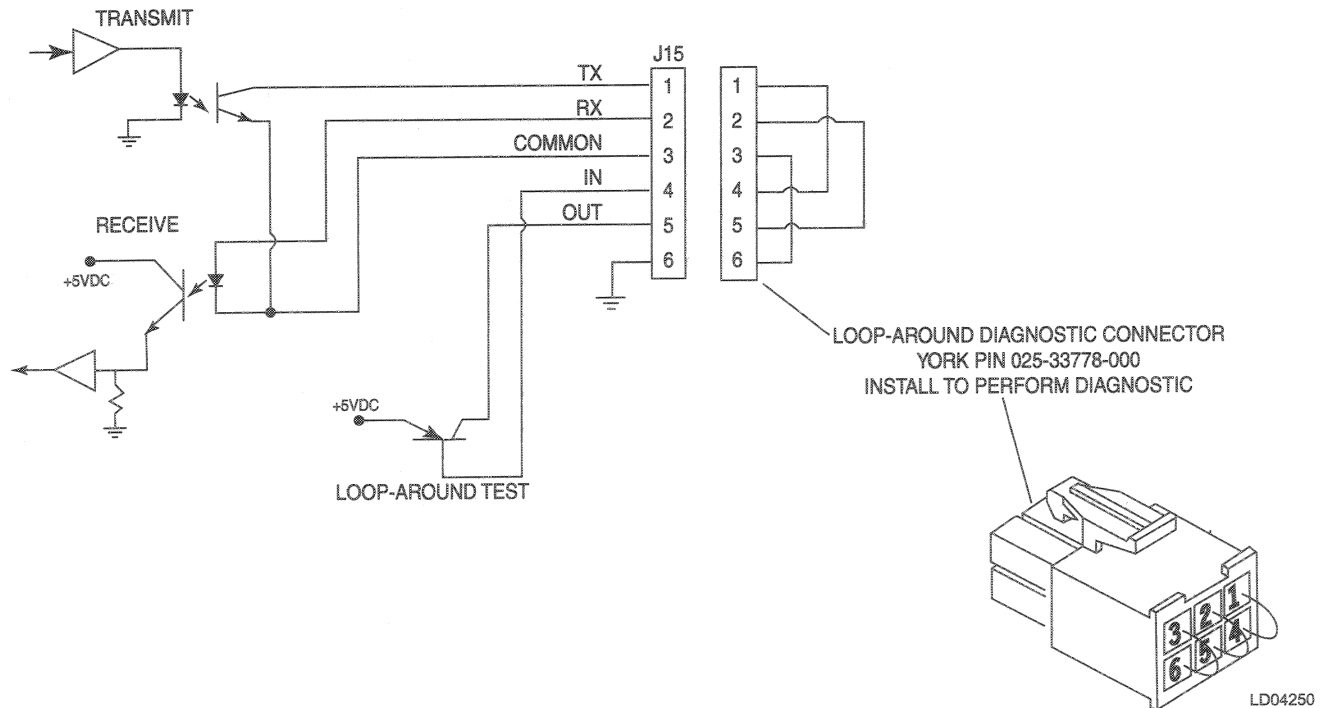
DTR (J13-7) is set to a Logic High and read at DSR (J13-2) & DCD (J13-1). RTS (J13-4) is set to a Logic High and read at CTS (J13-6) & R1 (J13-8). If any test fails, COM 2 tests are terminated.

**RS-485 (COM 3 & 4a)** – Test data is sent from COM 3 RS-485 port to COM 4a RS-485 Port at 19200 Baud. Test data is then sent from COM 4a to COM 3 at the same rate. If either test fails, RS-485 tests are terminated.

**COM 4b** – Test data is sent from GTX (J2-7) to GRX (J2-6) at 19200 Baud.

**COM 5** – Test data is sent from TX (J15-1) to J15-4 at 1200 Baud. This output turns the Microboard's loop-around test Transistor on and off, applying 0/+5VDC pulses from J15-5 to RX (J15-2) input.

3. After all desired tests have been performed, press the **DIAGNOSTICS** key to return to the **MAIN DIAGNOSTICS** Screen.



LD04250

FIG. 70 – MICROBOARD - COM 5 SERIAL DATA PORT

## DIGITAL INPUTS / OUTPUTS TESTS

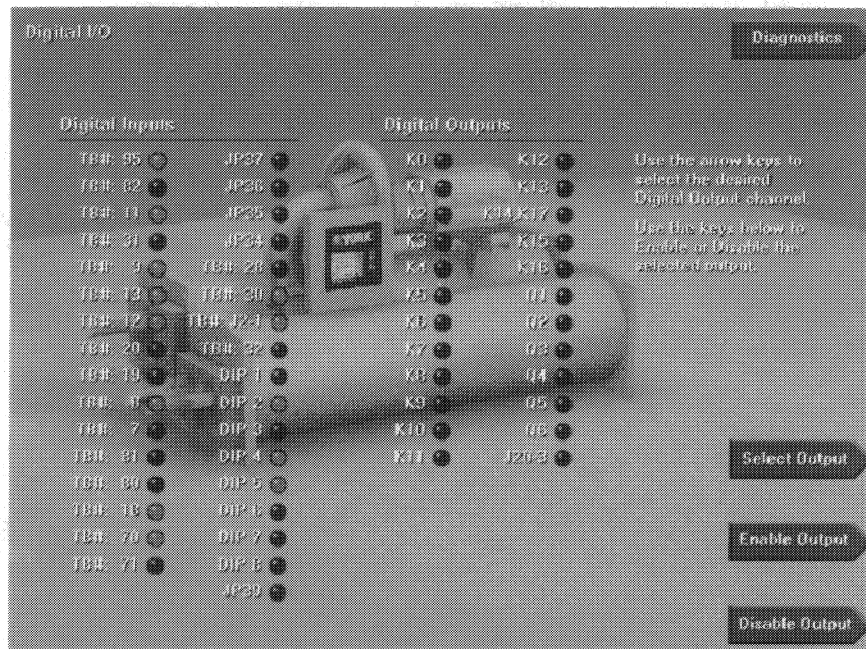


FIG. 71 – DIGITAL INPUTS / OUTPUTS TEST SCREEN

00340VIP

This diagnostic is used to analyze the digital inputs and outputs of the Microboard. Refer to description of I/O Board in Section 4 of this book.

The state of each Microboard Digital Input, Program Jumper and Program DIP Switch, as interpreted by the Microboard, is depicted by an LED. If the Microboard interprets its input as being at a Logic Low (<1.0VDC) level, the LED is illuminated. If interpreted as being at a Logic High (>4.0VDC) level, the LED is extinguished.

The state of the Microboard's intended drive signals to each of the Relays on the I/O Board is depicted by an LED. If the intended output is a Logic Low level (<1.0VDC), the LED is illuminated. If the intended output is a Logic High level (>10.0VDC), the LED is extinguished. Logic Low outputs energize the Relays. Logic High outputs de-energize the Relays. The state of any output can be manually set to either the ENABLED (Logic Low) or DISABLED (Logic High) state.

## PROCEDURE

## Digital Inputs:

1. The Digital Inputs are listed on this screen according to a.) Terminal number on the I/O Board and b.) Microboard Program Jumpers and Program

DIP Switches. Figure 14 shows the devices connected to these terminals. Tables 1 and 2 list the functions of the Program Jumpers and Switches.

2. With 115VAC applied to a particular I/O Board Digital Input, the applicable LED should be illuminated. If the LED is not illuminated, perform appropriate Troubleshooting procedure below.
3. With 0VAC applied to a particular I/O Board Digital Input, the applicable LED should be extinguished. If the LED is not extinguished, perform appropriate Troubleshooting procedure below.
4. If a Program Jumper is present, the applicable LED should be extinguished. If the LED is not extinguished, the Microboard is defective.
5. If a Program Jumper is not present, the applicable LED should be illuminated. If the LED is not illuminated, the Microboard is defective.
6. If a Program Switch (DIP) is in the ON position, the applicable LED should be illuminated. If the LED is not illuminated, the Microboard is defective.
7. If the Program Switch (DIP) is in the OFF position, the applicable LED should be extinguished. If the LED is not extinguished, the Microboard is defective.
8. When all desired tests have been performed, press **DIAGNOSTICS** key to return to **MAIN DIAGNOSTICS** Screen.

## Digital Outputs:

1. **IMPORTANT!** - The following steps cannot be performed until the Motor Controller connection between TB6-1 and TB6-53 has been removed. This connection could be a jumper or it could be a connection from external devices in the starter. The Program will prevent manual control of Digital Output devices until this connection is removed.
2. The Digital Outputs are listed on this Screen according to Relay and Triac number (KI, Q3, etc). Figure 17 shows the external devices that are connected to these Relays and Triacs and the functions of each one.
3. Press **SELECT** key. An arrow will appear adjacent to Relay KO.
4. Select a relay or triac for manual control by using the ▲ and ▼ keys to place the arrow adjacent to the desired device.
5. Press the **ENABLE OUTPUT** key to enable the selected output. The LED adjacent to the selected output should illuminate. If it does not, perform **KEYPAD Diagnostics** test. If a relay is selected, it should energize, closing its contacts. If a triac is selected, it will turn on, energizing the device it is connected to. If the relay does not energize or triac does not turn on, perform appropriate troubleshooting procedure below.
6. Press the **DISABLE OUTPUT** key to disable the selected output. The LED adjacent to the selected output should extinguish. If it does not, perform **KEYPAD diagnostic** test. If a relay is selected, it should de-energize, opening its contacts. If a triac is selected, it will turn off, de-energizing the device it is connected to. If relay does not de-energize or triac does not turn off, perform appropriate troubleshooting procedure below.
7. When all desired tests have been performed, press **DIAGNOSTICS** key to return to the **MAIN DIAGNOSTICS** Screen.
8. Install Motor Controller connection from TB6-I to TB6-53 removed in step 1.

## Digital Inputs Troubleshooting:

If any of the Digital Inputs tests fail to perform as described above, perform the following steps in sequence. Refer to Figure 14 and applicable wiring diagram referenced at the beginning of Section 23. If a defective component is found during any of the following steps, replace the component as instructed and repeat the digital Inputs Procedure above to determine if the problem has been resolved.

1. Remove I/O Board ribbon cable. Using an Ohmmeter, perform a continuity check on I/O Board ribbon cable J1-21 to J19-21, J1-22 to J19-22 and applicable output pin of function that failed in Procedure above. If an open circuit is detected, replace ribbon cable. Otherwise, install ribbon cable and proceed to next step.
2. Measure the +5VDC supply voltage to the I/O Board on I/O Board between J1-21 and J1-22. If >4.5VDC, proceed to next step. If < 4.5VDC, disconnect ribbon cable at I/O Board J1 and repeat the measurement at J1. If <4.5VDC, replace the Microboard. Re-install the ribbon cable.
3. With 115VAC ( $\pm 10\%$ ) applied to the I/O Board digital input that failed in Procedure above, the applicable I/O Board output at J1 should be at a Logic low level (<1.0VDC). If it is >1.0VDC, replace the I/O Board. If the output is at a Logic Low level, the applicable LED should be illuminated. If the LED is not illuminated, replace the Microboard.
4. With 0VAC applied to the I/O Board digital input that failed in Procedure above, the applicable I/O Board output at J1 should be at a Logic High level (>4.0VDC). If it is <4.0VDC, replace the I/O Board. If the output is at a Logic High level, the applicable LED should be extinguished. If it is not extinguished, replace the Microboard.

## Digital Outputs Troubleshooting:

If any of the Digital outputs tests fail to perform as described above, perform the following steps in sequence. Refer to Figure 17 and applicable wiring diagram referenced at the beginning of Section 23. If a defective component is found during any of the steps, replace the component as instructed and repeat the Procedure above to determine if the problem has been resolved.

1. Remove I/O Board ribbon cable. Using an Ohmmeter, perform a continuity test on the cable J1-25 to J19-25, J1-26 to J19-26 and applicable output pin of function that failed in Procedure above. If an open circuit is detected, replace ribbon cable. Otherwise, install ribbon cable and proceed to next step.
2. Measure the +12VDC supply voltage to the I/O Board on I/O Board between J1-26 (+12VDC) and J1-25 (Gnd). If >11.0VDC, proceed to next step. If <11.0VDC, disconnect ribbon cable at I/O Board J1 and repeat measurement at J1. If <11.0VDC, replace the Microboard. Re-install the ribbon cable.
3. Using the Digital Outputs Procedure above, select the output that failed the digital Output test above.

4. Press **ENABLE OUTPUT** key. The LED adjacent to the selected output will illuminate. The appropriate Microboard output pin at J19 for the selected output should be at a Logic Low level (<1.0VDC). If it is >1.0VDC, replace the Microboard. With the output at a Logic Low, the following should occur:
  - a. If a Relay is selected as the output, the contacts of the relay should be closed. If they are not closed, replace the I/O Board.
  - b. If a Triac is selected as the output, the Triac should be turned on. If the Triac has not turned on, replace the I/O Board. See note 1 below for Triac testing.
5. Press **DISABLE OUTPUT** key. The LED adjacent to the selected output will extinguish.
  - a. If a Relay is selected as the output, the appropriate Microboard output pin at J19 for the selected output should be at a Logic High (>10.0VDC) level. With the output at a Logic High level, the relay contacts should be open. If they are not open, replace the I/O Board. If it is <10.0VDC, remove the ribbon cable from J1 of the I/O Board. On the I/O Board, measure the resistance from J1-26 to the appropriate pin of J1 on the I/O Board for the selected relay. If the resistance is >100 Ohms, replace the

I/O Board. If the resistance is <100 Ohms, replace the Microboard.

- b. If a Triac is selected as the output, the appropriate Microboard output pin at J19 for the selected output should be at a Logic High (>10.0VDC) level. If it is <10.0VDC, replace the Microboard. With the output at a Logic High level, the Triac should be turned off. If the Triac has not turned off, replace the I/O Board. See note 1 below for Triac testing.

#### Notes:

1. The load (actuator) must be connected across the Triac to determine the on/off state of the Triac. The on/off state of the Triac can be determined by measuring across the device (for example, TB1-3 to TB1-59 or TB1-58 to TB1-59) with an AC Voltmeter. If the Triac is turned on, the voltage will be <10VAC. If the Triac is turned off, the voltage will be >100VAC (Slide Valve actuator) or >20VAC (PRV, Hot Gas or Refrigerant Level Control actuator).

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## ANALOG INPUTS TEST

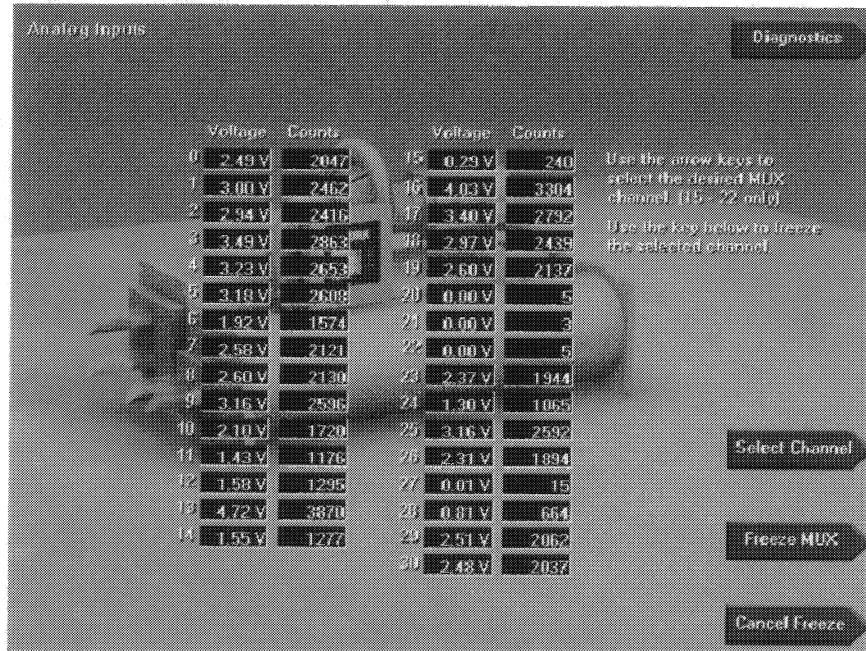


FIG. 72 – ANALOG INPUTS TEST SCREEN

00341VIP

This diagnostic is used to analyze the Analog Inputs to the Microboard. The voltage level of each Analog input, as interpreted by the Microboard, is displayed. The "Counts" listed for each parameter is the Analog-to-Digital (A/D) converter value and is for manufacturing and engineering use only.

If the chiller is shutting down on an Analog Safety or is prevented from starting because of an Analog input, there is probably an Analog Input problem. This Screen can be used in the investigation of this problem.

**Important!** This test does not apply to the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature analog input, Proximity Probe DC Voltage reference or a 0-10VDC Remote Setpoint input at channels 27 and 28.

The following is a list of the Analog inputs displayed. Refer to the appropriate Section of this book for an explanation of each: Pressure Transducers - Section 17, Thermistors - Section 18, Proximity Probe - Section 13, Refrigerant Level Control - Section 14, Solid State Starter (Mod "A" only) - Section 11 and Current Module (CM-2) - Section 10.

**Channel**

- 0 - +2.5VDC Analog supply voltage reference. Microboard TP6.
- 1 - Not Used

- 2 - Return Chilled Liquid Temperature
- 3 - Leaving Condenser Liquid Temperature
- 4 - Return Condenser Liquid Temperature
- 5 - Drop Leg Refrigerant Temperature
- 6 - Discharge Temperature
- 7 - Oil Temperature
- 8 - Evaporator Refrigerant Temperature
- 9 - Condenser Pressure
- 10 - Evaporator Pressure
- 11 - Sump Oil Pressure
- 12 - Pump Oil Pressure
- 13 - Proximity Probe DC Voltage Reference (Not applicable to "P" compressors and style F and later chillers with "G, Q" and "H5-8" compressors)
- 14 - Proximity Probe Position (Not applicable to "P" compressors and style F and later chillers with "G, Q" and "H5-8" compressors)
- 15 - Solid State Starter/CM-2 MUX output Channel 0
- 16 - Solid State Starter/CM-2 MUX output Channel 1
- 17 - Solid State Starter/CM-2 MUX output Channel 2
- 18 - Solid State Starter/CM-2 MUX output Channel 3
- 19 - Solid State Starter/CM-2 MUX output Channel 4
- 20 - Solid State Starter/CM-2 MUX output Channel 5
- 21 - Solid State Starter/CM-2 MUX output Channel 6

- 22 - Solid State Starter/CM-2 MUX output Channel 7
- 23 - Refrigerant Level Position
- 24 - Stall Transducer Output (Chillers equipped w/  
Variable Geometry Diffuser)(Software version  
C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306  
(and later))
- 25 - Stall Detector Board output (chillers equipped  
with Variable Geometry Diffuser only) (Soft-  
ware version C.MLM.01.10.xxx (and later) or  
C.OPT.01.10.302 (and later))
- 26 - Pre-rotation Vanes Potentiometer output (chillers  
equipped with Variable Geometry Diffuser but  
not equipped with compressor motor Variable  
Speed Drive or Hot Gas Bypass) (Software version  
C.MLM.01.10.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.10.302 (and  
later))
- 27 - Remote Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature  
Setpoint (0-20mA or 4-20mA)
- 28 - Remote Current Limit Setpoint (0-20mA or  
4-20mA)
- 29 - Condenser Flow Sensor (style F and later chillers)  
(Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx  
and later).
- 30 - Evaporator Flow Sensor (style F and later chillers)  
(Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx  
and later)

#### Procedure:

1. From the chart above, select the analog input that is malfunctioning. All inputs except channel 0, 15 through 22, 27 and 28 are sensors that connect directly to the Microboard via shielded cable. Channel 0 is a reference voltage for the Analog circuits on the Microboard. Channels 15 through 22 are multiplexed outputs from the Solid State Starter (Solid State Starter applications) or CM-2 Current Module (Electro-Mechanical Starter applications). Channels 27 and 28 are Remote Setpoint inputs used in Analog Remote mode.
2. Refer to Wiring Diagrams listed in front of this Section to identify the device that performs this function and the jack and pin connection to the Microboard.
3. • **Channel 0:**  
Using a Voltmeter, measure the voltage between Microboard TP6 (+2.5VDC) and TP1 (Gnd).  
Compare this measured value to the displayed value. If the value is not within  $\pm 10\%$ , replace the Microboard.

#### • All channels except 0, 1, 15-22:

Using a Voltmeter, measure the analog input to the Microboard. Make the measurement between the device output and Ground connection to the device. For example, measure the output of the Evaporator Transducer at Microboard J8-18 (signal) to J8-9 (Gnd).

#### • Channels 15-22:

Select the desired channel by pressing the **SELECT CHANNEL** key and using the  $\blacktriangle$  and  $\blacktriangledown$  keys to place the arrow head next to the desired channel. Then, freeze the address of that channel to the Solid State Starter or CM-2 MUX. Then measure MUX output at Microboard J10-6 (signal) to J10-5 (Gnd). When completed, press **CANCEL FREEZE** key.

#### • Channels 27, 28:

**IMPORTANT!** This procedure only applies to 4-20mA inputs. It does not apply to 0-10VDC inputs. Using a Voltmeter, measure the Remote Current Limit setpoint input at J22-2 (signal) or Remote Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature setpoint input at J22-4 (signal) to J22-5 (Gnd).

4. Compare the measured value in the previous step with the value displayed on the Analog Inputs Screen for that value.
5. If the measured value is not within  $\pm 15\%$  of the displayed value, replace the Microboard. Otherwise, proceed to the troubleshooting procedure below to find the cause of the problem.
6. When all desired tests have been performed, press **DIAGNOSTICS** key to return the **MAIN DIAGNOSTICS** Screen.

#### Troubleshooting :

#### • All Channels except 0, 1, 15-22, 27, 28:

1. Disconnect both ends of the cable of the Analog input that is malfunctioning. Using an Ohmmeter, perform a continuity test on all conductors in the cable. An open circuit would indicate the cable is defective.
2. Using a Voltmeter, measure the +12VDC supply voltage input at the Microboard J1-3 (+12VDC) to J1-2 (Gnd). If voltage is  $< 11.5\text{VDC}$ , check wiring to Power Supply. If wiring is OK, the Power supply is most likely defective.
3. Using a Voltmeter, measure the supply voltage (+5VDC, +1 2VDC or +24VDC) to the sensor. If voltage is not within  $\pm 10\%$  of specified voltage,

disconnect J7, J8 and J9 from the Microboard. This disconnects all analog devices from the Microboard. If the voltage increases to the correct level, a Thermistor or Transducer is shorted. Locate the shorted device and replace. If, after disconnecting the connectors the supply voltage is still not within 10% of the specified value, the voltage supply source (Microboard or Power Supply) is most likely defective.

4. Verify sensor accuracy using appropriate test device. Replace sensor if necessary.

• **Channels 15 - 22:**

1. Disconnect both ends of ribbon cable connected to Microboard J10. Using an Ohmmeter, perform a continuity test on all conductors in the cable. An open circuit would indicate the cable is defective.
2. Using a Voltmeter, measure the +12VDC supply voltage input at the Microboard J1-3 (+12VDC) to J1-2 (Gnd). If voltage is <11.5VDC, check wiring to Power Supply. If wiring is OK, the Power Supply is most likely defective.
3. Using a Voltmeter, measure the +5VDC supply voltage to the Solid State Starter Logic Board or CM-2 Board. Make measurement at Microboard J10-4(+5VDC) to J10-5 (Gnd). If voltage is <4.5VDC, replace the Microboard.
4. Using a Voltmeter, verify the correct address is being sent from the Microboard to the Solid State Starter Logic Board or CM-2 Board. Freeze address as described above. If the address is correct, the Solid State Starter Logic Board or CM-2 Board or input devices to these boards is most likely the cause of the problem. If address is not correct, the Microboard is most likely the cause of the problem.
5. Press **CANCEL FREEZE** key.

• **Channels 27, 28:**

1. Refer to Table 1 "Microboard Program Jumpers" and verify Program Jumpers JP23 and JP24 are configured correctly for the type of input (0-10VDC or 4-20mA).
2. Disconnect both ends of the cable of the remote input that is malfunctioning. Using an Ohmmeter, perform a continuity check on all conductors in the cable. An open circuit would indicate the cable is defective.
3. If steps are OK, problem most likely is in the remote device that supplies the remote signal.

## SECTION 25

### SYSTEM COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST

Use the following checklist during commissioning to assure all Setpoints have been programmed to the desired value and all calibrations have been performed. The programming of some of the Setpoints require a **SERVICE** access level. To assure access to all Setpoints, login at **SERVICE** access level before beginning. The Setpoints are grouped under the Display Screen in which they appear. The indented screens are subscreens of the numbered screens and are accessed from the numbered screens. An explanation of each setpoint or Calibration Procedure below is contained in the reference document listed in parenthesis adjacent to each item. If any of the Setpoints have to be changed, use the standard programming procedures in Operation Manual Form 160.54-O1. Thresholds, values and calibrations of items marked with an asterisk "\*" have been determined and entered/set at the YORK Factory at the time of manufacture.

1. **PROGRAM JUMPERS/SWITCHES:**  
(160.54-M1)

\_\_\_ Verify Microboard Program Jumpers and Program Switches are configured appropriately. If equipped with Microboard 031-01730-000, refer to Section 3 Tables 1 and 2. If equipped with Microboard 031-02430-000, refer to Section 3A Table 3 and 4.

2. **EVAPORATOR Screen:** (160.54-O1)

Enter the following Setpoints:

\_\_\_ Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp (except ISN Remote mode)

\_\_\_ Remote Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp Setpoint Range (except ISN Remote mode)

\_\_\_ Low Chilled Liquid Temp cycling shutdown temperature

\_\_\_ Low Chilled Liquid Temp cycling shutdown Restart temperature

\_\_\_ Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp control Sensitivity (160.54-M1)

\_\_\_ Brine Low Evaporator Pressure Cutout threshold\* (160.54-M1)

\_\_\_ Smart Freeze Protection On/Off (160.54-M1)

\_\_\_ Refrigerant Temp sensor Enable/Disable (160.54-M1)

3. **CONDENSER Screen:** (160.54-M1)

\_\_\_ Enter the High Pressure Limit/Warning threshold Setpoint

\_\_\_ Drop Leg refrigerant Temp Sensor Enable/Disable

**REFRIGERANT LEVEL CONTROL/  
TUNING Screen:** (160.54-M1)

Verify the following Setpoints:

\_\_\_ Level Setpoint\*

\_\_\_ Control Period\*

\_\_\_ Proportional Limit Open\*(Software version C.MLM.01.11.xxx (and earlier) or C.OPT.01.11.xxx (and earlier))

\_\_\_ Proportional Limit Close\*(Software version C.MLM.01.11.xxx (and earlier) or C.OPT.01.11.xxx (and later))

\_\_\_ Rate Limit Open\*(Software version C.MLM.01.11.xxx (and earlier) or C.OPT.01.11.xxx (and earlier))

\_\_\_ Rate Limit Close\*(Software version C.MLM.01.11.xxx (and earlier) or C.OPT.01.11.xxx (and earlier))

\_\_\_ Manual or Auto control (as desired)

\_\_\_ Verify Refrigerant Level Sensor calibration

\_\_\_ Valve Preset Time (Software version C.MLM.01.07.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.xxx (and later))

\_\_\_ Ramp-up Time (Software version C.MLM.01.07.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.xxx (and later))

\_\_\_ Rate Limit (Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306 (and later))

4. **COMPRESSOR Screen:** (160.54-M1)

\_\_\_ Select Pre-rotation Vanes Manual or Auto control.

**PROXIMITY PROBE CALIBRATION Screen (except "P" Compressors):**

\_\_\_ Verify that a Proximity Probe Reference Position\* had been entered.

**PRE-ROTATION VANES CALIBRATE Screen:**

\_\_\_ Perform Pre-rotation Vanes calibration (compressor motor VSD and Hot Gas Bypass applications only)

**VSD TUNING Screen:**

\_\_\_ Select Auto or Manual compressor motor frequency control (compressor motor VSD applications only)

**5. HOT GAS BYPASS Screen: (160.54-M1)**

If chiller is equipped with optional Hot Gas Bypass, enable operation on the **OPERATIONS** screen and enter the following setpoints:

- Maximum Open (Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.05.xxx and later)
- Surge Sensitivity (moved to Surge Protection Screen in Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.05.xxx and later)
- Hold Period
- Close Percentage
- Minimum Load
- Manual or Auto Control, as desired

**6. SURGE PROTECTION Screen: (160.54-M1)**  
(Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.05.xxx and later)

- Enable/Disable Excess Surge Shutdown feature.
- Enable/Disable Extended Run feature
- Count Window
- Count Limit
- Surge Sensitivity

**7. VARIABLE GEOMETRY DIFFUSER Screen: (160.54-M1)**

If compressor is equipped with the variable Geometry Diffuser, enable operation on the **OPERATIONS** Screen and enter the following setpoints:

- Surge Reaction Time
- PRV Offset
- Probe Wait Time
- Open Pulse
- High Limit
- Low Limit
- Extreme Stall Duration (Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306 (and later))
- PRV VGD inhibit (Software version C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.14.306 (and later))
- Manual or Auto control, as desired

**8. OIL SUMP Screen: (160.54-M1)**

Standby Lubrication Enable/Disable If chiller is equipped with the Oil Pump Variable speed Drive, verify the following Setpoints have been entered:

- Oil Pressure Setpoint\*
- Control Period\*
- Manual or Auto control (as desired)

**9. MOTOR Screen:**

- Enter the desired Current Limit Setpoint (160.54-O1)
- Enter the desired Pulldown Demand Limit and Time Setpoint (160.54-O1)

**Solid State Starter Applications: (160.54-M1)****Mod "B" Solid State Starter:**

Verify the following Setpoints have been programmed:

- Full Load Amps\*
- Start Current\*
- Supply Voltage Range\*
- Enable Open SCR Detection
- Enable Shorted SCR Detection (Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.04.xxx and later)
- KWH Reset

**Mod "A" Solid State Starter:**

Verify the following Setpoints have been programmed:

- Full Load Amps\*
- Supply Voltage Range\*
- Current Unbalance Check - Enable or Disable\*

**Logic Board:**

- Verify location of 300V/600V Jumper\*
- Verify Start Current calibration\*
- Verify 105% FLA calibration\*

**Electro-Mechanical Starter applications: (160.54-M1)****Current Module:**

- Verify Switch S1 (Ydelta/57% or all others) setting\*
- Verify Pot R16 (LRA/FLA ratio) setting\*
- Verify slide bar resistor "RES" setting\*
- Verify 105% FLA calibration\*
- Verify 100% FLA display\*

**Variable Speed Drive applications: (160.54-M1 and 160.00-M1)**

- KWH Reset

**VSD DETAILS Screen:**

- Set chiller Full Load amps (FLA) value by adjusting Potentiometer on VSD Logic Board

**ADAPTIVE CAPACITY CONTROL(ACC)****DETAILS Screen:**

- Surge Map Auto Print Enable/Disable  
The following Setpoints should not be changed unless instructed by YORK Factory.
- Surge Margin adjust\*  
 Stability Limit\*

**10. SETPOINTS Screen: (160.54-01)**

With the exception of the "Remote Analog Input Range", the setpoints listed on the **SETPOINTS** Screen have already been programmed above on Previous Screens. The values shown reflect the previously programmed values. However, the setpoints listed here can be changed on this screen if desired. This screen is used primarily as a central location from which most setpoints can be programmed. If it is not desired to change any of the listed setpoints, proceed to the **SETUP** Screen below.

- Remote Analog Input Range

**SETUP Screen:**

- Enable Clock  
 Enter CLOCK Time and Date  
 Select 12 or 24 hour display mode

**Microboard 031-01730-000:**

- The state of Program Jumpers/Switches that affect chiller operation are displayed. These were configured in step 1 above. Confirm they are correct. (160.54-M1 Section 3)

**Microboard 031-02430-000:**

- The state of Program Switches SW1-1 (Refrigerant Selection) and SW1-2 (Liquid Type) is displayed. These were configured in step 1 above. Confirm they are correct. (160.54-M1)

**Enter the following Setpoints: (160.54-M1)**

- Chilled Liquid Pump Operation  
 Motor Drive Type  
 Anti-Recycle  
 Power Failure Restart  
 Coastdown  
 Pre-run  
 Oil Pump Package
- SCHEDULE Screen:**  
 Enable or Disable Daily start/stop schedule as required.  
 Enter chiller **START/STOP** schedule if required.

**USER Screen:**

- Select desired Display language  
 Select desired Display units; **ENGLISH** or **METRIC**  
 If desired, establish custom **USER ID's** and **PASSWORDS** (160.54-M1)

**COMMS Screen:**

If Modem and or Printer is connected to the Microboard Serial data ports, enter the following parameters as required for each device connected:

- Baud rate  
 Number of data bits  
 Number of stop bits  
 Parity

Enter appropriate number for Modem, Printer or ISN Remote application:

- Chiller ID (identification)

**PRINTER Screen:**

If Printer is connected to Microboard serial ports, enter the following:

- Automatic print logging Enable/disable  
 Automatic printer logging start time  
 Automatic print logging interval  
 Printer type  
 Report type; **STATUS**, **SETPOINTS**, **SCHEDULE** or **SALES ORDER**

**SALES ORDER Screen:**

- Enter system commissioning date

**OPERATIONS Screen: (160.54-M1)**

- Select desired Control Source (operating mode); **LOCAL**, **ISN Remote**, **DIGITAL Remote** or **ANALOG Remote**  
 Refrigerant Level Control operation Enable/Disable  
 Hot Gas Bypass Control (optional) Enable/Disable  
 Variable Geometry Diffuser (Enable/Disable) (Chillers equipped with Variable Geometry Diffuser. Software version C.MLM.01.10.xxx (and later) or C.OPT.01.10.302 (and Later)  
 Edit Regional phone number if necessary (Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.05.xxx and later)  
 Enter Local phone number (Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.05.xxx and later)  
 Enter Chiller Style/Compressor (Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later)  
 Enter Flow Sensor type (Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.08.xxx and later).

## SECTION 26

### SERVICE INFORMATION LETTERS / BULLETINS

#### SI0006 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE MAY 2001

##### General

Beginning May 2001, an enhanced Flash Memory Card will be supplied with new production Nema 1-4 and CE chillers. New features are outlined below and are also included in YORK Operation Manual 160.54-O1 and Service Manual 160.54-M1.

Flash Memory Card versions and part numbers are applied as follows:

- Nema 1-4 Chillers C.MLM.01.05A.102 (031-01797-001)
- CE Chillers C.MLM.01.05A.203 (031-01797-002)

The enhanced flash cards are also available from the Baltimore Parts Distribution Center for retrofit to existing chillers.

##### Surge Protection

The Surge protection feature detects surge events and provides a running count of the events that occur over the lifetime of the chiller. An excess surge threshold can be programmed to detect excessive surging. If excess surging is detected, it can be configured to shutdown the chiller or initiate a special surge correction/avoidance mode or simply display a warning message. A Surge Protection display Screen displays all parameters relevant to this feature.

##### Trend Screen – Triggered Chart

A “TRIGGERED” chart can now be created. This is in addition to the ONE SCREEN and CONTINUOUS chart types that can be created in previous Flash Memory Card versions. With the TRIGGERED chart type, data collection can be set to START or STOP based upon the status of up to two Operator selected conditions (TRIGGERS) and a selected TRIGGER DELAY. If START is selected, data collection will not begin until all triggers have been satisfied and any selected TRIGGER DELAY has elapsed. Data collection will stop at the completion of one screen of data. If STOP is selected, data collection will begin when manually initiated, and will stop when all triggers have been satisfied and any selected TRIGGER DELAY has elapsed.

This feature is a valuable troubleshooting tool for Service technicians. It allows an event that occurs during unattended hours to be captured for viewing at a later time. The trigger event results in a screen of frozen trend data that will remain on the screen until manually cleared.

##### Display of Service Phone Numbers

Two service phone numbers (Regional and Local), with labels, can be displayed on the OPERATIONS Screen. The Default value for the Regional number is the North American Toll Free number. However, the label and number can be changed to any desired value. The Local label and number can also be entered.

##### Hot Gas Bypass Enhancement

In previous Flash Memory Card versions, when the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature decreased to the “Minimum Load” setpoint, the Hot Gas Valve was opened to the 100% position. In this version, the valve will be opened to the position programmed as the “Maximum Open” setpoint (25% to 100%). This allows for better control of the minimum load conditions. After the Minimum Load operation is activated, the valve will be closed proportionately as the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature increases to the Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Setpoint.

**SI0006 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE MAY 2001 (CONT'D)****“Evaporator-Transducer or Temperature Sensor” Safety Shutdown**

In Previous Flash Memory Card versions, the conditions for this safety shutdown were checked after the first 10 minutes of chiller run. Under certain operating conditions this would result in unnecessary shutdowns. In this version, in addition to the previous criteria, the shutdown conditions are not checked unless Smart Freeze is enabled and the Evaporator Refrigerant Temperature RT7 (if enabled) or Evaporator Saturation Temperature (derived from the evaporator pressure transducer) is  $< 32^{\circ}$  F.

**Compressor Motor Variable Speed Drive**

1. The compressor motor VSD phase A, B and C output current to the motor is now displayed on the VSD Tuning Screen.
2. The new 351HP VSD is supported. In this model, the three Inverter Assemblies are mounted on a single Baseplate instead of three individual Heatsink Assemblies, as in other models. Therefore, the VSD Details Screen and the Harmonic Filter Details Screen display a single Baseplate Temperature instead of the Phase A, B and C Temperatures displayed on other models.

**Oil Pump Variable Speed Drive**

In previous Flash Memory Card versions, the oil pump VSD starts at 25Hz when turned on during “System Prelube”. In this version, it starts at 45Hz. This provides greater reliability in achieving the required 45 PSID Target Oil Pressure at chiller start.

## SI0019 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE MARCH 2002

### General

Beginning March 2002, an enhanced Flash Memory Card will be supplied in new production YK Nema 1-4 and CE chillers. The new features are outlined below.

The Flash Memory Card versions and part numbers are as follows:

- Nema 1-4 chillers (except "P" compressors).....C.MLM.01.06.100 (031-01797-001)
- CE chillers (except "P" compressors).....C.MLM.01.06.200 (031-01797-002)
- Nema 1-4 chillers ("P" compressors) .....C.MLM.04.02.100 (031-02073-001)
- CE chillers ("P" compressors) .....C.MLM.04.02.200 (031-02073-002)

These versions are also available from the Baltimore Parts Distribution Center for retrofit to existing chillers.

### Operator Soft Shutdown

This feature allows an Operator (logged in at Operator Access Level, or higher) to manually initiate a soft shutdown by closing the Pre-rotation Vanes prior to shutting down the chiller. This reduces compressor bearing wear by eliminating compressor backspin at shutdown.

While the chiller is running, a **SOFT SHUTDOWN** key is available on the **Home** Screen (when Access Level is Operator or higher). Pressing this key causes the Pre-rotation Vanes to be driven fully closed. While they are closing, "Vanes Closing Before Shutdown" is displayed on the System Status line. "Local Stop" is displayed on the System Details line. When the Vane Motor Switch (VMS) closes, indicating the Vanes have fully closed (or 3.5 minutes have elapsed, whichever occurs first), the Start Signal is removed from the Starter and a normal Coastdown is performed.

While the Vanes are closing during the Soft Shutdown, if a standard Local Stop is initiated with the front panel Rocker Switch, or if any faults other than the following occur, the Soft Shutdown is terminated and it will immediately enter a normal Coastdown period:

- "Leaving Chilled Liquid – Low Temperature"
- "Remote Stop"
- "Multi-unit Cycling – Contacts Open"
- "System Cycling – Contacts Open"
- "Control Panel – Schedule"

Following an Operator initiated Soft Shutdown, the front panel Rocker Switch must be placed in the Stop/Reset position and then to the Start position in order to start the chiller after a Soft Shutdown has been performed.

### Record Setpoint Changes

This feature provides a record of the last 75 Setpoint changes. The date and time the Setpoint was changed, the new Setpoint value and the Access Level and User ID used to make the change are stored in the BRAM. The Security Log Screen and the Security Log Details Screen display levels of this information. Both screens are available in Service Access level or higher.

On the **Security Log** Screen, accessible from the **History** Screen, the Setpoint, Setpoint Category and new Setpoint value are listed and numbered in reverse order in which they were changed. The most recent is listed as number 1; the next most recent as number 2, etc. A **PRINT** key allows printing this entire list. Since 15 changes can be displayed at one time, multiple pages could be necessary to display all the changes. **PAGE-UP** and **PAGE-DOWN** keys are provided to view the entire list. If it is desired to view the details of a particular Setpoint change, select the Setpoint change number with the **LOG ENTRY** key and then press the **VIEW DETAILS** key. This moves to the **SECURITY LOG DETAILS** Screen.

## SI0019 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE MARCH 2002 (CONT'D)

The **SECURITY LOG DETAILS** Screen, accessible from the **SECURITY LOG** Screen, displays the following Setpoint change details. The Setpoint is selected from the list on the Security Log Screen as explained in the previous paragraph. A **PRINT** key is provided to print this information.

- Setpoint Category
- Setpoint
- Date and time of change
- Access Level and User ID used to make the change
- Old Value
- New Value

The following Setpoint changes are not logged:

- Clock Mode
- Custom Screen slot numbers
- Advanced Diagnostics communication port tests
- Advanced Diagnostics secondary multiplexer freeze
- Soft shutdown initiated by operator
- System language
- Display units
- Any Print report
- Cancel any print report
- Schedule clear
- Schedule repeat exception days
- Schedule start and stop times
- Log in/log out
- User attributes for ID, Password and Level
- Trend start/stop
- Trend slot numbers, minimums and maximums
- Trend trigger data
- Trend print mode
- Trend view mode

### Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Control Sensitivity Setpoint

In addition to the **NORMAL** and **50%** selections provided in previous software versions, a **30%** selection has been added to this version. This provides less overall Pre-rotation Vane (PRV) movement than the **50%** selection by limiting the longest allowed pulse to 3.5 seconds. This selection can be used when the **50%** selection does not reduce the PRV instability to the desired level.

### Refrigerant Level Control

The following features provide improved Level Control stability.

- Level Control Period Setpoint – Now programmable over the range of 3.5 to 30.0 seconds. Previously, it was 1.0 to 5.0 seconds.
- The message “Warning – Refrigerant Level Out of Range” and the associated Lower signal that opens the valve until the level is within range has been eliminated.
- The Ramp-up feature is now only executed immediately after chiller start. Subsequent Ramp functions during chiller run have been eliminated.
- Rate Limit Open Setpoint – Now programmable over the range of 5% to 50%. Previously, it was 10% to 50%.

## SI0019 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE MARCH 2002 (CONT'D)

- Rate Limit Close Setpoint – Now programmable over the range of 5% to 50%. Previously, it was 10% to 50%.
- The duration of the open or close pulse applied to the Valve Actuator is now independent of the selected Period Setpoint. It is now a fixed percentage of 3.5 seconds. Previously, it was a percentage of the Period Setpoint. Therefore, longer Periods would produce longer output pulses for the same error, resulting in unstable operation under certain conditions.

### Compressor Motor Variable Speed Drive

- The conditions to produce the “Harmonic Filter – Logic Board or Communications” Cycling shutdown must now be present for 10 communication cycles before a shutdown is performed.
- If either the 50% or 30% Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature **SENSITIVITY** Setpoint is selected, Pre-rotation Vane movement is further reduced when the chiller is operating at low load. When the Vane position is less than 25% and Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature is within  $\pm 2.5$  °F of Setpoint, the maximum Vane pulse is limited to 3.5 seconds at 25% position and 0.9 seconds at 0% position. Vane positions in between have linearly scaled maximums.
- In previous Flash Memory Card versions, the **SET FREQUENCY** Setpoint feature on the **VSD TUNING** Screen did not correctly set the desired frequency in 50Hz applications. This is corrected in this version.
- Harmonic Filter Currents are now correctly displayed at maximum values.

### History

Chiller Run Time is now included on History Details display and print.

### Hot Gas Bypass

The Hot Gas Valve position is now animated on the **HOT GAS BYPASS** Screen.

## SI0034 (203) - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE AUGUST 2002

### Flash Memory Card

Beginning August 2002, an enhanced Flash Memory Card will be supplied in new production YK chillers. These Cards will accommodate the YK Style "F" chiller, scheduled for future release. The Cards are also available from the Baltimore Parts Distribution Center as replacement parts. They supersede all previous versions of the same part number. The enhancements that affect the OptiView Control Center are listed below.

The new versions are:

- Nema 1-4 chillers (all compressors).....C.MLM.01.07.104 (031-01797-001)
- CE chillers (all compressors).....C.MLM.01.07.205 (031-01797-002)

In addition to being used on all YK Style "F" chiller/compressor combinations, they are backward compatible to all previous style YK chiller/compressor combinations. The new card supersedes and will be supplied in place of 031-02073-001 and 031-02073-002 Flash Memory Cards that were previously used for "P" compressor applications. Part number 031-01797-001 will be supplied in place of 031-02073-001 and 031-01797-002 will be supplied in place of 031-02073-002

The various YK chiller modification level (style)/compressor combinations are equipped differently and have different control requirements. Variables include the following:

- High Speed Thrust bearing proximity sensing – Proximity Probe or Limit Switch
- Flow Sensor – Paddle type (115Vac digital input) or factory mounted thermal type sensor (+5Vdc analog input)
- Oil Heater Outputs – Either TB1-34 or TB1-64 on I/O Board
- Refrigerant Level Control Default Period – Either 3.5 seconds or 10.0 seconds
- "Oil – Variable Speed Pump-Pressure Setpoint Not Achieved" safety shutdown threshold – Either 25 PSID or 35 PSID

Flash Memory Card version C.MLM.01.07.xxx and later are applicable and backward compatible to all YK chiller/compressor combinations. They contain all control variables for all combinations. For correct control, the chiller mod level/compressor size combination must be entered (using **Service Access** level) using the **CHILLER MOD** Setpoint key on the **OPERATIONS** Screen. The selections are as follows: (Default is "Mod F – GH Compr")

- a. "Mod F – GH Compr"
- b. "Mod F – J Compr"
- c. "Mod F – P, Q Compr"
- d. "Mod CDE – GHJ Compr"
- e. "Mod E – P Compr"

Once the appropriate chiller/compressor combination is entered, the program automatically bundles the functionality and control per the following table:

**SI0034 (203) - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE AUGUST 2002 (CONT'D)**

| Chiller Mod – Compressor      | Proximity Sense | Oil Heater Output* | Level Control Period Default | Flow Switch                  | “Oil-Variable Speed Pump Pressure Setpoint Not Achieved” Threshold* |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| “Mod C, D, E – G, H, J Compr” | Probe           | TB1-34             | 3.5 sec                      | Paddle Type                  | 35 PSID   |
| “Mod E – P Compr”             | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 10.0 sec                     | Paddle Type                  | 25 PSID   |
| “Mod F – G, H Compr”          | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 3.5 sec                      | Factory Mounted Thermal Type | 35 PSID   |
| “Mod F – J Compr”             | Probe           | TB1-64             | 3.5 sec                      | Factory Mounted Thermal Type | 35 PSID   |
| “Mod F – P, Q Compr”          | Limit Switch    | TB1-64             | 10.0 sec                     | Factory mounted Thermal Type | 25 PSID   |

\* Not applicable to Mod C and earlier chillers.

**Factory Mounted Flow Sensors**

Style "F" (and later) chillers are supplied with factory-mounted Flow Sensors on the evaporator and condenser. These are electronic thermal-type sensors. The operating principle of the sensor is thermal conductivity. It uses the cooling effect of a flowing liquid to sense flow. The temperature of the heated sensor tip is sensed by a thermistor located in the tip.

A second thermistor, located higher in the tip in a non-heated area, is only affected by changes in liquid temperature. The temperatures sensed by the thermistors are compared. Flowing liquid carries heat away from the heated sensor tip, lowering its temperature. The lower temperature differential between the two thermistors indicates the liquid is flowing. A higher differential indicates no flow. Each device operates from a 24Vac power source and has a solid state relay output. On each sensor, one side of the solid state relay output (pin 2) is connected to the microboard +5Vdc and the other side (pin 4) is connected to a microboard analog input.

When flow is sensed, the solid state relay output is turned on causing it to conduct current through the 7.5K ohm microboard load resistor to the +5vdc. This applies >+4Vdc to the microboard input (evaporator J7-14; condenser J7-16). When no flow is sensed, the solid state relay output is turned off, resulting in no conduction through the load resistor. This applies <1Vdc to the microboard input. To determine the state of the solid state relay, first confirm that +5vdc is present at pin 2 of the flow sensor. Then connect a voltmeter from Microboard J7-14 (evaporator) or J7-16 (condenser) to microboard TP1 (ground).

The power source is connected to the sensor as follows:

| <u>From</u>  | <u>To</u>       |
|--------------|-----------------|
| Sensor pin 1 | TB1-162 (24Vac) |
| pin 3        | TB6-5 (Gnd)     |

The sensor outputs are connected to the Microboard as follows:

Evaporator:

| <u>From</u>  | <u>To</u>                    |
|--------------|------------------------------|
| Sensor pin 2 | Microboard J7-1 (+5Vdc)      |
| pin 4        | J7-14 (input to Microboard ) |

Condenser:

|              |                             |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Sensor pin 2 | Microboard J7-15 (+5Vdc)    |
| pin 4        | J7-16 (input to Microboard) |

Microboard Program Jumpers JP21 and JP22 must be placed in the positions 2 & 3.

## SI0034 (203) - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE AUGUST 2002 (CONT'D)

### Proximity Probe/Limit Switch

Previously, YK chillers equipped with "P" compressors used the High Speed Thrust Bearing Limit Switch and all other compressors used the Proximity Probe. With Style "F" chillers, only the "J" compressor will use the Proximity Probe. Compressors "G", "H" and "P" will use the Limit Switch.

In previous Flash memory card versions, the Thrust Bearing Limit Switch indication shows a lit LED for a normal condition and unlit for a faulted condition. In this version, an unlit LED indicates a normal condition and a lit LED indicates a faulted condition.

### Refrigerant Level Control

In previous Flash Memory Card versions, this control operates as follows:

When the chiller enters "**System Run**", if the Refrigerant Level Position is less than the **CONTROL SETPOINT**, a linearly increasing ramp limit, called the **REFRIGERANT LEVEL TARGET**, is applied to the **CONTROL SETPOINT**. This ramp limit allows the level to go from the present programmed level to the programmed **CONTROL SETPOINT** over a period of 15 minutes. During these 15 minutes, the **REFRIGERANT LEVEL TARGET** is used to control the condenser refrigerant level. The **CONTROL SETPOINT** is then used to control the refrigerant level for the remainder of chiller run.

In this version, the control will operate as follows:

- While the chiller is stopped, or if the Level Control is disabled, the Refrigerant level "**Lower**" output is energized.
- Upon entering chiller Prelube, the Refrigerant Level "**Raise**" output is energized for the length of the programmable **VALVE PRESET TIME** setpoint (0 to 100 seconds; default 50; Service access level). After pre-positioning, the valve is held in this position until the first 3 minutes of chiller run time have elapsed. Setting the **VALVE PRESET TIME** to 0 seconds disables this pre-positioning feature. Setting the Valve Preset Time to a value greater than 50 seconds has no effect on the Prelube time.
- After 3 minutes of run time, if the Refrigerant Level is less than the **CONTROL Setpoint**, a linearly increasing ramp limit, called the **REFRIGERANT LEVEL TARGET**, is applied to the programmed Control Setpoint. This ramp limit allows the level to go from the present level to the **CONTROL SETPOINT** over a period of time programmed as the **RAMP-UP TIME** Setpoint (3 to 15 minutes; default 8; Service access level). During this ramp-up period, the **REFRIGERANT LEVEL TARGET** is used to control the refrigerant level in the condenser. The **CONTROL SETPOINT** is used to control the level during the remainder of chiller run.
- If the **VALVE PRESET TIME SETPOINT** is set to 0 seconds and the **RAMP-UP TIME** Setpoint is set to 15 minutes, Refrigerant Level Control will operate exactly the same as previous Flash Memory Card versions.

### Microboards

Since the new version Flash Memory Card (as described above) is applicable to all YK chillers with any compressor, the Microboard replacement kit 331-01730-604 previously supplied for YK chillers equipped with "P" compressors is no longer required. The standard 331-01730-601 Microboard replacement kit will be supplied when the 331-01730-604 is ordered.

## SI0058 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE FEBRUARY 2003

### General

Beginning February 2003, an enhanced Flash memory Card will be supplied in all new production YK chillers. These cards are backward compatible to all previous YK chillers and are available from the Baltimore Parts Distribution Center as replacement parts. The enhancements are outlined below.

The versions and part numbers are applied as follows:

- NEMA 1-4 chillers C.MLM.01.08.105 (p/n 031-01797-001)
- CE chillers C.MLM.01.08.206 (p/n 031-01797-002)

### Flow Sensors

Mod (Style) F chillers are provided with factory mounted thermal-type flow sensors for the evaporator and condenser. However, this Flash Memory Card version allows Style F chillers to use either the thermal-type or field installed paddle-type flow sensor. The thermal-type sensors interface to Microboard +5Vdc analog inputs at J7-14 (evaporator) and J7-16 (condenser). The paddle-type sensors interface to the I/O board 115Vac digital inputs at TB4-12 (evaporator) and TB4-11 (condenser). For the program to read the appropriate inputs for the flow sensor status, the actual sensor type used must be entered at the keypad **OPERATIONS** Screen using the Service Access Level.

If the chiller Mod (style) level setpoint on the **OPERATIONS** Screen is set to "F" (any compressor), the "**FLOW SWITCH**" key appears on the **OPERATIONS** Screen allowing the flow sensor type to be entered. The selections are "Analog" (thermal-type) or "Digital" (paddle-type). If Analog is selected, the program reads the thermal-type flow sensor inputs at Microboard analog inputs J7-14 (evaporator) and J7-16 (condenser) and ignores the Digital inputs. If Digital is selected, the program reads the paddle-type sensor inputs at the I/O Board digital inputs TB4-12 (evaporator) and TB4-11 (condenser) and ignores the Analog inputs.

Enter the applicable flow sensor type as follows:

1. Select **SETPOINTS/SETUP/OPERATIONS** Screen.
2. Press **FLOW SWITCH** key.
3. Use ◀ or ▶ keys to select flow sensor type. Each time the key is pressed, Analog or Digital is alternately displayed.
4. Press **ENTER** (✓) key.

### Variable Speed Drive Oil Pump

When the oil pump is started during System Prelube, the pump speed command is held at 45Hz for the first 8 seconds before releasing to normal control.

### Oil Pressure Threshold

The threshold for "Oil – High Differential Pressure" safety shutdown is changed from 90 PSID to 120 PSID.

### Compressor Motor Variable Speed Drive (VSD)

This Flash Memory Card version supports VSD part number 371-03789-xxx (503HP; 60Hz) (419HP; 50Hz). Display messages unique to this drive are displayed appropriately on the screens as follows: Phase A, B and C Baseplate Temperatures are displayed on the VSD **DETAILS** Screen and Filter Baseplate Temperature is displayed on the **FILTER DETAILS** Screen.

## SI0058 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE FEBRUARY 2003 (CONT'D)

In addition to standard VSD Cycling messages, the following Cycling shutdown messages apply to this VSD:

**“VSD – Low Phase A Inverter Baseplate Temperature”**

The chiller has shutdown because the Baseplate temperature has decreased to <37 °F.

**“VSD – Low Phase B Inverter Baseplate Temperature”**

Same as phase A above.

**“VSD – Low Phase C Inverter Baseplate Temperature”**

Same as phase A above.

In addition to standard VSD Safety shutdown messages, the following Safety shutdown messages apply to this VSD:

**“VSD – High Phase A Inverter Baseplate Temperature”**

The chiller has shutdown because the Baseplate temperature has increased to >158 °F.

**“VSD – High Phase B Inverter Baseplate Temperature”**

Same as phase A above.

**“VSD – High Phase C Inverter Baseplate Temperature”**

Same as phase A above.

**“Harmonic Filter – High Baseplate Temperature”**

The chiller has shutdown because the Baseplate temperature has increased to >194 °F.

### Microgateway

In previous Flash Card versions, “Start Inhibit” and “Modified Run” codes were transmitted into “Cycling” and “Safety” shutdown slots in the Microgateway. This alarmed external devices that a Cycling or Safety shutdown has occurred, when in reality, a Start Inhibit such as Anti-recycle or a Modified Run event such as Current Limit is in effect. This was incorrect operation. In this version, the codes are transmitted into the proper slots in the Microgateway.

### Security Log Screen

In previous Flash Card versions, some setpoint changes were not logged in metric mode. All setpoint changes are now logged.

**SI0062 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE MARCH 2003****General**

Beginning March 2003, an enhanced Flash Memory Card will be supplied in all new production YK chillers. These cards are backward compatible to all previous YK chillers and are available from the Baltimore Parts Distribution Center as replacement parts. The enhancements are outlined below.

The versions and part numbers are applied as follows:

- NEMA 1-4 chillers C.MLM.01.08.105A (p/n 031-01797-001)
- CE chillers C.MLM.01.08.206A (p/n 031-01797-002)

**Chiller Style/Compressor Setpoint**

In previous Flash Memory Card version, this setpoint key (located on **OPERATIONS** Screen), was labeled “**CHILLER MOD**”. For clarity, this setpoint key is now labeled “**CHILLER STYLE/COMPRESSOR**” (English only). The functionality of this setpoint has changed slightly as follows:

The previous choice of “Style F chiller/G, H compr” is now “Style F chiller/G, H5-8 compr”. The previous choice of “Style F chiller/J compr” is now “Style F chiller/J, H3 compr”.

The Chiller Style/Compressor selections are shown below.

| Chiller Style/<br>Compressor        | Proximity<br>Sense | Oil<br>Heater<br>Output* | Level<br>Control<br>Period<br>Default | Flow Switch                         | “Oil-Variable Speed<br>Pump-Pressure Setpoint<br>Not Achieved” Threshold* |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| “Style C, D & E/<br>G, H & J Compr” | Probe              | TB1-34                   | 3.5 sec                               | Digital<br>(Paddle Type)            | 35 PSID   |
| “Style E/<br>P Compr”               | Limit Switch       | TB1-64                   | 10.0 sec                              | Digital<br>(Paddle Type)            | 25 PSID   |
| “Style F/<br>G & H5-8 Compr”        | Limit Switch       | TB1-64                   | 3.5 sec                               | Programmable<br>(Analog or Digital) | 35 PSID   |
| “Style F/<br>J & H3 Compr”          | Probe              | TB1-64                   | 3.5 sec                               | Programmable<br>(Analog or Digital) | 35 PSID   |
| “Style F/<br>P, Q Compr”            | Limit Switch       | TB1-64                   | 10.0 sec                              | Programmable<br>(Analog or Digital) | 25 PSID   |

\* Not applicable to Style C and earlier chillers

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**SI0080 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE JANUARY 2004****General**

Beginning January 2004, enhanced software will be supplied in all new production YK chillers. It is backward compatible to all previous YK chillers. The enhancements are outlined below.

The versions and part numbers for 031-01730-000 Microboards are as follows:

- NEMA 1-4 chillers C.MLM.01.09.106 (p/n 031-01797-001)
- CE chillers C.MLM.01.09.207 (p/n 031-01797-002)

The versions and part numbers for 031-02430-000 Microboards are as follows:

NEMA 1-4 & CE chillers C.OPT.01.09.301 (p/n 031-02474-001)

**OptiSave Energy Analyzer Feature**

This feature reveals the advantage of a compressor motor variable speed drive. It calculates the amount of energy that has been saved by having a variable speed drive instead of a constant speed drive. The savings is determined by calculating the energy consumption of a constant speed drive and subtracting the measured energy consumption of the variable speed drive. The resulting difference is the energy savings. This data is displayed, but does not affect chiller operation or performance.

Although this feature is present in this software, it is not operational until enabled using a special procedure.

Refer to Service Information letter SI0068 for a complete description of this feature. It provides all required installation, enable and setup information.

**Surge Protection**

If the chiller is equipped with a compressor motor Variable Speed Drive (VSD):

- The surge SHUTDOWN feature, EXTENDED RUN feature and surge warning messages will not be performed unless the VSD output frequency is at maximum.

If the chiller is equipped with both a VSD and the Hot Gas Bypass feature:

- The Hot Gas Valve position must be at 100% AND the VSD output frequency must be at maximum before the above surge features are performed.

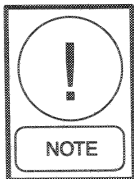
For all applications, the COUNT WINDOW setpoint default is now 3 minutes (was 5 minutes). The COUNT LIMIT setpoint default is now 15 surges (was 4 surges).

## SI0080 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE JANUARY 2004 (CONT'D)

### Pre-rotation Vanes Calibration

There is now one procedure for all Pre-rotation Vanes (PRV) calibrations. This procedure applies to the compressor motor variable Speed Drive (VSD), Hot Gas Bypass, Variable Geometry Diffuser and any other PRV calibration.

1. Place the COMPRESSOR switch in the Stop-reset position (O) and wait until the System Coastdown is complete.
2. At the keypad, login at Service access level.
3. Select the PRE-ROTATION VANES CALIBRATE screen from the COMPRESSOR screen.
4. Press the START CALIBRATION key to initiate the calibration. The CALIBRATION IN PROGRESS and PRV OPENING LED will illuminate and an open signal is applied to the PRV. After a 60 second delay, the program begins evaluating the feedback voltage from the PRV potentiometer. When the feedback voltage stops increasing and remains stabilized (so that there is no more than  $\pm 0.25\text{vdc}$  deviation) for 25 continuous seconds, the feedback voltage is logged as the 100% position. A close signal is then applied to the PRV and illuminates the PRV CLOSING LED. After a 10 second delay, the program begins evaluating the feedback voltage from the PRV potentiometer. When the feedback voltage stops decreasing and remains stabilized (so that there is no more than  $\pm 0.25\text{vdc}$  deviation) for 25 continuous seconds, the feedback voltage is logged as the 0% position. These endpoint voltages are stored in the BRAM as the full open and full closed positions.
5. If the difference between the endpoint voltages is greater than 0.5vdc, "PRV Calibration Successful" is displayed. Otherwise, "PRV Calibration Unsuccessful" is displayed. Also, if the endpoints are not established within 10 minutes, "PRV Calibration Unsuccessful" is displayed.



*The calibration procedure can be terminated at any time during the procedure by pressing the CANCEL CALIB key. If the PRV were previously calibrated successfully, it will revert to using the previous calibration values. If they were not previously calibrated successfully, they will remain uncalibrated.*

### VSD Adaptive Capacity Control - Stability Limit Setpoint

This compressor motor Variable Speed Drive setpoint default is now 7000 (was 4500).

### Microgateway Induced Reboots

With previous Flash Memory Card versions, Microgateway communications could cause the Microboard to randomly reboot. This has been corrected in this version.

**SI0089 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE MAY 2004****General**

Beginning May 2004, enhanced software will be supplied in all new production YK chillers. It is backward compatible to all previous YK chillers. The enhancements are outlined below.

The versions and part numbers for 031-01730-000 Microboards are:

- NEMA 1-4 chillers C.MLM.01.11.108 (p/n 031-01797-001)
- CE chillers C.MLM.01.11.209 (p/n 031-01797-002)

The version and part number for 031-02430-000 Microboards are:

- NEMA 1-4 and CE Chillers C.OPT.01.11.303 (p/n 031-02474-001)

**High Condenser Pressure Fault While Shutdown**

High temperature condenser water flowing through the condenser while the chiller is shutdown can cause a condenser high pressure condition resulting in loss of refrigerant. Therefore, an anticipatory safety fault has been created to announce condenser high pressure conditions when the chiller is stopped as follows:

While the chiller is stopped, if the condenser pressure exceeds 160.0 PSIG (R134a), 240.0 PSIG (R22), a safety fault occurs and "Condenser – High Pressure - Stopped" is displayed.

The chiller can be started after the condenser pressure decreases to less than 160.0 PSIG (R134a), 240.0 PSIG (R22) and a special reset procedure is performed as follows:

1. Place the COMPRESSOR switch in the Stop-reset position.
2. At the keypad, login at Service access level using code 1 3 8 0.
3. Select COMPRESSOR screen.
4. Press the FAULT ACKNOWLEDGE key on the COMPRESSOR Screen. A dialog box appears displaying "Enter Password to Clear Fault".
5. Enter 1 3 9 7 and press the ENTER key (✓).

This anticipatory fault is only performed while the chiller is stopped. If a "Condenser – High Pressure" fault is detected while the chiller is in Pre-lube, System Run or Coastdown, the fault is handled in the normal way and does not require the special reset procedure.

**Style B Solid State Starter Faults**

The following changes apply to faults detected by the Style B Liquid Cooled Solid State Starter (LCSSS):

**Open SCR (Silicon Controlled Rectifier) Fault**

When the Solid State Starter initiates a shutdown, the fault data transferred to the Optiview Control Center is a function of the eeprom (U16) in the starter Logic/Trigger Board.

## SI0089 - SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE MAY 2004 (CONT'D)

Previously, in starters equipped with eeprom version C.SSS.01.00 through C.SSS.01.02, when an Open SCR fault occurred, the fault data returned from the starter did not identify the phase in which the fault occurred. Therefore, the message displayed by the Optiview Control Center was "LCSSS – OPEN SCR". New version C.SSS.01.03 eeprom now supplied in the starter Logic/Trigger Board, returns fault data that identifies the phase in which the Open SCR condition is detected.

This Flash Memory Card version interprets this fault data and displays a message that identifies the defective phase. Therefore, when this Flash Memory Card version is used with a starter Logic/Trigger Board equipped with version C.SSS.01.03 (and later) eeprom, "LCSSS – Phase X Open SCR" (X replaced by A, B or C as appropriate) is displayed when the fault occurs.

### **Start Inhibit Faults**

The following Start Inhibit Faults are no longer logged on the History Screen. They will continue to be displayed on the System Details line of the display and transferred to the MicroGateway.

"LCSSS – Phase X Heatsink Temperature – Stopped" (X replaced by A, B or C as appropriate)

### **Diagnostics Screen**

The communications error counters now count up to 65535 (was 255).

### **Variable Speed Oil Pump**

In previous Flash Memory Card versions, the manual frequency could be changed only when the pump was running. The manual frequency can now be changed whether the pump is running or not.

### **Invalid System Details Messages**

In previous Flash Memory Card versions, there have certain operating conditions that could cause messages on the System Details line of the display to become "stuck". The most prevalent one was "Motor – High Current Limit". This has been corrected in this version.

### **History Data Storage**

The data capture has been modified to assure that all data is that which is valid at the instant of the event.

## SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENTS EFFECTIVE MAY 2005

### General

Beginning March 2005, enhanced software will be supplied in new production YK chillers. It is backward compatible to all previous YK chillers. The enhancements are outlined below.

The versions and part numbers are:

031-01730-000 Microboard:

- NEMA 1-4 chillers  
C.MLM.01.14.111 (031-01797-001)
- CE chillers  
C.MLM.01.14.212 (031-01797-002)

031-02430-000 Microboard:

- NEMA 1-4 and CE chillers  
C.OPT.01.14.306 (031-02474-001)

### Stall Sensor Validation

This feature verifies the operation of the Stall Pressure Transducer (used for the Variable Geometry Diffuser operation) by comparing its voltage output to the voltage output of the Condenser Pressure Transducer while the chiller is running. If the Stall Transducer is not reading within an acceptable range of the condenser transducer, "Warning – Condenser or VGD Sensor Failure" is displayed and the Variable Geometry Diffuser (VGD) is driven to the open position until the warning is manually cleared.

### Extreme Stall Monitor

To prevent VGD damage, the VGD is disabled during extreme stall conditions and a warning message is displayed. While the chiller is running, if the Stall Detector Voltage (output of the Stall Detector Board) exceeds twice the HIGH LIMIT Setpoint, for the duration programmed as the EXTREME STALL DURATION Setpoint (10 to 20 minutes), the VGD is driven to the full open position and "Warning – Conditions Override VGD" is displayed until the Stall Detector Voltage returns to less than two times the HIGH LIMIT Setpoint the warning is manually cleared.

### VGD Inhibit Setpoint

A new setpoint, PRV VGD INHIBIT, has been added to the Variable Geometry Diffuser operation. This setpoint is programmable over the range of 40% to 100%; default 95%. While the pre-rotation Vanes position is greater than this setpoint, the VGD is pulsed open according to the OPEN PULSE Setpoint and "PRV Position Override" is displayed as Control Status.

### VGD Limit Switch

The status of the Variable Geometry Diffuser Limit Switch is now displayed on the VGD Screen and the VGD Setpoints Screen. The Limit Switch is closed and displayed as CLOSED when the VGD is in the full closed position. Otherwise, it is displayed as OPEN.

### Motor Lubrication Notification

This feature provides an indication when the compressor motor lubrication is required. The notification is based on the "Operating Hours Since Last Motor Lubrication". Up to three levels of notification are provided, each indicating an increasing level of urgency. "Warning – Motor Bearing Lube Suggested" is displayed when the hours exceed 1000 hours. If there is no response, "Warning – Motor Bearing Lube Required" is displayed when the hours exceed 1200 hours. If there is still no response, a safety shutdown is performed when the hours exceed 1400 hours and "Motor – Lack of Bearing Lubrication" is displayed. The Operator enters his/her initials, name or user ID to provide a record of when a motor lubrication is performed and clear any motor lubrication warning or safety that is in effect.

### Condenser Refrigerant Level Control

In previous software versions, all of the control thresholds were programmable. In this version, some control thresholds are fixed while others are programmable. This provides more stable control in certain operating conditions. The control thresholds are applied in two different zones, as determined by the error relationship between the actual refrigerant level and the Level Setpoint as shown below. Zone 1 parameters are used when the error is < 9%. Zone 2 parameters are used when the error is > 9%. When transitioning from Zone 2 to Zone 1, the error must be < 9% for 60 seconds before the Zone 1 parameters are used. If the error is > 9%, the Zone 2 parameters are immediately implemented. The following are the control thresholds now used for this control:

|  | <u>Zone 1</u>            | <u>Zone 2</u> |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|
| Proportion Limit Open (fixed)          | 50%                      | 52%           |
| Proportion Limit Close (fixed)         | 45%                      | 45%           |
| Rate Limit (setpoint)                  | 3%-15%                   | 3%-15%        |
|  | default 7                | default 5     |
| Period (setpoint) (seconds)            | 8-22                     | 2.5-10        |
|  | default 15               | default 2.5   |
|  | <u>Zone 1 and Zone 2</u> |               |
| Level Setpoint                         | 20% to 80%               |               |
|  | default 30%              |               |
| Valve Preset Time (setpoint) (seconds) | 0 to 100                 |               |
|  | default 50               |               |
| Ramp Up Time (setpoint) (minutes)      | 3 to 15                  |               |
|  | default 8                |               |

### Compressor Protection Faults

The following compressor protection faults have been added:

#### “Motor – Current >15% FLA”

In this version, the start inhibit is instantaneously invoked as soon as >15% FLA motor current is detected while the chiller is shutdown. Previously, it was not put into effect until the invalid motor current was present for at least 10 seconds.

#### “VSD – FREQUENCY > 0Hz”

This new Start Inhibit is set whenever the chiller is shutdown and a compressor motor Variable Speed Drive (VSD) Output Frequency of greater than 0Hz is detected.

#### “VSD – LOW FREQUENCY DETECTED”

This new safety shutdown is set whenever the chiller is running and the compressor motor Variable Speed Drive (VSD) Output Frequency decreases to less than half speed (25Hz for 50Hz units; 30Hz for 60Hz units) after having reached that speed while starting.

### Standby Lubrication

In low ambient temperature conditions, oil foaming when the pump is first turned on results in a sawtooth pressure ramp until it establishes a steady pressure. Although the pressure builds to 15 PSID within seconds at pump turn-on, a subsequent negative transition below 15 PSID within the first 30 seconds is detected as a Standby Lube failure. In this software version, the low oil pressure threshold is not applied until after the first 30 seconds of oil pump operation. This allows sufficient time to establish steady pressure above 15 PSID.

### Optisave KW Metering Feature

This feature provides customers currently employing a solid state starter or electro-mechanical starter with the means to determine their potential savings that would be realized by switching to a variable speed drive.

### Variable Speed Oil Pump (manual control)

In previous software versions: “The LOWER key causes a decrease in the command frequency by the Manual Increment Amount, down to the Manual Increment Amount”. In this version: “The LOWER key causes a decrease in the command frequency, by the Manual Increment Amount, down to 25/30Hz”.

## SECTION 27 OPTISAVE FEATURES

The **OptiSave Energy Analyzer Feature**, for chillers equipped with a Variable Speed Drive, reveals the advantage of a compressor motor variable speed drive. It calculates the amount of energy that has been saved by having a variable speed drive instead of a constant speed drive. The savings are determined by calculating the energy consumption of a constant speed drive and subtracting the measured energy consumption of the variable speed drive. The resulting difference is the energy savings. This data is displayed but does not affect chiller operation or performance. This feature is available in software versions C.MLM.01.09.xxx (and later) and C.OPT.01.09.301 (and later). It is not operational until enabled using a special procedure. A complete description and all required installation, enable and setup information is contained in YORK Service Manual OptiSave Supplement 160.54-M1.1 or Service Information Letter SI0068.

The **OptiSave KW Metering Feature** provides customers currently employing a solid state starter or electro-mechanical starter with the means to determine their potential savings that would be realized by switching to a variable speed drive. This data is displayed but does not affect chiller operation or performance. This feature is available in software versions C.MLM.01.14.xxx (and later) and C.OPT.01.14.306 (and later) and requires the field installation of a KW Meter kit to the chiller starter. It is not operational until enabled using a special procedure. A complete description and all required installation, enable and setup information is contained in YORK Service Manual OptiSave Supplement 160.54-M1.1.

Contact Service Marketing for additional application requirements and installation information regarding the OptiSave features.

NOTES



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